

CASSIE CHADWICK'S HOME COMING.

Instead of Friends and Flowers She Was Greeted With Jeers, Hoots and Hisses

TAKEN DIRECTLY TO THE JAIL.

When She Reached Her Cell Tier She Fainted Dead Away—Seven Indictments.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 14.—Five times indicted by the United States grand jury at the exact minute her train rolled into the station, Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick came home to Cleveland this afternoon. She was greeted with jeers, hoots and hisses by the crowds that gathered in the station when her train arrived; howled at by hundreds gathered in front of the federal building.

The last sound that reached her from the outside world, as she passed into the stuffy, ill-smelling office of Sheriff Barry in the county jail, was the hoot of derision from the people massed in front of the doorway. She made no attempt to give half, and after a brief stop in the office of the clerk of the United States court, was taken to jail. She is held tonight in a cell in the women's department of the jail and her palatial residence on Euclid avenue, of which the furnishings alone are valued at \$200,000, is occupied by her maid.

Her courage held to the last, but her body failed her when she had mounted the three flights of stairs leading to the tier of cells where she is to remain the indicted utterly and fell in a dead faint. But for the aid of deputy United States marshals, who held her up and almost carried her along as she mounted the stairs, she never would have been able to reach her cell. Breathless, pale and staggering, she was barely able to reach a chair as the steel door of the women's corridor swung open to receive her. She sank feebly into the chair, her head fell backward and but for the marshals she would have fallen. Water was quickly brought to her and in a few seconds she revived and was again a woman of business. Her first request was that her lawyer, Sheldon G. Kerruish, be sent for, and she was soon engaged in a conference with him concerning her defense.

There is small chance that she will be able to leave the jail before her trial. There are now seven indictments against her—five additional charges having been laid against her in the federal court this afternoon.

It would require surely to the amount of at least \$100,000 to give her freedom, and there is no money in Cleveland who will furnish that amount for her. She has herself no idea of giving bail, and will remain in jail. She has the best cell in the place, but it is not a nice cell, nor is the county jail of Cuyahoga county a nice jail, even as jails go.

HER TRAIN LATE.

Mrs. Chadwick's train was scheduled to arrive at 11:10 in the morning, but it was three hours later before it reached Cleveland. The delay of the train served but one purpose—that of increasing the crowd of curious at the station.

Shortly before 1 o'clock the train was stopped as 11 o'clock there were several hundred persons at the station, but their presence was hardly noticeable. There was more than the usual number of policemen present, but not enough to excite suspicion of anything unusual. Shortly before 1 o'clock the train was stopped as 11 o'clock there were several hundred persons at the station, but their presence was hardly noticeable.

About 1:30 United States Marshal Chandler drove up to the station in a carriage and sauntered out on the platform. He said Mrs. Chadwick had telegraphed him from Ashtabula asking that he be allowed to consult her counsel, Sheldon G. Kerruish, at the station before being driven to the federal building. The marshal stated, however, that he would object to any consultation in the station because of the crowd.

Almost with every minute the crowd grew in size and the police and officers of the police were severely taxed. Soon it was rumored that the train had passed Collinwood, a suburb about six miles out, and the police immediately cleared the platforms, drove back from the gates the crowd and formed a line through which Mrs. Chadwick would have to pass.

OVER THE FENCE.

When the train finally rolled into the

Blame

No One But Yourself if You Don't Get Well When Sick.

All we can do is give advice. Of course that is easy. But our advice is really worth a little more than most people's, for we offer to give you the first bottle of our medicine free, if it fails to help you. We would not afford to do this unless our medicine was good. Such an offer, on the wrong kind of medicine, would put a merchant prince in the poor house. Dr. Miles' Nerve, however, as years of experience have proved, is a medicine that cures the sick.

Those whom it cannot benefit—less than one in ten thousand—we prefer to refund their money. All we ask of you is to try Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve for your complaint. If you suffer from sleeplessness, nervous exhaustion, dizziness, headache, muscular twitchings, melancholy, loss of memory, weak stomach, poor blood, bilious troubles, epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, etc., we will guarantee to benefit you or refund your money.

You are the doctor. "My son Bert, when in his 17th year, became subject to attacks of epilepsy, so serious that we were compelled to take him out of school. After several physicians had failed to relieve him, we gave Dr. Miles' Nerve a trial. Ten months treatment with Nerve and Liver Pills restored our boy to perfect health."—MR. JOHN S. WILSON, Deputy Co. Clerk, Dallas Co., Tex.

FREE Write us and we will mail you a Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New, Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank for your Specialist to diagnose your case and tell you what is wrong and how to right it. Absolutely Free. Address: DR. J. C. MILES MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

Physicians say consumption can now be cured

Nearly all cases in the early stages. Many even when far advanced. Fresh air stands first. Good food next. Then a medicine to quiet the cough and control the inflammation—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask your doctor about this. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

station there was a rush from the further end of the iron fence that kept the crowd of curious from the tracks. This mob had broken through the police, swarmed over the fence and through the gate upon the tracks, so that when the train came to a standstill there were about 1,000 persons about the cars. When the train drew into the station at Cleveland, Mrs. Chadwick caught a glimpse of the great crowd which swarmed about the train and what she saw, on various points on the heights surrounding the station. She instinctively shrank back into a corner of the drawing room and said:

"I cannot see why all those people should be here."

After the train had been emptied of the passengers United States Marshal Chandler of Ohio stepped aboard her car, where he was introduced to Mrs. Chadwick, who asked that she be taken out as speedily as possible, and preceded by Emil Hooper, her son, and Freda Swanstrom, the nurse, the party made the way to the platform and thence through the dense crowd to a carriage in waiting.

NO FRIENDLY FACES. Although in her own city no friendly face greeted her at the car and Mrs. Chadwick stepped into her carriage as if she had been an entire stranger to this community. As soon as Mrs. Chadwick was recognized by the crowd there was a spontaneous outburst of jeers, whistles and shouts of coarse epithets. The crowd was increased by others that were attracted by the demonstration. People ran from all directions and crowded about the central figures of the case, and not until the police were called upon could the officers attempt to conduct their prisoner to the court.

Shouts of "Here's the notes," and "Where's the money?" greeted Mrs. Chadwick upon her appearance, and as the viciousness of the mob dawned upon her she seemed to grow faint and wavered as though about to fall. It seemed as though the party were the marshal's supporting her she must utterly collapse.

As soon as the police could clear a way and bring about some semblance of order about the station platform the officers led their prisoner toward the entrance to the federal building. There the street was almost blocked and well nigh impassable to the carriages and teams. The camera fiends was there in all his glory, despite the overcast sky and dark day, and through this battery passed Mrs. Chadwick, Marshal Chandler and the two deputies into their carriage. They were immediately driven away to the federal building.

JEERED AT. Mrs. Chadwick's son, Emil, and the nurse, Freda, followed in a second carriage. During all this time the crowd kept hooting and jeering, and as the carriages rolled away from the station they were followed by some of the crowd. The shouts and cries were taken up and passed along all the way to the federal building, through the busiest part of the city.

Business men on the way home, shoppers and laborers seemed to have been notified of the woman's arrival, and crowded to the curb. The jeers and hoots were taken up along the entire line and as each square that brought the party nearer the federal building, the shouts and cries continued to increase, and to avoid the increasing excitement the officials arranged to approach the federal building from the rear.

As the carriages neared the building the crowds on the sidewalks broke into the street and many began to run alongside the carriages, expecting to see Mrs. Chadwick as she entered the building by the main entrance.

In this the crowd that had assembled before the federal building was disappointed, for the carriage with the prisoner was driven into an alley in the rear of the building. There was much delay here because of the narrow passage way being blocked with wagons. The crowd already there was augmented by that which had assembled before the front of the building, and there was a veritable blockade.

USED CLUBS ON CROWD. The police were forced to drive the crowd away with clubs, while they extricated the carriage from the mob with the wagons. All this added to the excitement, and eager faces were thrust in the carriage and vulgar expressions hurled at the occupants. After consuming 20 minutes in going a distance of about twice as many feet, the prisoner's carriage was taken to the rear of the federal building, and, with the officers, she was taken to the marshal's office on the fifth floor, on the freight elevator.

The police continued to beat back the crowd, and out of the next carriage the nurse, Freda, was assisted to the carriage by her mistress. While Mrs. Chadwick with her nurse was in the federal building, Emil, in the carriage outside, was subjected to the scrutiny of the mob and was forced to listen to anathemas and maledictions, as well as sarcastic and bitter references to "notes," "diamonds," "securities," and the like.

The insults and jeers were not confined to one class. They were not heeded taken up by everyone on the streets in the neighborhood. Even the clerks in the postoffice, working on the ground floor of the building, looked to the rear door, located next to the one entered by Mrs. Chadwick, and, laughingly shouted: "Let's see the securities," referring to baggage of Mrs. Chadwick and Freda, which they saw through the carriage doors.

Repeated attempts on the part of the police to stop the outbursts of the mob were futile. It was apparent that the degree of excitement consequent upon the arrival of Mrs. Chadwick had been underestimated, and that the police arrangements in that part of the city at least, were entirely inadequate.

Mrs. Chadwick was taken at once to the office of Clerk Carleton of the United States court and there, attended by Freda Swanstrom, who came in after her, awaited the arrival of her attorney, Mr. Kerruish. The door was guarded by United States marshals and two members of the local police force, while Mrs. Chadwick and her attorney held an extended conference.

District Attorney Sullivan entered the room at the beginning of the conference and was introduced to Mrs. Chadwick.

Nothing was said by Mr. Kerruish or Mrs. Chadwick concerning bail, and it was thought by District Attorney Sullivan that she would plead to the indictments that had just been found against her. He went to the courtroom of Judge Wing, on the sixth floor, to arrange the

TEA Where is the best cup of tea to be got within two miles of this spot?

matter, but she announced that she did not care to plead at that time, and preparations were at once made to take her to jail.

Mrs. Chadwick was taken directly to the jail. When she was about to leave the federal building the excitement was greater, if possible than before. The carriage, after a few delays, forced a passage and once out of the alley, Mrs. Chadwick was hurried away to the jail. She passed through streets with thronged curbs, only to run the gauntlet of another mob that had been gathering for hours. Into the jail the prisoner was hurried to the accompaniment of more shouts and jeers and the clicking of photographers' cameras. Sheriff Barry asked Mrs. Chadwick the usual questions. She said her age was 33 years, her residence Cleveland, and the United States the country of her birth. Mrs. Chadwick was then taken to her cell.

The federal indictments against Mrs. Chadwick are five in number. Three of them charge her with aiding and abetting officers of a national bank to defraud the institution, and two charge her with conspiring against the United States.

Of the four indictments against President Beckwith of the Oberlin bank, two charge him with misapplication of funds of a national bank, one with conspiracy to commit an offense against the United States, and one with carrying checks when no funds were on hand. The indictments against Cashier Spear are the same as those against President Beckwith.

BECKWITH'S CONFESSION. The first witness before the grand jury was United States Marshal Chandler, who presented to the grand jury the sworn statement of President Beckwith. This is the document which has been called the "confession" of Beckwith. It set forth, in effect, that there were two notes of \$50,000 each, both signed in the name of Andrew Carnegie, and that Mrs. Chadwick carried positively, both to him and Cashier Spear that she positively saw Mr. Carnegie sign his name to both notes.

It was also set forth in the statement that a New York attorney who claimed to be a representative of Andrew Carnegie, had declared to Beckwith in Oberlin that the notes were genuine. The endorsement of the notes by Beckwith and Spear was admitted, but it was also set forth that they had no idea they were to be used in the manner in which Mrs. Chadwick handled them.

Mr. Beckwith's statement declared that they received from Reynolds information to the effect that "everybody was all right" and that a large amount of good securities belonging to Mrs. Chadwick were held by the Wade Park bank. This encouraged him to make loans to Mrs. Chadwick.

Mr. Beckwith's statement set forth the fact that Mrs. Chadwick had secured large loans from other bankers and had been released on bail. There was no reason to believe that she would not treat loans made to her by the Oberlin bank in the same manner.

The second witness was T. K. Whitney, township treasurer of Oberlin. He said James R. Severance, treasurer of Oberlin, collected from Mrs. Chadwick with loans made to Mrs. Chadwick by the college and told him the money had been repaid.

The hearing consumed all of the morning and was finished shortly before 2 o'clock in the afternoon, after the jury had been 30 minutes in session after luncheon. The indictments were voted at once; Dist. Atty. Sullivan handed in the documents which he had previously prepared, and in five minutes thereafter Mrs. Chadwick, Beckwith and Spear had been indicted.

There is no probability of Mrs. Chadwick being released on bail. She would be called upon to furnish to the government bonds of \$15,000 on each indictment, or a total of \$75,000. Should she give this she would be rearrested on the two county indictments and asked for an additional bond of \$25,000.

There is a possibility that she may be indicted a third time by the county, and if this should happen she would be asked for additional surety amounting to \$12,500. To insure her freedom pending trial she must therefore be prepared to furnish bonds amounting to \$12,500. She will remain in jail until her case is reached on the docket.

Mr. Beckwith and Spear will not give new bonds until arraigned. They are still held under preliminary bonds. Subpoenas for President Beckwith and Cashier Spear in connection with the Oberlin failure were issued today by the county grand jury, which will resume its investigation of the bank's failure tomorrow.

The home of Mrs. Chadwick on Euclid avenue was surrendered to Receiver Nathan Loren today, and he placed a custodian in charge of the property.

'Never stand before a MIRROR to read your own character; others will do it for you.'

TREE TEA SELECTED WISDOM The pure, good tea, sold in packages only.

M. J. Brandenstein & Co. Importers, San Francisco.

Christmas Luxuries.

The very latest in perfumes, such as Azura and Le Trifle, Palmer's, Lazell's, Eastman's, Seely's, Spieghler's and Rick-secker's.

In Gent's Traveling Cases we have a few of the best and most useful. Also a large variety of Toilet Sets. Welcome, Step In, All Cars Start From

Godbe-Pitts Drug Store,

BOTH PHONES NO. 140.

ALL KINDS OF LEATHER GOODS AT

MEREDITH'S Trunk Factory,

165 Main Street. East Side.

REPAIRING.

WANTS RELIEF FOR THE PEOPLE.

President Would Have Powers of Interstate Commerce Commission Enlarged

HOLDS SEVERAL CONFERENCES.

To All He Indicated His Desire that Action Should be Taken as Soon As Practicable.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 14.—President Roosevelt considered today with several of his friends his recommendation that increased powers be conferred by legislation upon the interstate commerce commission. Those to whom he talked were not only members of Congress, but men in other walks of life. To all he indicated his earnest desire that action of a definite nature—action that would bring results to the people—should be taken as soon as practicable.

A day or two ago he considered the question with Judge Grosceup of Chicago. Today he discussed it with Judge William W. Morrow of the United States circuit court at San Francisco. By invitation of the president a special committee of the Commercial Travelers' Protective association called on him today to consider his recommendation that the powers of the interstate commerce commission be passed upon questions of railroad freight rates, subject to review by the courts. The committee assured the president that, in the stand he had taken regarding railroad rates, he had the cordial support of the 25,000 travelers and jobbers which the committee represented. At the conclusion of the conference Chairman Randall of St. Louis issued a statement in which he said:

"The T. P. A. urges the adoption of the Cooper-Currier bill as affording a means of utilizing the present machinery of the interstate commerce law as the basis for a more complete system to be developed as the need is made apparent."

CAESAR YOUNG'S WIDOW FACES NAN PATTERSON.

New York, Dec. 14.—Mrs. Young, widow of Caesar Young, was a witness today in the criminal branch of the supreme court, where Nan Patterson is on trial before Justice Vernon M. Davis, charged with Young's murder.

Although she was on the stand only long enough to identify a letter to which another witness had referred, Mrs. Young's presence there developed one of the most intense situations of the trial.

As the wife of the dead man took the stand Miss Patterson became deathly pale, but watched intently every movement of the witness during her brief examination. The letter which Mrs. Young identified had been produced by Bernard L. McKean, one of Young's brothers-in-law, who testified that Young had mentioned it in a conversation with Miss Patterson early in May, and that Miss Patterson had said the letter was written by her sister, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith.

The letter has not yet been read in evidence.

Another of Young's brothers-in-law, William Luce, told of what occurred between Young and Miss Patterson at their meeting in a saloon the night before Young was killed, and John Crowley, a cab driver, repeated his story of having seen Young slap the prisoner's face during a quarrel on the street that same night.

BRITISH ARTILLERY.

Times Says it is Inferior to That of Other Nations.

London, Dec. 14.—The Times today prints a special article in which complaint is made that there has been unparagonable delay in re-arming the artillery. The article declares that with the exception of batteries of quick-fire guns hurriedly bought in Germany during the Boer war the British army has no guns that would seriously compete with the modern war Great Britain's artillery would be hopelessly outclassed alike in range, accuracy and in rate of fire, and would not be able to pieces before it could inflict any serious damage upon the enemy. Owing to the reluctance of the treasury to find money and to other red tape delays, nine months have been wasted since War Secy. Broderick's committee last March decided on models for new guns, and it will certainly be two years before the army is properly provided.

TOOK BALLOT BOXES.

Silver Bow Co. Jury, Mont., Simply Seized Them.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 14.—The Silver Bow county jury, called last spring to investigate various county offices, today forcibly seized upon the ballots of the last county election, despite the protests of County Clerk Weston, the custodian. Judge Harney then notified the grand jurors they were discharged. The judge says the action of the jury may nullify the election, as the law specifies that the ballots must not be touched except on order of the court.

Bolt Weevil Convention.

Shreveport, La., Dec. 14.—After passing resolutions commending the aid given by the government experts in their efforts to exterminate the boll weevil, and urging the farmers of the infected districts in Texas and Louisiana to burn all cotton stalks in the early part of the National Cotton Boll Weevil convention adjourned.

There's a time for everything—even Christmas Shopping

Now you've time to choose, time to be waited on, time to change your mind.

See the elegant presents displayed in our window.

WILLES-HORNE DRUG CO.,

Deseret News Building, BY THE MONUMENT.

Both Phones, 374.



The Experience of Many Women.

Here is the experience of a few out of the many who write Dr. Pierce:

Mrs. Mary M. Thomas, Secretary Sierra Madre W. C. T. U., Corresponding Secretary Young People's Christian Endeavor, Secretary Ladies' Aid Society Congregational Society, 337 Winston Street, Los Angeles, Cal., writes: "I was married several years before baby came and after its birth I found that my strength did not return. I daily became weaker and weaker, suffering with nervous headache, pains in the back and dizziness, so that at times I had to lie down for hours before I could get up. I tried a tonic or two before I tried Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, but the 'tonics' did little to restore my strength. After taking the first bottle of 'Favorite Prescription,' however, I was so pleased with the results that I kept on taking it until I was restored to health and strength. I shall never be without this great medicine, and shall take a few doses when I do not feel strong."

Mrs. Beverly Sitgreaves, 124 Fulton Street, San Francisco, Cal., writes: "I am pleased to add my testimony in behalf of your 'Favorite Prescription.' I cannot find language to express my gratitude and joy over the fact that I am well once more. The wearing of corsets too tight seemed to have brought on an abdominal pressure, weakening the ligaments and resulting in displacement, which troubled me until I was not fit to walk, and at times could hardly stand. What to do I knew not; medicine and doctors it seemed were of no help to me, until a neighbor advised me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Before the first bottle was used I felt ever so much better. I hardly dared believe it could be permanent, but my improvement went steadily on, and within four months I was like a new and well woman once more. I am now perfectly well and strong, and extremely grateful to you for your blessed remedy—a boon to sick women."

Miss Earline Agard, Chaplain Patriotic Daughters of America, 413 1/2 Michigan Avenue, Lansing, Michigan, writes: "Your 'Favorite Prescription' is certainly a wonderful medicine for the ills of women. I have heard it spoken of

in highest praise by many, and so I am sure that my experience has only been that of one of many and only deserves a good word. About a year ago I began to have severe pains across my back brought on by a cold at the critical time, and each month afterward I was in pain and distress until I dreaded its approach. Your remedy was prescribed and the way it acted on my system was almost too good to be true. I certainly have regained my health and strength, and no longer have any pains nor that extreme lassitude. Am restored to perfect health."

So uniformly successful has Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription proven in all forms of Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb, and Leucorrhea, that, after over a third of a century's experience in curing the worst cases of these distressing and debilitating ailments, Dr. Pierce now feels fully warranted in offering to pay \$500 in cash for any case of these diseases which he cannot cure.

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for this medicine.

"An Ounce of Prevention is Better Than a Pound of Cure." The "Flower Kingdom," as China is called, lies on the opposite side of the earth from us, and the Chinese ideas are often the very opposite of our own. For instance, a Chinaman will agree to pay his doctor a certain sum as long as he is well, stopping payment as soon as he is overtaken by illness. According to Sir Henry Thompson, more than half the sickness of the world is due to preventable causes which it would be wiser to remedy, rather than to cure, rather than to cure their results. Medical attendance is of necessity, very expensive. The bill for the doctor's service is a source of worry and anxiety to countless sufferers, and many a poor invalid will suffer from want of medical attention, rather than to their often overwhelming liabilities. Dr. E. V. Pierce, founder and chief of staff of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., offers free medical advice to all sufferers, through the medium of his well-known book, the Common Sense Medical Adviser, which will be sent on receipt of thirty cents, to cover postage and wrapping. In case you are uncertain as to your condition, a letter addressed him will be given personal attention, and an honest, careful consideration. All the facts of your trouble can be told him, as they will be held sacredly confidential. Write at once, for delay may be dangerous.

We guarantee that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription does not contain alcohol, opium, or any harmful drug. It is a pure compound of medicinal plants scientifically combined. Persons making false statements concerning its ingredients will be prosecuted.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, J. W. Rinehart, President.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Your next Ledger Should be a Loose-Leaf Ledger. - A

perpetual system - the best.

Select it from the most complete stock in Utah.

The Braden Office Supply Co.

#60 West Second South Tel 729.

LOS ANGELES

Will be ILLUSTRATED

In the News best style In the

CHRISTMAS

ISSUE.

THE WAY OF THE WORLD

Is via the

Santa Fe

"THE DIRECT LINE" from Utah to Kansas City—St. Joe—Chicago—Galveston—El Paso also to mining camps and health resorts of New Mexico and Arizona.

3—TRAINS DAILY—3

For passenger and freight rates—Free literature and all other information address C. F. Warren, General Agent, The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co., Salt Lake City, Utah.

OUR CUTE BIRD RESISTS DECOUPEL ENGRAVING CO. 27-29 W. 50 TEMPLE ST. BOSTON CITY

Joseph E. Taylor PIONEER UNDERTAKER

Of Utah. Open day and night. Factory and Warehouses No. 22 E. First South. One and one-half blocks east of Theater.