TELEGRAPHIC.

NICARAGUA ABLAZE.

The Populace Wild with Warlike Enthusiasm.

MAY INVOLVE OTHER REPUBLICS.

The Government Forces Advancing Upon the Departments in Revolt Against Zelaya.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 21, Via Galveston, Tex.—The revolution is now in full blast, and all the cities of Nicaragua on this side of the country are in arms and preparing either to support President Zelaya or contribute men for the march of his enemies upon the capital, Managua.

Fugitives who have reached this city from Leon, the old capital of Nicaragua, headquarters of the rebels, which is opposed to the liberal or Zelaya party, on general principles, and as a result of differences of long standing, other of which is the transfer of the capital from Leon to Managua, say that the Liberals are in arms in a large and regularly organizing army with which to advance upon Managua. They have the advantage of possessing more modern arms and artillery, but the sympathy of the President are not encouraged, and especially as the Granada Conservatives, concerning whose attitude as a body there was some doubt, declared themselves today in favor of Zelaya. This means almost half of the battle won, for Managua will undoubtedly follow the lead of Granada. The latter city has more commercial interests than any other city of Nicaragua. Besides, it is the eastern port of Lake Nicaragua, and the stopping place of the steamers that cross the lake to Fort San Carlos, at the mouth of the San Juan river, by which waterway communication with the Atlantic coast is maintained via San Juan del Sur, which is known as Greytown, near the eastern entrance to the proposed maritime canal of Nicaragua, in which citizens of the United States are interested. That with Granada and other similar cities supporting the President, Zelaya hopes to crush the revolution in due time. The loss of Granada would most likely have turned the tide against the president. Then again, the support of the conservatives of Granada, who are with the majority by long odds, is not likely to support. They telegraphed to the president today offering him the aid of $1,000,000 with which to equip the troops being hurriedly sent forward to defend the capital against the Liberals and their clerical supporters. The offer was promptly accepted.

The military authorities here are working night and day, and the populace is with warlike enthusiasm. Three thousand men and twenty pieces of artillery are already mustered here, but the men are armed with Remington rifles, the supply of cartridges is weighed and the ammunition is low. One of ten cartridges fired by an official this morning, only four exploded. Incidentally it may be added, the soldiers of Nicaragua are furnished, are dressed in jean jumpers and pants and a straw hat. A rifle, bayonet and cartridge belt completes their equipment. Consequently the expense of putting a force of ten thousand men in the field is not great, so long as the government can obtain arms. The cost of feeding a Nicaraguan is also very light. A few beans and a plantain make a good meal for soldiers in this country, and they will undertake long marches without shoes, on into the, and fight jolly well into the bargain.

The president's order will not wait here to be affected. So soon as all the strongholds are made the government force will advance upon Leon and try to capture that city before the Liberals receive the reinforcements they expect from Chinandega and other place south. Meanwhile there seems much like a struggle between clericalism and liberalism, which may involve other Central American republics besides Nicaragua.

The leaders of the Liberals of course are the leaders of the clerical party, and the head of the movement is Gen. Ortiz, an ex-president and a staunch clerical. He has been an active politician for a lifetime, and has been more or less prominently concerned in all the national movements of recent years.

There is a rumor that Costa Rica may take advantage of the rebellion to settle some of the old quarrels which have existed for years between that republic and Nicaragua, regarding, principally, the route of the Nicaragua canal, and the rights of Costa Rica under the concessions granted to the American company.

In any case the situation is a most critical one, not only for Nicaragua, but for all the Central American republics, and the presence of United States warships on the coasts would do a good deal of good and could certainly do no harm.

The government force have commenced an advance upon the departments in revolt against President Zelaya, without standing on the ceremonies and waiting for the expected attack of the Liberals.

The town of Nagarote was attacked and taken by storm by the government troops this morning. This town is near the western shore of Lake Managua, and only a few miles from the border of the department of the Occidental. It is about twenty-five miles southwest of the city of Managua and on the route to old Leon, the seat of the revolt.

NEW CATHODE RAY LAMP.

Disproving a Theory Formerly Held as to Its Nature.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 27.—F. L. Woodward, of the Lawrence Scientific school at Harvard, has devised a new lamp, by means of which electric ray cathode radiations have been obtained. The lamp has walls of sheet aluminum one-tenth of an inch in thickness. The rays pass through the aluminum readily, and with this lamp Mr. Woodward has obtained very clearly defined shadows made of the hand in five seconds, from an induced current of only between 25,000 and 35,000 volts.

The new ray lamp has an interest aside from its construction, from the fact that the experiments conducted with it appear to disprove the theory that a glass vacuum envelope plays an important part in the generation of the Roentgen rays. This theory was advanced by Professor Stoneff. The results already obtained from Mr. Woodward's lamp make it seem probable that with a high current, say of 50,000 volts, no Roentgenian photographs may be taken.

WILL FIGHT TO A FINISH.

A General Strike Among Street Car Employees Threatened.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—According to the statement tonight of W. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes of America, a general strike is threatened on the lines of New York, Chicago, Boston, Worcester, Milwaukee, Detroit, Philadelphia and other cities. The decision was reached at a meeting in Detroit to inaugurate a strike unless a change by 12 o'clock an hour was granted. The fight will be begun immediately in this city, where the men claim they have been tricked. No third parties will be permitted to intervene, and, said Mahon, "it will be a fight to a finish."

Wait for the Return of Gen. Booth.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—A general prayer meeting was held at headquarters tonight, at which which Commander, acting for Temporary Commander Booth, who was sick, was asked the army not to be influenced to a final decision on the whole case until the generals returned to England, when he has promised to fully consider and decide upon the issues involved.

FOR SUNDAY OPENING.

A Gigantic Petition Presented by New Yorkers.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27.—A petition containing the names of 111,000 citizens of New York City was wheeled into the senate chamber this afternoon in an oak carriage fitted with wheels, at the hearing of the joint excise committee on the question of liquor Sunday opening bills for New York, Brooklyn and Buffalo. The petition asks the enactment of a law leaving to the voters of the cities of the first class, at the spring election of 1870, the question of the sale of intoxicating beverages, milk and food shall be permitted on Sundays under proper restrictions to be fixed by statute.

John B. Pelzer, chairman of the German-American Citizens' union, presented the petition. Rev. Dr. Bamford, rector of St. George's church of New York City, spoke in favor of allowing a vote to be taken, saying it would result in a distinct moral advance for the people. Carl Schurz, Theodore Schwab, Ferdinand Levy, James Oyster and Judge Jacobson also advocated the passage of the law.

Accusation Against Dillon.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Timothy Healy, in addressing the Irish National Federation at Dublin today, accused John Dillon of getting himself elected to the chairmanship of the party by intrigue and to disregard of the feeling of the country. His position, however, Mr. Healy continued, solidified from its foundations as long as he kept within the broad lines of policy. Mr. Healy would rather Ireland were governed as a crown colony, he said, than as it is now governed.

"If, when the liberals are returned to power," he added, "nothing is done for home rule, the Irish members should provoke our expulsion from Parliament. After a few years of governing Ireland without representatives at Westminster her world probably induce England to grant some kind of a national council which would eventually broaden into an Irish Parliament."

ONLY A YEAR.

Duration of the Matrimonial Happiness of Mrs. Ford.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—Florence Lillian Wickes Ford, daughter of George M. Fullerton's general manager, Thomas M. Wickes, filed a suit in the circuit court today for a divorce from George Oliver Ford.

In her petition Mrs. Ford recites that she married Ford in Wisconsin in December, 1868. She alleged that she performed all her duties as his wife until the following February, when Ford deserted her. The petition is devoid of sensational details and contains no allegations to desertion and "cruelty" related to render her condition intolerable."

THE BLUE AND GRAY.

As Union as Long as Walker is Commander.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 27.—National Commander Walker, who attended the session of the Grand Army of the Republic meeting at Newark, this state, freely expressed himself today on the proposed meeting of the blue and the gray in New York. He said:

"There is not a loyal Union soldier who would applaud at such a thing. Loyalty deserves its reward and treason and treachery should always be punished. There is a broad distinction between Union soldiers and Confederates, and so long as I am at the head of the G. A. R. this distinction shall be observed so far as this organization is concerned."

Extermination of the Seals.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Responding to Senator Morgan's resolution calling for recent official reports on the seal islands of Alaska, the secretary of the treasury today sent to the Senate the special report for 1868, made by Special Agent Joseph Murray, embodying the result of observations covering seven seasons spent on the islands. In this report he found the first recommendation made for the extermination of the seals in case of England's refusal to consent to a modification of the regulations made under the Paris award. Mr. Murray takes strong grounds for an amendment of these regulations, and says that if they are not so changed as to afford better protection to the seals than at present it is a matter of only a short time when the entire herd will be exterminated.

CUBANS MASSACRED.

Inoffensive Persons Shot Down by the Spanish Soldiers.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—A Republic special from New York reads: A cablegram from Havana says: A reckless massacre of inoffensive persons has occurred at Guaico, ten miles from here, and the country is in a state of wild terror. The people are fleeing from their homes in panic and in unnecessary dread of slaughter. They are leaving their homes unguarded and are taking sick members of their families out of their beds and carrying them away. Every imaginable kind of vehicle is being utilized to reach Havana if possible. The refugees report a wholesale massacre in their village last Saturday. It followed immediately upon the retreat of a small band of rebels, ordinary and over forty men, who had put a considerable distance between Fuente Brava, and had retired after some firing. The bandits window along the road to Guaico, and without waiting to find out anything, the Spaniards immediately fired down upon and peaceful citizens in all directions. They took the women in succession the few inhabitants without mercy.

The previous fight had resulted in the capture of five Cubans by the Spaniards. Three five were shot dead in the field. Those, with thirteen dead found by Red Cross physicians, who went to Guaico, make eighteen altogether. The massacre was officially reported as a "glorious victory for the Spanish troops."

THE WRONG HEAD.

Sensational Rumors in the Pearl Bryan Murder Case.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.—The excitement attending the proposed exhumation today of Scott Jackson and Andy Wesling in Kentucky on the charge of murdering Pearl Bryan, on January 31st, gave rise to various sensational rumors. The most startling was that the head of the murdered girl had been found there on Saturday. It was carefully examined, and the skull and teeth were tried to bear a resemblance to the head of Pearl Bryan. The most reliable information tonight is to the effect that it will think at the wrong time on the Fort Thomas tragedy, but that some students from the medical college took the head of a woman from the dissecting room and walked a mile on the officers.

There are no clouds around the jail tonight, and the shows now seem to feel that the prisoners will not be disturbed when there is an assault by lynch sight. The transfer will be made after a hearing on Saturday, when none but the sheriff and assisting officers know it. The prisoners will not be taken to Newport, Ky., but to the strong jail in Covington. Although William Wood, the third prisoner, got out early today on bail he is still in the city watching developments. He will not return to his home at Gincinnatti, where his life is threatened, but will remain quietly with his uncle at West Lexington, Louisiana.

THE X-RAYS.

A Remarkable Magnet With Its Internal Arrangements Taken.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Prof. H. H. Poole of this city claims to have discovered in the common horseshoe magnet a power of photographing through opaque substances similar to that shown by the X-rays Mr. Chicago inventor. According to experiments made by the professor with a horseshoe magnet and on a specimen plate a slight pale envelope to a thick black cloth, the lower of the magnet on the unknown plate was very similar to that shown by the X-rays.

Objects placed on outside the magnet were clearly photographed on the negative, while the shape of the magnet itself was in a distinctly shown.

FITZ AND CORBETT.

The Former Says He Does Not Believe the Latter Will Fight.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Robert Fitzsimmons arrived today, he was accompanied by his wife, Martin Julian, John's mother and Jack Everhardt. In regard to Corbett, Fitzsimmons said: "Corbett is a big windbag, and I don't believe he really wants to fight me. At all events, I'll keep him guessing for a while, thus giving him a case of his own medicine. He tells me to go to fight Steve O'Donnell and get a reputation. Now I'm tell him to fight O'Donnell and then I'll meet him.

"Hereafter I'll only fight under the auspices of recognized clubs. No more Mexico for me."

ARRESTED FOR MURDERS.

A Fugitive from Justice Hunted for Ten Years.

GUANAJUATO, Mexico, Feb. 28.—Juan P. Vertiga, a Spanish merchant, has been arrested at Guerra, a mountain town north of here, on the charge of committing a bank robbery in Spain ten years ago. He is alleged to have stolen $50,000 and fled the country. He was traced to New York and thence through the Western states of the United States, thence to Cuba and South America, and from the latter to Mexico. Vertiga had been living at Guerra for two years, and made a great display of wealth in the little town. He will be taken back to Spain.

PEARL BRYAN ALIVE.

That is the Sensational Statement of Jackson's Defender.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—A special dispatch from Huntington, W. Va., says: Andrew Gray, of Wayne county, W. Va., who has been retained to defend Scott Jackson, alleged to be implicated in the Cincinnati murder mystery, makes the startling statement that Pearl Bryan is alive and will be produced at the right time. He also has witnesses who will divulge the world and expose the mystery in a few days.

Bird of His Wounds.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Feb. 28.—Fred or Superior Feldmann, lieutenant of the Fenenbank State of the Santa Barbara mission, died this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. He was shot four times by Horace Kraemer yesterday, died shortly after 6 o'clock last night.

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VANITY FAIR
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Good Set of Teeth	$7.00
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No. 3—For Ogden and intermediate points, 7:00 p. m.
No. 5—For Ogden and intermediate points, 4:30 p. m.
No. 7—For Ogden, Denver, Kansas City and all intermediate points, 1:00 a. m.
No. 9—For Ogden, Denver, Kansas City and all intermediate points, 4:00 p. m.
No. 11—For Ogden and intermediate points, 10:00 a. m.
No. 13—For Ogden and intermediate points, 10:00 p. m.
Arrive Salt Lake City
No. 2—From Colorado Points, Great Salt Lake City and Ogden, 1:45 p. m.
No. 4—From Ogden, 10:00 a. m.
No. 6—From Ogden, Denver, Kansas City and all intermediate points, 1:30 p. m.
No. 8—From Ogden and intermediate points, 10:00 a. m.
No. 10—From Ogden, Denver, Kansas City and all intermediate points, 1:00 a. m.
No. 12—From Ogden and intermediate points, 4:30 p. m.
No. 14—From Ogden and intermediate points, 8:00 a. m.
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