Dont lick those Papers File

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XI. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 16, 1878. No. 72.

THE EVENING NEWS.

Published every evening, except Sunday

Subscription, one year, with Postage, ... $10.00
six months, " 5.00
three months, " 2.50

THE DESERET NEWS
SEMI-WEEKLY.

Published every Tuesday and Saturday.

Subscription, one year, with Postage, ... $4.00
six months, " 2.00
three months, " 1.00

DESERET NEWS:
WEEKLY.

Published every Wednesday.

Subscription, one year, with Postage, ... $2.00
six months, " 1.00
three months, " 50

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

OFFICE—Corner of South and East Temple Streets.

The News Book and Job Printing Office has superior facilities for the execution of all kinds of Book and Job Printing.

BOOK-BINDING AND PAPER-RULING.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
Editors and Publishers.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

F. Auerbach & Bro.
Dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, boots and shoes, hats and caps, etc.

Joe. Barker
Gent's saws, repairs stoves, and does tinning, lock and gunsmith work.

Buckle & Son,
(Opposite Walker House, Main Street)
All kinds of tailoring.

Calder & Careless
Sell Mason & Hamlin and other organs, Smith Talley goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.

Dr. A. W. Calder
Pulls in dentistry.

Davis, Howe & Co.
All kinds of milling and mining machinery, wrought and cast iron work, and brass work of all descriptions.

Day & Co.,
Dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, family groceries, flour, feed and provisions, double-barrel shotguns and groceries, and buy dried fruit.

Deseret National Bank
Does a various banking business and receives savings on interest.

Desret Carriage and Wagon Co
Paine, Knight, Ross and Obiad) Make and repair all kinds of vehicles to order, repair and carriages, mining cars, etc., also all kinds of blacksmithing and carriage painting and trimming.

Diamondey
Sells the very best live geese feathers, best lumber throughs and baby wagons.

A. Gould
(Office, Deseret Bank Block)
Agent for Red Canon and Rock Springs Coal.

John Hosner & Bro.,
Successors to J. H. Haguch, deal in guns, lock ammunition and fishing tackle, and practical gunsmithing.

David James
Tin roofing in tin, sheet iron and copper-smith line, also in the gasfitting line.

Lehmer, Taylor & Co.
Sash, doors, and all kinds of building material.

Brian & Tufts
Wine and liquors, wholesale and retail.

Wm. H. Rowe
(The Box Store, 37 Main Street)
Tailor and repairs all sorts of boots and shoes.

Howard Schows
Sells Salt Wagon, Wood Mower and Reaper, Pallock Sulky Rake, Oliver Chilled Plow, Concord wagons and harness, harrows, cultivators, wagon material, etc.

Nevada Lumber Association,
Sash, mouldings, shingles, doors, blinds, wood pumps and water pipes, at wholesale and retail.

Dr. W. J. Smith,
Homœopathic Physician, 11th Ward, five blocks east and half a block north of Theatre.

C. W. Stayner
(At Salt Lake Herald office, East Temple Street)
Attends to all business connected with the Salt Lake Legal and notarial business.

Thomas Taylor
General merchandise of all descriptions.

S. P. Teasdel
Dealer in choice groceries, parasols, dinner sets, fancy goods, gents' clothing, boots and shoes, children's shoes, notions and merchandise generally.

Walker Bros.
Dealers in fancy goods, groceries, hardware, glassware, crockery ware, and merchandise generally, wholesale and retail.

Z. C. M. I.
Dry goods, groceries, carpets, hardware, crockery and glassware, boots and shoes and caps, rubber and leather goods, and all kinds of general merchandise. Wholesale and retail.

Savings Bank and Trust Company
Do a general banking business, and receive deposits in sums as low as one dollar.

SALT LAKE AND WARD REPORTS.

We are prepared to furnish Wards and Stakes with the necessary blank forms for their reports.

Ward Reports, 5 cents per copy.
Stake " 25 cents per doz.
Sent by mail on receipt of price.

CANNON & YOUNG,
Deseret News Office,
Salt Lake City.

RAILROADS.

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Pioneer Line of Utah.

On and After June 20th, 1875.

Going North.

Name of Station.	No. 1 Freight.	No. 3 Freight.	No. 5 Freight.	Fare.
Frame leave Salt Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Wood's Cross	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Centreville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farmington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 00
Kaysville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 50
Arrive at Ogden	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	

Going South.

Name of Station.	No. 2 Freight.	No. 4 Freight.	No. 6 Freight.	Fare.
Frame leave Ogden	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Kaysville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 50
Farmington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 00
Centreville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 00
Wood's Cross	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 00
Arrive at Salt Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2 00

MIXED TRAINS
Will Run Daily,
(Sundays Excepted,)
Leaving Salt Lake City at 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. and Ogden at 7:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.
For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to
JOHN SHARP,
General Freight and Ticket Agent.
JOHN SHARP, Jr.,
General Freight and Ticket Agent.

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD

On and after Dec. 13th, 1875.

Going South.

Name of Station.	No. 1 Freight.	No. 3 Freight.	No. 5 Freight.	Fare.
Frame leave Salt Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Little Cottonwood	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arrive at Sandy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leave Sandy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Depot Lehi	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Fork	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Point	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pleasant Grove	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Springville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Spanish Fork	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Payson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arrive at Nephi	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Going North.

Name of Station.	No. 2 Freight.	No. 4 Freight.	No. 6 Freight.	Fare.
Frame leave Nephi	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Payson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Spanish Fork	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Springville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pleasant Grove	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Fork	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lehi	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Little Cottonwood	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arrive at Salt Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Nos. 1 and 2 Freight Trains run Sundays excepted.
Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6 Passenger Trains run daily, Sundays excepted.
For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to
JOHN SHARP,
General Freight and Ticket Agent.
JOHN SHARP, Jr.,
General Freight and Ticket Agent.

SHEET MUSIC!

We are constantly receiving

New Music,

AS IT IS

ISSUED FROM THE PRESS,

And daily order such other as may be wanted not in stock. Music sent to all parts of the Territories at Publisher's prices.

THE MUSICAL Publications

of

Oliver, Ditson & Co., E. Ryalgard's Sons, Schmoer, Peters and others, always on Hand.

CALDER & CARELESS.

GO AND SEE
THE
WONDERFUL
And Superb Toned
MODEL PIANO!
That Sells at
$315 and Upwards,
AT THE MUSIC STORE OF
CALDER & CARELESS.

LIFE AND TRAVELS
OF
PARLEY P. PRATT

Calf Gilt, . . . 4.00
Morocco Gilt, . . . 5.00

A FEW COPIES FOR SALE
AT THE OFFICE OF THE
DESERET EVENING NEWS
SALT LAKE CITY.
Address:
CANNON & YOUNG,
Deseret News Office,
Salt Lake City.

THE BIBLE AND POLYGAMY.

An Authenticated Phonographic and Verbatim Report of the Celebrated

DISCUSSION
BETWEEN
Prof. Orson Pratt
AND THE
Rev. J. T. Newman
On the subject,
DOES THE BIBLE SANCTION POLYGAMY?
Held in the New Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, August 12th, 13th, and 14th, 1874.

To which is added the Correspondence prior to the Discussion, between the Rev. Jos. T. C. Newman and President Brigham Young. Also
DR. NEWMAN'S MARGINAL LAW
AND
THREE DISCOURSES
On the same subject, by
President Geo. A. Smith and Elders Orson Pratt and Geo. Q. Cannon.

PRICE - - 50 Cents

The above is now issued in pamphlet form, containing 224 pages, and will be sent by mail on receipt of price.

LAWS
CONCERNING
Naturalization, Citizenship, Elections
AND
Supervisors of Elections
AND
United States Marshals at Elections,
In Pamphlet Form.
Price Fifteen Cents,
Two Copies 25 Cents.
FOR SALE AT THE
DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 14.—After a brief discussion the House joint resolution declaring that a reduction of the tax on distilled spirits is inexpedient, passed. Yeas 40, nays 9. Bailey, Conover, Davis, (W. Va.) Dennis, McCreery, Merrimon, Morgan, Randolph and Ransom, voted in the negative.

At the expiration of the morning hour consideration was resumed of the silver bill and Jones, of Nevada, spoke at great length in favor thereof. He held concerning the payment of bonds in silver that if a nation obeys the contract and keeps a pure coin, it is not responsible for commercial variability. He alleged that during the first half of this century the purchasing value of gold and silver rose 145 per cent., and yet no debtor proposed and no creditor conceded it was dishonorable to exact the full number of dollars promised. The fall in silver relative to gold since '72 had never been as great as the fall in the gold price of commodities except on Black Friday. The general range of silver depreciation measured in gold had been about 10 per cent., whereas the gold prices of general range of commodities have fallen at least 20 per cent. He declared that there are no disposable stocks of silver, except $70,000,000 in Germany, either in Europe or America, and silver never returns from the eastern world. Jones denied that he had any personal interest as a silver mine owner in the success of the bill. He said he believed two of the bonanza kings who have devoted all their years of manhood personally to gold and silver mining, favored remonetization, and other two who have always engaged in business pursuits in San Francisco, oppose remonetization. He denied that money has been used in the interest of the silver bill.

A bill was introduced by Grover, by request, authorizing the survey of a water route from the Atlantic to the Pacific, via the Upper Missouri and Columbia rivers. Referred to the committee on commerce.

Saunders introduced a bill to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Lincoln.

Dorsey, to organize the Territory of Oklahoma.

Voorhees submitted a resolution instructing the Senate judiciary committee to ascertain whether railroad companies referred to in the act granting lands to Kansas and in the construction of the Kansas and Neosho Valley road and its extension to Red River, and in the act granting land for the southern branch of the Union Pacific railroad and telegraph from Fort Riley, Kansas, to Fort Smith, Arkansas, and in the act granting land to aid in the construction of railroad and telegraph lines from the Missouri and Arkansas to the Pacific coast, have issued bonds predicated on conditional land grants of lands of Indians of Indian territory claimed by said companies under said acts. If so the committee shall ascertain in whose name the bonds are and for what purpose. Also that the committee may send for persons and papers, and report during this session. Laid over.

The Senate went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened, Blaine submitted his substitute for the silver bill, and explained its provisions. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 14.—Gibson, rising to a question of privilege, said he repudiated the intimation or suspicion of any representative of Louisiana having been engaged in any bargain in regard to the presidency, which reflected on the honor of that State. He had differed from his colleagues in supporting the electoral bill, and he had advocated strongly the policy of adhering to the bill framed by the committee appointed for that purpose. He had felt that the bill was a great measure in the interests of the peace, honor and welfare of the country. He had been gratified to see that the action of Southern men on that question, standing up for law and union, had created in the breasts of northern people a sentiment of confidence in the constituencies of those of the south; a sentiment which has been a stranger to the people for more than a quarter of a century. He had felt that the interests of the south which he represented had no part in the union seperate from the interests of the whole country, and he had felt that whatever redounded to the interests of the whole country would secure the happiness and prosperity of Louisiana. He had seen at that time the President declaring in unequivocable terms that the time had come when he had made up his mind to uphold no longer a military government over the people of Louisiana. That had been given as an order to the military commander in New Orleans. He had felt assured that no bargain was necessary, that no private understanding was necessary to secure the people of the South in their rights. He had felt gratified when he read the inaugural address of President Hayes, and when he had seen that gentleman call to his chief cabinet position a gentleman whose voice had so emphatically declared his opposition to a military government in the South (Evarts) as the voice of the leader of the democratic party himself (Tilden). He himself, had pictured to a visiting statesman the effects of political miracle in Louisiana, and they advised the President that he could without imperiling any interests withdraw the troops. He went to the clerk's desk and had read the resolutions of the Louisiana legislature endorsing President Hayes' policy, and declaring the Nicholls' government would discountenance any political proscription. That was the only transaction he was acquainted with. He knew of no contract, agreement or understanding. Nicholls and the legislature pledged themselves to a rigid enforcement of the laws. This was being done at the present time in regard to one of the members of the returning board who for a misdemeanor, was being held for trial in one of the State courts, he saw nothing extraordinary in that prosecution, expect the enormity of the offense. The proceedings of that court had been in accordance with the criminal law of Louisiana.

Hale—Does the gentleman mean the prosecutions that have been and are now going on against the returning board?

Gibson—If men have been guilty of any violation of the laws of that State, the authorities are perfectly right in the prosecution of them.

Hale—Then the gentleman does not discourage it.

Gibson—Does the gentleman mean to say he thinks it is not right to prosecute them?

Hale—Does the gentleman ask what I think? I think the whole proceeding is the greatest outrage which ever occurred in American history, because I believe it political persecution under the guise of a process of law. (Derisive laughter on the democratic side.)

Gibson—I do not yield to the gentleman to denounce the people of the State of Louisiana, since I have been on this floor the gentleman from Maine has omitted no occasion to denounce the people of Louisiana. I have treated his former denunciations as I treat this, with the contempt they merit. The proceedings of the courts of Louisiana were in conformity with law and with the law of that State, and he desired to know on what grounds the House could claim a revisory power over the local tribunals of Louisiana. For years the national government had been in league with the vicious elements of society in Louisiana, and its institutions had been well nigh undermined. No guilty man had been punished. Nicholls' government had refused to shelter criminals. Should Anderson's case have the merit of partiality appear in the trial, or even if the republican leaders should ask executive clemency, he believed Nicholls would grant it, and he (Gibson) would not complain. He expressed pleasure at the kindred feeling that had arisen between the two sections and deprecated this raking up of old animosities.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, stating that the internal revenue of government has fallen off $4,969,000 principally on account of the agitation in regard to the tax on tobacco and whisky and recommending the House take immediate action on the subject.

Wood argued the falling off as merely incidental. Congress had the right to alter vicious laws however they might effect the revenue. If the Tresury assumed to dictate to Congress what it should do with laws it exceeded its province. He concurred, however, that the expenses of government should be reduced.

While the question of reference was being discussed, Harrison said, while the President had the right to suggest and recommend legislation, the Secretary of the Treasury had no such right unless first asked by Congress. He thought no reference should be made of the matter and moved to table it. He did so as a point of order that the Secretary had no right to send in the communication.

The Speaker overruled the point, and said it was the invariable custom of secretaries of the Treasury to communicate to Congress as they saw fit.

Foster defended Sherman, said this country never had so able a secretary of the Treasury, and he thought the whisky question was definitely settled, and hoped the ways and means committee would speedily send in a report on the tobacco question.

Wood accused Foster of delaying and disturbing the settlement of the whisky tax by his resolution which interfered with a committee report thereon.

Burchard did not think anybody would dare to reopen the whisky case. It was virtually settled.

Harrison appealed to Wood to move to table the communication, and the Speaker defended his position and approved of the action of Secretary Sherman in sending in his communication.

Whitthorne took the opposite side, and Garfield suggested that the Secretary be allowed to petition.

Stephens upheld the Secretary.

Finally it was referred to the the ways and means committee.

The House considered the military academy bill, concurred in the amendments, and the bill passed.

The House then went into committee of the whole, on the state of the Union, and considered the Mexican soldiers' pension bill.

Herbert advocated it.

Powers argued that it would take annually $1,500,000 from the treasury according to estimates and he believed it would require $7,500,000 besides for arrearages. The whole outlay would be nearly $100,000,000. Adjourned.

EASTERN.

Railroad Matters.

WASHINGTON, 14.—The Senate railroad committee this morning heard Mr. Storrs, attorney of the Central Pacific Railroad and Southern Pacific Company of California in opposition to the Texas Pacific bill and advocating the proposition of the California company for authority to extend line eastward, to be granted the lands heretofore granted to the Texas Pacific company, but alleged to be subject to forfeiture by reason of the failure to construct the road between the Colorado River and El Paso.

Chinese Emigration.

The House committee on education and labor, to-day, heard Joseph P. O'Kennedy, Washington representative of the Chinese six companies of California, in opposition to any legislative restriction of Chinese emigration.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Eastern Question.

LONDON, 14.—The Manchester Guardian's correspondent says the changed circumstances of the eastern question are passing beyond Lord Derby's pacific inclinations. Should he remain in office we may regard it as a favorable symptom for the maintenance of peace, though it may be earned at the cost of concessions. If he retires we may count upon serious complications.

The Daily News says the difficulties of the hour are no doubt great, but when we find a sovereign so deeply interested as the Emperor of Germany in the maintenance of peace, expressing the conviction that the object will be gained, we may hope they will all be surmounted.

The Post says the peace-at-any-price party will be gratified to learn that Derby has suddenly become quietly bellicose, a pretty sure sign that there is no risk of any collision; on the contrary as matters stand if ships are only ordered to Constantinople, there is no reason why Britons and Russians should not take part in the galeties of the treasured residents.

The Nord, the Brussels organ of the Russian government, this evening published a letter from St. Petersburg announcing that Prince Bismarck does not wish for a congress of the powers. The conference, it is added, will therefore be composed solely of ordinary ambassadors.

Great dissatisfaction is felt in Servia at the unofficial terms offered by Russia to the principality. M. Hitrofo will leave Bucharest to-day for Adrianople to ask for more distinct explanations from Grand Duke Nicholas regarding the new Servian frontier.

ITALY.

The Conclave.

ROME, 14.—The conclave will meet on the 19th inst. Partisans of the moderate party are very confident of success. In Monday's consistory, cardinals discussed the advisability of the sacred college binding the new Pope to a predetermined line of conduct. Cardinal Pecci, the Camuciango, spoke against the proposal, which was supported by Cardinal Manning. By a large majority it was decided that the Pope should have the fullest freedom of action. Foreign cardinals arriving here announce that the public opinion of their respective countries is favorable to a conciliatory policy.

J. H. CREER,
Physician and Surgeon,
ROMNEY'S BLOCK, MAIN ST.,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

ESTABLISHED MAY 1, 1876.
The Public of Salt Lake
Have so far appreciated our efforts to combine

PUNCTUALITY!

FASHION AND ECONOMY!

With tailoring, that our present premises are far too small for our increasing trade, having effected a lease for a term of years for the whole of the building, we hope to put ourselves in a position, with our increased facilities to

More than Double our present Business.

Gentlemen have no occasion to go either east or west for their clothing to prove the fact.

TRY BUCKLE & SON,
Main Street,
OPPOSITE WALKER HOUSE.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

United States Officers for Utah.

Governor—Geo. W. Emery.
Secretary, L. F. Lurkey
Chief Justice—Michael Schaeffer.
Associate Justices—Jacob S. Boreman, Wm. Philip S. Emerson, Mich.
Marshal—Wm. Nelson.
U. S. Attorney—Sumner Howard.
Surveyor-General—General N. Kimball.
Receiver of Public Moneys—M. M. Bane.
Register of Land Office—Herbert Lewis.
U. S. Assessor and Collector—O. J. Stoll.

Territorial Officers.

Delegate to Congress—Geo. Q. Cannon.
Attorney-General—Zerubbabel Snow.
Auditor—Wm. Clayton.
Treasurer—James Jack.
Superintendent of Common Schools—John Taylor.

Salt Lake County Officers.

Probate Judge—Elias Smith.
Selectmen—Reuben Miller, Isaac D. Stewart and E. M. Weller.
Coroner—George J. Taylor.
Sheriff—Theodore McKean.
Prosecuting Attorney—Z. Snow.
Assessor and Collector—Geo. Crisman.
Treasurer—R. W. East.
County Clerk—D. Buckham.
County Recorder—Angus M. Cannon.
School Superintendent—Theo. B. Lewis.

City Officers.

MAYOR.
Feramorz Little.

ALDERMEN:
1st Municipal Ward—Adam Spiers.
2d " " Henry Dinwoodey.
3d " " A. H. Raleigh.
4th " " John Sharp.
5th " " Alex. C. Pyper.

COUNCILORS:
John Henry Smith, Nicholas Groesbeck, J. R. Winder, David O. Calder, George Reynolds, Elias Morris, Joseph F. Chezle, Hairgrove Smith.
Treasurer—Paul A. Schettler.
Recorder—John T. Caine.
Marshal—Andrew Burt.
Auditor of Public Accounts—John T. Caine.
Assessor and Collector—John R. Winder.
Superintendent of Streets—William Hyde.
Surveyor—Jesse W. Fox.
Board of School Inspectors—Professor J. R. Pace, Henry I. Doremus.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—Martin H. Peck.
Captain of Police—Andrew Burt.
Water Master—William Hyde.
Inspector of Wood and Lumber—H. Dinwoody.

FENCE VIEWERS:
1st Municipal Ward—
2d " " Samuel Turnbow.
3d " " Gideon H. G. Gibbs.
4th " " Milen Atwood.

MOUNTAIN WARBLER!

THERE being several hundred copies of the above now finding unsold in the hands of the publisher, they will be obtained at the Deseret News Office for 25 cents per copy.

WM. HILL, Jr.

Arrivals and Departures of Mail.

ARRIVALS.

East—Through mail, daily ..... 8 00 p m
Alta, daily ..... 8 00 p m
Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood, and Wanship, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays ..... 4 00 p m
Park City, daily except Sunday ..... 4 00 p m
Summit and Wasatch counties, Mondays and Tuesdays ..... 4 00 p m
Summit county, daily ..... 4 00 p m
Davis county, daily except Sundays ..... 4 00 p m
Ogden, mail daily ..... 11 00 a m & 6 00 p m
Weber county, daily ..... 4 00 p m
Ogden, mail daily ..... 11 00 a m & 6 00 p m
Cache and Box Elder counties, daily ..... 11 00 a m
Corinne and Kelton, daily ..... 11 00 a m
Idaho and Montana, daily ..... 11 00 a m
Boise City and Idaho City, daily ..... 11 00 a m
West—Nevada, California, Oregon, etc., daily ..... 11 00 a m
Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, etc., daily ..... 11 00 a m
Bingham Canyon, daily ..... 11 00 a m
South—Provo, Beaver and intermediate points, daily ..... 11 00 a m
Fillmore and Beaver counties, daily ..... 11 00 a m
Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily ..... 11 00 a m
St. George and points south of Beaver, alternate days ..... 11 00 a m
Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Monday ..... 11 00 a m
Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining districts, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays ..... 11 00 a m

DEPARTURES.

East—Through mail, daily ..... 6 00 a m
Alta, daily ..... 6 00 a m
Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood and Wanship, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays ..... 7 00 a m
Park City, daily, except Sunday ..... 7 00 a m
Summit and Wasatch counties, Mondays and Fridays ..... 6 00 a m
Utah county, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays ..... 6 00 a m
Morgan county, daily ..... 6 00 a m
North—Davis county, daily ..... 6 00 a m
Weber county, daily ..... 6 00 a m
Ogden, mail daily ..... 2 00 p m & 6 00 a m
Cache and Box Elder counties, daily ..... 6 00 a m
Corinne and Kelton, daily ..... 2 00 p m
Idaho and Montana, daily ..... 6 00 a m
Boise City and Idaho City, daily ..... 3 00 p m
West—Nevada, California, Oregon, etc., daily ..... 2 00 p m
Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, etc., daily ..... 6 00 a m
Bingham Canyon, daily ..... 6 00 a m
South—For Beaver and intermediate points, daily ..... 6 00 a m
For Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily ..... 6 00 a m
For St. George and points south of Beaver on alternate days ..... 6 00 a m
For Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Sundays ..... 6 00 a m
For Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining districts, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays ..... 6 00 a m

OFFICE HOURS.

General Delivery open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Sunday, 12:30 to 1:30 p.m.
Money Office and Register department from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Outside door open from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m.

J. T. LYNCH, Postmaster.

HIGHEST HONORS
AT THE
UNITED STATES
Centennial
World Exhibition,
1876.
MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET
ORGANS
Unanimously assigned the
"FIRST RANK
IN THE
SEVERAL REQUISITES"
of such instruments!

The MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO. have the honor to announce that the Organs of their manufacture have been awarded the "FIRST RANK" in the SEVERAL REQUISITES of instruments of this class, by the Judges at the CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION in Philadelphia, 1876, and that only CENTENNIAL MEDAL AWARDED TO THIS GENERAL CLASS WAS AWARDED THE BANK. This is after the Approved competition by the best judges, before one of the most Brilliant Assemblages of Artists ever Convened.

They have also received the MEDAL, but, as is well known, medals of equal merit have been awarded all artists deemed worthy of competition on that ground, and hence they feel authorized to interpret that they have received "first medals."

The Illustrations in competing articles and their accompanying testimony, are remarkable for the Superiority of the Instruments which the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co. exhibited. "THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.'S GROUP of Reed Organs and Harmoniums, was the only one which received the FIRST RANK IN THE SEVERAL REQUISITES OF INSTRUMENTS OF THIS CLASS, viz: Smoothness and equal excellence throughout the scale, quality of tone, promptness and ease of action, and durability, combined with simplicity of action."

(Signed by all the Judges.)

The Mason and Hamlin Organs are thus declared to rank first, not in one or two respects only, but in the SEVERAL REQUISITES of such instruments, and they are the Only ones assigned this rank. This intimate and all-sided recognition of the merits of Mason and Hamlin Organs, by the highest tribunal ever convened, has been more than equivalent to a verdict from every country in America, where they have been singularly successful in hundreds of competitions. They were awarded highest honors at

FIRST MEDALS
PARIS, 1867; VIENNA 1873; SANTIAGO, 1875
PHILADELPHIA, 1876,
and have not been awarded highest honors at

Every World's Exposition!

at which they have been submitted, being the Only instruments in any Department, of any nation, which have received such recognition.

Illustrated Catalogues containing the Testimony of the Judges, and Prices, free.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.
Boston, Chicago, New York.

NEW YORK TRADE.

USE
CLARK'S
TRADE
O.N.T.
MARK
SPOOL COTTON.

GEO. A. CLARK SOLE AGENT.
IT IS THE BEST MADE.
A Complete Assortment
FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I.
And Branch Stores throughout the Territory.

BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,
BOOTS & SHOES
No. 124 & 126 Grand Street,
Corner Crosby

$50, $100, $200, $500, $1,000.
Alex. Frothingham & Co., Brokers, No. 12 Wall St., New York, make daily the investments in Stocks, which frequently yield from five to twenty times the amount invested. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on deposit of three per cent. Explanatory circulars and weekly reports sent free.

OMAHA TRADE.

S. H. STEELE, St. Joseph, Mo. J. JOHNSON, Omaha, Neb.
STEELE & JOHNSON
Wholesale Grocers,
108 and 110 Fourteenth St., Omaha, Neb.
Agents for Sable Iron Works Sable.

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

L. M. RUMSEY & CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Pumps and Fire Engines
Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Iron Pipe Fittings, Belting, Hose, Packing and Agricultural Implements.
NORTH MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

CHICAGO TRADE.

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.

PACKERS OF PURE REFINED LARD
In spices, pails, kegs and barrels. Manufacturers of Lard and Neatsfoot Oils.
Exchange Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

Established, Louisville, 1849. Established Chicago, 1858.
F. & E. JAEGER.
Direct importers and jobbers in the most celebrated and reliable English, French and German manufactures offer to the western trade the very largest stock kept out at New York or Boston, in Crockery, China, Porcelain, Earthenware and Domestic Glassware, Lamps and Lamp Fixtures, Cutlery, Spoons, Breakfast Goods, Silver-Plated and Britannia goods at the very lowest market prices. Eastern prices duplicated.

NEW FRUITS
JUST RECEIVED!
A VERY CHOICE SELECTION OF
New Fruits!
CONSISTING OF
RAISINS,
CURRANTS,
PEEL,
SPICE,
CANDIES,
NUTS,
Etc. Etc.,
FOR THE
HOLIDAYS!!
We take special care in CLEANING OUR FRUITS, and the public will find, by comparing quality, that ours are superior to any in the city.
LOOK AT THE WINDOWS FOR SAMPLES.
G. W. DAVIS.