

## HAYWOOD KNEW ORCHARD WELL

In Many Particulars Corroborated Him But Denied Any Connection With His Crimes.

### CLOSELY CROSS EXAMINED.

Strongly Antagonistic to Capitalistic Classes and Strongly Favorable to Federation Ways of Dealing.

Boise, Ida., July 12.—William D. Haywood, the defendant charged with the murder of Frank Steuenberg, left the witness chair this afternoon. He had been under examination six hours, the time being equally divided between his own counsel and Senator Borah, who conducted the cross-examination. Haywood's testimony in his own behalf practically closes the side for the defense.

The cross-examination of Haywood commenced this morning within an hour after the opening of court. By this time every seat was taken. The announcement that Senator Borah would cross-examine brought out an unusually large attendance. It was quite evident that the spectators were not alone in their expectation of something interesting. When Clarence Darrow, Haywood's counsel, closed the direct examination of his client and quietly remarked, "You may cross-examine," the prisoner-witness turned in his chair and faced Mr. Borah, his face pale and jaws firm set. There was a stir in the courtroom and then an absolute silence.

Borah's cross-examination, always rapid-fire, was more than usually quick today, but from that to last Haywood preserved complete self-possession and control. At times his replies came as quickly as the questions were flung at him. Again he would hesitate, speak slowly with a marked emphasis. His voice, low and musical, was seldom raised except once or twice, when a denial was given. Borah's manner was courteous throughout, but now and then a tinge of sarcasm appeared as he insisted on a direct answer and Haywood appeared reluctant. Haywood in turn was as courteous as the cross-examiner. Invariably he admitted what was asked, and repeatedly asked permission to explain when he thought there might be some misunderstanding. Notwithstanding his subdued air of consideration, of quiet speech and courteous bearing, there was not a moment throughout the three hours of cross-examination that the atmosphere did not tingle with possibilities.

Once when Senator Borah pressed Haywood as to his sentiment toward former Gov. Steuenberg, Haywood said quietly and with a smile, "I felt no different towards Steuenberg, senator, than I do towards you, or any of these people."

Senator Borah looked up quickly, but he did not smile. He said very quietly, "Yes, I have been given to understand something of that sort," and did not pursue the subject.

Much of Haywood's testimony today was a repetition in detail of what he said yesterday. Haywood, however, made no effort to deny his knowledge of Orchard and his affairs or his connection with Simpkins. He was pressed closely as to the passage of telegrams relating to the engagement of counsel to defend Orchard and in this connection admitted that he knew Simpkins had retained counsel, but that there was no record of any report from Simpkins to the officials of the Western Federation.

Like Meyer, Haywood had never heard Orchard make threats against Steuenberg, though he had heard of Orchard's claim that he had lost his interest in the Hercules mine because of the troubles in the Coeur d'Alenes. Haywood explained the draft sent to Simpkins for \$100 on Dec. 21, 1905, on the ground that Simpkins had left the money with him for safe-keeping. He had no acknowledgment of the receipt of the money and has not heard from Simpkins since that time. Haywood said he never told Pettibone that he had sent this money to Simpkins. In his opening speech Mr. Darrow said it was doubtful if the defense would attempt to explain the copy of the letter received by Orchard while he

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NERVE FAG MEANS THAT VITAL FORCES ARE EXHAUSTED.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Meets This Condition by Building up the Blood and Strengthening the Nerves.

Nervous debility is the forerunner of a nervous break-down, perhaps the first warning sign of paralysis. The first thing to do in nervous debility is to stop the cause of the trouble, if possible, whether it is irregular living, worry, or whatever it may be. Then the nerves must be given special nourishment and the blood enriched. This is the mission of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and this is why the pills have been used with such success in nervous troubles that did not yield to ordinary methods of treatment.

Mr. Charles W. Lowell, of Shelburne Falls, Mass., says: "I was run-down in health for ten years and for much of that time was unable to do any physical work on account of nervous debility. I kept at my work in the office, although I was not in condition to do so and several physicians had been unable to give me any relief. 'I couldn't do a good day's work without being all used up. I suffered from a general fatigue all the time and had no strength or ambition and had frequent backaches and a headache at least once a week. My sleep was broken. My eyes were affected by my nervous condition and I had dizzy spells for half an hour at a time, especially after eating a hearty meal. My appetite was poor and I was troubled with gas on my stomach and constipation."

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me by a friend and finally I made up my mind to try them. My appetite improved, my sleep became sound and restful and I gained in weight and strength. My nervousness has entirely left me. I am glad to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain the elements necessary to make new blood and as the nerves get their nourishment from the blood, have been found invaluable in a wide range of diseases of the blood and nerves, such as rheumatism, after-effects of the grip and fevers, nervous debility, St. Vitus' dance and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent by mail for \$1.00 per box, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

was in jail in Caldwell in which he testified Orchard said that this letter was in reply to one from him to Pettibone asking for \$100.

Haywood in many particulars corroborated Orchard, but where Orchard connected Haywood or the Western Federation with crime the witness was very emphatic and prompt in his denials. He showed no hesitation or desire to conceal the fact that Orchard had visited him at his house or that he on different occasions had intimate conversations with Orchard. He denounced the administration of Colorado at the time of the troubles as corrupt and he extolled the value of the Western Federation. Throughout Haywood rang the note of antagonism to what he calls the capitalistic class and his confirmed view that only by such methods as those followed by the Western Federation could the workingman hope to control the situation.

### AFTERNOON SESSION.

After recess Senator Borah questioned Haywood as to his various meetings with Orchard. The witness said he knew absolutely nothing of Orchard's whereabouts from the time of the Independence depot explosion, June 6, 1904, until he came to headquarters in Denver, in January, 1905.

Haywood could not recall ever having met Orchard in company with Mrs. Lotie Day at the Belmont rooming house in Denver, and declared positively that he did not, at this time or any other time, enter Harry Orchard's rooms. Mrs. Day, a witness for the defense, told on cross-examination of the incident which Haywood today denied.

Within a few days after the Independence depot explosion Haywood said the papers began to connect Harry Orchard's name with the affair. They commented upon the fact that he had left Cripple Creek and gone to Wyoming.

"The papers seemed to know where he had gone," said the witness.

"Did you?" asked Senator Borah.

"No, sir."

"Did you ever meet Mrs. Harry Orchard?"

"Yes, sir. It must have been at headquarters."

"How many times was she there?"

"I can't say."

"In your letter to Mrs. Orchard you said that the last information you got as to Orchard's whereabouts was from Alaska?"

"Yes, sir."

"And the only information you had was his statement that he thought of going to Alaska?"

"Yes, sir."

"And your reason for saying what you did was because you didn't want to convey to her the real facts that were in your possession?"

"Yes, sir. I think that was it."

"Did you ever talk to Harry Orchard in any way about Gov. Steuenberg?"

"I don't think I ever did."

"You had no knowledge of any personal enmity Orchard may have had toward Gov. Steuenberg?"

"No, sir."

Before employing an attorney to defend Orchard, Haywood said the organization did nothing to discover what Orchard had been doing prior to the murder of Gov. Steuenberg. Neither was there an investigation to determine the guilt or innocence. The federation officials went over the transcript of Atty. Fred Miller and paid him \$1,500. Orchard made no request to be furnished an attorney.

The second telegram you sent to Idaho as to the employment of counsel, saying the Western Federation of Miners defended no man guilty of crime, but in the past had found that all of its accused members were innocent and would have been the victims of a conspiracy unless the federation had come to their assistance, was that telegram given out to the Associated Press at the same time it was sent?"

"It was given to the press, yes, sir."

"When did the federation cease to defend Harry Orchard?"

"I can't say exactly as to that, senator, but I think it was when Atty. Miller came here to Boise and was told that Orchard had no further use for his services. Atty. Miller made no report to me about that."

"Did you know that Orchard was in the Coeur d'Alenes with Jack Simpkins in the fall of 1905?"

"No, sir."

"Did you ever discuss with George A. Pettibone the whereabouts of Orchard?"

"No, sir."

"But Simpkins did leave \$100 with you and you sent him a federation draft on Dec. 21, 1905?"

"Not a federation draft; no, sir. You have the draft."

"It is signed by you as secretary-treasurer."

"Yes, sir."

This ended the cross-examination.

On redirect Haywood said he had an impression that he had heard Orchard speak of having once owned an interest in the Hercules mine. "But I have heard so many tales of woe since I have been secretary of the federation, I can't say positively about Orchard," he added.

In all of his acts in connection with the defense of Orchard, the witness said he first consulted with General Counsel Murphy.

### Senator Borah on re-cross-examination asked:

"Did Atty. Miller, when he came to Denver and said he had been sent by Simpkins to defend Orchard, explain to you why Simpkins sent a telegram on Jan. 4, saying he could not get a lawyer, when, as a matter of fact, Miller had left for Caldwell on Jan. 3?"

"No, sir."

Haywood said he had no way of knowing whether Simpkins knew that Miller had really gone.

This completed Haywood's testimony and court adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

### OHIO ANTI-TRUST LAW.

Violators of It Sentenced to Pay \$1,000 Cash and Costs.

Toledo, July 12.—Judge Morris today sentenced the brick and lumber men convicted of violating the Valentine anti-trust law and the bridge agents who pleaded guilty to infractions of this law. The brick men were fined \$1,000 and costs each. The lumber men and the bridge agents were sentenced to six months in the workhouse and costs. Sentences to the workhouse have, however, been suspended for 10 days, owing to that institution being quarantined against smallpox.

### STOLE MUNICIPAL FUNDS.

John Riplinger, ex-Comptroller of Seattle, Charged With Taking \$68,178.91

Seattle, Wash., July 12.—John Riplinger, four years comptroller of the city of Seattle and chief clerk for the same, was charged with the theft of \$68,178.91, according to the report of the city auditor, who has been engaged in an examination of books and accounts of the department for two months. The report shows that \$100,944.80 should have been accounted for at the expiration of Riplinger's term. Credits aggregate \$32,725.89, leaving a shortage of \$68,178.91. Riplinger left Seattle the day following the close of his second term as comptroller, March 19, 1906, and the shortage was not discovered until May 5 last. He is said to be in Honduras.

### LONG LIVE THE KING!

is the popular cry throughout European countries; while in America, the cry of the present day is "Long live Dr. King's New Discovery." King of Throat and Lung Remedies! of which Mrs. Julia Ryder Paine, Truro, Mass., says: "It never fails to give immediate relief and to quickly cure a cough or cold." Mrs. Paine's opinion is shared by a majority of the inhabitants of this country. New Discovery cures weak lungs and sore throats after all other remedies have failed; and for coughs and colds it is the proven remedy. Guaranteed by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, 112-114 Main St., druggists, \$2c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

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Ask for that New Bread at your Grocery. Vienna Walnut Bread.

## EDUCATORS ARE REFORMER

One of Last Acts Was to Pass a Resolution in Favor of Spelling Reform.

### SECY. SHEPHERD MAKES KICK

Unless So Ordered by Executive Committee He Will Not Record Vote in Meeting on the Subject.

Los Angeles, July 12.—The National Educational association concluded its labors today with the adoption of a series of resolutions, principal among which was one upon the subject of the strained relations existing between capital and labor in this country, recognizing the seriousness of this condition, and recommending that the teachers of America at once enter upon a systematic course of instruction with regard to inculcating a stronger sense of patriotism and morality, the rights and duties of citizenship, and the security and sacredness of human life.

Second in importance to the resolution upon capital and labor, was one upon the subject of simplified spelling, endorsing the work of the simplified spelling board and directing the secretary of the association to adopt the shorter style of all of the 300 selected words in the publications of the association. This resolution, which was a direct contradiction to the act of the board of directors yesterday in declaring against the use of "thru," "tho" and "thoro," was adopted only after vigorous debate and strongly expressed opposition. It carried by a vote of 209 to 22, although it was claimed that many other than active members voted in the affirmative.

The resolutions further endorsed the efforts being made to increase the salaries of teachers, favored harmonizing of the child labor and truancy laws, and urged the state to provide for the education of every child; impressed upon educators that the building of character was the real aim of the schools, and deplored the tendency among children toward a disregard for constituted authority and lack of respect for age and superior wisdom; urged abolishment of secret societies, fraternities and societies in schools, denouncing them as inimical to the interests of schools and pupils; declared for the merit system for the promotion of teachers and

### against political intrigue, and resolved strongly in favor of world peace and international arbitration.

The resolution referring to the industrial situation was introduced by Col. Alexander Howe, former superintendent of schools of Fort Worth, Tex., and read as follows:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this association that it is the duty of the teachers of this republic to at once enter upon a systematic course of instruction, which shall embrace not only a broader patriotism, but a more extended course of moral instruction, especially in regard to the rights and duties of citizenship, the right of property, the security and sacredness of human life."

Secy. Shephard of the National Educational association stated after adjournment of the convention that unless he would not record the vote in the meeting today upon the subject of simplified spelling, inasmuch as it ordered him to use the simplified form of 300 words in publications of the association, an assumption of authority in open meeting which he regarded as properly belonging to active members alone or to the board of directors. He stated that there was no precedent of constitutional authority for such a vote in an open session, and that he would not comply with the mandate as the matter now stood. Rather, he would obey the order of the board of directors of yesterday in striking three of the simplified words from the list of 12 previously used by the association. The words struck out were "thru," "tho" and "thoro."

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### STATEMENT BY PRESIDENT ON RELATIONS WITH JAPAN

Oyster Bay, July 12.—An official statement announcing a "thoroughly good understanding and fundamental friendship" between the United States and Japan was issued by President Roosevelt today, through Secy. Loeb, after the departure of Admiral Yamamoto

and Ambassador Aoki from San Francisco. The statement follows: "The president had a long interview with Admiral Baron Yamamoto, and it was most satisfactory in every way. It made clear by Ambassador Aoki, the thorough good understanding between the two governments and the fundamental friendliness between the two nations."

### THE CHARMING WOMAN.

is not necessarily one of perfect form and features. Many a plain woman who could never serve as an artist's model, possesses those rare qualities that all the world admires: neatness, clear eyes, good health. A physically weak woman, an electric Bitters restorer, weak women, give strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, beautiful complexion. Guaranteed at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, 112 and 114 Main Street, 20

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You are no doubt pleased with the regularity of pressure and the cleanliness of the New Gas. Now we wish to give you a few words of advice in order that you may clearly understand our attitude toward our consumers.

FIRST. BE CAREFUL NOT TO WASTE GAS. That is, do not turn on a burner wide open if half as much gas will do the work just as fast. Turn off the burner when you are through with it. Matches are cheap. Keep abox full handy and use them often. You will be surprised to see how they help keep your gas bills down.

We would much rather see you do your cooking with the amount of gas which we know it can be done with, because we know that a satisfied customer is one of our best assets. Therefore we are at all times glad to give you suggestions as to the care of your range and how to get the best results possible for the amount of gas consumed.

SECOND. LEARN TO READ YOUR GAS METER. There is no secret about this matter and if you do not already know, just drop in at our office and we will show you how to figure the amount of gas that you use every day.

THIRD. MAKE USE OF YOUR OVENS. They will produce perfect results and anybody can bake with them. It is so simple—just turn a lever, strike a match and watch the clock. Plan to fill both ovens at one time, meat in one, and bread or pastry in the other. It costs no more.

If you have any difficulty in baking, just phone for our Lady Demonstrator to call and show you all about the Gas Range and how to get the work done for the smallest amount of Gas used. Watch our ads for some good pointers.

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Complete lines of white canvass oxfords and side lace patents or Gibson ties 98c for misses value to \$1.75 at \$1.50 Same as above in children's sizes values to \$1.50 at 89c

Complete lines womens' high grade patent or gun-metal oxfords also kid in plain or novelty effects. Style, fit and service combined. Regular lines values not to be duplicated short of \$3 and \$3.50.  
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A bargain is a bargain only when you can find your size. This lot of womens' oxfords includes all sizes, good widths styles for dress and complete lines of comforts, juliets and oxfords, values \$1.75 to \$3.50.  
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Your unrestricted choice of 37 swellest styles of womens' oxfords including the newest and best conservative or novelty effects. Materials patent, tan, or kid, bench made styles in turn or welt soles.  
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We have divided our line of high grade misses' and childrens' slippers into three prices for the different runs of sizes, these goods include the highest type of the shoe-makers art in Gibson ties, strap sandals or oxfords. Misses' sizes 12 to 2 values to \$2.50 at \$1.65. Childrens' sizes 9 to 11 same styles as above at \$1.35. Small sizes 5 to 8 values at \$1.75.  
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HIRSCHMAN'S 106 MAIN ST.

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VALUES.

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