CATTLEMEN ARE BLAMED FOR IT.

Sheep Wagon Belonging to Mrs. Moore Blown Up by Dynamite On Dutch Creek.

POSSE HAS GONE TO THE SCENE

Woman is the Mother of Young Man Seriously Wounded About Ten Weeks Ago.

(Special to the "News.")

Basin City, Wyo., Sept. 14.—Word has been received here of another outrage, committed probably by cattlemen who desire to retain the ranges in the vicinity of Dutch Creek for their beards. Several nights ago one of the sheep wagons owned by Mrs. Mary L. Moore, mother of Lincoln J. Morrison, the young sheepman who was wounded by unknown assassins on Dry Creek ten weeks ago, was blown up by dynamite. Sheriff Fenton and a posse have gone to the scene. It was not reported whether anyone was injured or not. Serious trouble between the sheep and cattlemen on Dutch Creek has been threatend for some time.

SEEKING THREE PEDDLERS.

Believed to Have Been Engage In Rock Island Hold Up.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 14.—A dozen detectives are scouring the country today in search of three peddlers of tinware, a tall man and two companions, seen in the vicinity of the Letts holdup the day before, but who disappeared immediately afterwards. The tall man tallies exactly with the description Engineer Dunham gave of the man who poked a pistol under his nose. A 44-caliber Swiss revolver was picked up at the point where the engine was found with its fires out. There are hopes that the revolver may prove a clue to the gang.

One arrest has been made, though the officers will not divulge the prisoner's name.

Russians South of Tie Pass.

Berlin, Sept. 14, 5:39 p. m.—Col. Gaedke, the war correspondent of the Tageblatt, telegraphing to his paper from Tie pass this (Wednesday) morning, says:

"The Russian army is disposed south of this point. The Japanese have advanced only about six miles north of Liao Yang."

Berlinsky Visits Mare Island.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—Capt. Berlinsky of the Russian transport Lena, accompanied by two of his officers and Paul Kosakevitch, the Russian consul at this port, went to Mare Island today. The avowed object of their trip was to call on Rear Admiral McCalla, the commandant of the navy yard. Well-informed officials, however, express the opinion that the visit may include an inspection of the place where it is not unlikely the Lena may be laid up for an indefinite time, in the event of its disarmament.

No confirmation can be obtained here of the story telegraphed from St. Paul to the effect that the Lena had been engaged with two Japanese cruisers in the vicinity of Redfield reef and badly damaged by gunshots.

Raising Money in China.

Shanghai, Sept. 14.—It is not probable that the mission to the southern provinces of China for the purpose of raising money upon which Tiehiang, a Pekin official is now engaged, is in any way connected with hostilities toward foreigners in China or a renewal of the Boxer troubles.

The urgent need of Pekin for money for army reform and improvements is due firstly to her desire to possess a sufficient force to garrison and defend Manchuria should Japan restore this territory to her, and secondly to the desire to be prepared to resist a possible proposal for the partition of China when the present war is over. China is nervously apprehensive of the cessation of hostilities.

There is no reason to apprehend any general anti-foreign rising in China.

To Suppress Albanian Insurgents

Salonica, European Turkey, Sept. 14.—Sixteen battalions of local militia have been ordered to be mobilized in the districts of Kilkish, Seres and Berat. They will be dispatched to Prizren to suppress the insurgent Albanians. A Salonica battalion left here for Prizren today.

The Albanians are again revolting and are demanding the acceptance of their demands in full.

PRINCE HERBERT BISMARK.

Morphine Injections Used to Alleviate the Pain.

Friedrichsruhe, Sept. 14.—Prince Herbert Bismarck is today suffering great pain, which is being alleviated by morphine injections.

To Reduce Army in Philippines.

Manila, Sept. 14.—It has been recommended that the force of American soldiers in the Philippine islands be reduced from its present standing of four regiments of cavalry and nine of infantry to three regiments of cavalry and seven of infantry.

Honor to Dead Soldiers.

Field Headquarters of the Second Japanese Army, Sept. 6, via Fusan, Korea, Sept. 14.—An elaborate memorial ceremony in honor of the men of the fourth division who fell in battle was held today. Three hundred and seventy-five men of this division were killed at Shoushanpao and Genogawa, who was in command of the division, was wounded. He was unable to be present at the ceremony. After the performance of religious rites thousands of Japanese soldiers saluted the memorial tablets of their dead comrades.

Japs at Bentsiputze.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 14.—Gen. Kuropatkin telegraphing yesterday, says 3,000 Japanese are bivouacing at Bentsiputze, and that the bulk of the Japanese forces is south of the Yen Tai branch railroad. The Japanese, he adds, are not advancing.

EIGHT HOUR LAW AT STATE PRISON.

Question as to Whether it Applies To Guards Employed There Being Investigated.

SCHETTLER WANTS OVERTIME.

Suit Instituted to Compel the State To Pay Him $168.75 for Extra Labor.

The question as to whether or not the eight-hour law is applicable to guards employed at the state prison is again being considered today by a jury in Judge Stewart's division of the district court. The case in which the point is raised is that of C. L. Schettler against the State of Utah and the state board of corrections, and was brought to recover $168.75, alleged to be due for overtime put in by plaintiff while employed as a guard at the state prison.

The complaint alleges that plaintiff was compelled against his protest to work overtime, amounting to 84½ days at the prison between March 21 and July 16, 1903, and that such time is worth $168.75. A claim for that amount was presented to the state board of corrections, but was denied.

Defendants in their answer claim that a rule was established at the prison requiring each guard to remain at the prison on each alternate night to be used in case of an emergency and that plaintiff knew of that rule and agreed to abide by it when he was employed as a guard.

This is the second trial of the case. On the first trial which was had during last term of court the jury could not agree on a verdict, and was discharged and hence a second trial was necessary. Plaintiff is represented by Attorneys C. F. Loufbourow and Judge W. H. King, while defendants are represented by Assistant Attorney General White. A jury was impaneled this morning and the taking of testimony will be commenced this afternoon.

GRAVE CHARGE.

Miner Arrested by Police After Hearing the Girl's Story.

Only the crying of her baby sister saved a fourteen year old girl from assault last night, according to the story told by her mother to Officer J. B. Furster this morning. The alleged attempted assault was made on West Temple street, near the Salt Palace, and from the facts furnished Officer Furster he arrested C. E. Dugger, a miner, this morning, on the charge of attempted assault.

It appears that the girl was alone with her mother at her home on West Temple street last evening, when Dugger came to call. The father was away at the time, looking up mining interests in which he is interested. Dugger is a friend of the girl's father and had just come in from prospects which he is working in Big Cottonwood canyon. On this account he found no difficulty in getting access to the house. During the call, he suggested that he and the girl go for a walk, and the mother agreed, provided that they would go no further than the postoffice corner. When they were leaving the house the baby sister of the young girl cried to go along with them, and the mother asked them to take her. According to the story of the girl as to what happened later, Dugger was unwilling to return home when they had got to Second South, but insisted on going a block further on the plea that it was not late, and the evening was too pleasant to spend indoors. The walk continued then until Eighth South was reached. Here Dugger is alleged to have seized the girl, and holding his hand over her mouth carried her into some willows along the roadside. At this juncture a dog came by, and commenced to bark. This frightened the baby, that had been left by the roadside, and it started to cry. Fearing that its cries would attract passers by the man freed the girl, and returned with her to her home. After he had gone the girl made a complete confession of everything that had happened to her mother, and this morning the mother hunted up Officer Furster, who has the West Temple beat, and told her story to him, with the effect that the man was arrested as he was about to leave for Cottonwood.

Dugger strenuously denies the story in toto and says that the entire affair originated in the fertile brain of the girl. He was locked up, however, without a charge being entered against him, pending an investigation on the part of the county attorney and the officers.

NO WORD FROM CALIENTE.

As yet no news has been received from Deputy Sheriff Cowan, who went to Caliente on Monday night to identify the prisoner Sheriff Johnson arrested there upon the belief that he is Marko Zigich, who is wanted for the murder of William Farro at Murray several weeks ago. Sheriff Emery is of the opinion that the man is not Zigich or he would have heard something from Cowan in regard to the matter before now.

Peculiar To Itself

In what it is and what it does—containing the best blood-purifying, alterative and tonic substances and effecting the most radical and permanent cures of all humors and all eruptions, relieving weak, tired, languid feelings, and building up the whole system—is true only of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

No other medicine acts like it; no other medicine has done so much real, substantial good, no other medicine has restored health and strength at so little cost.

"I was troubled with scrofula and came near losing my eyesight. For four months I could not see to do anything. After taking two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I could see to walk, and when I had taken eight bottles I could see as well as ever." SUSIE A. HAINSTON, Withers, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

DAMAGE SUITS TRANSFERRED.

Claims Against Mining Companies Reach the Munificent Sum Of $190,200.

ECHO OF CARBON COAL STRIKE.

James Brace Seeks to Recover $50,000 For the Death of His Son—Other Cases.

The munificent sum of $190,200 is the aggregate amount of suits filed against various mining companies in the United States district court this morning. The suits are for damages received by miners and are transferred from state courts to the federal court for hearing. The sums demanded vary from $15,000 to $50,000, and in each case criminal negligence on the part of the company is charged as the cause for damage.

The most interesting case is that of James Brace against the Utah Fuel company, whose son William J. Brace, was killed in the Carbon county coal mines, during the strike. The younger Brace was employed as a strike breaker, and while working underground on Nov. 22, 1903, was killed by stones falling from the roof of the mine. The complaint charges that in employing inexperienced, green men to take the place of experienced miners the company was criminally ngligent, and therefore liable to damages. The father wants $50,000 for the death of his son.

OTHER CASES.

George Muir, administrator of the estate of John G. Gibson, seeks $20,000 damages from the Union Pacific Coal company, as a result of the death of Gibson, who was killed on March 3, 1904, by the slipping of a 200-pound block of coal in the shaft where he was working.

Victor Nordberg enters suit against the Daly-Judge Mining company and Anchor Mining company for $20,000 damages, on account of the death of Herman Nordberg, who was killed in August, 1902, in the Anchor mine. The complaint alleges that the shaft was not properly provided with timbers and bulkhead protection.

Joseph A. Bringhurst brings suit against the Utah & Eastern Copper company to recover $15,000, alleged to be due on account of injuries received in the Apex mine on April 22, 1903. Bringhurst was riding on the mine's elevator when it broke and fell 700 feet to the bottom of the shaft, seriously injuring the occupant.

The Consolidated Mercur Gold Mining company is defendant in a case brought by Thomas M. Blacklock to recover $20,000. Blacklock was thrown out of a tram car on a trestle work, on Sept. 4, 1903, and hurled 30 feet over an embankment to the ground, receiving permanent injuries.

John A. Croff was injured by a cave-in in the Daly-West mine, on Oct. 22, 1903, and seeks to recover $15,000 from the company in payment for his damages.

Peter Bribben appears against the Daly-Judge Mining company in a suit to recover $50,000 damages as the result of injuries received by the explosion of a "missed hole" on April 6, 1904, at the Scott drift in Summit county.

TO SET ASIDE SALE.

Motion Argued in Case of Holman vs Electric Power Company.

A motion was argued before Judge Hall this morning to set aside the sale of the power plant of defendant in the case of George P. Holman against the Salt Lake City Water and Electrical Power company on the ground that the price for which it was sold was not sufficient, and that the sale by the commissioner was irregular. The plant was sold by Commissioner Morris Sommer to W. S. McCornick for $37,500 and taxes due the county on the property. The motion to set aside the sale and also a motion to fix the compensation of the commissioner was taken under advisement by the court at the conclusion of the arguments.

Desire Deserted Her.

Lizzie Stevens filed suit for divorce in the district court today against George Stevens on the grounds of failure to support and desertion. They were married in Beloit, Kansas, on Sept. 23, 1895, and it is alleged that defendant deserted plaintiff on June 6, 1901.

Marion Beatie's Will.

The will of Marion C. Beatie, deceased, was filed for probate this afternoon in the district court, together with the petition of Walter J. Beatie, who asks to be appointed executor in compliance with the provisions of the will. Mrs. Beatie died in Salt Lake on Sept. 5th inst., leaving an estate valued at $8,000. The petition will be heard by Judge Hall on Friday, Sept. 15th, at 10 a.m.

Charges Failure to Support.

Hilma Clays this afternoon brought suit for divorce against her husband, Mark H. Clays, alleging failure to support. The parties were married in this city, July 21, 1900, and have one child. An action brought this morning by the defendant against the plaintiff for desertion was this afternoon dismissed and the above suit filed in its stead.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

Emma Peterson Wants $5,000 from Unfaithful Thomas Hobba.

Emma Peterson filed an action in the district court this afternoon against Thomas Hobba to recover the sum of $5,050 damages for breach of promise of marriage. The complaint alleges that on Jan. 1, 1903, the plaintiff, at the request of the defendant, promised to marry him; that under said promise of marriage the defendant betrayed the plaintiff and afterward induced her to perform a criminal operation on herself. It further alleges that he failed to keep his promise with her, and married another woman, and for the reasons set forth asks relief in the amount of damages above set forth.

GOVERNOR WELLS HOME.

Governor Heber M. Wells and a party consisting of Adjutant General C. S. Burton, Byron Groo, and Hal Russell, returned this morning from Blackfoot, Idaho, where they have been since Saturday on a combined business and fishing trip.

PARTIAL ECLIPSE.

Ernie—And did you hide your face when he kissed you?

Belle—Well, I had on automobile goggles.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SHOOTING IN PARLEY'S CANYON

Willie Peterson, a Fourteen-Year-Old Boy, Badly Wounded This Morning.

GUN ACCIDENTALLY DISCHARGED

Lad Found Lying Beside the Railroad Track With a Ghastly Wound in His Thigh.

Willie Peterson, a boy 14 years of age who resides with his parents at 449 east Twelfth South street, was accidently shot through the thigh near the land and water commissioner's station in Parley's canyon this morning. The lad was found lying beside the railroad track by some Rio Grande section hands. He was bleeding badly from his wound, so no time was lost in placing him upon a hand car and bringing him into the city.

Just how the accident happened is not forthcoming at this time, but it is believed that he secured a large calibre pistol belonging to John F. Howells with whom he was staying up the canyon, and in some manner the gun was discharged as indicated.

Mr. Howells left the station last evening and drove into the city, leaving the boy at the house. The first thing that he knew of the accident was when he received a telephone message shortly before noon. Mr. Howells and Commissioner Luce lost no time in securing a buggy and drove out to meet the hand car with the object in view of taking young Peterson to the Holy Cross hospital.

RESIGNATION DENIED.

Gov. Wells Says He Has no Word of Whittaker's Retirement.

The dispatches from St. Louis containing the announcement of S. T. Whittaker's resignation as director general in charge of the Utah State exhibit are without foundation, according to the statement of Gov. Wells this afternoon. The mails up to noon today have brought no notice of the resignation, and the governor has no intimation that such action has been taken or is contemplated by Mr. Whittaker. His services at the fair have been satisfactory, and no possible motive for his resignation before the end of the fair is known.

LOSS NOT KNOWN.

So Says Manager Odell Concerning Fire at Idaho Falls.

General Manager George T. Odell returned from Idaho Falls this morning, where he has been since the fire which destroyed their plant there Sunday night. When seen by a "News" reporter he said that he expected to return in a day or two to meet the insurance adjustor of the Home Fire company, and until then he could not tell definitely how much the loss of the company exceeds the insurance. The company carries, he said, a total of $80,000 insurance on the Idaho Falls property, but how it is divided between that which is destroyed and that which is saved is not yet known. The rate charged on Idaho Falls insurance is very high, and this accounts for the comparatively small amount carried by more of the firms. Their new buildings, however, which will go up at once on the sites of the old one will be entirely of brick and stone, and comparatively fire proof.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Bourke Cockran was asked by a St. Louis reporter to give the public some advice on the art of public speaking.

"A youth," Mr. Cockran answered, smiling, "once went with your question to an old Englishman who had mad good success as a lecturer.

"'How may I become, sir,' said the youth, 'a successful public speaker, like yourself?'

"The old lecturer laughed.

"'Tha wants to be a public speyker, do tha, lad?' he said. 'An' tha thinks Awm the chap to put tha up to a wrinkle about it? Tha's reight, lad Ah am.

"'Now, hark tha. When tha rises to mak tha speych, hit taable an' oppen thy mouth. If nwot comes, tak' a sup o' watter an' hit taable again, an' oppen thy mouth wider than afoor.

"'Then, if nowt comes, tak thysen off an' leave public speykin to such as me.'"

LATE LOCALS.

The clearings today were $466,962.55 as compared with $525,003.29 for the same day last year.

President Joseph F. Smith and party, who are now touring southern Utah, are expected in St. George on Friday to attend conference there Saturday and Sunday.

Will F. Blake of the Gilroy Advocate, Cal., and A. G. Burns of the Sargent oil districts of California were visitors in Salt Lake today.

AFTERNOON ON 'CHANGE.

Daly-West, May Day and New York were the only stocks sold during this afternoon's call of the mining exchange as follows:

Daly-West, 10 at 14.50.
May Day, 3,400 at 7.
New York, 1,400 at 3; 200 at 3⅛.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

Fuddy—They say the boy is the father of the man, you know.

Duddy—That may be, but it is the girl who is his boss.—[Boston Transcript.

TEA

Can it be that anyone else can serve you as well?

Can it be that anyone else is disposed to serve you as well?

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

MARKET MADE A FAIR SHOWING.

Up-Bidding of Pennsylvania Sent Prices Upwards in All Directions.

CAINS WERE PREDOMINANT.

Profit-Taking in Penn. Caused Stocks To Halt and Fall Back.

New York, Sept. 14.—The tone of the opening dealings in the stock market today was slightly irregular but gains largely predominated. Prices surged rapidly upwards in all directions following the up-bidding of Pennsylvania to 130⅝. The coal stocks and eastern trunk lines were generally strong, and the western group gave its first demonstration of strength of the week. Southern stocks were sustained by the steady accumulation of Southern railway and the rise of United States Steel preferred contributed to strength in the metal quarters. The Metropolitan stocks were buoyant. Among the largest gains of the first hour were: Anaconda ¾, Metropolitan Street Railway and General Electric 2, Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Illinois Central, United States Steel preferred, Colorado Fuel and the smelting stocks 1 to 1¼.

Pennsylvania touched 131 and its strength held the whole market at further slight advances. The break in the grain markets gave some reassurance against fears of damage from frost. United States Steel preferred rose 1½ in all. The activity of the market fell off materially at the later stages of the rise.

Bonds were firm at noon.

The entire market halted and fell back when the pront taking in Pennsylvania became effective. Pennsylvania ran off ⅝ and most of the grain carriers about as much. An outburst of strength in Erie and United States Steel stocks forced a general rally late in the day in which some of the grangers and southwesterns touched their highest point. United States Steel preferred touched 67⅛, a rise of 2⅜. The common stocks, Amalgamated Copper, St. Paul and Atchison also figured in the day's rise to the extent of a point or over.

LIVESTOCK.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 18,000, including 2,500 westerns. Good to prime steers, 5.90@6.20; poor to medium, 3.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, 2.25@3.75; cows, 1.50@4.50; heifers, 2.00@4.75; canners, 1.50@2.25; bulls, 2.00@4.40; calves, 3.00@6.75; Texas fed steers, 4.00@5.00; western steers, 3.90@4.25.

Hogs—Receipts today, 18,000; tomorrow, 14,000; market 5@10 cents higher. Mixed and butchers, 5.45@6.10; good to choice heavy, 5.55@6.00; rough heavy, 5.25@5.50; light, 5.45@6.15; bulk of sales, 5.60@6.15.

Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; market steady; lambs, weak. Good to choice wethers, 3.75@4.25; fair to choice mixed, 3.25@3.70; western sheep, 3.00@4.00; native lambs, 4.50@6.25; western lambs, 4.00@5.50.

OMAHA.

South Omaha, Sept. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,200; market steady to strong. Native steers, 4.00@5.00; cows and heifers, 2.50@3.15; western steers, 3.00@4.50; Texas steers, 2.75@4.00; range cows and heifers, 2.00@3.50; canners, 1.50@2.15; stockers and feeders, 2.90@3.80; calves, 3.00@5.50; bulls, stags, etc., 1.75@3.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,500; market 5 cents higher, heavy, 5.40@5.50; mixed, 5.50@5.60; light, 5.00@5.55; pigs, 4.75@5.35; bulk of sales, 5.50@5.60.

Sheep—Receipts, 9,500; market active and steady. Western yearlings, 3.40@3.75; westerns, 3.65@4.00; ewes, 3.00@3.60; common and stockers, 2.50@3.75; lambs, 4.50@5.60.

KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Sept. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,000; market slow to higher. Native steers, 3.50@6.00; native cows and heifers, 1.50@4.60; stockers and feeders, 2.25@4.00; bulls, 1.75@3.50; calves, 2.50@5.50; western steers, 3.00@4.50; western cows, 1.50@3.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market 5@10 cents higher. Bulk of sales, 5.50@5.70; heavy, 5.60@5.65; packers, 5.60@5.72½; pigs and lights, 5.50@5.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; market steady. Muttons, 3.25@4.00; lambs 4.25@5.50; range wethers, 3.40@4.00; ewes, 2.75@3.60; Utah feeding yearlings, 85 pounds, 3.60.

PRODUCE.

CHICAGO.

Chicago Sept. 14.—Under heavy liquidation wheat prices today broke nearly 2 cents from yesterday's closing quotations. At the start December was off ½@1 cent, at 1.14⅜ to 1.15⅛. May opened ½@⅞ to 7/8@1 cent lower, at 1.17 to 1.17⅜, and quickly sold off to 1.16⅛. December declined to 1.14.

Cash: Wheat—No. 3, red, 1.16; No. 2, hard, 1.12—1.16; No. 3, hard, 1.13@1.15; No. 1, northern, 1.25; No. 2, do., 1.20@1.23; No. 2, spring, 1.12@1.23.

Corn—No. 2, 51½@54¾; No. 3, 54½@54¾.

Oats—No. 2, 31½; No. 3, 31.

December advanced to 1.16¾, and May to 1.18⅛. Final quotations on December were off 1⅝.

Close: Wheat—Sept., 1.11⅜; old, 1.14⅝; Dec., 1.15; May, 1.16.

Corn—Sept., 53⅜; Dec., 53@53½; May, 52⅝.

Oats—Sept., 31⅛; Dec., 31⅛; May, 35½@35⅝.

Pork—Sept., 10.12½; Oct., 10.80; Jan., 12.72½.

Lard—Sept., 7.02½; Oct., 7.10; Jan., 1.17½@7.20.

Ribs—Sept., 7.30; Oct., 7.35; Jan., 6.67½.

Rye—Sept., 74.

Flax—Cash, northwest, 1.27.

Timothy—Sept., 2.95.

Clover—Sept., 11.50@11.60.

Barley—Cash, 37@56.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Sept. 14.—Sugar, raw; steady. Fair refining, 3⅝; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-16; molasses sugar, 3½.

Refined—Quiet, Crushed, 5.95; powdered, 5.35; granulated, 5.25.

Coffee—Steady, No. 7 Rio, 8⅜.

WOOL.

St. Louis, Sept. 14.—Wool, steady. Territory and western mediums, 21@25; fine medium, 16@18; fine, 15@16.

BOSTON.

Boston, Sept. 13.—The Boston wool market is still active, especially in medium territory grades, and while there have been no remarkably large sales, a good amount of business has been done. In certain lines there is another advancing tendency. Quotations of the week:

California—Northern choice, 22@23c; average, 17@18c; middle counties, 17@18c; southern, 14@15c.

Oregon—Eastern staple, 19@20c; valley No. 1, 25c.

Territory—Idaho fine, 18@18½c; fine medium, 18@18½c; medium, 19@20c.

Wyoming—Fine, 16@17c; fine medium, 17@18c.

Utah and Nevada—Fine, 17@17½; fine medium, 17½@18c; medium, 20@21c.

Montana—Fine choice, 20@21c; fine average, 19@20; fine medium choice, 20@21c; average, 19@20c.

Colorado—Fine, 15c; medium, 15@16c.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCKS

Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1904.

Atchison	83⅛
Atchison Pfd	99
Baltimore & Ohio	89⅜
Canadian Pacific	135½
Chicago & Alton	40½
Chicago & Alton Pfd	81
Chicago & Northernwestern	188
Chicago & Northwestern Pfd	223
Colorado Southern	17¾
Denver & Rio Grande	27
Denver & Rio Grande Pfd	79½
Erie	32⅝
Illinois Central	136
Louisville & Nashville	127⅞
Manhattan L	157
Metropolitan St. Ry.	121⅞
Mexican Central	14¾
Missouri Pacific	99
New York Central	135⅝
Pennsylvania	130⅞
Reading	66⅝
Rock Island	29
Rock Island Pfd	72
St. Paul	155
Southern Pacific	37⅜
Southern Railway	34¼
Union Pacific	99½
Union Pacific Pfd	92¾
Wabash	21¾
Wisconsin Central	19¾

MISCELLANEOUS.

Amalgamated Copper	58⅜
American Car & Foundry	29⅜
American Locomotive	27⅜
American Smelting & Refining	66⅝
Am. Smelting & Refining Pfd	108
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	55¾
Colorado Fuel & Iron	38¾
International Paper	14
National Biscuit	47⅛
National Lead	24½
Northern Securities	103¾
Pacific Mail	53⅜
People's Gas	103⅜
Pressed Steel Car	24½
Pullman Palace Car	216
Standard Oil	635
Sugar	131⅜
Tennessee Coal & Iron	48⅞
United States Stel	16¼
United States Steel Pfd	66⅞
Western Union	92¼

Down Quilts and Blankets.

These chilling nights causes much thinking concerning bed covers for the coming winter.

Some people want quilts that will stand the strain of romping children. We have a variety and quality that will please.

H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE CO.

BOSTON MARKET.

Closing quotations today as reported by Hudson & Sons Co., brokers, were:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	58⅜	58⅝
Bingham	27⅜	27¾
Con. Mercur	28	30
Daly West	14	14⅜
Utah	40⅜	41⅛
United States	20⅛	20⅜

Livestock Shippers' Grievances.

Denver, Sept. 14.—Interstate Commerce Commissioner Charles A. Prouty heard testimony today in regard to the western livestock shippers' grievances against the railroads on account of alleged discrimination in rates and poor service. The commissioner announced that the hearing on the charges of discrimination against this city in commodity rates from the east, made by George J. Kindel, manufacturer, would be resumed in New York later in the fall for the purpose of learning what bearing water and sea board rates have on inter-coast rates.

Atty. S. H. Cowan of Fort Worth, Texas, conducted the case of the live stock men today and Attys. W. Edward Baxter, of Nashville, Tenn., and A. W. Houston, of San Antonio, Texas, represented the railroads. The stockmen presented evidence in support of the following contentions:

That a combination exists between the packing trust and the railroads to depress the price of beef on the hoof and prevent feeders and stockmen from finding a good market at Kansas City, St. Joseph or Chicago.

That freight rates on cattle from the Texas Panhandle to Kansas feeding points have increased, while cattle prices have decreased.

That stockmen feeding and shipping from Colorado common points are losing money and selling at a loss.

That the railroads in Kansas and Missouri are giving bad service, delaying stock, causing shrinkage and materially reducing the chances of sellers to make a profit.

That the railroads have, without good cause, taken away the return transportation for men accompanying stock shipments, thus adding to the substantial freight charges.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS.

Are Living on Black Bread, Seldom Getting Soup.

Chefoo, Sept. 15, 12:15 a. m.—A Chinese who left Liao Ti promontory on Sept. 10, says the general assault upon strongholds which in some quarters was reported would occur on the 10th, did not take place. He declares that the Russians are giving most of their attention to the forts on the northeast line, which includes Rihungshan and Kikwanshan. The Russian soldiers are living on black bread and seldom get soup. There are only a few head of cattle in Port Arthur, and these are reserved for the highest officials.

Hardly a day passes but what Lieut.-Gen. Stoessel, commander of the Port Arthur forces, generally accompanied by Gen. Balashoff, does not ride over the entire line, having alterations made here and giving suggestions there, and complimenting or censuring his troops. His indefatigable efforts and his composure do much to sustain the spirits of the garrison, and this in spite of their hard fare and the sleeplessness which results from being constantly on the qui vive. This Chinaman says further that the Japanese have constructed a large fort on the north shore of Pigeon bay, to the west of Port Arthur, using many Chinese laborers in the work. There are 16 large hospitals in Port Arthur, and field hospitals have been established at every fort.

The preparations for resistance at the northeast forts consist chiefly of the construction of trenches and redoubts for the outposts.

The Japanese bombardments of the stronghold continue intermittently every day. On Sept. 9 the Japanese threw shells into Port Arthur, one of which struck a church and killed a Chinaman.

ST. HELENS, OREGON

Greater Portion of Bussiness Section of Town Burned.

Portland, Or., Sept. 14.—A special to the Telegram from St. Helens, county seat of Columbia county, this state, says the greater portion of the business section of the town was destroyed by fire, which started in the Taylor hotel at an early hour this morning. The flames, fanned by a north wind, consumed the Taylor hotel and spread to adjoining property, citizen firemen being unable to cope with the flames with the crude fire fighting apparatus at hand. Another large hotel property, the Oriental, was consumed, with a number of fine business blocks, factories and residences. The total loss will reach $75,000, insurance light.

World Legislators.

St. Louis, Sept. 14.—The twelfth conference of the inter-parliamentary union which has been in session for three days, adjourned today to meet next year in Prussia. There was scarcely a quorum present when President Barthodit called the delegates to order.

The small attendance was due to the fact that the session of yesterday had cleaned up the important business.

BORN.

WOODRUFF.—At Provo, Sept. 13, a daughter, to the wife of J. Lloyd Woodruff. Mother and child doing well.

REEVES.—At 624 south Second West street, Sept. 13, 1904, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred C. Reeves, a daughter. All well.

DIED.

KEISER.—At her home in East Mill Creek, on Monday, Sept. 12, Mrs. Elizabeth Emily Keiser, aged 27. She had been a sufferer from consumption for many years. She was born Jan. 12, 1877, and leaves a husband and a child of five years of age, to mourn her death.

The funeral was held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the East Mill Creek ward house in the presence of many sorrowing friends.

CURTIS.—At Taylorsville, Salt Lake county, Mary E. Curtis, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth P. Harker, aged 39 years, 1 month and 22 days.

Funeral services will be held Friday, Sept. 16, at 11 o'clock, at the Taylorsville ward house.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 26, 1904.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the Fremont County Sugar Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Utah, will be held at the office of said Company, No 17 West South Temple Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, at 2 p. m., on Saturday, September 24, 1904, for the purpose of considering the proposition of incressing the amount of capital stock of said Company from seven hundred fifty thousand dollars to one million dollars.

By order of the Board of Directors.

H. G. WHITNEY, Secretary.

American, $2.50 to $4.00. European, $1.00 to $3.00.

The Kenyon Hotel.