

consequent arrest of the king of the forest for contempt. If Leo were to stay much longer in town, wouldn't he be likely to be indicted?

Temperance Lecture.—Mr. Geo. B. Taylor, Supreme Commander of the Independent Champions of the Red Cross in the United States, will deliver a lecture, on the "Horrors of the Liquor Traffic," in the Old Tabernacle, to-morrow, Sunday, afternoon, at half past five o'clock. Admission free.

The following purports to be a statement of the nature and objects of the society—

"This organization is a temperance organization. It does not, however, impose upon its members a life-long pledge, simply requiring them to abstain from the use of alcoholic stimulants, so long as they remain members of the Order. This pledge does not prohibit the members of the organization from drinking sweet cider, or the newly expressed juice of the grape, nor any other beverages free from alcohol. It is a mutual life insurance organization. On the death of a member, all the surviving members within the State or Territory, pay into the treasurers of their respective encampments the sum of one dollar, and the money thus paid in by all the members, is paid over to the friend or friends of the deceased companion, the officers of each encampment doing the clerical work in the distribution of the mutual life fund, and making no charge for their services—every cent paid in goes to the parties designated to receive it.

"Ladies come in as members on the same terms, and enjoy precisely the same privileges as do gentlemen. The organization is perfectly mutual in its workings, taking care of the sick, and providing employment for those who need it. The fee for becoming a member is three dollars for men, and one dollar and a half for women.

"None are admitted under eighteen years of age for men, and fourteen years for young Misses.

"This organization is one of the most popular societies in California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington Territory, and Idaho Territory. Its teachings are moral, but not sectarian. It is under the supervision of no religious party, but its teachings are moral, elevating and progressive."

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, JULY 13.

Downfall.—A thunder and rain storm as we go to press.

Honey.—We saw some beautiful, pure honey to-day, produced at Mill Creek, by bees belonging to brother Cornwall, of that place.

About the Same.—We regret to have to state that the condition of Brother Paul A. Schettler does not appear to improve.

Recovering.—We are pleased to learn that Brother Alexander C. Pyper is recovering from the effects of the injuries received by accident the other day.

The Tailors.—We understand that the tailors contemplate commencing business in the Constitution Buildings in a few days, in the United Order.

The List.—The list of names of the coming company of emigrants will be found in to-day's News. The company will, in all probability, reach this city on Wednesday evening.

Lecture.—Between six and seven hundred people attended the lecture of Mr. Geo. B. Taylor, on the "Horrors of the Liquor Traffic," at the Old Tabernacle, last evening. The lecture was very able and was listened to with the strictest attention.

The Immigrants.—The following dispatch was received by President B. Young yesterday:

"OMAHA, July 11, 1874,
5:10 p.m.

"Brigham Young:—P. C. Carstenson, in charge of five hundred and sixty emigrants; they leave here to-day for Utah.

"THOS. L. KIMBALL."

To Be Graded.—This morning Surveyor General Jesse W. Fox took the level of First South Street, from the National Bank of Deseret corner to the Theatre, preparatory to grading it so as to keep it free in

future from stagnant pools in all kinds of weather. This will be an improvement that the people in that locality will appreciate.

Good Prospects.—The rolling stock for the line of railroad which it is proposed to build from this City westward to Stockton and thence southward to Iron City, Iron County, has been secured, and it is probable that negotiations for all the balance of the material, including iron, are completed by this time. This railroad enterprise is the same as was mentioned some time since, as being very extensive in its character.

Seduction Case.—Yesterday a young man named Robert Greene, of Cottonwood, was arrested, in this City, on a charge of seduction and debauchery, and is now in jail, pending an examination before Judge S. W. Richards, who issued the warrant.

The brother of the young woman alleged to have been seduced by Greene took after the latter yesterday. He whipped out his pistol, but was prevented from shooting by officer Phillips.

Lost.—Left her home in the 20th Ward, on Saturday morning last, a girl named Harriett Winn, apparently between eleven and twelve years, of a very nervous temperament. She has light hair and blue eyes; had on a light calico dress, and was bareheaded and barefooted. Any person having seen the child or knowing of her whereabouts will confer a very great favor upon her mother by sending her, or information of her, to the residence of Mr. F. J. P. Pascoe, 17th Ward.

City papers, please copy.

Excursion to Cache.—We understand a cheap excursion, at an early day, from this City to Franklin, the present terminus of the Utah Northern Railroad, is under consideration. If three hundred or more tickets can be sold the trip can be taken for but a small amount, and if the excursion does come off doubtless considerably more than the number mentioned will avail themselves of the opportunity to visit Cache Valley, one of the most thriving and fruitful portions of Utah.

Wheat.—Bro. W. H. Hocking brings into the office a number of stalks of ripe wheat, which he terms of the Taos variety, the seed originally from Holland six years ago. The wheat shown us was sown in the 12th Ward last Spring twelvemonths and mown last summer for hay. The first crop in this region weighed sixty-nine pounds to the bushel. The stalks as cut are about four feet six inches high, with good sized heads.

Bro. Hocking has not seen a single head of smut in any of this wheat he has grown.

Marks and Brands.—We have had placed in our hands, for printing, by William Clayton, Esq., Recorder of marks and brands, the record of all the latter coming under the heading of A. B. & C. The record will be in alphabetical order, and those desiring to have their brands recorded under any of the letters following the three first should send them to Mr. Clayton immediately, for as soon as the record under the various letters goes into the hands of the printer it is so far closed down to applicants for record. This is a matter of considerable importance, and those interested should take the hint.

The Southwestern Stage Line.—We learn from Hugh White, Esq., that next week the stages of this line will run daily from Provo to Pioche, starting from the former place on the arrival of the train from this city, and making the trip in forty-eight hours. They also run to St. George via Fillmore and Beaver, making that trip in two and a half days.

A number of fine new coaches are on the way here, and the line, in every respect, will shortly be in such a condition that there will be no room for fault-finding, even from the most fastidious.

From the Sandwich Islands.—Yesterday morning, Elder Harvey H. Cluff arrived in this city from the Sandwich Islands, where he had been on a mission for the last four years and seven months. He was twelve days on the journey home, including one day while he lay over at San Francisco.

When Elder Cluff went to the Sandwich Islands he had been but one year home from a mission to Europe, where he labored for about

four years, a large portion of the time in Scotland. He is in good health, but the health of his wife who was with him on the Islands, has not been good for a considerable time. The two have gone to their home in Provo.

Creeping Mails.—A letter from Fayette, Sanpete County, posted July 3, reached us this morning—somewhat of a feat in these days of dispatch and hurry.

The Eureka, Nev. *Cupel*, similarly afflicted, thus gives vent to its feelings—

"Dwellers hereabouts are a patient people, a long suffering and patriotic people. They bear their crosses like Christians, and prove by their acts a lineal descent from Job. Eureka is the second town in Nevada in importance and population, and is furnished with facilities such as are not given to the veriest played out camp in the State. When letters arrive they are mouldy; when papers come they have a yellow and aged appearance, and public documents from Washington exhibit evidences of decomposition, and rottenness. The mail sacks gather moss during the trip, so long are they on the road, and so long a time elapses between the sending and arrival of letters that the recipients here very frequently cannot remember who the writer is. Drivers of the mail conveyance who leave Palisade in all the bloom, beauty and friskiness of youth, arrive here sober, rheumatic, and greybearded men. The second coming of the Redeemer is not much slower than the coming of the U. S. mail, and the trip of the children of Israel across the desert was 'rapid transit' when compared with this new postal arrangement. We are not captious and do not ask the department to forward our mail with the speed of the comet, which is some 6,000 miles a second, but the contractor might put on the route a relay of bulls. Readers at a distance must not think that the above is an overdrawn picture. Alas! it is but too true. The resignation of Postmaster General Cresswell is now accounted for. He let this Eureka contract and then his conscience smote him; he quit his job in Washington and went into the country where he might hide his head and do penance for such an infamous act.

The Coal Question.—The coal question is an exceedingly important and somewhat of a vexed one to this community, and it still remains unsettled. The question, "What is going to be done about it?" is incessantly asked, but no one seems yet to be in a position to give a satisfactory answer. Some point hopefully to the proposed railroad between this City and Summit County. Indeed this seems to be the best means of defeating the imposition levied upon the people by the Union Pacific Railroad Company, which is little if anything short of an outrage. If the home line of railroads mentioned be not built before very long the people may be compelled to pay sufficient money out for coal, over that which there is any necessity for expending, to construct the road. It is a matter the importance of which can scarcely be overestimated for the people to be at the mercy of a whimsical and apparently unscrupulous railroad company for one of the necessities of life, which, to a great extent, would be the case here in the winter season, when hauling by team would be occasionally, at least, simply impossible.

In the meantime there are hundreds of teams for which there is no other work in and around this City, and, we presume, also in Summit County. Those might be and should be hauling coal from the Weber coal-beds, and thus keeping money in the Territory that would otherwise be paid out to a railroad company which has no sympathy with nor interest in the community, besides making something individually for the owners of the teams. It is certainly time some definite steps were being taken upon the coal question.

For nine years the municipality of Hoboken have carried on litigation to avoid the payment of war bounty claims; the court of errors and appeals has settled the question, deciding the case against the city. The claims amount to \$50,000; the litigation cost the city \$12,000. The original claims amounted to \$28,000.

Mortimer Moynahan, the well known Fenian, and a writer for the weekly papers, was found to-day, dying from Paris green, and in the same room was found, already decomposing, the body of his wife, who died from taking the same poison.

Two laborers were suffocated to-night, while cleaning a tank at 578 West 33d St.

Boston, 11.—John Furnish's tannery and currying shop, at Woburn, with the stock, were burned to-day; a falling chimney killed one man. Loss unknown, mostly insured.

Indian supply contracts, for the fiscal year ending June 30th, '75: Armour, Plankton & Co., Chicago, bacon contract for the Kiowas and Wichetas, delivered at Kansas City, at seventeen cents per pound; C. A. Broadwater, Montana, flour contract for the Fort Peck agency, at \$3.45 per cwt.; I. S. Martin, Colorado, flour contract, for the Sioux, at the Red Cloud agency, deliverable at Cheyenne, \$2.50 per cwt., the lowest figure ever obtained for this agency; David McCranon, Montana, flour contracts for the Fort Hall agency, \$4.80, and for the Black Feet agency, at \$5.50. The grasshopper ravages here have placed the exportation of flour, for long distances, at high prices. C. A. Broadwater, corn contract for Fort Peck, at \$2.45 per cwt.; C. A. Broadwater, beef cattle contract for the Fort Peck agency, at \$2.25; David McCranon, beef cattle contract for the Fort Hall agency, Idaho, at \$2.40; David McCranon, for the Blackfeet agency, at \$2.20; Wilson & Rich, of Montana, for Crow agency, at \$1.94, the lowest figures ever obtained at this agency; Pit Largely, of Montana, for the Santee and Poncas agencies, at 2.68; I. K. Foreman, of Nebraska, beef contract, 22½ millions of pounds of beef for all the Sioux in Dakota, at \$2.30 per cwt., the price last year was \$2.78.

General William Hillyer, died here to-day, of congestion of the lungs.

RALEIGH, 11.—Governor Caldwell died this evening, at Hillsboro, of cholera morbus.

RICHMOND, 11.—A man who has been here some days falsely representing himself as an agent for Commodore Vanderbilt, was arrested to-night; he had in his possession a large amount of forged drafts.

MILWAUKEE, 11.—Reed's sash, door and blind factory, at Wash Depere, near Green Bay, was burned this morning; loss \$20,000, insured \$5,000.

CHICAGO, 11.—A special says that Loftus, the Gravesville wife murderer, to-day, plead guilty, and was sentenced to the State's prison for life.

NEW YORK, 11.—The oil fire which broke out at Weehawken last evening, raged with unabated fury. It was seen that the tanks would go, the laborers employed in the yard were put to work removing property, and succeeded in running off about 1000 barrels, but the heat became so intense that it was impossible to remove more. In addition to the destruction of the tanks, a large wooden storehouse and its contents was entirely destroyed. Another house at the back of the structure escaped destruction, but the cooper shop was burned, and the burning oil ran out into the river and the short pier was entirely destroyed, and the fire burnt out a section of the trestle works, a portion of which was saved by the firemen, who cut away between fifty and seventy-five feet. This evening the last tank burst, and the flames were then confined to the property in the yard; the total loss is estimated at \$750,000. Sixteen tanks, with from 5,000 to 20,000 barrels of oil each, and estimated to contain 75,000 barrels, were consumed. Besides the destruction of the piers, warehouse and cooper shop, and damage to the trestle works, the road bed was ruined, sleepers burned and rails twisted into every conceivable shape. Four carts and sixty-five cords of wood, valued at \$2000, and a barge were also destroyed. The insurance is not over \$100,000, in five Boston, and a number of New York companies and in the London and Liverpool, and Globe of London.

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SAN FRANCISCO, 11.—A dispatch from San Diego to-night says that a party of men pursued and captured the murderer of G. R. Whittleton, near Stanix; he fought his captors, and was wounded severely before he surrendered. They started home with him and were met by a large crowd of men, who took him away and hanged him to a tree.

ST. LOUIS, 12.—A gentleman just from Fort Sill says Indian Chiefs Satanta, Big Tree and Lone Wolf are in collision with the whites and that serious trouble may be expected.

NEW YORK, 12.—The Orangemen, to-day, celebrated in a quiet and unobtrusive manner. About a thousand formed in procession and marched to the church of the Holy Trinity, where services were held and a sermon preached by Stephen H. Tyng, Jr. He advised them to beware of party discussions and difficulties, and to unite in universal brotherhood. Many spectators witnessed the procession.

The *Herald's* special at Paris, says that *Figaro* was suspended by the government for quoting from President MacMahon's message, the declaration that he would retain the power conferred upon him, and then apostrophizing the Assembly as follows: "By your orders the marshal became supreme head of the State. The army obeys him; the army honors only him, follows but him, obeys him; the army having a horror of factions in parliament will defend the commander to whom you entrusted power. If any party faction seeks to overthrow your irrevocable decree, they must enforce the decision of the Assembly."

WASHINGTON, 12.—The following are among recent postal changes: Discontinued—Deep Creek, Tooele Co., Utah; St. John, Tooele Co., Utah.

EAST CLEVELAND, 12.—Hubble's block fell in this morning, owing to the weight of water on the roof, which clogged the gutters; a man in the barber shop below was killed, and several seriously wounded.

SAN FRANCISCO, 12.—Robitschek & Co.'s morocco manufactory and tannery was destroyed by fire to-day; loss \$20,000, partly insured.

NEW YORK, 13.—The fire at Weehawken destroyed all the oil in the tanks, and damaged greatly the Erie railroad tracks. 85,000 barrels of oil and 65,000 barrels of naphtha were burned. Watson, bookkeeper of the Erie road, estimates the total loss at \$2,000,000.

A Frankfurt letter says that two important congresses have recently been held, at Bonn and Mayence, on the union of the German Catholics. At Mayence resolutions were adopted directed against the constitution of the German empire, the national party, the Jesuit law, utilitarianism, the guarantee of public instruction by the State, a liberal press, and the foreign policy of the German Empire, especially towards the Vatican. The speeches made created no little stir in German official circles. Loyal telegrams were received from all parts of Germany, and sent to Rome. The state is particularly exasperated by the Mayence assembly, and all the active members been summoned to appear at Anchem to answer the charge of producing excitement against the powers that be.

John Mitchell, the famous exile, is about to return to Ireland to become a delegate for the British Parliament. Nearly two thousand dollars have been collected in this country and Ireland to defray Mitchell's expenses.

A special says that the members of the Beecher-Tilton investigating committee will express no opinion till the investigation is concluded. A story has prevailed in Plymouth Church that the whole trouble between Tilton and Beecher was owing to Beecher's attempts to induce Mrs. Tilton to leave her husband. Mrs. Tilton has not testified before the committee.

TOLEDO, 13.—Eight or nine German farmers got into a fight while returning from a saloon last night, and Michael Smith was killed, John Dwinnus mortally wounded; all the others were variously injured with knife thrusts.

The *Times* special says the Carlisle are trying to drive away foreign correspondents by shooting some as spies; many Germans have already withdrawn from their lines.

ROME, 12.—Monsignore De Me. rode, archbishop of Mitylene and private chaplain to the Pope, is dead.

By Telegraph.

AMERICAN

WASHINGTON, 11.—The secretary of the interior, the commissioner of Indian affairs and the board of Indian commissioners have made, among others, the following awards for