

strength, who will remain faithful to its requirements.

Elder A. H. Cannon, also of the Apostles, referred to the idea which seems to be springing up in the hearts of some of the young people that they cannot find in the Gospel sufficient room for the use of all their talents. If the promises of God are studied, it will be found that out of Zion must go forth the law-makers, and others of ability to regenerate the world. For this the young people may prepare themselves by the exercise of all their talents.

Men who have sought to retard the work of God, have frequently fallen into ruin, and such will be the fate of all who attempt its destruction in the future. No matter how slight the talents of a man, he may use them all to the best advantage for the salvation of the human family, and by this means gain the love of those whom he is instrumental in saving from continual captivity in the world of spirits. Many who are of great ability are gaining earthly praise and reward for their labors, while the reward of many of the humble will come to them in the future because of the privacy of their well-doing. And he who uses his ability in fighting against the work of God, will find his efforts vain or worthy of condemnation.

The Conference was adjourned to the first Saturday in June at 10 o'clock a.m.

The choir sang the hymn commencing:

Go, ye messengers of glory.

Benediction by Elder Seymour B. Young.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The Constitutional Convention met in Salt Lake City, on Monday, March 4, at 12, noon, being called to order by Hon. Charles S. Crane, of Millard county. Hon. George Q. Cannon offered prayer and Governor West made an address of welcome. Territorial Secretary Richards called the roll, showing 97 members present. Chief Justice Merrill administered the official oath. Following is a list of the certified members, and their political classification:

Democrats	Republicans
Samuel Francis	John F. Chidester
Joel B. Murdoch	Mons. Peterson
Wm. Buys	K. A. Allen
John H. Barnes	Charles Crane
B. H. Roberts	Daniel Thompson
Chester Gail	George Ryan
Willis E. Robinson	J. A. Hyde
A. W. Ivins	L. L. Coray
S. H. Thurman	Theo. Brandley
K. G. Maeser	Joe. Kicks
E. E. Corfman	G. P. Miller
E. Partridge	D. B. Stover
Wm. Creer	Thos. H. Clark Jr
A. J. Evans	J. E. Robinson
J. D. Holliday	K. W. Heybourne
H. Lemmon	Harry Haynes
J. S. Boyer	George M. Cannon
A. Engberg	J. R. Bowditch
G. Cunningham	A. J. Cushing
J. E. Thorne	H. T. Shurtliff
W. G. Sharp	J. J. Williams
Jasper Robertson	James F. Green
Wm. Howard	George B. Equires
Aquila Nebeker	Jacob Moritz
M. Thatcher	Charles W. Symons
W. J. Kerr	D. C. Eichnor
N. Warrum, Jr	Frank Pierce
H. Hughes	Elias Morris
I. C. Thoresen	B. G. Lambert
Jas. F. Low	W. G. Van Horn
O. H. Hart	Samuel H. Hill
W. H. Maughan	J. G. Button
F. A. Hammond	H. Mackintosh
O. F. Whitney	H. M. Wells
F. S. Richards	W. F. James
	O. C. Goodwin

Lycurgus Johnson
Wm. Lowe
J. D. Peters
F. J. Kiesel
Lorin Farr
T. Maloney
T. B. Lewis
David Evans
H. H. Specker

C. S. Varian
David Keith
Thos. Kearns
J. D. Murdoch
Alma Eldredge
L. Larson
J. D. Page
J. H. Peterson
O. P. Larsen
P. O. Christensen
A. C. Lund
J. L. Jolley
W. H. Gibbs
Peter Low
O. N. Strevell
Wm. Driver
L. B. Adams
Robt. McFarland
J. N. Kimball

J. M. Kimball was made temporary chairman, H. M. Wells, temporary secretary, and J. F. Chidester temporary sergeant-at-arms. A committee on credentials was also appointed.

On Tuesday the Convention again met, and received the report of the credentials committee, which was favorable to the list of delegates given. The Third precinct dispute was referred to the committee, which reported in favor of seating the following there being no contest:

Democrats.	Republicans.
A. H. Raleigh	J. H. Smith
A. Kimball	G. H. Emery
W. B. Preston	

On Wednesday morning the convention resumed work, and effected a permanent organization as follows: President, John Henry Smith; chief clerk, P. P. Christensen; minute clerk, C. L. Rapp; sergeant-at-arms, R. Olawson; watchman and janitor, Bruce Johnson; messenger, Thomas Watson; engrossing and enrolling clerk, Joseph A. Smith.

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26.—The amendment for the payment of a sugar bounty was declared in order today in the Senate on a ye and nay vote, 49 to 15, which practically carries it.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 26.—This has been the most exciting night in the history of Savannah. For five hours the city has trembled on the verge of religious riots. The entire white military force of the city, except the artillery, has been on duty; there are ten infantry companies and the Georgia Hussars, the latter being dismounted. A mob estimated at from 3,000 to 5,000, the greater portion of them being Catholic, has challenged their forbearance to the extreme. But for the coolness of Mayor Meyers and the officers commanding the troops, blood might have been shed. Bayonet charges were made several times to clear the streets, but the mob which had gathered about Masonic Temple, one of the prominent buildings of the city and situated in the heart of Savannah, stubbornly refused to retire.

For three days it had been apparent that grave trouble was brewing. The city had been liberally placarded with notices that ex-priest Blattery and his wife, described as an ex-nun, would lecture here on Catholicism. Members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians at once took steps to prevent their appearance here. Petitions were circulated asking Mayor Meyers to refuse permission to the ex-priest to hold his lecture.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—A special dispatch to a morning paper from Havana gives the following account of the revolution in Cuba:

News has been received here of the attempt of the insurgents to overthrow the government. The rebels at Guantanamo under the leadership of Henry Brooke, who is the wealthiest resident of Santiago de Cuba, had an encounter with the government troops near Santa Cecilia. Three prisoners were captured and the rest of the insurgent force fled to the woods.

In the engagement at Ybarra near Matanzas, two of the rebels were killed and many wounded. They also lost fourteen rifles and a large amount of ammunition. They are now surrounded in the woods near the Ignatia plantation. It is expected they will be captured.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The *Telegraph* has a two column dispatch from a reporter who was sent by it to investigate the Armenian outrages. It is dated Moosh January 23rd, and was sent by the Russian telegraph line from Kars. The dispatch records the attempts on the part of the Turks to destroy the proofs of the outrages and especially to obliterate the tell-tale pit dug behind the residence of the village chief of Djellylegoozan, in which hundreds of mutilated bodies were piled in one confused festering mass. Barrels of oil that were originally intended to be used in burning villages were poured into the pit and set on fire. The flames failed to consume the mass and a hill stream was dammed to wash away the horrible evidence. Now the remains are being removed piecemeal.

DENVER, Feb. 27.—A special to the *Times* from Cerillos, N. M., says the most serious mine accident ever known in the Territory, occurred at White Ash, three miles from here, this afternoon, when an explosion in the Santa Fe company's mine closed the entrance and set fire to the interior. Forty men are in the mine and it seems impossible that any of them can have escaped. Dense smoke is pouring from the openings and prevents the work of rescue. One dead body has been recovered, that of the driver who was near the mouth of the tunnel when the explosion occurred.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—A fire started at 9 o'clock this morning in the Kaestner building containing the Kaestner knitting works, the Pioneer Paper company and Bach and Hertz, leather company. The building was totally destroyed and also five dwellings in the vicinity. The damage was \$250,000. The Crane elevator was badly damaged. Hundreds of employees in the Kaestner building, including 220 children, were panic stricken. Eleven were rescued unconscious and some will probably die. The most seriously injured are: Emma Kustic, Etta Gilman, Agnes McIntyre and Jessie Paselle. All were knocked down and trampled upon. It is feared, with the possible exception of Emma Kustic, they were fatally hurt.

CERRILLOS, N. M., Feb. 27.—The White Ash coal mine, situated some three miles from Cerrillos and operated by the Santa Fe Railway company, was the scene this morning of a frightful disaster, whereby more than a score of miners, each of whom was the sole support of some dependent family, lost their lives. Fourteen other miners were terribly injured and perhaps half of these will die as the result of their burns and bruises.