Church of Jesus Christ I Letter-day Saints. THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

Henry L. Howison, ineligible for ser-vice as a member of this court." SCHLEY COURT OF **INQUIRY CONVENES**

Challenge Interposed as to Rear Admiral Howison's Competency as a Member Is Sustained by the Court.

court of inquiry, which is to pass upon charges against Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, growing out of the West Indian campaign, and the battle of Santiago Bay, convened at the Washing. ton navy yard at 1 o'clock today, Never before in the history of the navy has an issue been presented of such supreme and universal interest, not only to the navy, but to the general-public, with such conspicuous naval figures in the foreground of the controversy, others equally as conspicuous as witnesses, adherents and spectators, and that the active head of the navy establishment, Admiral Dewey, presiding over this tribunal.

The interest in naval circles was shown by the distinguished array of officers of the highest rank, who were present, together with a number of government officials. The area in the court reserved for the public was about

court reserved for the protocolar two-thirds full. There was little of the spectacular in the opening scene. It was marked by dignity and impressiveness rathe, by dignity and impressiveness rathe,

than by dramatic spirit. The distinguished figures in the trial. The distinguished figures in the trial, including the members of the court-Admiral Dewey and Rear Admiral Benham and Howison-and Admiral Schley, about whom the procedure cen-tered, came to the court in civilian at-tire and with little outward demonstra-tion. But when the court convened at 1 orders all of the participants were in tion, and all of the participants were in the uniform of their high rank, pre-senting a plcture of striking bril-

IN THE TOOL SHOP.

Hancy.

The early arrivals found the tool shop in which the court is to sit, in some confusion. The building is new and confusion. The building is new and while the laborers had completed their preparations for the court, the cleaners were engaged in the work up to almost the hour for the arrival of the court. The man with dust broom and cleaning lab had scarcely discurred when The man with dust broom and cleaning cloth had scarcely disappeared when Admiral Dewey and his fellow mem-bers of the court arrived. The building itself is a large oblong structure and looks more like the workshop which it is intended to be them a courthouse is intended to be, than a courthouse. Indeed, while it is commodious and

washington. Sept. 12 .- The naval ; gun, just outside the building. It was both a salute and a signal that the court had opened. The first crash of the gun startled the spectators. Then they waited as the seven-teen guns, the number given in honor of the admiral of the navy, had been fired, when they ear was strained for the first word of the proceedings. At the instant that the firing began,

Admiral Dewey and his two associates had entered through the rear doors and taken seats at the spacious table.

A STRIKING PICTURE.

It was a striking picture, with Ad It was a striking picture, with Ad-miral Dewey in the middle, Rear Ad-miral Benham on the right and Rear Admiral Howison on the left. Their faces were stern. They were in full uniform, the four starred collar of the admiral indicating his supreme rank

admiral indicating his supreme rank in the navy. His sword hung at his left side, but it was a service sword and that presented by Congress in re-membrance of Manila bay. Admiral Schley sat at the table pro-vided for him and his counsel. He, too, was in full uniform, his epaulet aboving two stars could an applied of showing two stars and an anchor of his grade. His back was to the spectators, and with his counsel, he faced the members of the court. Just across from the officers sat Judge Ad-vocate Lemley, the law officer of the navy and of the court, with Solicitor Hanna of the navy department at his side. Outside of the rail, in the sea of bands heads, could be seen many well known In the naval and government service as well as many ladies, including the wives of those taking a prominent part in the proceedings.

FORMAL PROCEEDINGS BEGUN.

The formal proceedings of the court were begun with the reading by Capt. Lemley of Admiral Schley's letter re-

questing the convening of the court and the navy department's precept. The court assumed a listening atti-tude, but Admiral Schley, known as 'the applicant" in the case, gave only Indifferent attention to the document. The admiral gave closer attention, however, when the judge advocate be-gan the reading of the order appointing Rear Admiral Howison a member of the court in place of Rear Admiral Kimberly, and he continued to give careful heed when his letter to the department asking for a modification of paragraph 5 of the precept regarding

HOWISON EXAMINED. When Judge Advocate Lemley had finished reading Rear Admiral Howi-son's statement, Mr. Raynor examined him as to the different points in the statement. At 3:30 p. m. the Schley court took a recess to consider the challenge of Ad-miral Howlson. When the court reconvened Admirat Howison presented his roply. He said he could not'remember Spon's face but he remembered his conversation with Nichols. He was here to obey the order of the navy department and would not enter into a discussion of his private

utterances. He had no personal feei-ings and he considered himself a competent member of the court. . CHALLENGE SUSTAINED. The court sustained the objection to Admiral Howison and excused him as a member of the court. The court has adjourned until it is reconvened by the department, which will not be until a successor to Admi-ral Howison has been named.

LIVE STO. A OC ON.

Gov, Yates of IL Consent to Open Convention in Chicage.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 12.-President John W. Springer has received a tele-gram from Gov. Yates of Illinois, accepting the invitation of the National Live Stock association to open the fifth annual convention of the associa-Infin annual convention of the associa-tion, which convenes in Chicago De-cember 3. An invitation has been ex-tended Vice President Roosevelt to ad-dress the convention. Among those who have accepted invitations to speak are Secy. James Wilson, of the depart-ment of agriculture; Dr. D. E. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry; Hon Carter Hardson mover of Chichief of the bureau of animal industry; Hon. Carter Harrison, mayor of Chi-cago; Prof. Clinton D. Smith Michi-gan; Hon. Frederick V. Covil e, chief botanist of the government, Vashing-ton; G. M. Walden, president Kansas City Live Stock exchange; B. R. Vale, Boneparte, Iowa; ex-Senator T. C. Powers, Helena, Mont.; Judge Wm. H. Springer, Washington, general coun-sel for the association; Frank P. Ben-nett, Boston, and Mr. Glifford Fin-chott, the forestry expert for the govchott, the forestry expert for the government.

Ex - Congressman Glover Arrested. Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 12.—John M. Glover, a former congressman from Missouri, has been arrested on com-plaint of George McCarthy, a justice of the peace and postmaster at Clyde, charging him with criminal libel. He was released on a bond of \$500. The alleged libel is contained in a circular issued by Glover, in which he bitterly attacked Sheriff Stewart and

his supporters, including McCarthy in connection with a suit in which Glover was an attorney. ROYALTY AT HELA.

Czar and Emperor Confer Decorations on Distinguished Men.

Hela, Russia, Sept. 12,-Emperor William, Prince Henry of Prussia, Ad-miral Tiche, secretary of the admiralty, and others in attendance on the two emperors, dined with the czar on board the Russian imperial yacht Standart, after the imposing reception yesterday was ended. The ca ar, before dinnel personally bestowed the order of St. Andrew on the German imperial chancellor, Count von Buelow, and on Count von Eulenberg, and gave por-traits of himself to the lesser German dignitaries. Emperor William decorated Count Lamsdorff, the Russian foreign minister, with the Order of Meril of the Brussian provin and Brasidant the Prussian crown, and President Baron Fredericks, minister of the Russian imperial household, and aide de-camp general, with the Grand Cross of the Red Eagle. The czar and Emperor William remained on deck until after 11 o'clock, looking at the illumiatter if octock, looking at the muni-nated vessels. In the meanwhile, the western, or Blue squadron, which takes part in the maneuvers today, put to sea, each ship saluting as it passed the Standart. The czar has appointed Emperor William to be chief of the Russian Dragoon Regiment Narva No. 39, one of the most famous in the Russian army. Its former chief was Admiral, the Grand Duke Constantine Nicolalvitch. Emperer William conferred with the czar in the uniform of the Empress Alexandra, regent, the second dragon regiment of the Prussian guard.



TRUTH AND LIBERTY

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1901. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Forces Clearing Away the Debris Incident to Big Fire.

SOME MORE NEW THEORIES.

Is Thought Was Caused by the Breaking of a Bottle, the Acid it Contained Igniding Straw.

Little wreaths of smoke continue to arise from the ruins of Tuesday's big fire and the work of clearing out the basement and sorting the debris continued today with an augmented force of men on the scene. All the safes have been removed and transferred to the various temporary offices that have been selected by the burned-out tenants. The big safe of Spencer Clawson Dry Goods company, which lay in one of the hottest spots beneath the ruins, was early this morning taken to the Temple street and opened. It was found that the valuable securities and papers which it contained were practi-cally untouched.

The small safes belonging to the Oregon Short Line which went crashing down into the cellar have also been opened and the contents, beyond be-ing somewhat discolored, are practically intact, although the writing on some of the papers is somewhat illegitle.

Adjacent to the ruins of the vault which was so effectually wire ked by the explosion fused coins and silver-ware were unearthed this morning. The silverware is that belonging to Tax Agent J. B. Evans of the Oregon Short Line. Prior to the departure of Mrs. Evans on a visit to friends and r.la-tives. Mr. Evans had brought all the valuable family plate down from his residence in order that it might not perchance fall into the bands of an enterprising burglar during his absence from home. The silverware, considing of sugar bowls, cream jugs, spo ns and other articles, is recognizable, but be-yond that fact it will not be possibly of much use except to stow away in a cabinet as a souvenir of the great tire. Assistant General Passenger Agent D. S. Spencer of the Oregon Short Line spent a good portion of the morning down in the basement superintending the burning of the semi-charred tickets

and records which were unearthed. It is his intention to desirey all of the tickets that are recovered from the de-Contrary to expectation the demoli-

Johns of Pleasant View were totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning with an attendant loss of \$1,900. There was no insurance It appears that two of his little chil-

It appears that two of his little chil-dred, a boy and a girl, were in the barn and that they ignited some matches which they threw into the hay "just for fun." In an instant there was a big flash and as the flames were between the children and the door they came near being cremated. The boy's pres-ence of mind, however, suggested to him that they might escape down an opening through the loft into the man-ger. To this he crowded and dropped his little sister, after which he quickly his little sister, after which he quickly followed. In addition to the barn and sheds several tons of hay, two calves, a pig and a number of farming imple-ments were consumed.

FAMINE FOR FEW HOURS. Salt Lake Jobbers Were Out of Sugar Yesterday-Plenty Today.

Now that it is all over the public can be told that it has just passed through a sugar famine without fear of precipitating a panic. But it is a fact. A sugar famine has passed over the city and no one knew it but a few firms. This time last evening there wasn't enough sugar among the different jobbers to sweeten the coffee of cre company of infantry for one meal. If the Z. C. M. L. Clark Eldredge & Co., Symns Utah Grocer, Cosgriff, Earight and Henderson had combined they couldn't have produced one sack of su-gar. But the market only remained thus stringent for a few hours. This morning several carloads of sugar were received from the coast. The Z. C. M. I, got in two cars today and filled every order. There are now twenty-five cars on the road between San Francisco and Salt Lake, and in ten days the factory at Lehi and the one at Ogden will start So there is no cause for alarm. up. So there is no cause for alarm. This time last year the scarcity of su-gar was much more serious.

MANAGER OF WALKER DEAD M. A. Dudley Passed Unexpectedly

Away This Morning.

Manville A. Dudley, the proprietor of the Walker House, died at 8:30 o'clock this morning after an illness of about a week. Drs. Parmelee and Piummer were in attendance and it is stated that death was caused by "peritonitis." The announcement of the death of Mr. Dudley will be received with great sur-prise, as it was unexpected by even his most intimate friends. Though con-fined to his room yesterday, nothing inore serious than an attack of stom-ach urouble, to which he was subject, was supposed to be the matter. How-ever, at eight o'clock this morning he was taken suddenly worse and though the physicians were merced. he did the physicians were present, he died at

Mr. Dudley was born in Fremont, Nebraska, thirty-eight years ago, and has been in the hotel business in different parts of the country since he was sixparts of the country since he was six-teen. He took the Walker a year ago last June. He leaves a wife and a sister to mourn him. Mr. Dudley was an Odd Fellow, and, it is stated, car-ried some insurance. The funeral will be held under the direction of Under-

SENSATIONAL SCENE IN HUBBARD CASE

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE,

NUMBER 253.

Judge Powers Objects to "Theatricals" and Deputy Eldredge Resents "Insinuations" -Mrs. Lawler Weeps Bitterly.

S. Lovesy, L. J. Judges, Jos. H. Snarr, Edw. F. Grant, Geo. E. Mayneck, Josiah Wheeler. The Hubbard trial was resumed in Judge Stewart's court room at 10 o'clock this morning, behind closed doors. At the close of yesterday's session, during the examination of Detective Sheets, Prosecutor Eichnor had attempted to introduce testimony of happenings prior to the date of the information against the defendant-April 5th. The defense vigorously objected and the point was argued at great length by counsel on both sides. Finally about 11 o'clock this

morning the court overruled the objection by the defense, and the state scored its first point. On being recalled to the stand at il

o'clock this morning Detective Sheets. testified that he visited rooms 202 and 203, Realty block, on Easter Sunday. Judge Powers objected the prosecutor's question as to how long he was in the rooms at the time. The objection was rooms at the time. The objection was overruled. The detective said that he had stood on the dresser in room 203 and looked into 202 through the tran-som. Judge Powers objected to his stating what he could see. He was again stating what he could see. He was again overruled, and took an exception. The grounds were that the date was not that on which the information against the defendant stated that he was charged with having committed rape. Mr. Eichnor then asked what Was

hanging over the transom. The objection of the defense was again overruled. Mr. Sheets said that gauze was hanging over the transom.

Judge Powers then said he entered a general objection to all this class of

a general objection to all this class of testimony, as being immaterial. Detective Sheets then stated that he could see the bed, wardrobe in room 202 reflected in the mirror. He also saw Mr. Hubbard in the room. Officer Sper-ry was with the detective on the oc-

Answering Judge Powers, Detective Sheets said he had cut a hole in the lambrequin hanging over the transom so the officers could command a view of the interior of room 202. Officer Charles A. Sperry was paxt

13th

called by the State. He said he was with Detective Sheets at the Realty block on Easter Sunday, April 7th. H block on Easter Sunday, April 7th. He went back again on Tuesday, April 9th, with Officer Moroni Gillespie. They tooked through the transom in-to Hubbard's room, and could see about one-fourth of the bed. They were in the building from about 1 to 6 o'clock in the evening. He said he arrested the defendant in the block on April 18th

Mrs. Sarah E. Lawler, the landlady

in the Realty block rooming house, was then called by the State. She said she

was born in New York, and after being

Wm. Cooper, Jr., Wm. D. Powell, E. | April 20th, 1960. She saw Helen Knox n April 6th and 9th in Mr. Hubbard's oom. On the former date, Saturday, saw the child in the room between I and 4 o'clock. On the following Tuesday about 6 o'clock she was in room 203 at the time she saw Helen, and was standing on the bureau lookand was standing on the bureau look-ing through the transom. Hub-bard and Helen Knox were on the hed. Witness then proceeded to describe what she saw taking place in the room. She heard Helen crying that Hubbard hurt her.

"A current of air blew open the door of room 202, where I was, and the child became alarmed at the noise and ut-tered a cry. I then came down from the bureau and went down to the street to see if I could find an offi-cer."

cer." On Saturday, the 6th, looking through the transom, Mrs. Lawler saw Helen sitting on Hubbard's lap, She said that afterwards she saw the defendant go towards the washstand. In cross-examination Mrs. Lawler said she became acquainted with Mrs. Knox on April 13th. She denied that Mrs. Knox called at the Realty block on April 15th, with Ella Jensen. She denied positively that she had ever seen Ella Jensen in her house. Witness also denied that there was any lam-brequin over the transom as testified also dealed that there was any lam-brequin over the transom as testified to by Offleers Sheets and Sperry. Later she admitted that she was talking about Hubberd's room, but that there was a curtain on the side of the tran-som in room 202, next to that of the defendant. Witness admited also in answer to Judge Powers' question that she was willing that the child should be raped in order that she might ob-tain evidence against Hubbard. Counsel's aim seemed to be to make witness impeach her testimony given at the preliminary hearing. He got her to say that out of what she saw tak-ing place in Hufbbard's room in the

ng place in Hubbard's room in the r and part direct. At preliminary bearing wit-had said that all she mirror the ness had said that all she had seen was through the reflection in the mirror,

Judge Powers, by his questions exceeding severe attitude, worked the witness into a nervous state and she made frequent contradictions of her former testimony. At noon the witness was almost breaking down, and was weeping when the recess was taken till

Indeed, while it is commodious and clean and new, it created the impresclean and new, it created the inpres-sion of an inpromptu courthouse in a frontier community. With the excep-tion of two large flags and a huge gold-en eagle on the lead colored wall back of the court, the walls of the court hall were entirely free from decorations and the floors were innocent of carpeting: not even were the large windows shad. ed. The seats, except those inside the railing, were camp chairs. The elevator and the electric fans plied noise-lesly and there was a smell of paint on every hand.

CAPT. LEMLY ARRIVES.

Capt. Lemly, judge advocate general, was the first official to arrive. He came in with his assistants, Mr. E. P. Han-na, a few minutes after 11 o'clock and they were soon busily engaged in unpacking two or three large boxes of books, which it is expected will be called into frequent use for reference during the sitting of the court.

BENHAM COMES FIRST.

The distinguished naval officers who are to participate in the proceedings began to put in an appearance about 12:20 o'clock but they came quietly and' without any outward demonstration of saluting guns and marching guards of honor. Admiral Benham, one of the members of the court, was the first members of the court to arrive. He was in civilian dress and carried his encased sword and a dress suit case, containing his uniform. An officer of the yard escorted him to the private grounds where the full dress of those on the court was to be donned.

DEWEY DRIVES UP.

Admiral Dewey drove up in his car-riage at just 12:30 o'clock and was greeted at the entrance of the building Rear-Admiral Terry, commandant of the navy yard. A guard of marines also wheeled into

line and saluted as the admiral passed by. Accompanying him was his young Chinese servant, who served him dur-ing the battle in Manila bay and has ever since remained as his body servant. The admiral was calm and smil-ing as he acknowledged the greetings of ers and men and proceeded to the private dressing rooms.

HOWISON'S ARRIVAL.

Admiral Howison's arrival passed almost unnoticed, as he has been here so little of late that the knots of observ-ers did not immediately recognize him. SCHLEY COMES.

It was just twenty minutes before the court was to convene that a large automobile came up to the building with Admiral Schley, the central figure of the proceedings, accompanied by his counsel, Messrs, Jere Wilson, Isador Raynor and Capt, James Parker, and the withespace the witnesses who were to be offered in connection witht the challenge of Admiral Howison as to his eligibility to serve as a member of the court. Admiral Schley was the last to alight.

Admiral Schley was the last to angle He was cordially greated by Rear. Ad-miral Terry, commandant of the yard, and in return Admiral Schley clasped both shoulders of the commandant and gave him a hearty return to his wel-come. Admiral Schley wore a sult of navy blue, of civilian cut, with a straw sailor hat; his eye glasses dangled from his breast. Although he gave smilling response to all greetings, his face was calm.

As he passed along to the dressing rooms, he was apparently oblivious to the fact that every eye was centered on

WITHIN THE COURTROOM.

The scene within the courtroom, moment the court convened was one of impressive digity. The distinguished participants had laid aside their civil-ina dress and appeared in the brilliant full uniforms of the naval service. The confusion that had precided through the great hall, subsided to an awe-like hush, and the uniformed guard of ma-rines hurried strangers into their seats.

ders, was read, together with the department's refusal to comply with the equest. None of these documents received

more than perfunctory attention from the auditors, but there was a general change of attitude when the next order of proceeding was reached. This was the challenge on the part of Re Ad-miral Schley of Rear Admiral Howison as a member of the court.

THE COURT CONVENES.

The court convened prompetly at 1 'clock, the hour prescribed, and when t was called to order all the members were present. Admiral Dewey occupied a position in the center of the court table and was flanked on either side by Rear Admirals Benham and Howison, the associate members of the court. Ad-miral Schley and his counsel had arrived only a few minutes before this time and they occupied seats within the table set apart for them. All the naval officers, including the members of the court and Admiral

members of the court and Admiral Schley, wore the official undress uni-form. An admiral's salute of seventeen guns was fired as the court convened Admiral Dewey simply said in convening the court:

"THE COURT IS OPEN."

Immediately after the court convened, the members retired at the in-stance of Judge Advocate Lemley to decide whether the court should sit with open or closed doors, Admiral Dewey announcing that this order

would be followed instead of clearing the courtroom. The court was ab-sent about fifteen minutes and when it returned the proceedings began in view of the public without formal an-nouncement. The first matter brought to the attention of the court was Ad-miral Schley's letter of request to the court of inquiry. This was read by Capt. Lemley.

At 1:30 p. m. Admiral Schley arose and said that with extreme regret he was obliged to challenge Admiral Howison as a member of the court. The following is the full text of Ad-miral Schley's challenge of Admiral Howison as a member of the court.

At this point Judge Advocate Lem-ley introduced the official reporter of

his own assistant counsel, Mr. Hulse and his own assistant counsel, Mr. Hanna, Admiral Schley also introduced his counsel, Judge J. M. Wilson, Hon. Isi-dor Raynor and Capt. James Parker.

HOWISON CHALLENGED.

"Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, in the exercise of his legal right of challenge, objects to Rear Admiral Henry L. Howison upon the grounds: "1-That Rear Admiral Henry L.

Howison has already formed and expressed an opinion on the merits of the case about to be investigated, and that he is therefore ineligible for service as a member of this court.

a member of this court. "2-That Rear Admiral Henry L. Howison has already formed and ex-pressed an opinion on the merits of the case about to be investigated, adversely to said Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, therby indicating a blas and prejudice, which renders him, said Rear Admirat Henry L. Howison indictible for see

Henry L. Howison, ineligible for ser-vice as a member of this court. "2-That Rear Admiral Henry L. Howison has, in connection with the subject matter about to be investi-gated, expressed an unfavorable opinion on the personal and professional characteristics of said Rear Admirat schley, thereby indicating a bias and prejudice which renders him, said Rear Admiral Howison, ineligible for service as a member of this court.

"4-That Rear Admiral Henry L Howison, in connection with the opin-ion formed and expressed by him upon the merits of the case about to be in-vestigated, has instituted and announced a comparison between the acts and personal and professional characteristics of the orincipal parties to the present issue, viz. Rear Admirals Sampson and Schley to the disadvan-

\$500.000 Fire in New York.

New York, Sept. 12.-Fire broke out last night in the cotton warehouse owned by the New York Storage company in Brooklyn, and up to 9 a. m. has caused damage to the amount of \$500, 000. The fire was burning flercely at that hour and the firemen seemed un-able to subdue ft. The building, which is 300 feet long, is divided into three compariments, each separated by a thick fire wall. The compartment in which the fire thus far has been confined, contained 30,000 bales of cotton.

All Quiet Around Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Sept. 12.-Qulet prevailed at all points affected by the steel strike in this vicinity today in marked con-trast to the excitement and discorder of trast to the excitement and discorder of the past few days. At McKeesport a small crowd of strikers still guarded the entrances to the National Tube works, but as the plant is practically tied up, no men applied for work and the strikers' pickets had nothing to do. The Denmier tin plate works were in operation with about the same force as yesterday and no attempt was made to interfere with the workmen. At the Mongahela tin plate plant in this city the mob of men, women and children that has surrounded the property and blocked the streets every day this week was conspicuous for its absence. The state of affairs was due to an order is-sued by Inspector Bradley of the South Side police district, forbidding them to congregate on the streets under penalty of arrest. The fires were burning in

of arrest. The bres were burning in two furnaces, but the plant has not yet started up. Seven more men were tak-en into the Star tin plate mill this morning without molestation. Several assaults have occurred at this plant re-cently and trouble was feared, but the strikers made no effort to stop the men going in, At Lindsay and McCutcheon's and Painter's mills no strikers were seen

and the workmen passed to and fro as freely as before the strike. Gratified for President's Message.

London, Sept. 12.—The United States ambassador, Mr. Choate, has received the following dispatch from Fredens-borg, under today's date: "I most grateful for the Presi-dent's message and am refoiced to hear that his condition steadily improves. "(Signed) EDWARD R."

Howell Controls Atlanta Constitution

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 12.--Announce-ment is made today that Clark Howell has acquired a majority of the stock of the Atlanta Constitution, he having purchased the full interest of Col. W. A. Hemphill, in the company. This, with Mr. Howell's part holdings, gives him a majority of 5,000 shares of the capital stock of the company, valued at \$50,000. Mr. Howell has been in the "BOOM! BOOM!" "Boom, boom," came from a great

ceeded with today, and unless a heavy wind comes up the walls will be left standing until the basements have been thoroughly overhauled by the army of searchers.

The heart of one young electrician employed by the Utah Electrical & Supply company, was made glad this morning by discovering his box of tools intact, that is, the box was burned out of commission, but it had fallen under some beams and the tools had been saved.

bris

Among a number of uninsured losses Among a number of uninsured tosses may be enumerated Friend Bros. Cloth-ing company of Milwaukee, clothing samples, \$1,500; Nahum Bros. of Fhil-adelphia, shoe samples, \$250; Ellett Bros. of Kansas City, shoe samples, \$250; Raymond Glove Factory, New York, glove samples, \$75; It is understood that the Orseen

It is understood that the Oregon Short Line does not carry a blanket policy with any insurance company, but their loss will be made good from a certain percentage of the earnings of the company, which has annually been ser aside to meet losses by fire on the part of the company. The origin of the fire still remains a

deep mystery. One of the theories now advanced is that a bottle containing sulphuric or some equally strong acid, was accidentally broken in one of the barrels, and that the acid ignited the straw which was packed in the barrel. It is understood that the Mine & Smeiter Supply company had a number of barrels of bottled acld stored in the basement. Just what caused the explosion is also equally a matter of theory. theory. The smelter supply people are emphatic in their assertion that there was no powder stored on the premises and they say that the south wall must have been blown out, the big vault wrecked and tons of mine rails and from hurled with terrific force as the direct result of an explosion caused by the stored acids.

When it comes to losses in dollars and cents the big conflagration of Tuesday is away ahead of any other fire that has visited Utah.

SALT LAKE'S BIG FIRES.

The heaviest losse by fire in Salt Lake City as gleaned from the exist-ing records of the fire department are; November 16, 1875-Hussey's Bank and Seigel Clothing company, loss, \$200.000.

June 21, 1883-Council House, H. B. Clawson's warehouse (powder explosion wrecking \$20,000 worth of plate glass in the city), C. R. Savage, art gallery; Scrace, bakery; Sorensen & Carlquist, furniture store; Ellas Morris, grave stones; Jos. Hyrum Parry, Job printing; and the shoe shop of Jos. Rawlins and Ben Judson; Tabernacle and Tith-ing Office roofs also slightly damaged. Total estimated loss, \$93,000. May 18, 1890-Dinwoodey Furniture store and Calder's Music Palace, loss,

\$140,725 3. 1890-Walker Opera House, July

loss, \$50,000. February 9, 1892-Lace House, loss, \$47.246.95. February 2, 1897-Scott Auerbach

The records for the past eleven years ending December 31, 1900, show the following losses:

TOHOWINK TOSSES	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OFTA A
1890	256.802.00
1891	95.82027
1892	112,098,55
1893	151.654.00
1894	32 561 34
1895	99 816,41
1595	20,953,16
1807	122,168,98
Post Soar	77.264.64
1999	35 (993, 27
1900	56.370.43
	00/010.44
Total	1.071,702.45
THE CHILDREN	DID IT.
THE CHIDAN	
the plan is Down and I	Wann Wannin
Set Fire to Barn and 1	
Burned to Dea	th.
(Special to the "Ne	ews.")
Orden Sent 12 -Word	was manifed

in Ogden this afternoon to the effect

that the barn and sheds of Walter M.

taker Evans. WEST SHORE TRAIN WRECKED.

Cause a Misplaced Switch but No One Hurt Seriously.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 12.—The Chica-go limited on the West Shore road, west bound, was wrecked at Eastwood, three miles east of the city at 2:30. No one was seriously hurt. The cause was a misplaced switch. The locomotives, baggage car and three coaches left the track.

in Nevada and moving about a good deal with her husband, she had come There were twenty-five passengers to Salt Lake about three years ago, after obtaining a divorce from her husband. Mr. Hubbard had roomed at her house, the Realty block, since more or less injured and others were shaken up. The passengers were mainy Forresters returning from the Newburg convention

Negroes Lynch Negroes.

St. Louis, Sept. 12,-A special to the Post-Dispatch from Cairo, Ill., says: News has been received here to the effect that last night a mob of negroes broke into the jail at Wickliffe, Ky., across the river from this city, and lynched three negroes, Frank Howard, Sam Reed and Ernest Harrison. They They hanged the men to a cross beam in John McCauley's mill.

The crime for which the men were The crime for which the men were hanged was the murder of an old and respected negro. Wash. Thomas. Last Saturday night they waylaid Thomas on the railroad track, hit him with a club, killing him, and then robbed the dead body. The murderers confessed their crime

before the mob

The murdered man was employed in a tobacco factory. His slavers worked in a brick yard. Everything was quiet in Wickliffe this morning, and the bodies of the men were still hanging at noon.

Cannot Hold Emma Goldman.

Buffalo, Sept. 12 .- "We have not suffclent evidence to warrant the holding of Emma Goldman," said District At-torney Penny, this afternoon, just after he had a conference with Supt. Bull. "We have not prepared any papers and of course have sent none on. N+ither do we intend to prepare any extradition papers. You may say on our present evidence we cannot hold the Goldman woman, and no extradi-tion papers will be prepared today."

The Czolgoszs Came from Posen.

Posen Polish Prussia, Sept. 12 .- The family of Leon Czolgosz, the anarchist who attempted to assassinate President McKinley, hails from Cerkkiwce near Senin in the province of Posen.

gosch," but this is not quite cor- i of physicians in attendance, decide-rect. There is a suggestion of this morning that his presence was not the presence was not the second s the letter "T" in the combination "Cz" at the beginning of the name and the letter "L" is slurred over in rapid pronuncia-tion. The name might be spelled phonetically as "Tschawigosch," but the sound of the "T" is a but the sound of the "T" is a little too harsh, as the combina-tion "Cz" is more like the German "sch," The sound of the letter "L" fades away also when pronounced by a native of Po-land. There is no meaning to the name of Czolgasz, F.H. WOLOWSKI,

Manager Polish National Pub- 1 lishing Company.

2 o clock. When Deputy Sheriff Eldredge approached the stand to take the witness out of court, she was quietly weeping. "I don't want any theatricals in this case," should Judge Powers. "I don't want any witness playing on the feel-ings of the jury while they are still in

Deputy Eldredge seemed to take the remark as a slur at himself and wheeled round on the judge, and roared in return: "I don't want any insinua-tions." and it looked for a moment as if the deputy and the lawyer were going to get mixed up

Meanwhile Mrs. Lawler, who is a tall and well dressed woman of 45 years, was quietly sobbing in the witness stand. After a moment or two in which she was drying her moist cheeks

(Continued on Page Two)



ingly Ignored-Bulletins Encouraging.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 12 .- The following bulletin was issued by the President's physicians at 3 p. m .:

"The President's condition is very much the same as this morning. His only complaint is of fatigue. He continues to take sufficient amount of food. Pulse, 126; temperature, 100.2 degrees. (Signed)

P. M. RIXEY. M. D. MANN.

ROSWELL PARK. HERMAN MYNTER. EUGENE WASDIN.

GEORGE B. CORTELYOU. Secretary to the President."

Milburn House, Sept. 12 .- The news from the bedside of the President is all that he could be desired. He slept HOW TO SPEAK THE AS-SASSIN'S NAME.
It is very difficult to spell phonetically in English the name of Czolgosz, the miscreant who shot President McKinley.
The nearest to is is "Schaw-gosch," but this is not quite corWell and was so much improved this morning that he was given a cup of coffee and a bowl of chicken breth. His appetite was good and his spirits were so, high that after his morning consultation confirmed offi-cially the private reports of the physi-cials and surgeons. Dr. McHurney, who is looked upon as the dean of the corps of physicians in attendance, docided well and was so much improved this

longer necessary, and that he would leave this afternoon for New York, But it is his intention to getura in a few days, Secy, Root was also scheduled to leave at the same hour, and Postmaster General Smith probably will go to Washington tonight. Secy. Hitchcock and Secy. Wilson, however, will remain

indefinitely. Telegrams, cablegrams and letters, continue to pure in but their tone bus. changed. Expressions of pain, sym-pathy and grief have given way to con-gratulations and thanksgiving and the whole world seems to share in the oleing at the prospect of the President's recovery.

BULLET IGNORED.

The bullet in the body is scarcely mentioned now, either by the Presi-dent's friends or the physicians. As a factor in the President's condition it is solid food this morning and relished it. seemingly ignored. The concensus of Pulse 120; temperature 150.2 degrees. opinion of the physicians is that the (Signed.)

designed and the set of the set o ble for him to remain quietly here for about a month. They will take no chances. Dr. McBurney says the President's ability to sit up is now purely a question of mechanics, but that such a move will not be permitted until the wound is perfectly strong.

Abner McKinley, the President's brother, is still here but has not yet been admitted to his presence. The doctors say it would be safe now for the President to see an occasional vis-itor, but they desire to put off as long as possible the day when his friends and relatives will be admitted. About 3:30 the doctors arrived for the resular moming consultation. The con-

regular morning consultation. The consultation was brief, the shortest since the President was stricken and when the physicians came out their elation was evident in their smiling countenances. Dr. Mynter paused after he jumped into his buggy to announce that verything continued eminently satisfactory.

WHAT PRESIDENT EATS.

"The President has had a piece of

tenst and cup of coffee this morning." said he, "in addition to a cup of beef broth. He will want a cigar soon."

Will he be able to sit up soon?" No, not for some time," answer

the doctor. "Not until the exterior wound in the abdomen heals and grows

strong and his heart action grows nor-

"Oh. I cannot tell you, but it is noth-ing serious."

Dr. Mynter also, when he drove away, and that the exterior wound was pro-

gressing satisfactorily. Dr. Park and Dr. Wasdin, who fol-

inwed Dr. Mynter, confirmed the state-ment that the President this morning

had taken will food for the first time.

ing better. "Why, he even a cligar," said he laughingly. "Fild he get it?"

fore we allow him to smoke."

ishment.

ins after the other doctors had gone, ild that the rationt could not be do-ig better. "Why, he even asked for

"Well, hardly," replied the surgeon. "He will have to wait a while yet be-

THE BULLETIN.

The following bulietin was issued by

the President's physicians at 9:30 a. m." The President has spent a quiet and

restful night and has taken much nour-

than at any time. He has taken a little

He feels better this morning.

"What is the cause of his accelerated

"Not until the exterior

answered

