

THERE HAS BEEN
TROUBLE BEFOREKentucky Not the First State with
a Dual Government.

OTHERS IN THE SAME BOX.

Southern States Have Been Fruitful
of Just Such Political Embroilings.

New York, Feb. 1.—The embroiling in Kentucky recalls to the Herald situation quite as complex and threatening as that of the Southern States during the reconstruction period. The State of Alabama was passing through one of these times twenty-seven years ago, and an armed conflict was narrowly averted. Armed conflict was narrowly averted. Armed conflict was narrowly averted.

Arkansas in 1874 matters proceeded to a greater extreme and an armed conflict was only averted by the firm attitude of President Grant's administration. Two governments were actually set up, one of them under the decision of the State circuit court, and what was known as the "Baxter" government, which was a rival government.

On April 14, 1874, Governor Baxter was elected by the State circuit court, and he and his colleagues had been elected to the United States Senate in 1874. Baxter was elected by the State circuit court, and he and his colleagues had been elected to the United States Senate in 1874.

That advice suited neither party, and preparations for war were continued by the opposing factions. On May 13 the commander of the United States forces at Little Rock was ordered to bring the matter before the State court of appeals and settle by its decision.

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CATARRH OF THE STOMACH.

A Pleasant, Simple, but Safe and Effective
Cure for It.

Catarrh of the stomach has long been considered the next thing to incurable. The usual symptoms are a full or bloated sensation after eating, accompanied sometimes with sour or watery risings, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the heart and lungs and difficult breathing, headache, sickle appetite, nervousness and a general played out, languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth, coated tongue and if the interior of the stomach could be seen it would show a slimy, inflamed condition.

The cure for this common and obstinate trouble is found in a treatment which causes the food to be readily, thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate the delicate mucous surfaces of the stomach. To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared.

According to Dr. Harrison the safest and best treatment is to use after each meal a tablet, composed of Diastase, Aseptic Pepsin, a little Nux, Golden Seal and fruit acids. These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and not being a patent medicine can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular use after meals.

Mr. N. J. Booher of 2710 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., writes: "Catarrh is a local condition resulting from a retained cold in the head, whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poisonous discharge therefrom passing backward into the throat reaches the stomach, thus producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribed for me for three years for catarrh of stomach without cure, but today I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my good feeling. I have found fresh appetite and sound rest from their use."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest preparation as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, catarrh of stomach, biliousness, sour stomach, heartburn and bloating after meals.

Send for little book, mailed free on stomach troubles, by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. The tablets can be found at all drug stores.

served during the long contest by the military authorities of the United States.

Supposed Murder.

Oakland, Cal., Feb. 1.—Captain Hardy, first officer of the S. S. Celia, has been missing since last Thursday evening. On the night of his disappearance he was seen shortly before midnight on the way to his ship, and it is known that he carried considerable money. The captain never reached his vessel and the theory advanced is that he was killed on the ship and then thrown into the bay.

MENELIK FAVORS BRITAIN.

Refuses Russian and French Counsel to Attack the English.

New York, Feb. 1.—A dispatch from Zurich states that reports that Menelik is arming are untrue and that the negus has rejected French and Russian counsel to attack the English from the rear.

Menelik in November last received an extraordinary ambassador sent to him by England, with the greatest honor. He held many number of conferences with the English envoys, at which Herr Tig, his Swiss adviser, was present.

The negus was highly delighted with the result of the negotiations and loaded the embassy with costly presents for the queen. French and Russian diplomats are very dissatisfied at the turn which things have taken. English influence in Abyssinia is steadily increasing.

Menelik will not visit Paris. He takes the greatest possible interest in the construction of the Djibouti-Harar railway.

Miss Gould Not a Specialist.

New York, Feb. 1.—There will be decided opposition, it is stated, in Washington, to giving Miss Helen Gould the thanks of Congress, as proposed in a measure recently introduced. Representative Hull, of Iowa, chairman of the House committee on military affairs, said that he should oppose the measure.

"Not on the ground that Miss Gould has not been the exemplification of generosity and patriotism," said Mr. Hull, "but I think the thanks of Congress is not a fitting way in which to reward her. It is against all precedent. In my opinion Miss Gould should have a medal of honor from Congress."

Another Goebel Hurt.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Albert Goebel, a cousin of the wounded governor of Kentucky, was riding on a Lincoln avenue car yesterday, when he was attacked with heart disease, as the doctors, after diagnosed his ailment, and fell from the train, fracturing his skull. He sustained in addition severe cuts on the scalp.

Gompers Goes to Cuba.

New York, Feb. 1.—President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, sailed for Cuba last night on the steamship Orinoco, having obtained a month's leave of absence from the executive council of the federation, to recuperate from the effects of his recent bicycle accident. Gompers has been instructed to study labor matters in Cuba while away with a view of forming unions there.

Manuense Is Out of Coal.

San Francisco, Feb. 1.—On the morning of January 24th the transport Manuense, which has been anxiously expected here for several days put in at Honolulu and signalled that she was out of coal. She was then fifteen days from Yokohama for this port. She will have to take coal at Honolulu, which will probably require several days, and will have to undergo quarantine until she arrives here. The ill-fated steamship has already been about seven weeks on the way from Manila.

FALLING
HAIR
RESTORED

by warm shampoo with CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings with CUTICURA, purifier of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This treatment will clear the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothe irritated, itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, supply the roots with energy and nourishment, and produce luxuriant lustrous hair with clean, wholesome scalp.

MISS ANTHONY
WILL RESIGN.Suffrage Leader to Retire as President
of National Association,

AT EIGHTY YEARS OF AGE.

She Wishes to Accomplish Other
Work Before Her Mortal Career Closes.

New York, Feb. 1.—Miss Susan B. Anthony has arrived in Washington to make preparation for the annual convention of the National Woman's Suffrage association, which opens there next week. It will be associated with two interesting occurrences in the life of Miss Anthony—the celebration of her eightieth birthday and her resignation as president. The first will be made a great festivity by friends of the veteran suffrage leader. The second will cause universal regret, even sorrow, though it is Miss Anthony herself who so earnestly desires to lay down the gavel. It is no question of failing vigor, mental or physical, for Susan B. Anthony "never looked better in her life." Active of step, alert and ready of speech, retaining the forceful characteristics of her strong individuality, she would pass for a woman of sixty any day. There is no sign of fifty years' hard, steady work, full of doubt, discouragement and disappointment. On the contrary, she is bright and hopeful and very well satisfied.

For twenty-eight years Miss Anthony has wielded the gavel, in the first years as vice president, acting in the absence of Mrs. Stanton, the president and later when elected president to succeed Mrs. Stanton. Miss Anthony says she has other work to do before passing "on beyond the river," and therefore desires herself to place the gavel in younger hands and encourage the younger element to lead in suffrage work. She does not specify the other work, but it is understood it includes the complete history of suffrage from the beginning in 1848 to 1900. "I do not step down and out," Miss Anthony said laughingly, "go up from fifty years' work without pay to retirement on full pay. You know I have my annuity given me by friends five years ago. My sister has her small income in our old Boston home, and we shall live very comfortably. There I shall have the leisure to finish my work."

Miss Anthony believes that in this she will do more for the cause than to go on "running the machine." Whatever preference she may feel in the choice of her successor she is not making any in favor of any candidate. At the same time she says that the president of the National Woman's Suffrage association should be a woman of brains, leisure, means and freedom in other words, able to preside over a great body of women, time and means to devote to the work and freedom from domestic duties. It is said that Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, of New York, is the most available candidate, combining all these requirements. In the number of delegates New York is the banner State, sending twenty-six to the convention.

Samoa Is Quiet.

London, Feb. 1.—Advices from Apia, Samoa, under date of January 24th, says that all is quiet in Samoa, and the natives are more settled than at any time since the disturbance between the native factions. At a recent meeting of the Matafasi, at which Malletto was present, Matafasi made an address in which he counseled implicit obedience to the law.

No Place for Bryan to Speak.

New York, Feb. 1.—Governor Voorhees, it is reported from Paterson, N. J., positively refuses to give the use of the armory in that city for the Bryan reception and meeting on the night of February 3d. The opera house, the only other available hall, is engaged for that night by a theatrical company, which has a full grasp of the situation and refuses to cancel its contract without receiving a sum the Democrats look on as exorbitant.

BOER-BRITISH FIGHT.

Miniature Reproduction in Chicago With Disastrous Results.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—A special to the Times-Herald from Danville, Ill., says: Frank Specht, a German, who has an English wife, and William Shoemaker, an Englishman with a German wife, got into an argument over the Boer war last night. The injured: Frank Specht, stabbed three times with a pitchfork; may die.

William Shoemaker, badly beaten and scratched.

Mrs. William Shoemaker, scratched and hair torn out.

Mrs. Frank Specht, badly bruised and scratched.

At the beginning of the fracas the women stood valiantly for their own nationality, but as the fight progressed each forgot country and fought for her husband. When the police arrived Specht was unconscious and bleeding profusely, while the women were tearing each other's clothes and hair.

Sevall Is Quarantined.

San Francisco, Feb. 1.—Among the passengers of the quarantine steamer from Honolulu is Arthur Sevall, a candidate for Vice President, who has been on a visit to his son, H. M. Sevall, special agent of the United States in Hawaii. The Australia's passengers will probably be landed today but the vessel may remain in quarantine for several days.

CALLS THEM MISSTATEMENTS

Premier of British Columbia Speaks of Claims of Americans.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—A special to the Tribune from Victoria, B. C., says: Premier Sevin today presented to the legislature the answer of his government to the petition of the American miners in Atlin to President McKinley against the alien exclusion act. The premier's letter to the secretary of state says the statements in the petition that four-fifths of the claims in Atlin were prospectors and located by Americans and that citizens of the United States lost millions through the passage of the act are exaggerations and misstatements.

Continuing the premier said: "We would say any rights acquired by the petitioners have been preserved to them. The legislature complained of specifically exempted all claims recorded prior to its passage and provides for the unimpeded working of such claims by the holders, although aliens. A reference to the mining laws will show that their sole tenor is as it necessarily must be, that no right is acquired until a claim is recorded. As already stated all such rights are scrupulously



ACTS GENTLY ON THE

KIDNEYS, LIVER

AND BOWELS

CLEANSES THE SYSTEM

DISPELS EFFECTUALLY

COLD, HEADACHES,

OVERCOMES & FEVERS

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION

PERMANENTLY

ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE—MADE BY

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS, 10¢ PER BOTTLE.

respected. It may be well to note this as a caution to the reader of the petition, unacquainted with the facts, might naturally suppose that claims had been confiscated."

MR. ROBERTS IN CHICAGO.

He Talks of Taking His Case Into Court.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Brigham H. Roberts, of Utah, was in this city a few hours today, on his way to Salt Lake. Mr. Roberts was accompanied by his daughter.

"I am on my way home to Salt Lake," said Mr. Roberts. "No, I can't say that my fight to establish my right to a seat in Congress is over, for I intend to consult my lawyers and see if the matter can be brought before the United States Supreme court. I shall probably sue for the emoluments of the office to which I was elected by the State of Utah, as I cannot sue for the seat in Congress very well after being barred out by that body, which is the sole judge of its members."

When reminded of the report that the governor of Utah would call a special election to fill the vacancy caused by the unseating of Mr. Roberts, the latter said:

"I have heard of that, but have no definite knowledge that such action will be taken. No, I do not think I would try for a re-election in case a special election was held for the result at Washington doubtless would be the same. I am confident my constituents would support me, however, as they elected me by a majority of 6,000 having full knowledge of the charges which have since been brought against me. I am satisfied the people of Utah are with me in this matter."

"It is my opinion that Congress has established a dangerous precedent in barring out a representative elected by the people."

WAS A RECORD BREAKER.

Last Month the Warmest and Driest Up to Date.

Nothing Like This January Ever Registered by the Local Weather Bureau—Excess of Sunshine.

Viewing the month of January just past from a weather standpoint it was perhaps the most remarkable month since records of the weather began to be taken in Utah. It broke the record of all its predecessors as to warmth and every other feature except the rainfall, and only one month registers less precipitation than the one just past and that is the January of 1890, the rainfall being 25-100 of an inch. Last month it was 44-100, being one inch below the normal.

The excess of temperature for the month aggregated 240 degrees, which was 7 degrees daily above the average.

White Bread
STARVES
MANY
PEOPLE

The Reasons are
Told Below

A piece of bread that is dry, white and very light in weight seems to the thoughtful person like so much foam or other useless and non-nourishing product.

If one rolls a piece of moist, light bread of the interior of a biscuit between the fingers, a ball of dough is the result, with an appearance of solidity that makes one question how the gastric juices of the stomach can dissolve such a wad.

It is a small wonder that such food creates havoc in the way of fermentation and gas, and consequent disorder. Many dyspeptics will find great help by leaving off the ordinary bread entirely, and using in its place Grape-Nuts, in which the starchy and nitrogenous substances have been thoroughly and perfectly cooked at the factory before being sent out.

There is no possibility of the food assuming the form of wads of dough. On the contrary, the food is already predigested, the starch of the grain has been changed into grape sugar in the process of manufacture, and passes quickly and directly into circulation.

Grape-Nuts furnish the elements needed by the system to rebuild, particularly the soft gray matter in the brain and throughout the nerve centers in the body. This statement will be verified by use of the new food. It is delicious enough to recommend itself upon trial.

All first-class grocers sell Grape-Nuts and the Postum Co. at Battle Creek, Mich., make them.

temperature for January, taken from the records of twenty-five years. The mean temperature for the month was 35 degrees. The months that approached that record nearest, were January of both 1899 and 1899, their mean temperature being 34 degrees, 6 degrees above the average. January of 1887 came a little closer, registering 36 degrees, these three months being the most formidable rivals for the record in this particular held by the first month of the present year.

Indeed, last month was full of resources for record-breaking, it boasts of having the warmest day that was ever recorded for the month of January in Utah. This unprecedented day was the 12th, when the mercury climbed to 57 degrees. This record was first taken by January, 1896, the thermometer reaching 54 degrees on the 27th day of that month, but the 31st of January, 1899 attained to the same temperature, and that remarkable record died with it in a year. The coldest day of last month was its first day, 29 degrees being registered. From that date the mercury began to ascend and on the 13th reached a climax.

As may be expected the snowfall record was buried under. The month registering 1.5 inches the lowest ever recorded in this State. January, 1890, holds the snowfall record, being 3.08 inches.

The sunshine recorder is an instrument of more recent invention, therefore the records which it is the province of this instrument to register do not go back very far into the past, but this record also was taken by the last month. The average sunshine for any summer or winter day in the year is 8 hours and 35 minutes daily. But January last, without any respect whatever to the precedents of her predecessors, which forbade the lord of day to show himself very much, registered an average of 52 per cent of the daily quota.

Many days old Sol rose unobscured and traversed the entire length of his inverted path without a single cloud to abate his radiance.

The average January can boast of about twenty-five miles of wind daily, but the high velocity last month attained by the wind was fifteen miles.

No well grounded statement as to the effect of the warmth and dryness of the season on the water supply the

ensuing summer can be made, until voluntary stations in outside towns come in.

Log Cabin Candy at Abernathy's Sal.

Free copy of The Klondyke Midnight Sun, with every 25¢ box of Klondyke Nougats, Saturday 2 to 5.

Children who are troubled with Worms are pale in the face, fretful with spells, restless in sleep, have blue rings around their eyes, bad dreams, variable appetites and pick the nose. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE will kill and expel these parasites. Price 25 cents. Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

TABLER'S RUCKEY PILE OINTMENT is no panacea, but is recommended for Piles only. These it will cure. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 15 cents. Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Frequently accidents occur in the household, which cause burns, cuts, sprains and bruises. For use in such cases BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT has for many years been a constant favorite family remedy. Price 25 cents and 50 cents. Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Walker's Store.

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY CLEARANCE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

We've just closed the most prosperous year of Knit Underwear selling ever known to the Store. The books wouldn't chronicle such news but for one reason—We have had only the best and sold for less than elsewhere. Broken lots are these for tomorrow and Saturday and on most

Quantity to Each Customer is Limited.

Knit Underwear. Knit Underwear. HOSIERY.

CHILDREN'S Wool Ribbed Union Suits, excellent garments, in the larger sizes—4, 5, 6 and 7, which sell regularly for \$1.25 each, choice for \$1.00 and for the smaller sizes which are usually \$1.00 the garment—

Women's Fleece Cotton Union Suits, open front, sizes 3 to 9, regular price \$1.00, two days—

Women's Black All Wool, Ribbed Union Suits, selling always for \$3.00, very excellent value, two days sale price—

Women's Natural Wool Ribbed Vests and Drawers, all sizes, regular price \$1.00 each, two days—

Only 4 pairs of these to a customer: Children's Heavy Ribbed Hose, extra less and seamless, sell regularly for 25¢ a pair, two days—

Only 4 pairs of these to a customer: Women's Fleece Cotton Hose, full fashioned, extra quality, sell regularly for 15¢ a pair, two days—

Only 5 pairs to a customer of these: Women's Fast Black Hose, high spliced heels, double soles, 60 gauge, our very special 3 pairs for a \$1.00 grade, two days—

Only 2 pairs of these to a customer: Women's Fleece Cotton Hose, full fashioned, extra quality, sell regularly for 15¢ a pair, two days—

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