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## THE MAYOR OF LONDON

**Great Preparations for the Coal Parade and Inaugural Ceremonies.**

**THE BANQUET AT THE GUILD HALL.**

**Lord Salisbury Talks About Ireland. Our Late Elections and the Egyptian Policy.**

By Telegraph to the News.

### LORD SALISBURY

**His Speech at the Lord Mayor's Banquet.**

LONDON, Nov. 8.—Great preparations have been made for the mayor's parade today and other ceremonies attendant upon the inauguration of the lord mayor elect, David Evans. The expectations of many would-be sightseers are dampened by the knowledge that the day will not be favorable for an outdoor display. Rain is falling and it is felt that though the parade was carried out as arranged it was spoiled by the dismal weather.

At the lord mayor's banquet at Guild Hall this evening Lord Salisbury, in the course of his address, commented upon the legislation of the past session, which, he said, was satisfactory to the government and acceptable to the people. Regarding Ireland, he said that the work Balfour, the chief secretary, has done in that country in the last few years was the best ever done.

Continuing, he heroically said: "What we have recently seen in Ireland has not altered our policy, nor has it made us think that a domestic legislature in Ireland would be distinguished by peace or an abatement from the use of blackthorns or freedom from the curse of ecclesiastical domination. (Cries of "Hear, hear!") As to foreign affairs, the premier said there was not a single cloud upon the horizon foreboding danger to the peace which prevails. With respect to material welfare, Lord Salisbury said he could hold out the most gladdening anticipations. So far as industrial welfare was concerned, other countries having the weapons of protective legislation, he feared that Great Britain would occupy for a time a penitential position. The recent reverse in America was a reverse that the slight reaction against protection had lost its force. (Cries of "Hear, hear!")

Referring to Egypt, he said it was England's duty to remain there until the Egyptian government was strong enough to repel external invasion and quell internal disorder.

**The Affairs of the Maverick Bank.**

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Receiver Beale today made a lengthy statement of the affairs of the Maverick National bank at the close of business October 24, as shown by its books. As compared with September 25th the bank showed an increase, cash with reserve agents, loans to banks and specie had been greatly reduced. The deposits at the date of suspension, including certificates of deposit and deposits of banks, aggregate $8,229,000, as against $9,910,000 the week before, a loss of $1,681,000, of which $734,000 was a falling off in individual deposits and $950,000 in bank deposits. Thus far everything is found to have been systematically conducted, and all accounts balanced upon the books. The only difference thus uncovered is the indebtedness collateral behind the loans to the directors. There was no blanket endorsement on file, as had been stated. Today's statement is gratifying, in fact there are less than $3,000,000 of individual deposits outside of the deposits of banks and bankers at the time of the failure.

**The Presbyterian Creed.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 9.—Indianapolis Presbytery today voted in favor of such a revision in the Confession of Faith as shall "lead to free the Confession from misunderstanding, and to broaden and enrich it in a full statement of the great central verities of the gospel of Jesus Christ."

The Presbytery committee constituting the proposed revision of the confession of faith, reported today briefly. The report approves all the general assembly committee work, and urges it to go forward along the same line. The report will be considered next week.

**Balfour Speaks.**

DUBLIN, Nov. 9.—Balfour today reviewed the royal Irish constabulary in this city, and, in talking them farewell, said that few of the former companies of this office of Irish constabulary had served in more troublous periods, and that few had seen better more severely the loyalty, discretion, forbearance and energy of the constabulary.

**"A Run on the Berlin Banks.**

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—A large number of customers at the great banking firms on the Leipzigger Strasse, alarmed by the recent failures, today visited the banks and withdrew their deposits. There was great excitement, and it was necessary to detail policemen to keep the crowd in order. There was a run upon the Imperial bank. All demands were met, however, and this fact tended to a great measure to allay the excitement. The feeling is now becoming quieter.

**A Brutal School Teacher.**

DUBLIN, Nov. 9.—Rev. Samuel Collins, vicar of Curragh, Kildaire, recently charged with criminal neglect and maltreatment of children in the Curragh Orphanage, has been arrested for homicide, in having caused the death of a child by placing it in a cold bath and leaving it in the open air all night, covered only with sacks. The child was found dead in the morning, the sacks being frozen to its body.

**The Prince of Wales Fifty Years Old.**

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Today is the fiftieth anniversary of the birth of the Prince of Wales. The occasion is being celebrated by a quiet one-act. At Sandringham, in Norfolk, a large number of congratulations are received today. Sir Augustus Harris, John Hare, Mr. Bancroft, Beerbohm Tree and Doyle Carte, representing the theatrical profession, proceeded from London to Sandringham, where they privately presented a gold cigar box to the prince. The present is a superb specimen of the goldsmith's art. It weighs 150 ounces, and the value of the metal alone is very great. The top of the box is surrounded by three ostrich feathers, forming the coat of arms of the Prince of Wales, set with diamonds.

**A General Amnesty Expected.**

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Lanrjon, the minister, yesterday received Deputy of Lille, who has been released from prison. It is reported that the cabinet is inclined to grant a general amnesty.

**The Famine in Russia.**

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 9.—Acts of brigandage by men rendered desperate by hunger are increasing in Russia. Hundreds of men employed on the railways in Kursen, Kouiski and Valonez have plundered freight trains and ravaged the country in gangs, sacking farms and mansions. The mortality among children from typhus fever and hunger is frightful. A woman in Kursk killed her three children and hanged herself on the refusal of a rich neighbor to loan them money to prevent them starving.

**Buffalo Gap on Fire.**

RAPID CITY, S. D., Nov. 9.—The business portion of Buffalo Gap, a small town fifty miles south of here, was burned to the ground. Mrs. Thompson's store, and, driven by a strong wind, swept down the main street, taking everything in its course. The estimated loss is from $100,000 to $150,000.

**Arsenic for Baking Powder.**

ORLANDO, CALIFORNIA, Cal., Nov. 9.—E. P. Benedict and wife died today from acute poisoning. A grown son and daughter were also poisoned, and the former is expected to die. The latter may recover. Arsenic was used in the family, who were amateur taxidermists, and was placed in the biscuits in mistake for baking powder.

**Saved from Suicide by His Dog.**

An intelligent pet dog owned by Leon Schmidt, of Canton, has prevented him from committing suicide.

Schmidt is just recovering from a serious attack of typhoid fever, which left him very nervous and subject to fits of melancholia. He was seized with one of these spells Monday night, and while his wife was asleep he stole to the kitchen.

Here he procured a rope and making a noose had one end tied to an iron bolt in the wall. Then proceeding a short distance he adjusted the rope, and kicking away his chair swung himself off, as he thought, into eternity. But, unknown to Schmidt, his faithful dog had followed him, and instinctively knowing something was wrong the intelligent animal went back to the bedroom whining pitifully. Finally he awoke Mrs. Schmidt by tugging the bed clothing and rubbing his cold nose against her face. She followed the dog down stairs as soon as she missed her husband.

There she found him hanging from the hook. She managed to cut him down in time to save his life.—Philadelphia Times.

**She Had No Time to Bank.**

Over $2,000 in greenbacks has been found hidden among a lot of rubbish in the trunk of an eccentric widow, who spent her summer in a cottage near Bloomington, Conn., and who died recently. Although her brother Bloomington at the end of the season saw left the trunk with a friend, telling him that it contained nothing of account, but that she didn't care to have burglars rummaging through it, which would be the result if she were to allow it to remain in her cottage.

After her last visit the trunk was stowed away in the garret of the friend, and he thought nothing more of it until some time after her death. His wife then happened to rip in the old box and to spread it, finding the money. It is supposed that she accumulated it from allowances made her every month and then by stealings.—Philadelphia Ledger.

**Wonderful Pigs.**

Joseph Stevens, an Oxford farmer, has a sow and four well grown pigs, which run in an orchard where the limbs of the trees are quite low and laden with apples. The old sow jumps up and catches a limb and shakes it, thus bringing down the apples, which she and her family quickly devour. After getting in this way all she can reach, she jumps down on the sister's back and reaches a higher limb, which she shakes vigorously, bringing down a fresh supply of fruit.—Worcester Gazette.

**Valuable Dirt.**

The streets of Helena, Mon., are not exactly paved with gold, but one can pick up a livelihood in nuggets from the roadway, but only after digging it up to recover the gold, which is put for the labor, and sometimes quite a part of the cost of the house. In digging the foundations of a business block there the interested parties are taking out $100 per day in pay dirt, and do not seem to think it a very remarkable lick either.—Boston Transcript.

**Professional Objection.**

"I notice by the papers," said McCrible to a chance acquaintance in the street car, "that one case has saved fourteen lives this past summer in the city of Atlantic City."

"Yes, sir, it does seem as if people might be mind their own business."

"Are you alluding to me?"

"No, to the life savers. You see, I am an undertaker."—New York Epoch.

A rare reptile, a white rattlesnake, was exhibited at a fair in Clarion county, Pa., lately. It is said, with a photograph of the snake, to which one is distinctly seen the likeness of a farmer who narrowly escaped death from the reptile.

A new type of dredge-ship is being built in Chicago to open the Chicago river. By a sliding hatch of a swing, or process somewhat par is needed, and greatly increased facilities for navigating the narrow river are obtained.

## RUDINI'S SPEECH.

**Complete Justification Has Been Established, He Says, in the Budget.**

**ALLUDING TO THE ATTITUDE OF THE POPE.**

**His Holiness Contemplates Issuing a Sharp Note in Reply to the Speech.**

By Telegraph to the News.

**RUDINI AND THE POPE.**

**A Controversy Between the Two Likely.**

ROME, Nov. 9.—Marquis di Rudini, the Italian Premier, today delivered a long speech at Milan. Part of the speech was devoted to the financial situation of the government. During the course of his remarks he announced that a complete equilibrium had been established in the budget. Not only were estimated receipts fully equal to the expenditures, but even a small surplus in the receipts might be expected.

In his allusion to the Vatican, Rudini said: "We have in our mind a papacy which assumes a monumental attitude, but its sphere of action is limited to the exercise of spiritual powers, not only by the law, which cannot be lightly contravened, but also by the almost unanimous consent of Italy, who thought themselves the most religious. The country's ecclesiastical policy has now become traditional. The force and strength of the kingdom of Italy must be scrupulously maintained. The deplorable incidents created by a few short-sighted persons will not make us deviate from our policy, strong in our present and confident in our future, as we fearlessly execute the fathers liberty in Rome."

Rudini's remarks concerning the papacy have caused a sensation at the Vatican, the ministerial circles consider the speech the Pope only the first subject of the King. The Pope will prepare a sharp note in reply.

**THE PAPERS DEFINITION.**

ROME, Nov. 9.—The Italian newspapers, with the exception of the clerical organs, are satisfied with Rudini's speech but complaint of its lack of explicitness on economic questions.

**Heavy Rains and Gales.**

MADRID, Nov. 9.—A dispatch from Alva on the Mediterranean to Alicante states that the town is threatened with great disaster through the heavy rains and tremendous gales prevailing in that vicinity. Much damage has been already done in the surrounding country.

**Death of the Sommerfelds.**

BERLIN, Nov. 8.—Sommerfeld, father and son, both members of the firm of Friedlander & Sommerfeld, banksers of this city, who failed Saturday last, and who after the close of the day's business opened wine in their area and then shot themselves in the head with revolvers, have both died.

**Severe Winter in Europe.**

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Winter is commencing with unusual severity in eastern Europe. There has been a black frost in southern Russia, which, it is feared, will ruin the olive crop. All the mountains in Bosnia are covered with snow and severe frosts have occurred.

**A Terrible Cyclone.**

CALCUTTA, Nov. 9.—A terrible cyclone swept over the region Jessore today. The storm destroyed large quantities of buildings in the Indian postal settlement. Sixty convicts were killed and 200 injured.

**THE IRISH LEAGUE.**

**Statement Issued to the Friends of Ireland in America.**

LONDON, Nov. 9.—M. V. Gannon, president of the Irish National League of America, William Lyman, treasurer, and John P. Sutton, secretary, today issued a significant statement, addressed to the friends of Ireland in America. It denies the charge that the Irish National League is a conspiracy to frame with hate, arrayed against each other in Ireland, and say that those who would be naturally looked to to care for connect healing in peace and unity are foremost in counseling fratricidal strife, adding that it is latent to every thoughtful man that the contending parties are strong for one purpose, namely, to destroy the other. A union between them is absolutely necessary to the success of Irish union, and it must be a union of head and heart, based on mutual concessions. "Even if every present opinion in the leadership has been formed after deliberate, it should be resolved of the Irish in America that no Parliamentary faction shall be permitted to bring success to our unfortunate cause complete than England's tyranny has been able to accomplish. We believe in the manhood of Ireland, and in it we appeal to force three parliamentarians to stop their quarrels or make way for other Irishmen, to whom the interests of their country are of greater moment than personal ambition."

The address calls for a more thorough organization and the rebuilding of efforts to make the Irish League of America a mighty engine for good, not only for Ireland, but for the Irish race all over the world. Entirely unpolitical in America, says the address, the league will exercise a marked beneficial influence in Irish affairs, and its power to render financial assistance to far greater than can ever be derived from spasmodic collection tours of Irish representatives. Its service to Ireland in the past has been incalculable, in spite of many obstacles, and now, as an independent American organization, it should not need the cannot be indirectly partisan, or stop to the wayside to quarrel with fellow-countrymen, but go steadily forward, endeavoring to bring order out of chaos, union out of dissension, and substantial freedom to Ireland. Branches should be at once organized, and State executives are urged to put the good work in motion with the least possible delay. The address says that it has been boasted by British statesmen that a year would not be lived in Europe without the consent of England's consent, alluding to her new splendid system of organization, she has every European nation in a state of turmoil and disorganization, through the medium of subsidized secret societies. She is playing the same game with America today, says the address, and adds: "Let us show the world that we are powerful enough to remain free."

**A Well-Known Citizen Arrested for Bigamy.**

HASTING, Wis., Nov. 9.—The afternoon of Sunday, August 9th, this city was electrified by the announcement that Dr. Palmer, one of the most known and most influential men in southern Wisconsin, had been arrested on the charge of bigamy. Friends of the doctor could not believe that there could be any foundation for the charge, or that a man of his standing could be guilty of the charge which was brought against him by a character of his antecedents. Dr. Palmer was released on court bond, he broke down and pleaded guilty. His friends extended that opinion had wounded his mind.

**The World's Fair.**

HARRISBURG, PA., Nov. 9.—Governor Pattison today issued a proclamation calling upon the citizens of this State to prepare for furnishing their full proportion to the interest, value and financial prominently of the Columbian Exposition at Chicago.

**Convention of Christians at Work.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The convention of Christians at Work (union) today. "Work among discharged Ex-Prisoners" was discussed by the address by Miss Rimmer of Toronto, Canada. The only way to save fallen women, she said, is by rescuing them from the influence of the Magdalen Home. Mrs. Wheeler spoke on the work of the United States National Mission for intemperate men. Numerous addresses were made.

**A Speedy Locomotive Tale.**

"If the new engine I am about to have constructed is not capable of making 100 miles an hour I'll give her away to the first person I meet."

This was the remark made to me by Mr. Jackson Pickards, the master mechanic of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad. Mr. Richards has been working on the latest invention for the purpose of speed, and a few days ago the drawings were completed and the permit was applied for.

In outward appearance the new locomotive will not differ materially from the speedy engines now used. The peculiarity of construction lies in the fact that instead of the cylinders as used at present there will be four. One cylinder will be located on each side of the locomotive frame in the usual way, and the other two will be cast in what is known as the cylinder saddle. The inside pair of cylinders are to be in one piece and will be on an angle. The saddle cylinder will be located at an angle. The four cylinders will entirely overcome what is known to engineers as the dead center, and the engine will be perfectly balanced without any counterbalances in the wheels.

The idea in government will be a large drawer to be used with the steam generating which has proved so disastrous. Drawers are now available. The perfect balancing of the engine will be largely due to the wheels, which will be made of steel instead of iron. Steel wheels are much lighter, and these same wheels, working as they do from rock a central point of contact, will help greatly to the matter of speed to a great degree.—Cor. Chicago Tribune.

**Science by Telegraph in England.**

The immediate of science to take place in the future, when telegraphs are enable to attract shock experiments which was experimented with in England last year, has turned out to somewhat bad that days are being taken to expect the result of a large shock. Physicists in the center of the world, it is said that results are best perfectly while in bed. In a quiet room the taking of the bell before course is distinctly audible, the process can be discovered, the telegraph instrument and wire would be discovered distinguished, while solar is the anthem are heard as distinctly as in the church.

Twenty-four calls were recently received on the telegraph office in London, with a bell church in an Endlicton town, and as the number of subscribers there probably numbered not more than sixty, it is evident that the privilege of hearing the sermon and listening to the church for it was appreciated. In many of the large towns in England, especially in Manchester, Nottingham, Sheffield, Wolverhampton, the church telephone is a well-established institution.—New York Sun.

**Water's Foot Bicycle.**

The great principle of the bicycle wheel is that it has tension spokes. That is, it differs from the ordinary carriage wheel in that the weight hangs from the upper part of hub instead of being supported upon the hub by stiff radiating spokes. Bruce Mazzin, the great accountant, visited and is supported by authority that in 1893 he made a tension wheel. The wheel was used upon the bicycle that Mazzin mounted. The bicycle was the first ever seen in Rome. It was the talk of this in publication, but Mazzin confesses that "it went slightly hard." No one realized or even reported the importance of Mazzin's discovery, and he was fairly overwhelmed with jeers as to rule his strange confusions about the wheels of Dante.

Perhaps it was for the reason that he gave the bicycle little brother, also took it into the section of Sarzarella. One day the little chaise fell it out in the highway, and the first home that came along that way nearly had a fit.

Finally the driver stopped