

THE USURY LAWS OF UTAH.

From the American Leader, May 12.
In Utah there is no absolute rule of interest except that when no rate has been agreed upon by the contracting persons eight per cent. is the legal charge. The law allows any rate of interest which has been contracted for in writing. The National Bank of Commerce of Provo, Utah, was sued for the recovery of sums claimed by the plaintiff in a previous suit. Judge Brown, of the First District Court here, in a suit decided against the bank, holding that according to the ruling of the United States Supreme Court in National Bank vs. Johnson, national banks are restricted in charging a higher rate of interest than the laws of the states in which the banks are located; and where the statutes of the state do not fix a rate of interest, national banks are limited to charging the rate of interest fixed by the state. The court held, it appears, as to whether this "8 per cent." of the Utah statute could be termed a fixed rate of interest or not, if it were a fixed rate, national banks in Utah, at least, 8 per cent., which were not at fixed rates, could be charged; but as Whittemore, the plaintiff, had been charged at a higher rate than either, he was, in any event, entitled to recover double the amount of interest.

It is natural, in view of this decision, that national banks in Utah and elsewhere should be anxious to know whether this ruling will be sustained by a higher court. The author of the opinion, however, doubts the correctness of his conclusions. A little time might therefore be profitably spent in examining this interesting case to some further detail. First of all, what was the law, as far as the question of interest? We may sum up the clause covering that point in this way: "That no bank may take whatever interest the local law allows to the state and other territories, or to the national banks upon which the above case turns are as follows: 'When no rate is fixed by the laws of the state or territory, or district, the bank may take, receive or charge a rate not exceeding 7 per cent.' The intent of this clause, we suppose, is to stumbling to which Judge Whittemore referred. In adopting the clause relating to interest, Congress did not intend to limit the saving power of the national banks and thereby relegate them to the same status as compared to state banking institutions. Its unmistakable purpose was to permit the national banks to contract for as high a rate of interest as that permissible to banks regulated by the state laws. Our author's opinion must not be overlooked in an attempt to find a just and reasonable application of the statute. But Congress was also influenced by the moral import of its attitude on that question. Under the 13th Amendment the national banks were wholly silent when the state law failed absolutely to provide for numerous undertakings. Thus it seems 7 per cent as the legal rate for national banks in states and territories where they are located, should be contracted for. This, at least, is our view of the question, and it remains to be seen how far it is supported by the courts.

Two judgments were cited by the National Bank of Commerce supporting its case. They are National Bank vs. Hennin, 74 Texas 570 page 575 and Hinds vs. Marmelio, 6 Cal. 220. In the latter case Judge Ross said: "The true interpretation of the act of Congress is that in the states and territories having no state laws upon the subject of interest the national banks are allowed a rate not exceeding 7 per cent, while in those states having statutes they are authorized to charge a higher rate. The national banks have no right to charge a higher rate than other banks and individuals. From this view it follows that insomuch as we have in California a state statute providing "that parties may agree in writing for the payment of any interest and it shall be valid and binding in the terms of the agreement until the entry of judgment," the national banks are allowed to charge and receive such rates of interest as may be agreed on."

The ruling in the Texas case is founded on the fact that the maximum rate is fixed by Congress since a national bank only where the state law is completely silent. Does the law of Utah make any provisions for the taking of interest by a bank? We have found that it does. The law says that any individual can contract for whatever rate he chooses. Shall we say, then, that whatever the rate nominated in the contract that is the legal rate, which the state will enforce upon the parties to the contract? But in the case under consideration cited to the Supreme court of the United States in National Bank vs. Johnson, in opposition to this conclusion, but in that case the court upheld the state law, which provided a penalty for charging over 7 per cent. in discounts and loans by banks. The bank held that it was a natural person and as such came within the terms of the New York statute which allows natural persons to acquire and purchase commercial paper at any rate above 7 per cent. The court found no essential

differences between purchases and discounts and that banking operations are concerned and held the bank down to the legal rate. The court denied that natural persons were allowed to charge over 7 per cent but state banks were limited in this rate to 7 per cent. The court held that the higher percentage, but the court did, in that case, interpret a legal hypothesis, in which it said that if the bank had claimed "that the rate is allowed by the law of the state and it is the right of the bank to receive whatever they may agree upon, then the section furnishes the conclusive answer." When no rate is fixed by the laws of the state, etc., then the bank may take or charge a rate, excepting its right to charge a rate less than the transaction in either event is within the prohibition of the statute." But if a case directly bearing on that point, such as the one under our hand should come before that court, we would be inclined to follow their reasoning in that direction. Following its rule to sustain state laws when they do not absolutely conflict with the Federal statutes would it not make the interest law of the state more important than the national bank law? Is it not the government principle for national banks in discharging and loaning their funds? Should the court's hypothetical question and its insufficient answer, involving a point of law so important, be followed? In this and the expressions upon which no rate may be taken as more dictum, be regarded as inconclusive? We think not.

May we not feel confident then, that it will not put a barrier in the way of the clear purpose of the Federal statute? That is, to give the people a rate of interest which they have given it, is correct? That purpose is in place state and national banks on the same footing as regards permissible interest charges. In Utah there is the state and legal rate, the national bank rate, and the bank rate. The court did not decide on this point. The court will not interfere to prevent national banks from taking advantage of a territorial statute which in no wise interferes with the Federal law. If there was a radical conflict between the two, Congress would have done away with the territorial statute. In Utah, the latter would necessarily become invalid; but in this question of allowable interest we have found no shadow of conflict. Therefore we believe that if this case should come before the Supreme court, the court, after fully considering the trial, will uphold the territorial law in questions of interest as the rule and guidance for national banks.

Court Jottings.

Last evening Guy C. Boyce, filed a \$20,000 damage suit against Salt Lake City. Plaintiff states in his complaint that about January third of the present year he was arrested and given a hearing in the police court, convicted of vagrancy and sentenced to imprisonment in the city jail for sixty days; that while confined in the jail he was unlawfully and wrongfully compelled to break root for the grazing and paving of the streets, and while so engaged was struck in the face by a piece of stone. This resulted in the loss of the sight of one eye, while the other was seriously injured. He alleges negligence and carelessness on the part of the city in failing to provide him with suitable tools and a safe and proper place in which to work.

Attorney E. W. Tatlock started for Fish Springs today on legal and ministerial business. He will be in Fish Springs in an attempt to find a just and reasonable application of the statute. But Congress was also influenced by the moral import of its attitude on that question. Under the 13th Amendment the national banks were wholly silent when the state law failed absolutely to provide for numerous undertakings. Thus it seems 7 per cent as the legal rate for national banks in states and territories where they are located, should be contracted for. This, at least, is our view of the question, and it remains to be seen how far it is supported by the courts.

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Mr. A. L. Armstrong, an old druggist, and a prominent citizen of this town, has a very bad cold, with many different kinds of cold medicines, but has never in my experience seen so much of any one article as I have of *Hood's Sarsaparilla*. All who use it say it is the best. It is a specific for Croup and Whooping Cough, and all disease of the Throat and Lungs, they have ever tried." It is a specific for Croup and Whooping Cough. It will relieve a Cough in one minute. Contains no opium, and is safe and simple. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

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Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Balsam, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Caton, O., had five large Fever sores on his legs; doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Balsam and his sores disappeared. Dr. A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. Large bottle \$6.00 and \$1.00.

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