

Also Those of Gov. Vardaman Thomas Dixon, Jr., and F. Hopkinson Smith.

AT A COOPER UNION MEETING.

Was Held to Protest Against the Disfranchisement of the Negroes In the South.

New York, Feb. 2 .- Hoots and hisses greeted the mention of United States Senator Tillman, Gov. Vardaman of Mississippi, Thomas Dixon, Jr., and F. Hopkinson Smith at the mass meeting held by the Constitution league in Cooper Union last night. Called to protest against disfranchisement of the negro in the south the meeting resolved itself into a general denunciation of

negro in the south the meeting resolved itself into a general denunciation of conditions south of Mason and Dixon's ine. At least four-fifths of the crowd of 3,000 were negroes.
"Now comes Thomas Dixon, Jr., said Prof, Kelley Miller of Howard university, Washington, "that frenzied apostle of an evil propaganda who would deprive the negro of his rights by holding up the grotesque and repugnant side of his life with hideous portrayal. This shameless apostle priest of God, with undisguised daring, is doing the work of the devil. With satanic glee he stirs the fire of race wrath and inflames the evil passions of meu."
As the denuclation of Mr. Dixon waxed flercer, there were mingled the bitter of all the speakers was from Washington. Over and over again the chairman, John E. Kilholland tried to get her to stop and give the other side a chance, but she refused to do it. Becoming more violent in her denuclation of the south, she insisted on having her "say" out. She appealed to the audience for more time and was loudly sustained.
Tor, E. B. Dubois of Atlanta university spoke on "The Negro American and the Ballot." He said that the lettic and the Ballot." He said that the lettic staministration tended to draw the work down.

its interpretation, and the manner of its administration tended to draw the worker down. Ex-Congressman George H. White of North Carolina, who was defeated for re-election by the disfranchisement of many of his constituents, it is alleged, declared that if one state had a right to pick out one clause in the Constitu-tion and nullify it, another state would have an equal right to disregard an-other clause, until the entire constitu-tion had been destroyed. Congressman J. Warren Keifer of Ohio declared that the political parties had failed to carry out the fundamental principle of equality, and that to take way the votes of the negroes to give power to the few was the first step to an autocracy. The indignation meeting did not break up until morning. A set of reso-lutions for the reduction of representa-tion from the south in Congress was passed.

passed

A. B. Humphrey, the secretary of the league, announced that other meet-ings will be held in Philadelphia, Balti-more, Washington and Chicago.

TO PUT AN END TO GRAFT IN ARMY.

Chicago, Feb. 2.-A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington, D. C., says: The house committee on military af-fairs, of which Representative Hull of Iowa, is chairman, has determined to put an end to the graft in the army. If Congress enacts legislation in ac-cordance with its recommendation, infle-

That in addressng Mrs. Pinknam you are confiding your private ills to a womanence with women's diseases covers a great many years. Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter in - law of Lydia E. Pinkham, and for many years underherdirection, and since her decease, she has been advising sick women free of charge.

AND CONSIDER

THE ALL.

IMPORTANT FACT

bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing them-selves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a wo-man whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation. Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this

generous offer of assistance. If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham'sVegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pink-ham. Lynn. Mass., for special advice. When a medicine has been successful

in restoring to health so many women, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me."

ceives over \$300 in mileage. If or-dered to Manila he goes direct from San Francisco and it is cut down two-thirds."

ARCHITECTURA! STYLES AND AMERICAN LIFE.

New York, Feb. 2.-Hugh New York, Feb. 2.-Hugh M. G. Gardner of Chicago spoke on "Architec-tural Styles and American Life" before the delegates of the Architectural League of America last night. He said that its architecture was an indication of the character of a nation, and that our architecture was vain, tawdry and sharming.

shamming. At present there is a battle of styles and conditions, he said. America has run the gauntlet through the Gothles and the dear old Louise's and the col-onial, which appears with hay fever regularity. In 10 years the best houses are out of date, and in 20 they are torn down. The accumulation which we tear down every year is worth milshamming. we tear down every year is worth mil-lions of dollars; more than any other nation spends in the erection of new buildings

A building is the fruit of a man's na-ture, he went on. It is a mirror not only of himself, but of the whole peo-ple at any given time and place. The vain, tawdry and unseemly buildings

But there are a minimum of build-ingg which are same, sound and whole-some. The existence of the two oppos-ing sides denotes the war between the influence of the democratic idea and



Finest of Gowns, Expensive Laces, **Daintiest China**, Costliest Fans All Stored Together.

New York, Feb. 2.-More than \$250,000 worth of goods bought in four years of shopping in New York, piled unused rooms, closets and halls, nearly filling a large four-story brown stone mansion in Brooklyn, lay for 19 years unheeded. Laces were heaped upon callco, furs on cotton, the daintlest of linens and silks were stored with common household garments, \$500 gowns from the most fashionable of dressmakers were laid on cheap Mother Hubbards, solid silver and cheap plate, the most fragile of china sets were mixed with ironware, crystal and cut glass with common glassware-all cast in piles reaching as

high as the cellings, stuffed in closets high as the ceilinge, stuffed in closets and lying on the stairs. This was the result of a search of the "House of Mystery," No. 178 State street, Brooklyn. It tells of the mania of Mrs. Mary Cook King, who died two weeks ago in a Flushing sanitarium, and it explains what became of part of the \$50,000 estate left to her by her hus-band 20 years ago. The search was

and it explains what became of part of the \$50,000 estate left to her by her hus-band 20 years ago. The search was conducted by J. H. Squibb, 'executor of Ms. King's estate. There were no children born to the Kings, and when Mrs. King came out of mourning two years after her hus-band's death it was found she had de-veloped an eccenticity of character bor-dering on insanity. She discharged all her servants: she had the windows and doors of her home iron barred and she refused to receive visitors. She grew worse, and at the end of four years, about 1889, it was thought best to send her to a sanitarium. At the time she was promised that no one should enter her home until after her death. When the court appointed a commit-tee for her estate it was impossible to find more than 325,000 in a bank, and she refused to tell what had become of the rest. There was then no thought of searching the house. Mrs. King died two weeks ago and by her will Mr. Squibbs was the executor.

Mrs. King died two weeks ago and by her will Mr. Squibbs was the executor. When the legal formalities concluded he began a hunt for the missing securi-ties and on Thursday of last week he turned the key in the rusty lock and entered the house. The astonishing dis-covery was then made.

WILL OPPOSE NEW TRIAL FOR PATRICK.

New York, Feb. 2.—Preparations are being made by the district attorney's office to oppose the motion of Albert T. Patrick for a new trial. Assistant Dis-trict Attorney Garvan had a confer-ence with Dr. Otto H. Schultze yester-day to go over the affidavits of physi-cians who sprear that the audena dos day to go over the amdavits of physi-cians who swear that the evidence does not show that William Marsh Rice was chloroformed and that the embalming fluid could have reached the lungs in Rice's body.

Rice's body. The district attorney's office is also looking into the history of Alexander B. Stanbury, who makes the principal affidavit concerning statements made by Charles F. Jones in Texas. Attorney Frederick B. House was asked yesterday about the statement of Jones on the stand that Patrick made a confession before him. Mr. House said that there was a statute in regard to lawyers divulging privileged commu-

to lawyers divulging privileged commu-nications from clients and that he had no desire to violate the statute.



DESERET EVENING NEWS: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1906.

Los Angeles, Feb. 1.—Three persons were injured, one of them seriously, in a small wreck on the Salt Lake road hi which two passenger trains orash-ed together in a head-end collision near Rowland this evening. All of the in-jured were passengers. They are:





Utah's Most

Popular Rail.

CURRENT TIME TABLE

J. L. MOORE. Dist. Pass. Ast.

RAILROAD

\$10) p.m

road.

age accounts can no longer be padded, nor can army transports be used for excursions by officials, or members of Congress, or any one else. The com-mittee is searching for other leaks in the laws which permit diversion of money into the pockets of interested parties.

"We estimate that \$50,000 has been paid out in mileage," said Representa-tive Hull, "to which the recipients were not entitled. They got hold of the money by evading the law which Con-gress has enacted for the express pur-pose of thiroducing economy in trans-portation. The intention of Congress was to reduce the amount of money an officer should receive who was under orders to the Philippines. "The law states specifically that on-ly actual expenses shall be paid be-tween the United States and its insular possessions, but we have found that officers have been ordered to Naga-

possessions, but we have found that officers have been ordered to Naga-saki, Japan, or Shanghal, or even down to Hongkong and thence to Manila, traveling, with the exception of the past leg, on government transports. They here, on government transports. They have received mileage when they should be reimbursed only for their actual expenditures, and the latter amount to about \$1 a day, while mileage for the trip amounts into the hundreds. An officer going to Manila via Europe re-



Machines Rented, Repaired, Exchanged.

pressing it instantly restores correct tension.

At the Singer Store,

43 South Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

influence of the democratic idea and the threatened oppression of the doi-lar. We should have a school of ar-chitecture of our own. Prof. A. D. Hamilin of Columbia spoke on the "Relation of Decorative Scupture to Architecture." In the afternoon the delegates, as the guests of the National Society of Mural Painters, made an excursion around the city.

city. "J. Pierpont Morgan's art gallery. Gorham's and Tiffany's new stores," said a Chicago architect, "are the three best buildings on the continent. The new custom house is very imposing. For its use it is perfect." dity



tory of Oklahoma, closed a deal yester-day for the purchase of 175,000 acres of land in the state of Tamaulipas, 45 miles from the capital, Victoria. HARPER MEMORIAL. Committee Recommends That it Take Form of a General Library Building.

Form of a General Library Building. Chicago, Feb. 2.—The Harper mem-orial committee of the board of trus-tees of the University of Chicago rec-ommended to the trustees yesterday that the memorial take the form of a general library building to cost \$1,250,-600. All the friends of President Har-per will be asked to co-operate in se-curing the funds. It was recommended also that the final resting place of the president's body be designated by the wishes of the family. This leaves in some doubt the question as to whether the building question as to whether the building will serve as a mausoleum as well as a memorial.

DIVIDENT FOR CREDITORS.

New York, Feb. 2.-At a meeting of the creditors of William F. Miller of the creditors of William F. Miller of the Franklin syndicate, yesterday, a final dividend of .132 on a dollar was declared. With the sending out of the checks and the final order of the court discharging the trustees in bankruptey, there will be a legal end of one of the greatest swindles of the last century. Of the principals, Miller, the origina-tor, is the only one at liberty. He is working in a shoe store in Brooklyn; his partner, Edward Schlesinger, is dead, and Robert F. Ammon, who was a party to the swindle, and who receiv-ed a part of the money is serving a term of imprisonment in Sing Sing. There were 3,110 creditors with claims aggregating \$229,000. A former

There were 3,110 creditors with claims aggregating \$229,000. A former dividend of 15 per cent was declared, making the total dividend to creditors \$.286 on each dollar.

JOHNSON SUCCEEDS STARNES.

Chicago, Feb. 2.-Albert M. Johnson, chicago, Feb. 2.-Albert M. Johnson, who has been vice president of the National Life Insurance company for several years, was elected its prasident at the annual meeting yesterday, held here. He succeds P. M. Starnes, who gave in his resignation in December because of impaired health, and is now on the Pacific coast on the Pacific coast,