

## By Telegraph.

### AMERICAN.

CHEYENNE, 26. — Col. Stanton, paymaster of the United States Army, who commanded the volunteers and scouts in General Crook's recent campaign, and Major Randall, who commanded the Snake Indians, returned to this place to-day. The latter goes at once to Sydney to take charge of 100 Pawnees, who are to go Fetterman and take part in the approaching movements north. Col. Stanton returns with friends to pay off the expedition and the northern parts in this department, about sixty companies in all.

General Crook remains at Fort Laramie organizing a new campaign against the Indians, and he will not leave the field until the work is done. Fresh troops, consisting of the Fourth Cavalry, under General Mackenzie, and infantry under Captain Pollock, will be put in the field at once. A depot of supply will be established at Old Fort Reno.

The troops of the recent expedition are now at Custer City under command of General Merritt, and will await new supplies of clothing and equipments there.

Lieut. Lentz, of the Third Cavalry, and one or two others who were badly wounded, were left at Crook City, in the Black Hills, with a medical officer, and will come out as soon as they can bear removal.

The cavalry horses are much worn out, and many of them were eaten. At least 500 fresh horses will be required.

### CHICAGO, 26.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has received no intimation of the movement of Sitting Bull on Fort Sully as has been reported in Sioux City items. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs received a letter from Bishop Whipple, of the commission, who expressed himself contented with the results of the council with the Red Cloud Indians. The Indians are in anything but a pleasant temper, and do not favor the proposition to remove them.

PHILADELPHIA, 26. — Prof. Baird, United States Fish Commissioner, at the Centennial, to-day, received a telegram from Sacramento, Cal., dated on Monday, as follows: A refrigerator, containing four millions of salmon eggs, left by passenger train for the east, to-day, consigned to Professor Baird, U. S. Fish Commissioner, and in charge of Mr. Livingstone Stone. The eggs are made up into packages and addressed to such State fish commissioners as have applied for them, and will be delivered to the express companies as the car passes the station nearest their destination. The first delivery will be to Utah, and the last, about a week later, to the Centennial Exhibition. About two millions more are destined for California, and a million for Australia, New Zealand and the Sandwich Islands.

MACON, Ga., 26. — L. Davenport, Mayor of Brunswick, Ga., and J. M. Dexter, chairman of the board of health, appeal for help for the stricken city. Half the population are down with yellow fever; business is suspended, supplies exhausted, and unless aid is speedily sent many will die of starvation. The suffering and want cannot be described.

GALVESTON, 26. — The health physician, Blunt, this evening, notified Captain Fowler, agent of the Morgan line, that the steamer which left Morgan city to-day, would be the last of the line allowed to enter this port between this date and the enforcement of the order of quarantine against New Orleans. It was subsequently agreed that the ship leaving Morgan City to-morrow, the 27th, could come in, provided there was no sickness on board.

LOUISVILLE, 26. — A negro, named Napoleon Williams, was murdered here to-night by Ike Forest, a bar keeper. The trouble was caused by a dispute over a torn dime offered for a drink by Williams. Forest shot him, fled, and was subsequently captured.

NEW YORK, 27. — The *Sun* has the following: The Silver Commission met in secret session yesterday. Senator Jones, Chairman, is, of course, for silver as a legal tender now and all time.

The Centennial rush continues. The hotels are jammed with guests, sleeping in parlors, halls, lobbies and servants' quarters.

The *Journal of Commerce* says it is cheering to know that a fair share of the bustle in our streets is due to the influx of country merchants making their fall purchases. Their presence is particularly welcome. From reports in all departments, business is decidedly improving, and we may count with some confidence on an active fall trade.

Several members of the Scotch rifle team sail for Europe to-day.

The Centennial rush is so great that a number of policemen have been detailed to guard the railway depots and steamboat landings, to protect strangers from hackmen and sharpers.

A complimentary reception to Newton in this city has been proposed, and the first steps towards carrying out the plan has been taken. It has been suggested that Monday evening next be the time and Gilmore's gardens the place.

A shipment of 50,000 eggs of California salmon will soon be received at the aquarium at 34th Street and Broadway, where they will be hatched in tanks, and open to public view.

An immense amount of money is being contributed here for the yellow fever sufferers in the South.

Gen. Newton yesterday received a vote of thanks from the Board of Pilot Commissioners for his successful engineering at Hell Gate.

A peremptory sale of 400 cases of gingham, by order of the Gloucester-teringham mills, was made this morning. The sale was well attended by purchasers from all parts of the country. Dress plaids sold from 7½ cents to 8½ cents per yard, according to style. Fancy gingham ranged from 7½ cents to 8½ cents. Mourning gingham from 7½ to 7½ cents, and staple gingham from 8½ to 8½ cents. In several instances the duplicate lots had to be put up a second time. The prices were said to be fully up to market rates.

A dispatch from Vigo states that Tweed was removed last evening from his fortress prison, Castillo Del Casto, where he had been confined for twenty-one days, to the United States frigate *Franklin*. Tweed offered very little objection. He was treated with every consideration, and the quarters of Rear Admiral Case were assigned him. Tweed's companion, Wm. Hunt, was taken on board the *Franklin*, but was almost immediately set at liberty. Hunt, after his release, was very reticent and still maintains that his friend Seco was not Tweed. Hunt, after leaving the *Franklin*, went immediately to see an American friend at the Hotel Europa, registered there under the name of R. Sands, who is believed to be Tweed's son. There was much opposition to the surrender of Tweed, and the action of the Government was almost universally condemned. Hunt speaks well of the treatment he and his companion received at the hands of the Spanish authorities. They were not allowed to communicate with each other, and were closely guarded, but otherwise they received every courtesy and attention. The hour for the departure of the *Franklin* is set for two o'clock this afternoon, and it is calculated the voyage to New York will take about thirty days, as whenever possible, sail, instead of steam, will be used, in consequence of the *Franklin* not having capacity to carry coal enough for a long voyage.

WASHINGTON, 27. — Internal Revenue Commissioner Raum has issued a circular letter to the U. S. attorneys in Philadelphia, New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, Milwaukee and other important collector districts in the various cities of the country, authorizing them to institute suits against all parties against whom evidence can be presented of not having paid the whole or any portion of their tax.

BALTIMORE, 27. — Terence Walsh and Patrick Donohoe, laborers, were killed, and two others seriously injured, by the fall of a rock in a tunnel here yesterday.

LOUISVILLE, 27. — Ten Broecke, this afternoon, beat the fastest four-mile time on record, accomplishing the distance in 7.15½.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27. — Lord Dufferin and party left for the east this morning. They will stop a few days at Cheyenne, Denver, and St. Louis, and perhaps visit Salt Lake. They will proceed direct from St. Louis to Ottawa.

PHILADELPHIA, 27. — The following are the awards of medals and diplomas to Utah, to be announced by the President of the Centennial Commission this evening. There

still remain awards which have yet to be approved by the commission.

UTAH—Gen. P. E. Connor, Salt Lake, silver ores; R. C. Chambers, Salt Lake, silver ores; Col. Wm. M. Johns, Salt Lake, silver lead ores; F. B. Wells, Salt Lake, silver lead ores; Reed and Benson mine, Big Cottonwood district, silver lead ores; Capt. James A. Lusk, Shoe-bridge Mining Co., Salt Lake, silver ore; D. H. Bentley, Salt Lake, silver ores; Judge W. S. Barbee, St. George, silver ores; Nez Perces and Montreat mines, Bingham cañon, silver lead ores; Walker Brothers, Salt Lake, silver lead ores; G. N. Adams, Lucen district, silver lead ores and arragonites.

GALVESTON, Tex., 27. — This morning General Braxton Bragg dropped dead while crossing 20th Street, in front of the post office, aged 61. The body lies in state at Artillery Hall. The remains will be taken to Mobile if arrangements can be made with the New Orleans steamer for conveyance. General Bragg was in his usual health up to the moment of his death. The cause of his death is fatal syncope, induced by organic disease of the heart.

### CHICAGO, 27.

A quantity of illicit whiskey has been traced from Ansable, Illinois, to Chicago, and to-day Ex-Aldermen Thomas Walsh, Peter McGrath, and a storekeeper named Joslyn, were arrested on the charge of conspiracy in the removal of the spirits, and warrants were issued for John Corcoran and J. B. McGrath on the same charge. The authorities are very reticent about the matter.

DETROIT, 27. — The steamer *Lady Franklin* was burned this morning and the first mate was drowned.

TRINIDAD, Col., 27. — A deputy sheriff, named Brigado Cordoba, was shot and killed here last night, by a man named Strane. It appears that Cordoba went to see a girl at Strane's, and was told that he would shoot him if he came in. Cordoba persisted, with the result stated.

VINITA, I. T., 27. — The Cherokees and other civilized Indians of this Territory are greatly excited over the proposed removal of the Sioux into this country. They say the government is again proposing to violate the treaty stipulations by removing the Indians to their country without their consent. They characterize the action of the commission in agreeing to give the Sioux homes in the Territory of Oklahoma as being similar to the one made by Satan on the mountain 1,800 years ago. There will be a united and solemn protest made by all these people against the consummation of this alleged outrage against the civilized as well as the Sioux Indians.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27. — Sherman, Cameron and party left to-day for Los Angeles.

The trial of persons indicted for participation in the murderous attack on the Chinese near Truckee, Nevada County, last June, commenced this morning. The District Attorney, in opening the case, said he expected to prove that the outrage was committed by an organized society called the Caucasian League.

NEW YORK, 28. — The *Times* Washington special says: Ex-Governor Scott, of South Carolina, who is here, expresses his opinion that it will be necessary to have more United States troops to inspire the negro voters with confidence in that State, and that without them Hampton will be elected.

Senator Patterson has returned from Philadelphia, where he went to see the President, and reports that troops necessary to preserve order at Aiken, Edgefield, Newberg and Laurens counties, will be furnished.

The bronze statue of Wm. H. Seward, recently placed in Madison Square, was unveiled and presented to the city yesterday afternoon. The oration was delivered by Wm. M. Evarts. John Bigelow, Secretary of State, made an address of presentation in behalf of the contributors to the fund for the statue, and Mayor Wickham accepted the gift for the city. There was a large number of people in attendance, and much interest was manifested.

WASHINGTON, 28. — From careful estimates of the amount required for the pay of the navy during the present fiscal year, after all the officers that can be spared from the actual needs of the service shall have been placed upon furlough pay, it is believed there will be a deficiency of at least one million dollars.

PHILADELPHIA, 28. — To-day is Pennsylvania day at the Centennial. Up to one o'clock there had been 180,000 cash admissions, and it is estimated that 220,000 people will visit the grounds during the day.

STRATFORD, Ont., 28. — John Redford, ex-member of Parliament, lumber merchant and broker, has absconded to Chicago. His departure causes considerable excitement, he being a leading man here. A writ of attachment in insolvency had been issued against him. His affairs are much embarrassed, and liabilities are reported at half a million dollars.

LONDON, 28. — A deputation representing the Protestant missionary and Bible societies had an interview with Earl Derby to-day relating to the intolerant regulations of the Spanish government. Earl Derby, after pointing out the difficulties in which the Spanish government is placed by the strength of the clerical party and the vagueness of the wording of the article of the constitution relative to religious toleration, said: Nothing in the articles, however, justifies the closing of Protestant schools, and I do not think the government will so interpret it. Probably many cases of hardship are due to the over zeal of the subordinate officials. I think, with regard to the acts of intolerance which are clearly not sanctioned by the toleration clause of the constitution, that when the Cortes has formally proclaimed the freedom of worship, subject to certain humiliations, there can be no question that we have the right to interfere if the promise is violated. But the more difficult case is when the question at issue is the proper construction of the law. I, personally, have no doubt that it is an exceedingly forced and strained construction of the law to prohibit, in an external manifestation, singing in church, or worshipping with the doors open, so that passersby may look in. I think we have the right to claim that the law should not be construed unfavorably to the rights of foreigners in Spain, because they undoubtedly have been encouraged to settle there upon the understanding that they should be free from this kind of annoyance. I suggest that where those affected think it worth while to remonstrate, they should forward me their complaint, and inquiry shall be made.

CHICAGO, 28. — The *Tribune's* Bismarck special says: Preparations are making at Fort Lincoln for an expedition of the Seventh Cavalry and a detachment under the command of Major Reno; their destination is unknown, but preparations indicate that they will be absent a month or more, and it is believed the movement is for the Cheyenne agency, where apprehensions are entertained of an Indian outbreak.

NEW YORK, 29. — Alex. Sinlot, telegraph operator, at Savannah, writes on the 27th instant as follows: "This is a sad place. Every place of business is closed, and the streets are deserted. There is not a house in the city that has not been infected with the plague. The people think of nothing else, and as a consequence, one hears nothing but tales of the sick and dying and their horrible suffering. They all look upon me with wonder, and are expecting me to go under all the time. I was the only passenger on the Savannah train when we changed cars at Millen. I cannot say when I will be able to leave here. There seems to be no hope of the fever subsiding until frost."

The *Tribune's* staff correspondent at Indianapolis, after exhaustive travels throughout the state, and a close observation concludes his letter: "I must admit, looking at the relative strength of the two parties, as shown in former contests, and at the condition of the present struggle, the greenback movement, and the apparent solidity and energy of the democratic masses, that the chances seem to be in their favor."

The suspension of the New Amsterdam and Bond Street Savings Bank has produced quite an excitement among the small depositors in different savings institutions, and at the time the banks opened for business this morning the counters were surrounded by people anxious to withdraw their deposits.

General Newton announces that the reef at Hallett's Point has been swept, and a summary of the facts is as follows: From 180 feet distant from the shore line to the line of the buoys, the bottom slopes gradually from eight feet of the depth

at low water to twenty feet outside the line of the buoys. Nothing less than twenty feet of depth at low water was found. The divers have been examining the reef and report a thorough break up.

PHILADELPHIA, 29. — Including the free admissions to the Exhibition yesterday, the number exceeded 250,000. This number exceeds, by more than 80,000, the largest single day's attendance at any international fair ever held. The cash receipts are more than twice as great as those of any former day at this or any other fair.

### WASHINGTON, 29.

The Superintendent of the mounted recruiting service has been directed to forward 200 recruits to Fort Sanders, Wyoming Territory, for assignment to the Second Cavalry.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., 29. — The floors of a three-story brick building on Hampton street, occupied by the pork packing establishment of Walker & Son, the store-room of Samuel Parker & Co., and the room of the Huck Cigar Manufacturing Co., fell to-day, burying six men in the ruins. Four escaped with severe wounds, but the two others are still under the ruins and probably dead. The ruins caught fire and are still burning.

SPARTA, Wis., 29. — A fire here last night destroyed the Tremont House, Lee and Palmer's Livery and other buildings; loss \$25,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29. — The Vallecjo Savings and Commercial Bank suspended yesterday, caused by the financial embarrassment of the President, Gen. J. B. Frisbie, who has been unfortunate in stock speculations. The assets of the bank are stated to be upwards of \$550,000, and the indebtedness \$325,000. The suspension is expected to be temporary.

LOUISVILLE, 29. — Frederick Wortman, a German tanner, while adjusting the leather band to the fly wheel in Louis Krilger's tannery, to-day, was caught by the band and whirled around at the rate of sixty revolutions to the minute. His head and all parts of his body were mashed to a jelly and cut in a hundred pieces.

POTTSVILLE, 29. — Jacob Hunt-singer, late President of the Miners' Trust Bank, was re-arrested to-day on five distinct charges, covering alleged misdemeanors by false pretences and embezzlement to the extent of \$200,000. He was sent to prison in default of \$238,000 bail.

PHILADELPHIA, 29. — Wool—Ccl-orado, washed 20 @ 25, unwashed 17 @ 20, extra and merino pulled 29 @ 35, No. 1 and super pulled 29 @ 35; California fine and medium 18 @ 25, coarse 18 @ 22.

BOSTON, 29. — Five vessels from Brunswick, Ga., arrived at this port to-day, with yellow fever on board, and were quarantined.

CHICAGO, 29. — The services preliminary to the opening of the Moody and Sankey meetings, have been well attended to-day. The four hours of prayer in Farwell Hall were led by four Chicago pastors, Parkhurst, Thompson, Evarts and Goodwin. The demand for tickets to the first meetings on Sunday, eight a.m. and four p.m., is immense. George C. Stebbins, of Boston, will lead the great choir. Mr. Cose, of Philadelphia, managed the details of the meeting. T. W. Harvey is chairman of the executive committee. Moody's headquarters are at the Grand Pacific Hotel.

ITHACA, N. Y., 29. — At a very large and enthusiastic meeting of the various classes of the Cornell University, held here to-night, it was decided to send a challenge to the winners in the Cambridge-Oxford race, which occurs in March next. The challenge will be for fours or eights, with coxswain, as the Englishmen may decide, and for a four mile race over the regular course, from Putney to Mortlake.

TOLEDO, O., 29. — The large and extensive establishment known as the Milburn Wagon Works was nearly destroyed by fire this morning. The paint shop, which is situated on the fourth floor in the rear of the eastern wing, was discovered to be on fire about 6.15 p.m., and before the water could be turned on, the entire of the wing was in flames. The fire department was promptly on hand, and, aided by the wagon works engine, did good service. The fire steadily progressed, however, and soon gained an entrance to the main building through a heavy fire-proof wall by the means of the roof joists, and the entire main building, as well as the eastern wing, was soon