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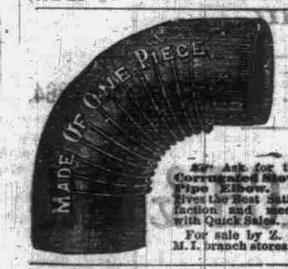

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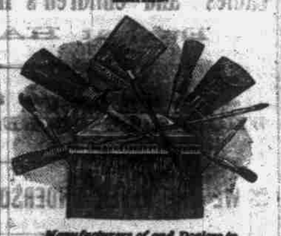

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XLIX CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 24.—Morrill called up the House bill permitting National Banks to change their names, location and capital, by a vote of two thirds of their shareholders. The bill makes changes subject to the approval of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Beck thought such important changes ought to be made subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Beck charged that the Comptrollers appeared to work to drive out of business all but the National Banks. He moved to substitute the Secretary of the Treasury in the bill, but this was lost.

On motion of Hoar an amendment was made to the bill limiting the right of the bank to change its location so that it shall not change to another State nor to a place more than thirty miles distant from the original location.

The bill was then passed.

The bill authorizing the President to grant permission to one or more officers of the army to accept temporary service from the government of Corea, was taken up.

Sewell offered an amendment permitting the officers indicated to accept compensation from the Corean government.

The amendment was agreed to and the bill passed.

The education bill was taken up, and Blair addressed the Senate in reply to the objections and criticism made against it. He denied that the people of the South were opposed to the measure, and insisted that they favored it.

George said the House of Representatives of his State (Mississippi) had passed resolutions requesting the United States Senators from Mississippi to support this measure. Mississippi was not here, however, George said, as a supplicant for national bounty; it regarded the measure as a generous offer from the Northern States towards removing the illiteracy prevailing in the South. George would be opposed, however, to decline the offer if he believed it to be unconstitutional. He cited a number of instances in which money had been appropriated from the national treasury to purposes not in any manner enumerated in the Constitution, which amounts, if the theory of the opponents of this education bill were correct, had all been unlawfully and improperly paid out.

After a lengthy discussion between George and Morgan, Gray and Hawley, as to the authority for the appropriation in question, George continued his argument at some length, but finally yielded for an executive session, after which the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 24.—The committee on naval affairs reported back the resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for a complete list of officers now on the retired list of the Navy, together with a statement of the specific reasons for which they were placed thereon. Adopted.

The committee on public lands reported the bill forfeiting certain lands granted to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. Placed on the House Calendar.

In the morning hour the House passed the bill to annex the northern part of the Territory of Idaho to Washington Territory.

On behalf of the committee on railways and canals, Murphy of Iowa, called up and the House proceeded to consider in committee of the whole the Hennepin Canal bill.

Murphy of Iowa, prefaced his speech in favor of the canal bill, by reading in full the report of the committee, in which he represented the argument which impelled it to a favorable consideration of the measure. He then proceeded to emphasize the beneficial results in the shape of cheap transportation which would follow the construction of the Hennepin Canal.

Pending the conclusion of Murphy's speech the morning hour expired and the committee rose.

James, from New York, under instructions from the committee on coinage, weights and measures, asked leave to offer a resolution, making the bill for the free coinage of silver a continuing special order from March 2d, not to interfere with the revenue or appropriation bills.

Burrows of Michigan thought some time should be fixed to special orders, and James modified the resolution so as to provide that the discussion should continue for one week.

Dougherty of Florida objected to the resolution.

The House then went into committee of the whole, Hammond of Georgia in the chair, on the half-gallon tax bill.

Butterworth of Ohio opposed the bill and contended that the half-gallon should not be taxed because the loss by soakage and leakage always exceeds that quantity. He had prepared a substitute for the pending bill, which amended the Carlisle bill by requiring the minimum capacity of packages into which spirits might be drawn to be thirty gallons instead of ten gallons.

Morrison and Adams of Illinois, Breckenridge of Kentucky and Brady of Virginia discussed the measure at some length, after which Butterworth offered the substitute as suggested by him in his speech, but it was rejected.

The committee then reported the bill to the House and it was passed without division and the House adjourned.

AMERICAN.

Wired from Washington.

WASHINGTON, 24.—The general subject of the issue of the Treasury notes and silver certificates on small denominations was discussed at to-day's meeting of the House committee of banking and currency. There are now 48 bills before the committee touching the subject under consideration. It was the sense of the committee that a general bill or perhaps two covering the matter should be formulated and reported in lieu of these bills and with that view the bills will be divided among three sub-committees for examination.

The Secretary of the Treasury has written to Representative Morrison, chairman of the ways and means committee in regard to the probable effect the passage of the Morrison tariff bill will have upon the public revenues. In the letter he says that the net reduction computed on the basis of last year's importations would be about twelve million dollars. In regard to the proviso limiting the maximum of duties to certain *ad valorem* rates, it says it leaves more than controverted values but that the values could be approximately ascertained by the custom officers. He suggests, however, that the provisions be made final, and not to leave this important question to be in after years subjected to the uncertainties of trial in the courts, with consequent cost to the people and refunds of duty.

The chief of the bureau of statistics says that of the 2,548,000,000 pounds of sugar imported into the United States during the last fiscal year, 74 per cent. came from Cuba, Porto Rico, Brazil and the British West Indies. These countries, according to the latest advices, impose an import duty on sugar. It such is the fact, it is probable that 80 per cent. of the sugar imported for the last year came from countries imposing an export duty thereon. This would change the figures in the reduction on sugar from $1,000,000 to $8,000,000, and the aggregate reduction of duty of $60,000,000 to $72,000,000.

The House committee on rules to-day agreed to report back Hasback's resolution providing for the investigation of the Pan-Electric Telephone system. The committee has not yet framed the resolution, but are agreed that the investigating committee should consist of nine members.

Senator Miller to-day introduced a bill for the Senate to establish a Postal Saving Depository as a branch of the Postoffice Department.

The House committee on postoffices and post roads to-day completed the postoffice appropriation bill and it will be promptly reported to the House. The bill appropriates for the postal service during the fiscal year the sum of $54,328,583, an increase of $825,598 over the appropriation for the present fiscal year, and a decrease of $659,579 as compared with the Department's estimates. The estimated revenue for the next fiscal year is $47,142,252, and the estimated deficiency (indefinite) is $7,443,912. The principal items of the appropriation are as follows: For compensation to postmasters, $11,700,000; appropriations for the present year, $12,800,000; for compensation to clerks in postoffices, $5,150,000; for transportation of foreign mails, $375,000; appropriations for the present year, $400,000; estimates for next year, $350,000. To this estimate the committee append the following note: If it should be decided to pay vessels of United States register, sea and inland postage, then the additional sum of $75,000 should be added to the estimate. For balance due to foreign countries, $100,000; appropriation for the present year, $70,000.

Senator Van Wyck said to-day in answer to an inquiry, that his bill introduced yesterday, to authorize the use of the proceeds of the sinking fund in the construction and equipment of branch railroads is intended to meet the complaint of the subsidized roads that the money was taken from them and buried in the Treasury, and they were thus unable to build branch roads to develop the country and increase their revenue. It provides, he said, that the roads shall be built for cash and that the stock shall not exceed the actual cost, shall never be increased and that the roads shall belong to the United States until the debts due from the subsidized companies are fully paid. I provide that no interest in contracts, town sites, elevators or stock yards shall be held by the directors; that the rates on the branches shall not be greater than the minimum rates on the main line, and that the rates on the main lines and branches shall not exceed the average rates between the Missouri river and Chicago. I provide against all discriminations of any kind, charges or character or service. The work is all to be done by contract, and advertisements are to be made for sections of ten miles. This will give small men a chance. The Union Pacific alone has now about five millions in the treasury which will, as the railroad people admit, build about 300 miles of road.

The following confirmations were made to-day: Joseph Emery, Indian Agent at the Klamath Agency, Oregon; Stephen Kinney, Indian Agent at the Uintah Agency, Utah; John A. Fulton, Receiver of Public Money at Deadwood, Dakota; W. Parker, Consul General at Corea; S. M. Johnston, Postmaster at Anaconda, Montana.

Senator Morgan to-day reported an amendment to the appropriation bill accepting the offer of the Government of Japan to this Government of a site in the city of Tokio for legation purposes, and recommended an appropriation of $25,000 for the erection of a suitable building.

THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS TREATY.

In answer to a request from the subcommittee of the House Committee on Ways and Means for information concerning the working of the reciprocal treaty with the Hawaiian Islands, Mr. John Searles, Jr., the Government Commissioner who visited the Islands, has returned a statement of the facts ascertained in connection with his visit. He says we had made the treaty at a cost of "over a dollar" worth of goods they bought from this country and collected duties on their sugars, we should have made no loss. As to the effect of the treaty on this country, Mr. Searles says that the price of refined sugar in San Francisco since the treaty went into effect has averaged two cents a pound more than in New York, where every pound has paid full duty. He speaks in bitter terms of the course pursued by Claus Spreckles. For seven years he was dictator. The planters, however, during the past year rebelled against his autocracy and are seeking to break his commercial, if not his political, power. They have secured possession of a small refinery in San Francisco, which they hope to operate successfully in connection with their sugar estates on the islands, but Sir Claus Spreckles has determined upon their destruction and this explains the unprecedented low prices now ruling in San Francisco, being only about one cent above New York figures. The reason why the treaty should be abrogated is first on account of the enormous loss in the revenue to this country which is practically paid out of the pockets of our taxpayers into the pockets of a small company of sugar planters and speculators. The production has assumed proportions never dreamed of when the treaty was made and the crop is steadily increasing. Second, it has not either directly or indirectly benefitted the consumers of sugar in this country, but has brought the products of the Islands into direct competition with our sugar producers and manufacturers.

Third, the treaty has not benefitted, but has on the contrary injured the Sandwich Islands, demoralizing and destroying the native population and substituting Chinese and other Asiatics, while American influence in the affairs of the Islands, except so far as it is exercised for the selfish interest of an individual, has been weakened.

A Deranged Bookkeeper Shoots a Man in the Back.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., 24.—At noon today Abner Lawrence, assistant cashier of the National Exchange Bank, was shot and dangerously wounded near the Milwaukee Club House by George A. Wardner, formerly bookkeeper for the same bank. The ball entered the small of his back and is supposed to have glanced off into his chest. After the shooting, Wardner walked to the Central Police Station, followed by a large crowd of people, and delivered himself up.

Lawrence is a son of an old and very wealthy resident. It is believed Wardner was influenced by some fancied wrong. The shooting created the greatest excitement in the city owing to the prominence of the two men. Both are 38 years of age and unmarried.

The officials of the bank as well as the intimate associates of Wardner say that his mental and nervous system has been failing for several years past, in consequence of hard work, and not positive of his insanity. He had become possessed with the idea that Lawrence and other attaches of the bank were harrassing him at every opportunity and endeavoring to drive him from his position at home. However, this was purely imaginary, as the gentlemen were his friends. He readily talked of his act when seen by the Associated Press correspondent, and said:

"I had made up my mind that the only way to fight the wrongs done me was to kill my tormentors, and I only regret that Lawrence was not killed on the spot. If I ever get out and he is still living, I will shoot him again. Two others, meaning President Nash and Cashier Fitsch, both of the bank, will be served in the same way, also." His talk clearly indicates his mind to be deranged, as he never had better friends than Messrs. Nash and Fitsch, who but yesterday arranged to have him take a two months' vacation on full pay, and an assurance of his position being retained for him.

To-night Mr. Lawrence is resting comfortably, and although no attempt has been made to probe for the ball, his physicians have strong hopes of his recovery.

The Wizard of Menlo Park Married.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, 24.—Thomas A. Edson, the well-known electrician, was married at Akron, Ohio, to Miss Nina, daughter of Lewis Miller, a prominent manufacturer and president of the Chautauqua Sunday School assembly. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock at Oak Place, Miller's elegant residence, in the presence of about 100 invited guests. Lieut. F. W. Tappan, U. S. Navy, was Edison's best man. Mr. and Mrs. Edison go to Edison's winter home, near Fort Meyers, Florida.

Cable Conference.

SAN FRANCISCO, 24.—The trustees of the Chamber of Commerce held a conference with Sir Alexander Stewart, ex-Premier of Australia, to take action toward securing a subsidy from the government of the United States to aid in the construction and maintenance of a cable between this country and Australia. A resolution was adopted by the trustees requesting the California congressional delegation to use its efforts to assist the project.

The Railroad War—More Cutting.

SAN FRANCISCO, 24.—The *Post* this evening prints the statement that the agents of the Sunset route have sent to their customers for all the freight bills paid since the war broke out and are making rebates on such bills, to meet the lowest cut rate made by themselves or any other road.

New York, 24.—The uneasy feeling of yesterday concerning the Western passenger rates has grown into a conviction that everybody is cutting. The officers of the Sunset route are "figuring out" their promised new tariff, which they will issue to-morrow. Rival lines ridicule this action, saying it would be nonsense for the Sunset so to do anything of the kind, because they will immediately cut under its rates. The opinion prevails in some quarters that the Pacific Mail will jeopardize the $85,000 which it receives under the existing agreement by cutting before the thirty days' notice expires. If the Eastern pool breaks up it will be everybody's fight, with the Sunset in the lead on the fighting facilities. The Iowa roads have made a cut to $7 from Chicago to Omaha, so that now the lowest passenger rate from the Missouri river obtains on all lines. The Baltimore & Ohio people are jubilant and claim to see in all this trouble benefit for them. An official said that the fight was sure to spread to the Eastern trunk lines.

It was rumored that the freight rates had been cut from yesterday's figures, so that the discount now was 40 per cent off on all classes of freight, from $4 per hundred to $2.25; 40 per cent. off on all grades from $2.25 down to $1.50 per hundred, and 25 per cent. off on all grades under $1.50. This was told to a Sunset official and he was asked whether their "new tariff" equalled that discount. He said: "We to under that, but refused say other information.

At a meeting of the general passenger agents of the trunk lines to-day it was decided to adopt the cut rates west of the Missouri from day to day as they were reported through Commissioner Fink's office.

Commissioner Midgely of the Southwestern Railway Association, and President Potter of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, will be in town tomorrow it is rumored, to meet the executive committee of the trunk lines to confer with them about the transcontinental fight.

Kansas City, Mo., 24.—Tickets were sold to San Francisco over the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe line this morning for $30 first class, with a rebate of $5, and $20 second class with a rebate of $3. Later in the day the rebate was withdrawn, making the rates the same as by the other lines.

Arrested.

PORTLAND, Ore., 24.—To-day Nathan L. Baker, of this city and Al. White of Oregon City, who led the mob that drove the Chinese out of Oregon City on Sunday night, were arrested on the complaint of Wong Chung, a Chinese contractor, and taken before the United States Commissioner, charged with violating Section 5519 of the United States statutes. This section, which was passed for the special protection of negroes against the Ku-Klux in 1874, is said to cover the cases exactly, and the authorities think the men can be convicted. The prisoners were released on $500 bail each and the preliminary examination set for Friday of this week.

FOREIGN.

A British Chamber of Commerce Pronounces in Favor of Silver Coinage.

LONDON, 24.—At a meeting of the Chambers of Commerce in this city, Mr. Forwood, Conservative member of Parliament from Lancashire, and a prominent merchant and ship owner of Liverpool, presided. He attributed the present depression in British trade to the appreciation of gold, assisted by the competition of foreign products and manufactures turned out by skilled labor, improved by technical education. The Dublin Chamber of Commerce offered and the Glasgow Chamber seconded, a resolution against weakening the union between England and Ireland, because of "the disastrous nature of the results which would ensue to the commercial and trading interests of Great Britain."

The meeting by a vote nearly unanimously, resolved that the depreciation of silver and its present tendency towards disuse as money is disturbing trade generally, and England's eastern commerce in particular, and we urge the government to unite with other countries in the endeavor to restore silver to its former functions as a legal tender, thereby giving it a permanent instead of fluctuating value.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Several thousand Scotchmen have been thrown out of employment by the collapse of the skirt and ruchings industry, due to the American increase of duty on goods of that class.

It is reported that the first outline of Gladstone's Irish proposals have been presented to his colleagues in the Cabinet and that the Premier goes the whole length of restoring the Irish Parliament.

A Berlin dispatch says: All workmen of foreign birth have been discharged from employment in the government dockyards. This action has been taken because of the disclosures in the case of Captain Brauser, recently convicted of having sold plans and information of German fortifications to the French.

Prince Napoleon is said to favor M. Clemenceau's attack upon the Orleans princes and his demand that they be driven out of France, on the theory that agitation in that line will strengthen the position of the Bonapartists. The Comte de Paris remains, outwardly at least, cool and indifferent.

Mr. Morrow addressed the House sub-committee to which the anti-Chinese bills have been referred, on Tuesday, in favor of his exclusion bill, urging its salient points at considerable length. It is said the sub-committee will report the Morrow bill favorably to the full committee on foreign affairs to-day.

The San Francisco *Examiner's* El Paso, Texas, special, says: Word has been received here of a meeting between Gen. Crook and Geronimo at Lang's ranch, situated 78 miles south west of Deming, day before yesterday. The chief and five braves held a council, tation and asked leave to return to the reservation peacefully. Crook demanded unconditional surrender. Geronimo refused to give himself up, and after consultation left for his camp, keeping the flag flying for ten miles or more. Chief Nana and others are still held as hostages. Geronimo is reported to have 90 bucks, besides women and children with him. No attempt was made to follow him, and it is not known what his movements will be.

KAYSVILLE JOTTINGS.

KAYSVILLE, Utah, February 15, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

Having a desire to be represented in your valuable paper, as a community who contribute much for the support and spread of truth, I will endeavor to represent the feelings and prosperity of the people.

With all the bitterness of the anti-Mormon crusade, and the unjust, unconstitutional laws which are being formulated and enforced against a God-fearing, law-abiding people, we still continue to grow and thrive under the rod of oppression and stronger in the faith of our God.

Last Thursday was our fast meeting; a good turn-out was the order of the day; many were the good and timely instructions of the brethren, and a spiritual feast was enjoyed; 18 children were blessed; hence you see we are doing our duty in propagating our species and preserving the little ones to become useful men and women; quite different to our would-be reformers who take a pride in destroying the unborn. It is

A STARTLING FACT,

but a true one, that 6,000 women die yearly in the United States from the cause of destroying the unborn, yet they will turn to Utah, with all the horror imaginable, and scorn the "Mormons" for complying with the law of God. We might say with propriety, "Thou hypocrite; first cast out the beam out of thine own eye: and then shalt thou see clearly to cast out the mote out of thy brother's eye."

We have had one of the Josephite apostles in the ward promulgating their side of the Gospel; strange they accept Joseph Smith as a prophet and yet deny many of his principal doctrines. They, like many so-called Christians, have accepted the invitation of the clamoring multitude and laid aside some of the most innocuous tenets of their faith, to gratify the ungodly and become as they.

Spring apparently has burst upon us, the farmers are getting out their plows and proceeding to work as though it was April.

For some time past there has been considerable experimenting for

FLOWING WELLS,

with many failures, encountering hard strata and breaking the pipe; but eventually Brother George Stevenson is the lucky man. Tuesday the 9th, he obtained a flow of 20 gallons per minute, at a depth of 180 feet, thus encouraging others to enterprise, and I have reason to believe that ere many years the Sand Ridge slope will be covered with flowing streams of water.

On the 8th inst. a company organized at North East Kaysville, for the purpose of devising a plan for sinking dows wells to my depth.

The resources of Utah are many, but require development, and only enterprising men have accomplished this. The water supply must increase in this desert country, for it is the greatest blessing to the greatest multitude.

THE PEOPLE OF KAYSVILLE

are blessed spiritually, socially and financially.

Spiritually because they adhere to the law of God, seeking first His kingdom and its righteousness.

This enables them to socially enjoy each other's society. Having been baptized into one spirit, they drink from the same spiritual fountain of truth, and are bound together in the unity of faith. Hence our hall room, our social gatherings, and wedding suppers are select.

Temporally we are prosperous, because sober and industrious, seeking to build up the kingdom of God temporally as well as spiritually; striving to promote the welfare of our fellow men and lead them on and up to a higher platform of morality and sobriety, where their thoughts and aims are and holy and their charity and love, (like that that suffered and died that we might live) broad as the heavens and deep as the ocean current.

The persecution of the present has a tendency to cause our rising generation to study their holy religion, makes them energetic workers of them, and thus add to the welfare and prosperity of Zion.

True, there are a few proving recreant to their faith, and traitors to their families and their God; but we can well do without them, for they have proven themselves unworthy of the blessings of God. Yours Truly,

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J. I. Miller, editor of the "Lutheran Home," Luray, Va., writes: "I advertise nothing that I do not know to be good. I was saved from the grave, I am sure, by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and have recommended it to others with the happiest results." L. J. Addison, M. D., Chicago, Ill., writes: "I have never found, in thirty-five years of continuous study and practice in medicine, any preparation of so great value as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, for treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs; and I constantly recommend it to my patients. It not only breaks up colds and cures severe coughs, but is effective in relieving the most serious bronchial and pulmonary affections."
John J. Uhlman, Brooklyn, N.S., writes: "Twelve years ago, I was afflicted with a severe bronchial trouble, pronounced by a skilful physician to be very dangerous, and liable to terminate in Pneumonia. After using one bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, I found great relief, and an occasional use of it since that time has, I think, extended my life ten years at least." Mrs. V. M. Thebaud, Montreal, Canada, writes: "Last spring my daughter was attacked by membraneous croup, or diphtheria. The doctor prescribed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which cured her of the diphtheria. Being still very weak and sick, she began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which restored her to vigorous health."
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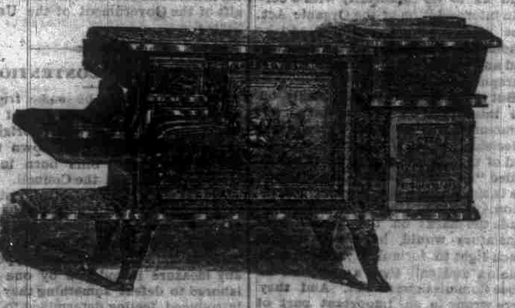

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