

HOW TO SETTLE LABOR TROUBLES.

Senator Whitney's Bill Will Assist
in Solution of Difficulties.

TAKES EFFECT ON APPROVAL

Full Text of the Measure and What
It Provides For—Benefit of
Capital and Labor.

Senator Whitney's act to create a State board of arbitration will, it is believed, prove a boon to the State in settling disputes between labor and capital. The original intent of the bill was to have the State pay salaries to the board, but this was modified so as to allow the arbitrators \$4 a day for actual arbitration service, which will be paid by the parties to the controversy. The bill follows:

An act to create a State board of labor, conciliation and arbitration, for the investigation and settlement of differences between employers and their employees; to define the power and duties of the said board, fixing its members' compensation and repealing Chapter 1, of title 36 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1895.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Utah:

Section 1. Upon the approval of this act the governor, by and with the consent of the senate, shall appoint three persons, not more than two of whom shall belong to the same political party, who shall be styled a State board of labor, conciliation and arbitration. One shall be an employer of labor; another shall be an employee and be selected from some labor organization; and the third shall be some person who is neither an employer nor an employee of manual labor, and shall be chairman of the board. One shall serve for one year, one for three years, and one for five years, as may be designated by the governor at the time of their appointment. At the expiration of their terms their successors shall be appointed in like manner for the term of five years. Should a vacancy occur at any time, the governor may, in his discretion, appoint some one to serve the unexpired term, and until the appointment and qualification of his successor. Each member of said board shall, before entering upon his duties, take the following oath of office: "I, _____, do solemnly swear that I will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of my office, and will maintain the rights of capital and labor as far as the law shall require."

Section 2. Whenever it shall come to the knowledge of the said board that a strike or lockout is seriously threatened in the State, involving any employer and his employees, if he is employing not less than ten persons, it shall be the duty of the said board to take itself into communication as soon as may be with such employer and employees, and endeavor by mediation to effect an amicable settlement. Said board shall also request each of the parties to the controversy to submit a written statement of the facts relating to the controversy, and to submit the same to the board; provided, that, when such agreement and statement cannot be reached, each of said parties may separately submit a statement to the said board, and the board may, in its discretion, accept of such statements. Applications to the said board for arbitration on the part of employers must precede any lockout, and on the part of the employee, any strike; provided, that, in case of a lockout or strike already existing, the board shall accord arbitration if the parties shall resume their relations with each other, as employers and employees. Said application shall include a promise to abide by the decision of the board and shall be signed by the employer or employees, or his or their authorized agent, on the one side, and by a majority of his or their employees on the other.

Section 3. As soon as practicable, after receiving said application the board shall request each of the parties to the dispute to agree upon a written statement of the facts relating to the controversy, and to submit the same to the board; provided, that, when such agreement and statement cannot be reached, each of said parties may separately submit a statement to the said board, and the board may, in its discretion, accept of such statements. Applications to the said board for arbitration on the part of employers must precede any lockout, and on the part of the employee, any strike; provided, that, in case of a lockout or strike already existing, the board shall accord arbitration if the parties shall resume their relations with each other, as employers and employees. Said application shall include a promise to abide by the decision of the board and shall be signed by the employer or employees, or his or their authorized agent, on the one side, and by a majority of his or their employees on the other.

Section 4. As soon as practicable, after receiving said applications, the board shall proceed to arbitrate. When it shall be necessary, in the judgment of said board, it may engage the services of a stenographer to take and transcribe an account of any arbitration proceedings.

Section 5. The board shall have power to summon as witnesses by subpoena, any operative or expert in the department of business affected, and any person who keeps the record of wages earned in those departments, or any other person, and to administer oaths, and to examine said witnesses, and to require the production of books, papers and records. In case of disobedience to a subpoena the board may invoke the aid of any court in the State in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, papers and documents under the provisions of this section. Any person who disobeys a subpoena issued by the board shall be liable to a fine of not more than \$50, and to imprisonment for not more than thirty days.

Section 6. It shall be the duty of mayors of cities and sheriffs of counties, when any condition likely to lead to a strike or lockout exists, in the cities, or districts, where they have jurisdiction, to immediately forward information of the same to the secretary of the State board of conciliation and arbitration. Such information shall include the names and addresses of persons who should be communicated with by the board.

Section 7. Any notice or process issued by the State board of labor, conciliation and arbitration shall be served by any sheriff to whom such notice may be directed, or in whose hands the same may be placed for service, without charge.

Section 8. As soon as practicable, after the board has investigated the differences existing between employer and employee, it shall make an equitable decision, which shall state what, if anything, should be done by either or both parties of the dispute, in order to amicably settle and adjust the differences existing between them. The findings of the board shall constitute its decision.

Section 9. This decision shall at once be made public: shall be recorded upon the proper book of record to be kept by the secretary of said board; and a short statement thereof published in an annual report to be published to the Governor before the first day of March, of each year.

Section 10. The members of the board shall each receive a compensation of \$4 for each day's services, while engaged in arbitration; said compensation to be paid by the parties to the controversy in such proportion as the board may decide; they shall also receive the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties, which expenses

shall be paid out of the State treasury. Sec. 11. Chapter 1 of Title 36 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1895, is hereby repealed. Sec. 12. This act shall take effect upon approval.

PAUL CASE DISMISSED.

President of the Latter Day Saints College Will Not be Punished.

By consent of County Attorney Christensen, the appeal case against Joshua H. Paul, president of the Latter-day Saints college, for admitting unvaccinated pupils to that institution, contrary to the order of the board of health, for which he was fined \$15 by Justice Kroeger, was today dismissed by Judge Stewart.

H. S. Tanner, attorney for the defendant, held that since the McMillan bill has been placed on the State statutes that if the defendant should be convicted, there would be no law under which he could be fined or sentenced. Mr. Christensen, appearing in this view of the matter, hence the dismissal, which will doubtless have a tendency to settle all matters connected with admitting of unvaccinated pupils to the schools.

Probate Cases.

Judge Hall made orders in the following probate cases today:

Estate of John Holmes, deceased, admitted to probate, and Frederick Comely appointed executor, under bonds of \$2,400.

Estate of Richard D. Earl, deceased, hearing on petition for confirmation of sale of real estate taken under advertisement, pending posting notices of sale on the property.

Estate of John R. Clawson, deceased, resignation of Mrs. L. R. Dodge, former administratrix, accepted, and Hyrum B. Clawson appointed administrator, with bond of \$500.

Estate of George Frederick Root, deceased, final account of administrator approved, and approved, and distribution of estate ordered.

Estate of William Crane, deceased, Sarah Crane appointed administratrix under bond of \$2,400.

Estate of John M. Hurst, deceased, order made permitting sale of personal property.

Estate and guardianship of Minnie Wilhelmina Anderson, a minor; order made granting the guardian the privilege of selling real estate.

Estate of Reuben H. Robertson, deceased, final account allowed and approved, and administrator discharged.

Estate of Hugo W. Uhl, deceased, leave given to file a second inventory and appraisement.

To Revoke Old Judgment.

Arthur Brown commenced an action in the district court today against George T. Hilliard, for a reversal of a judgment obtained in the same court on December 22, 1893, for \$622.59, but which now, with interest, amounts to \$1,024.02, for which sum a renewed judgment is asked.

Equity Cases.

Judge Hall transacted the following business in relation to equity cases pending in his court:

Estate of Edward Brain, deceased, Friday, March 29, set for arguments in the case.

Brigham Young Trust company vs Salt Lake City, demurrer to amended complaint filed and overruled; plaintiff given till April 2nd to reply to amended answer.

Mary Gordon vs William B. Gordon; hearing set for March 23, at 9:40 a. m. Lillian M. Moon vs W. A. Daniels; motion to file amended complaint granted.

W. D. Riter vs C. Bunting et al; action of receiver in paying attorney's fees continued.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Bertagnoli, heretofore tried and submitted; the court refused to disallow the claim of Martin Bertagnoli, as allowed by Judge Hills, and the case was dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Utah and Salt Lake Canal company vs Salt Lake City Water and Electric Power company; removed from calendar.

Robert Elwood vs Andrew S. White; demurrer argued and submitted; plaintiff given leave to amend complaint, and defendant given fifteen days to answer as to the amendment.

John L. Burkholder vs Jennie C. Freeman et al; plaintiff withdrew judgment in the pleadings, and order made dismissing same, with privilege of renewing.

John E. Playtor vs Eliza S. Playtor; demurrer to complaint sustained, and ten days given to amend.

C. C. Crandall vs Charles J. McLaren; demurrer overruled and defendants given twenty days to amend and plead.

John P. Cahoon et al vs David Johnson et al; demurrer sustained and plaintiff given ten days to amend complaint.

Harrison Speltz vs John E. Dooly; Frick and Edwards allowed to withdraw as attorneys for L. P. Palmer, trustee and intervenor.

Homer Duncan vs Benta C. Anderson, heretofore submitted; stay of proceedings granted for twenty days.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Theater will open again tonight, tomorrow night and for a Saturday matinee, the attraction being Racco and Holland's Minstrels. The company is said to be a big one, and as it has come some time since Salt Lake has a visit from a minstrel organization, good business is looked for.

BURGLARY AT DRAPER.

A Store and a Private Residence Robbed.

"A burglary was committed last night in Draper." Such was the gist of a telephone message received by Sheriff Naylor from that town about 10 o'clock this morning. The only particulars given were that a store and a private residence had been broken into, and two good watches taken.

The sheriff, with Deputies Raleigh and Busby, immediately upon receiving the information, set out for Draper with a view to capturing the burglars. It is believed that the robbers obtained considerable booty, but the above articles are all that was mentioned in the message. The officers are inclined to think that this theft was committed by the same parties who entered the store of Holt & Co., at West Jordan the other night, cracking their safe, and it seems there is a gang of burglars operating in the southern part of the county, whom Sheriff Naylor is very desirous of capturing.

Constipation,

Headache, Biliousness,

Heartburn,

Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

IN "THE LAND OF DESOLATION."

The Brigham Young Academy Expedition has now reached the locality thus described in the Book of Mormon. See THE SATURDAY "NEWS," tomorrow night, 24 pages. A magazine and a newspaper combined.

STATE ENGINEER BACK.

Has been Attending the Big Canal Suit at Mant.

State Engineer R. C. Gemmell came up from Mant last evening, where he has been for a number of days giving testimony in the big water suit now being tried there. This suit, Mr. Gemmell says, involves all the rights of the San. pition river. The case is entitled, The Moroni Irrigation company vs Wm. Schickel, et al, and twenty-five irrigation ditches and canals. Four of these ditches are united as the Moroni Irrigation company, which sues the other companies, claiming that as the first settler in the said district it is entitled to the water of the river, which rises in the mountains some twenty-five miles away. As it stands now the people of Milburn and Fairview use all they want of the water. In the dry season, Mr. Gemmell says, the Milburn farmers receive all the water, which, through canals, is again recovered and used at Fairview, thus depriving the Moroni company of what it considers its just rights. The case will be a prolonged fight. All this week has been spent in taking the plaintiff's testimony and, as there are many more of the defendants, it will probably be two or three weeks before all the testimony is in.

A FIERCE STORM RAGING.

Nature Has Come to be a Lightning Change Artist.

Nature in Salt Lake has come to be a lightning change artist. Yesterday was a day that embodied all the charms and elements that were ever associated with springtime; today one of the fiercest storms of the year is raging. When the city went to sleep last night the sky was clear and the stars were twinkling merrily. When it awoke this morning the dome was covered with ominous clouds and after a few hours of hasty preparation, the forces of nature were marshalled together and is waxing furious over the city.

The storm is central over southeastern Montana, and there has been considerable precipitation in Washington, Oregon, Idaho, and western Montana. So far as Utah is concerned the storm is confined principally to the northern part of the State, although the southern portion will receive some precipitation.

When asked today if this storm had any connection with the blizzard that has been working a hardship on the East, Section Director Murdoch of the weather bureau said that it had none. "But," he added, "it may cause another blizzard in the East as it is traveling that way." Mr. Murdoch said that he could promise good weather again by tomorrow morning. "It will be showery tonight," he observed, "and it will be somewhat colder, but the storm will have passed by tomorrow morning, although it will probably be partly cloudy tomorrow."

The total precipitation since the storm began this forenoon was up to 2.20 this afternoon 27 of an inch. Of which 12 was rain, making 15 of snow, or one inch and a half. The snow will have to fall long and fast, however, before it establishes anything like a "permanency" here, as the earth was so warm that the process of melting is about as fast as the falling.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Broom Plume Tablets. 25c.

Handkerchief Special

25c and 50c grades. Ladies' handkerchiefs at 15c each, this week, at Auerbach's Liquidation Sale.

NASON'S UNIQUE SHOT.

What Befel the O. S. L. Ticket Man While Duck Hunting.

Chester Nason and Henry McCormick have returned from a duck-hunting expedition which embraced a trip to Corinne, thence by steam launch up the river for a distance of twenty miles; after that Mr. Nason says that he does not know where they went, only "that it was a jolly long way." They returned to town this morning bearing suburban noses, 65 ducks, and a goose, and stories of numerous ducks that got away, also half-seen adventures. The saddest episode of the trip was when Nason, in the exuberance of his animal spirits, raised his trusty gun to his shoulder and pulled the trigger simultaneously with the intention of sweeping his fowling piece from east to west, thereby raking a flock of ducks from east and west, and securing a record bag. The duck hunter was standing up to his knees in the ice water of Bear Lake at the time he pulled the trigger, and he was so startled by his head waving his gun boots in the air as a signal of distress. Nason was finally rescued from his predicament and hung out to dry. Needless to say he did not bag any ducks from that "novel shot."

LARGE LAND PURCHASE.

Statement That it is for Mormon Colonists is Without Foundation.

Chihuahua, Mexico, March 22.—Dr. H. F. Gray, of Los Angeles, Cal., has purchased 5,000,000 acres of agricultural lands in Mexico and has obtained a concession from the Mexican government for the establishment of a number of "Mormon" colonies thereon. These lands are divided into several large tracts, which are situated in the states of Durango, Tamaulipas, Coahuila and Vera Cruz. He says that he will bring six thousand "Mormons" from Utah and other parts of the United States to Mexico within the next few months and locate them upon lands which he has purchased. The "Mormon" colonies in the state of Chihuahua have had their population increased by the arrival of over 3,000 "Mormons" from Utah during the past few months.

The attention of President Snow was called to the above dispatch today, and he stated that so far as he knew, the allegations that are made to the "Mormons" are absolutely without foundation. There has been no recent exodus to Mexico as indicated in the dispatch, and that there is no coalition between the "Mormon" authorities and Dr. H. F. Gray of Los Angeles for the purpose stated in the dispatch or for any other purpose, that he knew of.

ORE AND BULLION REPORT.

March 22, 1901.

Today's clearings \$227,217.21

Same days last year \$257,455.45

CLEARING HOUSE REPORT.

MCCORMICK & CO.

Silver and lead ores \$24,330

BAMBERGER AND McMILLAN.

Bullion \$24,670

BOTKIN COMES TO UTAH.

This Time the Kansas Judge is Here to Make His Home.

Judge Theo. Botkin, the Hutchinson, Kansas, lawyer, is a guest at the Kenyon. It will be remembered that his last visit to Utah was in the fall of 1900 when he made a tour of the State for several weeks making campaign speeches for the Republican party. Mr. Botkin is here now to make arrangements to move permanently to Salt Lake and to establish a law practice in this city. He says that affairs in Kansas were never in a more prosperous condition and that all is quiet since Mrs. Nation was released on bonds. Her bondsmen insist that she shall not disturb the peace and though she says that she would like to continue the amazing habit she is not desirous to return to prison. "Her influence," said Mr. Botkin, "had at least one good effect, it has shown to the people of Kansas that some politicians who use prohibition arguments during their campaign are perfectly hypocrites and ought to be put down. The people have come to a realization of this fact."

PEOPLE WHO ARE PASSING

A. L. Thomas, one of the firm of Lord and Thomas, the great Chicago, New York and London advertising agents, passed a few hours in Salt Lake on Thursday en route homeward. It was his first visit to our city and he expressed his pleasure and surprise at all the signs of prosperity manifest; he was specially interested in the new Deseret News building, which, he said, would be a handsome newspaper house in the land.

A. W. Bullock, of St. George, is registered at the White House. He reports that there is plenty of snow in the mountains near St. George to make the coming season a most successful one for the stockmen and farmers.

Mrs. E. R. Hawley and Miss Edith Hawley, of Ogden, are guests at the Walker House.

A. H. DeLong, of Provo, is registered at the Kenyon.

A. V. Scott, of Idaho Falls, is registered at the Kenyon.

J. M. Renck, the special representative of the Los Angeles Times, who has been here the last three weeks, left today noon for Los Angeles. He was here to gather information about Salt Lake and Utah, and illustrations for an extensive write up that will appear in the special Fiesta edition of the Times in May. The edition will be superbly illustrated and will give a exhaustive account of the industries, attractions and possibilities of the two cities. Mr. Renck said that he met with good success and courteous treatment during his stay in Salt Lake.

T. E. Gibson left today noon for Los Angeles. He stated to a "News" reporter just before he left that he was well pleased that the articles in the incorporation of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake railway had been filed, and that he was going now to fix up the affairs of the company at the other end. He said that there are twenty-five cars of rails now on the way from Chicago, and that other material is already there. Work will be started at once on the first seventy miles of road and surveying parties and engineers will soon be sent out from both Salt Lake and Los Angeles.

George F. Peabody, cousin to Vice President Peabody, of the Rio Grande Western railroad, and his daughter were in the city today. They were under the escort of William F. Catton, cashier of the city, who showed them over the city. The storm, however, marred the otherwise very enjoyable day. The party called on President Lorenzo Snow at his home, and had a pleasant visit. They leave for the East tonight.

PERSONALS.

T. R. Cutler, manager of the sugar factory, was in Salt Lake yesterday on business. He said that the outlook for an unusual crop of sugar beets is especially favorable as the soil is in good condition and there is plenty of water.

Judge Morse returned from Tooele last night, having finished his business there several days sooner than he expected. He went to Tooele to hold a court of the district court, and all the cases brought before him were readily disposed of.

Heber J. Grant and his family, who were expected from the coast today, will not arrive till Sunday.

Henry Siegel of the Siegel Clothing company returned this morning from a trip to the East.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

At 3 o'clock today the following guests were registered at the hotels:

Knutsford—C. W. Marsh and wife, DeKalb, Iowa; George F. Peabody, Miss Peabody, Appleton, Wisconsin; William H. Wheeler and wife, San Francisco; J. W. J. Shaughnessy, San Francisco; Martin J. Quail, S. O. Gottlieb and wife, C. E. Gaudy, J. H. Deering, Lawrence Greer, Alex. Miller, of New York; W. R. Kelly, W. H. Hatterott, Omaha; Phil P. Hitecock, Denver; G. F. Pasley, Brooklyn; F. K. Murphy, of Baltimore.

Kenyon—J. D. DeWolfe, New York; R. S. Ruben, Ogden; C. C. Lasselle, San Francisco; H. C. Welby, Liverpool; C. A. Ingalls, Boston; Max Davis, Cincinnati; A. V. Scott, Idaho Falls; Charles J. and Mrs. Cox, Chicago; C. L. Zachary, North Carolina; Mr. and Mrs. P. Lund, Alamosa, Colorado; O. A. Cook, Sibley, Iowa.

George R. Earnshaw, of Bingham, is at the Cullen.

BATHED IN THE LAKE.

Mean Trick Played Upon Two Tourists at Saltair.

A. H. Weber, a son of the proprietor of the Union hotel and restaurant in Chicago, and a Mr. Welch, an English tourist, broke the record yesterday by taking a dip in Salt Lake and staying in the water for ten minutes by the watch while being photographed by a lady friend with a camera who stood on the steps at Saltair and passed encouraging remarks.

It appears that Weber and the Englishman had both been lamenting the fact that they missed their cold morning "bath" since they left San Francisco, the former exclaiming: "I wish I had the assertion that he never missed a dip in Lake Michigan, winter or summer. This so exasperated his

Getting Better?

Are you recovering as fast as you should? Has not your old trouble left your blood full of impurities? And isn't this the reason you keep so poorly? Don't delay recovery longer, but take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

It will remove all impurities from your blood and tone up your whole nervous system. Give Nature a little help at this time. Aid her by removing all the products of disease from your blood.

Keep your bowels in good condition with Ayer's Pills.

Price 25c. a box.

Write the doctor freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

traveling companions that they entered into a black conspiracy when they went out to the lake. The attendant was bribed out there and, it is said, that he stated that owing to the warm springs that flow into Great Salt Lake that the waters were always tepid, so much so that skating was impossible on Salt Lake during the severest weather—it never froze over. To prove his assertion, he threw in his thermometer at the end of a string and then hailed it, looked at it, and yelled, "sixty-four." This was too tempting for the two young men; so, hastily donning bathing suits, they dodged the cold breezes and hid down the steps to plunge upon the "warm," palpitating bosom of the salt inland sea. When they finally regained their breath, after all the talk that had been in evidence, there was nothing else to say than that it was too refreshing for anything. Then the lady implored them to stay just where they were while she photographed them. The process took just ten minutes, and when the young men regained their dressing room, it is said that their remarks were very pointed.

On the way home the two record-breakers sat in the car with their teeth chattering like castnets until one sympathetic member of the party passed along a silver mounted flask containing a mysterious amber-colored liquid, and they both stole a hurried swallow. Later Mr. Welch said that it was "a beautiful mean trick to play a fellow you know."

WITH THE JUSTICES.

In Justice Dana Smith's court today the case against Morgan Jones, charged with grand larceny, was dismissed, the evidence failing to show the guilt of the defendant. He was accused of stealing a horse and cart. Before leaving the court room he was re-arrested on the charge of vagrancy, and was given fifteen days in the county jail.

John Davis pleaded not guilty to the charge of stealing hay from Anderson Brothers and his hearing was set for next Tuesday.

JUDGE TIMMONY'S COURT.

J. R. Madden pleaded guilty to riding a bike on the sidewalk and was assessed \$5.

Anna Jensen was accused of keeping a vicious dog. The testimony showed that the animal had gnawed several children and the court ordered it executed.

LATE LOCALS.

The musical concert that will be given Sunday in honor of the Chicago Commercial club will be held in the Assembly Hall and Professor Stephens will lead a choir of at least three hundred voices. Proprietor Gus Holmes, of the Knutsford, today tendered to the Chamber of Commerce a committee, the privilege to use the hotel on Sunday for reception purposes. A public reception will be held some time during the day, the hour to be announced later.

Land and Water Commissioner, Westerfield made a thirty-five-mile drive up and down Parley's canyon yesterday and reports finding everything connected with that watershed in pretty good condition. Just above the isolation hospital, however, he discovered parties moving fencing from the city and reports finding everything connected with that watershed in pretty good condition. Just above the isolation hospital, however, he discovered parties moving fencing from the city and reports finding everything connected with that watershed in pretty good condition.

State Auditor Tingey says that the resignation of Senator Thomas Kearns, who has arisen in ten years from laborer to law-maker; all in less than thirty-nine years after his birth in the little town of Woodstock, Ontario. He is of Irish parentage, before beginning his career as a miner he was a farm hand in Nebraska. Now, among other things, he is a director in a newly organized railroad company, and is president of the construction company that is to build the road.

In entering upon his career in Washington Senator Kearns realizes the handicap of his lack of schooling, but he is starting out with his customary determination to win despite all obstacles. One of his first acts after his election was to persuade his campaign manager, who is a successful lawyer, and former newspaper man, to accompany him to Washington to advise him on the legal phases of the matters that might come up for his action or vote—Saturday Evening Post.

Remaining unrecalled for at the post-office, Salt Lake City, Utah, March 22, 1901. To obtain these letters the applicant must call for "Advertised Letters," and give the date of the list. If not called for within two weeks they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES' LIST.

Berry Mary J. Mrs. McCoy Orpha
Bauman P. Mrs. McCullis Daisy
Rough Vinnie
Cary N. S. Mrs. Miller M. W. Mrs. Christiansen A. Middleton Laila
Cheesbrough Amy Morris Helen
Mrs. Mumford Kate
Cox Mrs. Nelson Alice
Connell Connie
Cronenrath Marie
Crownwell Minnie
Davis Fanny
Durant Merle Mrs. Pickett Albert Mrs. Elsworth Edith
Farris Edna Claire Rhodes Henrietta
Gardner Lillian Mrs. Sander Kate E.
Gunery Lizzie Mrs. Smith M. M. Mrs.

ANOTHER RESOUNDING PEAL

A value-giving announcement
When you come here for

Dining Furniture

You get something out of the ordinary run—something that others imitate but never equal, and those imitations advertise us! Just as a little inducement to give us a call and see our splendid line mentioned above, we are offering a

Very fine quarter-sawn Polished Oak Dining Chair at \$1.75 each. The regular price of which is \$2.50