

fore at the upper lake ports. The amount of lumber cut during the past winter, which now awaits shipment, is larger than ever before.

Nathan P. Pratt, treasurer of the Reading Savings Bank, is a defaulter.

WASHINGTON, 24. Speaker Randall is strongly opposed to the movement for general legislation by congress during the present session, and there is good reason to believe that even if a majority in the democratic caucus favor the proposition, he will hold back the announcement of the full list of committeemen until the appropriation bills shall have been passed by the House, in the hope that a concurrent resolution for final adjournment can then be pushed through before the advocates of general legislation can effectually muster their forces to prevent it.

Ex-Governor Alexander R. Shepard has leased his residence to Congressman Bliss, of New York, and will start almost immediately for the City of Mexico, where it is stated he will engage in various American enterprises and remain in Mexico until the return of General Grant to this country, when he will join him at San Francisco.

In the Oliver-Cameron case, Dr. George Gould, of Kentucky, in charge of the Minersville Female College, testified that his mother was a sister of Thomas Oliver. Saw plaintiff in Louisville. She was living with his uncle Thomas Oliver, in a house in Walnut Street, from which his family had previously moved; plaintiff commenced writing to witness in 1870, and continued to do so until about two weeks ago. The general purport of the letters was that if witness did not use his influence with Oliver to have him pay plaintiff some money she would prosecute him for bigamy and disgrace the whole family. He knew plaintiff lived with his uncle as his mistress. Oliver is now an assistant in the school in Millersville, over which witness had charge. He knew that for the past 20 years the life of Oliver had been a very exemplary one.

CHICAGO, 24.—The monster socialist ball and meeting which was inaugurated yesterday evening, continued throughout the night, and up to late to-night. The concluding exercise was the drill of those who bore arms. It gave evidence of considerable knowledge in military tactics. No breach of the peace occurred, although the utterances were generally of an incendiary character. Some uneasiness is felt lest the success of these exponents of communistic principles have had in raising money in this way, may lead them to excess and cause an outbreak which will end in bloodshed. They seem aggressive and confident of their power.

The Tribune's Washington special says: A story has just gained wide circulation that Senator Bayard and Representative Springer through Secretary Evarts have learned what kind of a modified election bill the President will sign, and that the caucus bill will closely conform to the President's views. Republicans who have talked with the President pronounce the story absurd. They say the President will never think of signing such a compromise measure as the democrats have been considering, even as the price of an appropriation bill. As to Evarts, he understands fully that the origin of the movement to repeal federal election laws lies in the democratic determination to carry New York in 1890. Republicans say if the President should finally yield, he would lose every republican friend and be regarded with more disfavor than was Andrew Johnson.

The Times Atlanta Georgia special says: Full reports of last night's destructive tornado are received; hundreds of miles of fencing has been prostrated between Macon and Augusta, and cattle outhouses, etc., are destroyed to a great value. The storm came from the southwest and was several miles wide. At Milledgeville the destruction of property reached \$100,000. The long wagon bridge across the O'Connell River was blown down, and a negro who was driving a four mule team across, went down with it and was crushed on the shoals a hundred feet below. The total damage in the five counties cannot be estimated.

PROVIDENCE, 24.—The House of Representatives voted on the question of Woman Suffrage, with 25 yeas to 21 noes, not the two-thirds necessary for submitting an amend-

ment to the constitution to the people.

SHERMAN, Texas, 24.—Houston Holt, a desperado of Denton County, struck one Howell in a stable; he shortly after called Howell into an office and closed the door. Three shots were fired, and Holt rode away unmailed. Howell's body was found in the office perforated with three bullets.

CINCINNATI, 24.—All the women arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Harry Baldwin have been released, there being no evidence against them. The coroner has adjourned the inquest to await developments, at present every clue having failed to lead to any satisfactory solution of the mystery.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 21.—Stanhope, under Secretary of State for India, gave notice in the House of Commons, to-day, that he would move a bill, on Tuesday, authorizing the raising of a loan in England for the service in India.

A Vienna special says: The Turks intend to establish a camp on the border of Eastern Roumelia, in the direction of Adrianople, so as to be in readiness to march into the country if called upon by the future governor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 21.—The Grand Vizier has declared that he intends to act in conformity with the views of the British and French governments in his negotiations with Greece.

BERLIN, 21.—The debate on Herr Schnuzan's motion for the establishment of an autonomous government in Alsace-Lorraine, having its seat in the province itself, was commenced.

Col. Basilewitsch, of the Imperial Guard, sentenced to three months imprisonment for picking a lady's pocket, has appealed and gone to St. Petersburg to lay his case before the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, 21.—A well-known countess has been arrested for sympathizing with the nihilists.

PESTH, 22.—The rivers Szanos, Varos and White Koros are rising. The dykes at Szentes have been repaired. It is doubtful whether the dykes at Tittel can resist the floods.

SZEGEDIN, 22.—Many more corpses are being recovered. A fearful smell of decomposing bodies comes from the ruins.

VIENNA, 22.—The position of Khairaddin Pasha, Grand Vizier, has been shaken by the failure of De Toquerille's financial scheme. Osman Pasha is considered his most probable successor.

LONDON, 22.—Lieuts. Chard and Bromhead, who made the defense of Rorke's Drift against the Zulus, have been gazetted majors.

Cambridge is the favorite in the betting on the University race. Oxford begins practice on the Thames to-day. Haakon is pronounced in the best health for the match with Hawdon.

The government has chartered the steamers Ontario and Borussia. The former sails for the United States to take 500 mules to Natal. The latter embarks cavalry for South Africa.

It is said that Lieutenant General Bissell, now in South Africa, will succeed Lord Chelmsford, in command of the British forces.

CAPETOWN, 5.—The Basuto chief Moirosa is in open rebellion. Col. Southey, commanding the British forces, will commence offensive operations as soon as reinforcements arrive. The Basutos are generally disaffected, owing to the intention of the British to disarm them, but they do not openly support Moirosa. There has been no further fighting in Zululand.

MONTREAL, 22.—Alex. Seath, manufacturer of shoes leather findings, has failed. Liabilities \$100,000.

PARIS, 22.—Fifty-four more communists from Caledonia have arrived.

The expenses of the international exposition were 55,000,000 francs; receipts 30,000,000.

BERLIN, 22.—In the debate in the German Reichstag last night, on Herr Schneegan's motion for the establishment of an autonomous government in Alsace-Lorraine, Schneegan pointed out that Bismarck was the responsible minister at present; Reichland lived too far away. The people were exposed to countless grievances from the complex bureaucratic system now prevalent. The presence of the Lord Lieutenant and Secretary of

State did not divest Bismarck of the responsibility, and official friction is continual. They wanted the right man in the right place. Under the present system they did not feel themselves citizens of a well-ordered State, but of an unoccupied country. Give them but an independence and they would become not a bone of contention but the bonds of union between two civilized peoples, bridged by which the benefits of both might be exchanged and be the means of international reconciliation.

Bismarck in reply said the remarks of Schneegan made a favorable impression upon him, which would have been better had not his peroration contained an appeal to Paris which could find no echo in Berlin, and an appeal which pictured Alsace-Lorraine as a neutral territory, to which the claims of France would be as justifiable as those of Germany. I only state what I have interceded successfully for with the Emperor, and hope fully with the Bundsrath. In all we concede in the way of autonomy we must consider the safety of Empire, not only in quiet times like the present, but also in less peaceful. I have begun to question whether it is right that to my other duties as chancellor, I should add that of minister of a country of a million and a half inhabitants. I consider it indispensable to the country that it should have social and political basis, and officials through whom the chief power in Berlin may have intercourse with the people. I am in favor of the appointment of a stadtholder with a responsible ministry, as in a grand duchy of similar importance. The military security will remain, as before, in the hands of the empire. The question as to the separation of Alsace from Lorraine should remain open. Perhaps Alsace would be more rapidly and solidly organized if it did not remain homogeneous with Lorraine. The good sense of the population of Alsace would work against the Parisians, between whom and Frenchmen there is a wide distinction, who remain in the province. If Germany was quiet and had patience, this German oak, formerly pulled down by the French and now propped up by Germans, would regain its strength. Let us see that it does.

The speech was loudly applauded. The East and West Prussia provincial diets petition against the proposed changes in the customs system. The question is regarded as one of life or death to West Prussia and Danzig.

LONDON, 24.—Consols, 96 1/3 @ 1/4; four and a half bonds, 106 1/2; Erie, 24 1/2.

It is announced from St. Petersburg, that in consequence of the representations of Lord Dufferin and Count Schouvaloff concerning the views of England and Bismarck, a new conciliatory line of policy has been decided upon. Russia is now giving orders to her troops in Turkey to commence evacuation in the middle of April and terminate it within the period prescribed by the treaty, and is ready even to propose the mixed occupation of Eastern Roumelia for a limited term.

Advices from Capetown to the 5th inst. mention the report that Col. Pearson has made a raid and burned Cetawayos' old kraal. Other advices of the same date, however, do not give the impression that he is in a position to undertake an offensive operation, and state that the Zulus have destroyed the road from Tuguela to Ekowe, and seem determined to do their utmost to prevent relief from reaching him. All idea of attempting to send him relief before the arrival of further reinforcements seems to be abandoned.

There is much suspicion as to the loyalty of the Fingoes, a large and powerful tribe. The sickness among the soldiers at the garrison of Helpmakaar is deplorable. Of 56 carbineers, 11 only are fit for duty. Negotiations to detach Cetawayo's brother and his followers from the Zulu chief have apparently failed.

PARIS, 24.—The vote in the Chamber of Deputies 301 noes to 78 ayes, rejecting the motion for inquiry into the affair of the conversion of 5 per cent rents, is regarded as a considerable success for Leon Say. It is understood President Grevy has expressed his satisfaction.

ATHENS, 24.—The minister of foreign affairs has sent a circular to the powers invoking their mediation on the frontier question between Greece and Turkey.

CALCUTTA, 24.—There seems yet no good ground for interfering with Burmah. The King is fortifying Mandalay, probably through fear. War, however, may be forced on the British at any moment. The King has dispatched secret emissaries to Calcutta to assassinate the claimant to the throne who resides there.

Complete anarchy prevails at Mandalay. The bulk of the inhabitants would welcome British troops. Hopes that the explosion will be averted are growing faint.

PESTH, 24.—A storm has again damaged the dykes protecting Csongrad, Szentes, Veszahely, Sombor and Tettel.

Important to Threshers and Farmers.

Russell & Co., of Massillon, Ohio, inform me that they are now prepared to furnish a TRACTION ENGINE to run their Separators that will propel themselves and Separator over any ordinary roads faster than horses commonly walk. June 1st, 1879, one of their machines with traction engine can be seen at my wagon yard, at which time a trial trip will be made. Circulars giving description of this new invention will be out March 20th. Send for one to

L. B. MATTISON

Blue Front,

Mitchell Wagon Depot,

Salt Lake City, Utah.

When the Head is Silenced O'er

With years, the destruction of the teeth may yet be in great measure stayed with the beneficent and delightful antiseptic, Seozodont, an article which derives its properties from the salubrious bark of the Chilian Soap Tree.

Oliver Chilled and Moline Plows.

MOST POPULAR PLOWS IN USE. IF YOUR STORES DON'T KEEP THEM, ADDRESS—

Howard Sebree,

BAIN WAGON DEPOT, SALT LAKE.

MERCHANTS and Visitors who have desired, so long, to live at a Hotel above the business centre, and to take a portion of their meals down town, while in New York, can do so, as the Grand Central Hotel, on Broadway, is now kept on both the American plan at \$2.50 or \$3.00, and the European plan \$1.00, and upwards per day. An elegant Restaurant, at moderate prices is conducted by the Hotel.

Grain Drills.

HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS AND WAGON MATERIAL, IRON SHOES, NAILS, &c., AT LOW PRICES AND GOOD GOODS.

Address HOWARD SEBREE, BAIN WAGON DEPOT SALT LAKE.

Solid Merit will Tell.

For all the bitter opposition of jealous rivals, no better illustration could be had of this fact than the immense sale already attained by the great Throat and Lung Remedy, Dr. Aug. Kaiser's German Elixir. For the cure of Coughs and Bronchial Affections, it is truly wonderful, even those suffering from Consumption in advanced stages find great relief, and numbers of patients have found, to their delight, not only relief but cure. It being perfectly harmless, makes it at once popular with mothers, who of all others have felt the necessity of such a medicine. The genuine bears the Prussian Coat of Arms, the fac-simile signature of Dr. Aug. Kaiser, and has his name blown on every 75 cent bottle. A trial size may be had for 25 cents.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by the Z. C. M. I. Drug Department and Moore Allen & Co., Salt Lake City. d226 w29

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. d&w

What Might Have Been Heard.

Almost any day during the Centennial, a knot of physicians might have been seen gathered around the elegant glass case, standing in the Main Building in which Benson's Caprine Porous Plaster was exhibited, discussing its merits and superiority over other porous plasters, and the listener might have heard words of warm praise fall from their lips as they spoke of the revolution it would likely effect in remedies for diseases treated externally, such as rheumatism, lame and weak back, spinal and kidney disease, sciatica, lumbago, sprains and bruises, and all aches and pains of a local nature. With these opinions the Centennial jurors, who were also learned physicians, were in perfect accord, and awarded the manufacturers of Benson's Caprine Plaster the only medal given to porous plasters. To avoid fraud see that the word Caprine is cut through each plaster. Sold every where. Price 25 cents.

BENSON'S CAPRINE POROUS PLASTER

was invented to overcome the great objection ever found to the old style of porous plasters, that of slow action in bringing relief. Benson's Caprine Porous Plaster relieves pain at once and cures quickly. It imparts a sensation of gentle and stimulating warmth and brings rest and comfort to the sufferer.

In the Whole History of Medicine

No preparation has ever performed such marvelous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long-continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in the throat and lung disorders of children, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and effects, Physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and Clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

For sale by all dealers. dsw

"Buy Me and I'll Do You Good."

Reader, in almost every well-regulated drug or patent medicine store in New York city or country, you will see upon the show-case, or occupying some other prominent position, that popular article known as HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, a certain cure for all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, and all Affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes and lungs, leading to consumption, and seeming almost to speak to you the above plain, but easy to be understood words: Buy me and I'll do you good. Try it and be convinced. Sold by all Druggists, and at CRITTENDEN'S 7 Sixth Avenue, New York City, at 50 cents and \$1. Great saving by purchasing large size. PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute.

CHILDREN do not Die of the croup to whom DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS is administered. Parents will do well to remember this fact and keep a medicine, which saved so many lives, in the house ready for an emergency. The Balsam overcomes a tendency to consumption, strengthens weak and heals sore lungs, remedies painful and asthmatic breathing, banishes hoarseness and cures all bronchial and tracheal inflammation. If you have a cough, use it "early and often." All Druggists sell it.

Bain Wagons

A FULL STOCK OF THESE CELEBRATED WAGONS ALWAYS ON HAND, TOGETHER WITH A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SPRING WAGONS.

Address, HOWARD SEBREE, SALT LAKE CITY.

WANTED.

A PARTNER, with a capital of \$6,000, who is capable of taking the charge and oversight of the books and financial arrangements of a good paying business, now firmly established in this city. For special information, apply by letter to ENQUIRER, Post Office box, 1139, Salt Lake City. d21 s&w