

nees, were shot and killed yesterday. Cause of tragedy unknown.

London, Ont., 27.—A member of the Mahon Banking Company is committed to answer the charge of fraud, for receiving a deposit a short time before suspension.

Toronto, 27.—Fleming of Chicago, of bucket-shop notoriety, discharged from arrest, was immediately rearrested by a Montreal detective.

NEW YORK, 27.—Joseph Parker, son-in-law and one of the assignees of Crowell, said to-day: "I expect to go to Salt Lake to-morrow morning, and investigate the Empire and other mining property in which Crowell was interested, to see what can be realized from the wreck. The real estate owned by Crowell in this city and New Jersey is covered by mortgages to its full value. Claims and household goods will realize but very little, and the mining stock is worth nothing at all. There will be no meeting of creditors until I return from Salt Lake, which may be in two weeks or a month. Whether there will be a meeting called or not depends upon the results of my investigation in Utah, and also upon other questions. It is possible that Crowell may die. He is very ill, and in the course of the conversation I had with him last evening, he said he could do nothing to make good his losses. It has been agreed that creditors shall not prosecute Crowell."

A broker said: "With the exception of shares of the Empire Mining Company, none of the stocks were quoted. That of the Empire is probably worth about 50 cents a share; others about 10 cents. There is no reason why any sane man should embark in an undertaking at once so desperate and foolish as the improvement of the Empire; and Crowell, although to be pitied, is universally blamed among mining operators for becoming the victim of such a manifest swindle. I was well acquainted with the man; he was always ready to share his last cent with his friends."

HAVANA, 27.—A number of cane fields are burned near Guaymas and Matanzas.

Madison, Wis., 27.—A man, wife and three children, named Haley, were suffocated by coal gas. It is believed none will recover.

Lynchburg, Va., 27.—A fire destroyed Myers Bros. & Co.'s tobacco factory. Insurance, \$70,000; loss on building \$40,000; and on manufactured and leaf tobacco estimated at \$120,000.

Staunton Va., 27.—Another victim of the Western lunatic asylum poisoning died to-day, making six. Two of the poisoned recovered. The coroner's inquest thus far confirms the early story that the medicine received the fatal infusion between leaving the druggist and reaching the attendants. It is thought some patient "commissioned to kill" got at the medicine.

OMAHA, 27.—Assistant General Manager Kimball of the Union Pacific, who returned from New York to-day, confirms the reported agreement between the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company and Union Pacific for a ten-year contract of interchange of through traffic to Portland, Oregon, via the Oregon Short Line. The meeting point of the Oregon Short Line, Oregon Navigation and the U. P. Railway Company's line, has been fixed in the Valley of Snake River. Sleeping cars are to run from Omaha to Portland without change. The two roads are to be completed to the junction by Dec. 31st of this year. Work on both lines is being rapidly pushed. Winter camps are being maintained on the Oregon Short line for a distance of 150 miles. The Wood River branch, from Shoshone Junction to Hailey, Idaho, will be completed early this summer.

Boston, 27.—Subscriptions of six millions called for by the Mexican Central Railroad some weeks ago are completed, the public taking \$3,500,000, and arrangements are made for placing the remainder.

The commissioner of railroads states all matters in reference to telegraph lines on the Union, Central, Southern and Northern Pacific roads have been completed.

Tallahassee, Fla., 27.—A bill incorporating the International Railroad & Steamship Company is signed by the Governor. A trunk railroad will be built down the backbone of the Peninsula to Key West.

New York, 29.—The directors of the Albany & Saratoga Railroad have taken steps to arrest the counterfeiters of their second mortgage bonds.

New York, 28.—The widow of Marshall Jewell died suddenly this afternoon, of heart disease.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, 26.—The bark *Murella* from San Francisco is at Liverpool. One of the crew was drowned, the decks swept, a boat carried away and other damage done.

The rumor that two members of Parliament were involved in the murder conspiracy is revived. It is stated positively that two Irish members are connected with the provincial organizations. Present inquiry is trying to trace the facts.

It is reported when the trials of the men charged with the Phoenix Park murders are concluded Jar. Carr will be tried on the charge of being a suspicious character.

Paris, 26.—In the Chamber of Deputies, Jolibois, Bonapartist, asked whether the government's claim of right of initiative was not above law. Prime Minister Ferry said: "It is the legitimate right of defence of which it is impossible to define the exact limits, but I advise the Bonapartists to go not too far in the test of our indulgence." Jolibois denied that the republic emanated from the national sovereignty, as it lacked the plebiscite. He loved, and the Chamber desired, the individual liberty of all citizens, without distinction, to be respected.

A resolution approving the measures the government contemplates against pretenders was adopted in the Chamber of Deputies.

Sunday's official journal contains decrees placing the Duke d'Aumale, the Duke de Chartres and the Duke d'Alencon on the retired list. The decrees are preceded by the report of General Thibaudin, Minister of War, in justification of the retirement of the officers.

The *Temps*, national, and *Paris*, conservative, republican papers, deplore the fact that the government was forced to place the princes on the retired list of the army, and demand a revision of the laws of 1834, that these officers be reinstated.

Prince Jerome Napoleon says he was not a pretender. If the nation elected Grevy or anyone else head of the government, the Prince would be a most loyal subject. The Prince complains that he is watched by spies. He sent valuable property to England, anticipating flight.

Count Ermont Charles Martimprey, a French General, is dead.

It is stated the police are ordered to seize all Marshal Bazaine's new books found in France.

Gustave Dore's will directs his paintings to be kept two years, then sold.

Marseilles, 26.—Pere Hyacinthe lectured to 3,000, amid a great uproar, the Catholics hissing and insulting him.

Placards bearing the words, "Vive Henri Cinque" are posted on the walls.

The house of the Anarchist here who entertained Louise Michel when in Brussels recently, was searched by the police, who seized three trunks. The majority of the documents contained therein were written in Russian and Italian, and refer to the International plot. It is rumored that disclosures made in connection with the dynamite explosion at Ganshorlen and the seizure of these papers will lead to the arrest of Louise Michel and several of her colleagues. The man who was not wounded by the explosion Cyroete, is a weaver from Lyons. It is said the French government has demanded his extradition.

It is reported that the anarchist documents seized here show that a plot had been organized to murder the Czar of Russia on the occasion of his coronation.

The Kampersmühle cotton mills, 12,000 looms, are burned.

Madrid, 26.—Societies to destroy the rights of property and exterminate Bourgeoisie land owners were discovered in Andalusia. The government resolved to suppress the societies. They number 1,000, and their numbers include persons in social standing. The societies were organized by the International. A member of the Jerrez branch declined the task of murdering. Its master first revealed the plot. The arrests at Jerrez, Cadiz and Seville exceed 500.

Accounts from Andalusia show that doings of the socialistic societies, recently discovered there, resemble the worst crimes committed in Ireland. The societies were particularly violent in denunciation of landlords.

St. Petersburg, 26.—The *Golos* having been warned the third time, has been suspended six months. On its reappearance it will be subject to the clause of the temporary press regulations of 1881. The *Golos* was

suppressed because of its mischievous tone discussing State institutions, and describing the intentions of the government regarding reforms which have taken place within the last quarter of a century.

Aukase has been published appointing a commission to examine and amend the laws relating to Jews, which will afterwards be submitted to the legislative department for examination.

Cracow, 26.—The arrest of a number of students of the university, charged with socialistic intrigues, causes a great sensation.

PANAMA, 18.—The *Star* says the rumor is confirmed that Garcia Calderon is treating in Chill with Altamirino, and strong hopes are entertained that an arrangement will be arrived at which can subsequently be ratified by the congress to be held in Lima.

Gen. Butterfield, now in Guatemala, recently paid Mr. Schlessinger \$1,250,000 being the balance due for the purchase of the railroad from San Jose to Escuintla.

Barrios and friends in Guatemala are trying to establish a confederation in Central America, and are likely to create serious trouble. Two ministers from Guatemala and Salvador are in Costa Rica trying to induce that republic to join them.

In the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, cholera continues, showing no signs of abating. The beach of Salina Cruz is strewn with railroad material of all descriptions, and no laborers are obtainable to remove it. The work on the railroad is entirely suspended.

The government of Chili remains firm in its determination to appoint its own ecclesiastical dignitaries. The Pope's legate left the country. Congress is expected to vote only the salaries of priests the government has named. Church disestablishment is becoming a national question.

Nine Americans are in prison here, suspected of robbery of the \$50,000 from the Railroad company's vaults.

Rome, 27.—The answer of Emperor William to the second letter of the Pope asks for the precise limits of the demands of the Vatican.

Copenhagen, 27.—The government of Denmark is willing to settle the present difficulty touching the status of the Danes in Schleswig on the basis that only those living there, born before or during the year 1864, shall be exempted from Prussian military service.

Paris, 27.—A memorial signed by many scientists will be sent to Prest. Grevy asking him to release from prison Prince Krapotkine, anarchist, as they say that he is the only person capable of making complete researches in Russian geography.

LONDON, 17.—Accounts from district Gevedore, County Donegal, northwestern part of Ireland, indicate that the condition of the people is most distressing.

Another bailiff of Lord Ardilaun's named Flynn, was attacked and left for dead, near Clonbur, County Mayo.

Three members of the Joyce family, witnesses in the Maantrana trial, while protected by five policemen, were attacked in a public house at Churchfield. The police's firearms were taken and used on the Joyces. One was badly wounded.

It is believed the United States Government will refuse the demand for the extradition of Sheridan.

No meeting of Parnellites on Monday, owing to dangerous symptoms of revolt against Parnell's leadership. His following is now reduced half. Dawson and Gray and other well known members who usually follow Parnell have not appeared at Westminster this session.

In the Commons, Chief Secretary states the government did not intend to release Harrington, just elected to Parliament.

The village of Hallestad, near Lund, Sweden, is burned. Only 32 chimneys remain.

A dispatch from Durban says it is reported the Boers defeated Chief Mapach and captured Chief Mamper.

The Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany has been gazetted Knight of the Grand Cross of the Order of Bath.

Tantah, Egypt, 27.—Thirty-five Bedouin chiefs are summoned to witness the hanging to-morrow of five of the murderers of Professor Palmer and party, and troops will be in readiness in case of necessity.

Liverpool, 27.—Cotton very dull; uplands, 5½; Orleans, 5½; sales 6,000 bales.

Breadstuffs, quiet, unchanged. Corn, 6½s. per cental, new mixed western. Receipts of wheat the past three days, 173,000 centals, including 159,000 American.

Paris, 27.—The Cabinet resolved to accept the proposal made by Roche in the Chamber of Deputies, by which municipalities are relieved of the legal obligation of meeting the expenses of worship, which is not covered by collections. The deficit which hitherto has fallen on the municipalities, has been 2,000,000 francs yearly. The proposal does not effect stipends payable by the State.

A bill has been introduced in the Chamber of Deputies to furnish Lieut. De Brazzen 10,800 fire-arms, 200 tents, 1,000 axes, 20,000 swords, 100 tons of gunpowder, and a company of Algerian sharpshooters for his Congo expedition.

Princes Victor and Louis, sons of Prince Napoleon, will enter the Italian service, the former attached to King Humbert's staff.

Gladstone called on Grevy, and Clemenceau, radical leader, returns the visit.

Lyons, 27.—Bavie Bros., silk merchants, have failed; liabilities \$200,000.

Vienna, 27.—The government intends to introduce a bill providing for the issue of 5 per cent. rentes to the amount of 16,000,000 florins, payable in currency, towards covering the deficit for 1883. The government has on hand funds available to cover the remainder of the 16,000,000 florins deficit.

Rome, 27.—A paper bomb charged with powder was thrown into the court yard of the residence of the Austrian ambassador. Two similar petards were thrown at the same time, one before the Austrian Embassy to the Vatican and the other in front of the royal palace at the Quirinal. A supposed priest was arrested. No one injured.

Catania, Sicily, 27.—A popular ferment has resulted from the alteration of the railway tariff affecting the sulphur trade. The situation is becoming grave. Two men-of-war and a regiment of troops have arrived to maintain order. Many persons are arrested, including several of importance.

St. Petersburg, 27.—Forty students are imprisoned for expressing doubts as to the administrative ability of the minister of public instruction.

PARIS, 28.—Frank Byrne, implicated by informer Carey in the assassinations in Ireland, was arrested here. He denied any political relations with Carey. The Minister of the Interior will consider if the case is one of extradition.

Toronto, 28.—There was a general election in the province of Ontario yesterday, in 78 constituencies. At midnight the returns indicated a reform government. Oliver Mowat, Premier, carried 47 States; the opposition 36.

Berlin, 28.—The silver wedding festivities of the Crown Prince and Princess, which were postponed at the time of the anniversary of the wedding on account of the death of Prince Charles, are taking place to-day. The streets are thronged with people and busts of the Crown Prince and Princess are being exhibited at various points. The city will be illuminated to-night. The Emperor William paid a visit to the Duke and Duchesses of Edinburgh.

## THE WORK IN JERSEY.

ST. HELIER, Jersey,  
January 1st, 1893.

Editor Deseret News:

Joseph A. West and myself have gone to considerable expense in printing posters and hand bills, and renting a large and respectable hall to preach in on Sunday the 27th, and Monday the 28th. We succeeded beyond our hopes on Sunday, as we had a congregation numbering over 300, the hall being almost full. We had a very respectable audience, composed of men of the bar and bench, some ministers, a host of local preachers, and many representatives of the press, and some very rich and influential citizens. Good order prevailed all through, except a little disturbance after dismissal, which the congregation felt offended at.

But our Monday service could not be held as per announcement, as the hall we had rented was refused us. The committee said they would rather stand a lawsuit than comply with their agreement, and even refused us the privilege of posting notices at the door of the hall, to

notify the public of the place where we would hold our service; this, they said, was because we did not believe as they do. After walking all over the town on Monday, to get a hall, we succeeded in getting a small one. While the people were entering, previous to the opening of our meeting, some of the local preachers distributed hand bills containing most abominable falsehoods about the Saints.

The French press of the Island is in our favor, while the English is against us, especially the Jersey Observer.

Prest. West speaks in the English and I speak in the French language. Prest. West left yesterday for Southampton, and I remain alone. I enjoyed his company very much. I think good will come out of our labors, and I am determined to do my duty in warning the inhabitants of the Islands, God being my helper.

I remain,  
Your brother in the Gospel,  
JOS. A. A. BUNCE.

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