GENERAL CONFERENCE.

The Sixty-first Annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, convened at 10 a.m. on Saturday, April 4th, 1891, in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, President Wilford Woodruff presiding.

There were on the stand: Of the First Presidency, Wilford Woodruff and George Q. Cannon; of the council of the Twelve Apostles, Lorenzo Snow, Franklin D. Richards, Moses Thatcher, Francis M. Lyman, John Henry Smith, Heber J. Grant, John W. Taylor, Mariner W. Merrill, Anton H. Lund and Abraham H. Cannon; Patriarch, John Smith; of the Presiding Council of the Seventies: Seymour B. Young, C. D. Fjeldsted, John Morgan, B. H. Roberts and George Reynolds; of the Presiding Bishopric: William B. Preston, H. T. Burton and John R. Winder.

There were also numbers of Presidents of Stakes and of other leading brethren from various parts of Utah and surrounding region.

Conference opened by President Wilford Woodruff announcing that the choir would sing the hymn commencing:

Now let us rejoice in the day of salvation;
No longer as strangers on earth need we mourn.

Prayer was offered by President Angus M. Cannon.

Singing by the choir:

Glorious things of thee are spoken,
Zion, city of our God!
He whose word can not be broken,
Chose thee for His own abode.

President Wilford Woodruff.

We are highly blessed of God in being permitted to meet together on this the sixty-first anniversary of the organization of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. I feel that we ought to be thankful before the Lord, that our hearts should be filled with gratitude and thanksgiving for this privilege which we now enjoy. Hitherto many of our friends have been called from our midst during the past year, to the other side of the veil. The Lord has been merciful to us, as a people, in preserving us through our history, in all the vicissitudes of life through which we have been called to pass since the establishment of this Church and Kingdom. I feel that we should lift our hearts in prayer to God our Heavenly Father for His mercies. And that He will guide and direct us by the inspiration of the Holy Ghost, that our minds may be enlightened, our understanding opened to comprehend His mind and will concerning His people. I refer to the Gospel of Jesus Christ, in the revelations that come from heaven to both Jew and Gentile, with the various dispensations of God to man. Generation after generation has passed away since the early patriarchs stood in the flesh on the earth. The Lord has expressed through the mouths of inspired men, from generation to generation, His mind, His will, His work. Those revelations which were delivered thousands of years ago have been fulfilled today in our midst and among the nations of the earth. God has set His hand to establish His work, to warn the world once more, for the last time, before the coming of the Son of man, and He has called Elders into the vineyard of the Lord, to labor with the last days last; for "the night cometh, when no man can work." We have the truths of this labor before us today, in this Tabernacle, in the valleys of these mountains.

I trust while we are together that our prayers may be lifted up to the Lord, that our hearts may be united, that while our brethren, the Apostles and Elders, stand before us and give unto us their testimony of the work of God we may have a full share of His blessing.

I do not think I ought to occupy much more of your time this morning, but I feel thankful that I am still with you, and able to meet on this occasion with so many of the Latter-day Saints who have entered into covenant with the Lord, and upon whose shoulders He has laid the holy Priesthood, to administer, in the name of the Lord, to devote their time and attention to the ordinances of the House of God, both for the living and the dead. I feel myself that of all people under heaven that have ever lived, the Latter-day Saints have the greatest cause to rejoice that they are in the day and generation when the Lord has set His hand to gather together His people, to establish both Jerusalem and Zion, to fulfil His promises made to Father Abraham and the ancient patriarchs and prophets.

The Jews have been a live and a byeword among the Gentiles since the death of the Savior, eighteen hundred years ago. Their redemption is at the door today; it has been proclaimed by inspired men to their own tribe. It is left on record that the Jews will return home, that Jerusalem will be rebuilt, their temple established and all these ancient and mighty promises given by inspiration and revelation will come to pass.

I pray God our Heavenly Father to bless. His blessing upon us, that we may continue to rest upon His Saints who have entered into covenant with Him; that we may recognize our responsibility and magnify our calling day by day, so that when we pass to the other side of the veil we may be justified in His sight. This is my prayer and desire for Jesus Christ's sake. Amen.

Apostle Anton H. Lund

addressed the Conference. Following is substantially what he said: I am pleased to meet with the Saints and listen to the remarks of President Woodruff. In looking back on their history the Latter-day Saints have much cause to rejoice. We can see that the Lord has been with His people, notwithstanding the opposition they have had to meet. In the early history, which was so remarkable why persecution? If the Lord had not been close to the Saints they would not have been able to stem the opposition which confronted them. We need have no fear of the outcome. The Lord has power to protect His people. But we should look to ourselves. We have received the truth. We should show our gratitude for this boon by our works. You know of the Lord's parable of the sower. I have no fear that the word has been in the case of the Saints, sown on stony ground. But with some of us it seems, alas, has been sown on soil on which tares have grown and partially choked it. As a rule, however, the bar of the world's goods and of Mammon have had no power to draw us away from the truth. Generally speaking the truth was sown on good ground.

We have need to beware, lest, in times of peace, riches become the chief object of our lives. We have so much to live for that we cannot afford to die. We should be honest in our dealings. I have seen more trouble arise among the Saints from temporal matters than any other cause. We should all deal justly and remember the debt we owe to our Heavenly Father not only in tithing, but we owe Him this duty, our faith and love for God's work will decrease. If we attend to this duty, these conditions will increase with us. There is a special sense of honor that not a few have shuffled to the charge—the refunding of means supplied by brethren who came to Zion to come to this country. This is not right, as such an obligation is sacred. We should remember our benefactors and not be guilty of the base sin of ingratitude.

We should not forget the object of gathering. It is to learn more of the ways of the Lord. We have progressed in this respect, but many have neglected to give their children proper instruction in these matters. Some have imagined that their time has been too much occupied to give their children these beneficent teachings. Those who cannot occupy much of their own time in this labor should be justified in sent them where they can get the instruction—Church and Sabbath schools. In this way they may become grounded in the faith of the Gospel and be able to give reason for the hope that is in them. Many parents, seeing the result of former neglegence in this regard now regret their sins of omission. Some have thought that their children could receive all that was necessary at sitting meetings. This is not the case. The children are only capable of receiving but a little at a time.

The speaker bore testimony to the divine character of the work in which he is engaged, at times to the paramount labor for the coming of Christ to govern the world.

Apostle Mariner W. Merrill

said he was pleased to meet with such a large number of Latter-day Saints in conference. He had had many reflections since coming here in relation to the past. Thirty-eight years had gone by since he first became associated with the Saints in this city and Territory, and during that period how many of the brethren with whom he had been intimately acquainted had passed away! He dared say there were many present this morning who had never seen the face of President Young, President Kimball, Brother George A. Smith and others of the early pioneers and settlers of this Territory; and he presumed also there were very few persons now in the Church who had ever heard the Prophet Joseph. He himself was one of the latter. But the Prophet Joseph's testimony was still in force; his spirit had continued in the earth at his death; his mantle fell upon the shoulders of President Young; in turn it fell upon those of President Taylor, and now it was borne by President Wodruff. Thus we saw that the spirit of the great latter-day work was fully sustained among God's servants. In other words, the inspiration of the Holy Ghost that rested upon the Prophet Joseph and his brethren in an early day was still with the Church, and revelation and inspiration would continue in the earth, and could not be taken away. The man or woman who had had the spirit of this work had gone to sleep through his or her own neglect—through the non-observance of the commandments of God. During thirty-eight years of close observation he had witnessed that those Saints who had faithfully kept the laws of the Lord, who were honest in their dealings, who attended to their duties, and been prayerful in their daily life, were first and steadfast in the truth today. The speaker commended the Latter-day Saints to examine their acts closely, to sit in judgment upon themselves, as it were, and see if needs be, wherein they had lost the gifts of the Gospel. They must be prepared prepared, or they would assuredly be left in the rear of this work. Apostle Merrill next dwelt upon the duty of tithing, the strict observance of which he strongly enforced upon his hearers. The payment of tithing was an important matter among the Latter-day Saints. Though some had perhaps paid out the thousands of dollars in this way, they yet had at a distance of this world's goods; they were full of faith and greatly blessed of the Lord.

In leading a strong and earnest testimony to the truth of the latter-day work, the speaker urged the Saints always to be honest and forgiving. They must encourage mild feelings in their hearts against one another; they could not afford to do this, though the world might do it. He said if the Latter-day Saints had the grandest organization on earth, and be united with pride to their Sabbath schools, Young Men's and Young Ladies' M. I. associations, and other mary associations. If we keep the commandments of God, he said, we would be sustained in our work and lifted up to a far higher plane than those who now ridiculed and reviled them, and upon whom we looked with pity because of their ignorance.

Apostle John W. Taylor

addressed the Conference, the following being the substance of his remarks:

I desire to be directed in my speaking by the Holy Spirit. I have listened with great interest to the remarks of Elder Merrill. I have paid particular attention to his testimony regarding the truth of this work. Any strangers who may be present may think his declaration in that regard rather remarkable. Our Lord and Savior promised that all who should do His will should know for themselves as to the divine origin of the Gospel. This is the reason why Elder Merrill is able to make such a positive statement of the knowledge he has obtained.

What is necessary to be done in order to do its work with the will of God and as a result obtain a knowledge thereof? There are many opinions abroad on this subject. The best source of information is the Scriptures, which Christ commended to the consideration of men in His day. The speaker here read from the sixteenth chapter of St. Mark, showing that baptism by immersion in water, and the obtaining of the Holy Ghost, by a prescribed ordinance, were necessary parts of the law of the Gospel. He also dwelt upon the commission given to the servants of God in that age to preach the Gospel, free of charge, to all people. In the same chapter is also a statement of the spiritual signs that were to follow the believer as a result of obedience. An explanation was given by Elder Taylor of the manner in which the divine message was carried to the people in the ancient Apostles and the results of the reception or rejection of their teachings. He (not referred to the case of Nicodemus, who visited the Savior under cover of night to make inquiry regarding the steps he should take to obtain salvation, the reply being, "Except a man be born of water and of the Spirit, he cannot see the Kingdom of God." Christ asserted that He testified of things that He had seen and did know. Here then is an instance of a similar character to that now speaking. Brother Merrill having testified to what he does know, Christ gave other instructions which His servants in the days of the primitive Church, He explained, had taught at Jerusalem until they were endowed with power from on high. He promised that if they did be ready before upon them the Holy Ghost, the Comforter, who would instruct them and show them things to come. It is this spirit that imparts this knowledge of the things of God. These are not new doctrines. They are laid down in the Scriptures, and it is through the testimony of Jesus is the spirit of prophecy. The speaker then dwelt for some time upon the gifts of the Holy Spirit as defined by the Apostle Paul, asserting that people among whom these spiritual manifestations do not exist, are not in possession of the power of God unto salvation. He admonished all his hearers to take the advice of the Apostle Paul and seek earnestly the best gifts. He promised strangers that those who would believe in Christ, repent of their sins, be baptized by one holding the authority for the remission of them, should receive the Holy Ghost and be able to testify that they had acted in accord with the divine will.

Adjournment till 2 p.m.

The choir sang.

From the glorious land.

Benediction by Patriarch John Smith.

THE MANIPUR BATTLE.

Eighty Indian Troops Put Nine Hundred Manipors to Flight by a Decisive Attack.

THE SITUATION AT THE COKE REGIONS.

Murder of a Wealthy Banker at San Jose, Guatemala, by a Spaniard.

BY Telegraph to our News.

THE CAPTURE OF FORT THERAT.

Further News Concerning the Engagement at That Place.

CALCUTTA, April 4.—Further details concerning the capture of Fort Thaland, near Manipur, the scene of the recent massacre of the British troops by native, has been received. The British force which carried the works took small numbered only eighty Indian troops. The garrison of the fort was composed of the Manipuris, but the onslaught of the British was so fierce that the Manipuris fled in wild disorder. Reinforcements have been dispatched but it is feared that the Manipuris will return to attack the British detachment in full force, before the reinforcements reach the scene.

FIR CHIEF COMMISSIONER KILLED.

BANGKOK, April 4.—The natives of Manipur arrived here, report that Chief Commissioner James W. Wilson was taken prisoner at the time of the massacre. He was, together with a party of officers who accompanied him, killed on the first day of the fighting.

IN THE COKE REGIONS.

The Situation Unchanged—Arrangements for the Funeral.

MOUNT PLEASANT, PA., April 4.—The situation in the coke regions is not materially changed. The feeling prevails that as long as the miners remain there will be no more business. It is feared unless the strike be settled before they are called home, the operations will be reduced as soon as their backs are turned. The feeling among the strikers is bitterly bitter, but they are cowed for a season by overt act and content themselves with scowling at the militia, muttering and unmistakable tongues. Some apprehensions are felt that an outbreak will occur at the funeral of the victims this afternoon. The strikers are massing at Scottdale and the largest demonstration ever held in the country is expected. The funeral will start from Morrell's Hill at 2:30. The cortege will reach Scottdale an hour and a half later. The march to the Catholic cemetery will then be taken up, and not less than ten thousand coke workers will follow the bodies to the grave. The bodies will be placed in a long trench dug this morning. Every precaution is taken to prevent trouble. The saloons have been closed for the day. Five companies of the Eighteenth regiment under the command of Colonel Smith, are now on the ground. From 8 o'clock yesterday morning until 10 o'clock today, a line of officers, of whom about one in ten could speak English, filed around the tier upon which the dead lay. Sobs and groans were heard on every side and crowds collected about the clothing which the victims had last worn. Judging from their actions, they will prove vipers to the men who did the shooting. It is well known among the citizens that the lives of Captain Lear and his deputies would be in jeopardy, should the militia be withdrawn. There is no doubt that the strikers are determined to wreak vengeance, eventually, upon the people who are responsible for the death of their countrymen.

WHERE THE RESPONSIBILITY IS.

PITTSBURG, April 4.—H. C. Finch, a coke operator, says the outbreak in the coke regions should be laid to the door of the outside labor leaders, who, for selfish purposes, incited them to riot. He denies having imported any men.

Warren Miller Heard From.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The general manager of the Nicaragua Canal Construction Company received this morning a cable from Hon. Warren Miller at Greyton, Nicaragua, as follows: "Arrived Greyton Thursday morning, second inst. All safe and in good health."

The Indian Depredation Claims.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—H. W. Henze, son of the late Senator Henze of California, has just established in this city a bureau to carry out the provisions of the bill recently passed by the Indian depredation claims which will probably amount to twenty millions or more. The bill transfers the jurisdiction over these claims from the Interior Department to the Court of Claims, allowing to all claims validated and allowed by the defendant. It also declares void all contracts between client and attorney, and will affect hundreds of attorneys who already have secured claims, inasmuch as their efforts so far will be lost, should their clients desire to employ other legal assistance.

Henze's bureau will be called "Claimants" in honor of his San Francisco newspaper.

The Huns Leave for Scottdale.

MOUNT PLEASANT, April 4.—It is quiet here today. The officers are detailed, most of the Huns having quietly departed for Scottdale during the night. The Coke Company is not making any effort to get men to fill the places of the strikers. The peculiar feature of the situation is that although the men have been out of work for over a month, they still seem to have considerable money and from outward appearance, are not suffering from anything. In the M. P. Grant Hill, there is a large list of depositors whose savings range from 50 to $500. Of this money very little has been withdrawn. How these people live without earning money is difficult for Anerlamen to understand. To those who have no money, the labor leaders advise a little small sums. The strike is likely to continue indefinitely.

ANOTHER STRIKE TRAGEDY.

The Assassin is a Spaniard and the Scene, San Jose.

NEW YORK, April 4.—From San Jose, Guatemala, come the details of a tragic shooter in this city. Detected Ejrand case at Paris. A wealthy banker, Carlos Santilmer, in November entered a house on the outskirts of the city, for the purpose of cashing a large amount of American exchange. He had a large sum of money and jewelry on his person. The messenger, whose name he (alias) has into a compromising position when the assassin, a Spaniard named Gonzales, rushed in, stabbed him to death and robbed the dead of the money and shipped to the United States. The facts have just been brought to light by the confession of Gonzales while drunk. Gonzales and the woman he lived with another conspirator are under arrest and will doubtless be punished.

Damage in Telegraph Wires.

BOSTON, April 4.—Thursday night's storm resulted in a general demoralization of the telegraph service in New England. The poles were blown down and the wires tangled and wrecked. The general condition of the telegraph systems was worse than it was when it snowed from the blizzard of January 25th. Neither the Western Union nor the Postal had the wire working to New York yesterday. The Associated Press wires are down in all directions.

Desertion in the Chilian Navy.

PARIS, April 4.—It is announced that the Chilian frigate *Pilcomayo*, with officers and crew, has deserted the cause of President Balmaceda and joined the rebel fleet, which now numbers fifty war vessels.

THE QUICK AND THE DEAD

WOOD'S PLASTER

QUICK. Relief in 20 minutes. DEAD. Every lingering WOOD'S PLASTER. It Penetrates, Relieves, Cures. 25 Dropsies.

A Worthy Enterprise.

The Coop Furniture Co. are now open for business again, after the big fire on Main Street, and have moved to the Market Block, Nos. 43 and 45 South West Temple Street, opposite and from the *Herald* building. It is a large three-story building, and is very well lighted makes elegant show rooms. The company have just received large consignments of Furniture of all styles, which are of the latest design and substantial. Also Carpets, Rugs, Curtains and Cornices, etc., which they are selling at extremely low prices to establish themselves in their new quarters. The company have established a reputation for fair and honest dealing, and consequently they merit a liberal share of public patronage.

SPECIAL BARGAINS in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry for Conference week at J. E. Jenkins.

GO TO Arlington's for Boston Ice Cream.

SCARFS, Scarff, Scarff, Scarff, Scarff.

Baby Carriages, half price at S. R. Marks'. 300 to choose from.

DINWOODEY'S WALL PAPER. SUPERB LINE. LATEST DESIGNS, LOWEST PRICES.

S. R. MARKS & CO.,
Carpets and Lace Curtains, new styles, lowest prices.

Notice.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Western Shoe and Dry Goods Co., 51 and 53 Main Street, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, will take place at their office, on April 7, 1891, at 7 p.m.

EDWIN DOWNS, Secretary.

Once a customer, always a customer.

HAVE you tried Arlington's Cream Soda?

DINWOODEY

Is now prepared to wait upon customers in his New Store; he has a magnificent line of Furniture, Carpets and Wall Paper. Call and see him.

FINE French Candies at Arlington's.

SCARFS, 20 East 1st South, Soaps.

Several years ago Chamberlain & Co., of Des Moines, Iowa, commenced the manufacture of a cough syrup, believing it to be the most prompt and reliable preparation yet produced for coughs, colds and croup, that the public appreciate true merit, and in time it was certain to become popular. Their most sanguine hopes have been more than realized. Over three hundred thousand bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy are now sold each year, and it is recognized as "the best medicine, where ever known." It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other medicine. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 4 4

COHN BROS.

CONFERENCE - BARGAINS

DRESS GOODS.

DRESS PATTERNS, consisting of 5 yds. 36 in. Henrietta, with 5 yds. Fancy Cashmere to match, at $2.00 per suit.
Madame Gilbert's Dress Patterns at $16, cost, worth $1.00.
10 pieces Dominoes Print Cloth, cold weather, at 5c per yd.
10 pieces 27 in. Fine Satines, handsome styles, at 10c a yard.
Fine Satines, in dark and medium grounds, at 12½c perfectly fast, the 15c kind.

OUR LINEN DEPARTMENT

Offers a full assortment of those large Hack Towels, at 25c each.
20 pieces Large White Curtain Scrims, at 10c, 12½c, 15c.
A full line of Linen Damasks, Napkins, Doylies to match, at 50c, $1.00, $2.50 to $5.00 per set, former prices $4.50 to $10.00.
A lot of Decorated Tables Linens, Dominoes, at extraordinary bargains.
Extra Heavy White Crochet Bed Spreads, at $1.25.

BARGAINS IN CURTAINS.

Beautiful Curtains, in White and Cream Nottingham Lace, at $1.00, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 a pair.
Nice Curtains, at $2.25, $2.50 and $3.00 a pair.
Irish Point Embroidered Curtains, at $5.00, $6.00, $7.50 and upwards.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Beautiful New Styles in Cloth and Beaded Capes, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50 and upwards.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR BARGAINS.

Chemise, Lace and Embroidery Trimmed, at 35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.
Drawers, excellent qualities, at 25c, 50c, 75c, and $1.00.
NIGHT DRESSES, Splendid values, 50c, 75c, and $1.00.
SKIRTS, beautifully trimmed, at 50c, 75c, and $1.00.

KID GLOVE REDUCTIONS.

2 hook undressed Kid Gloves, lost the shades in all dyes, at 50c, former price $1.25. 4 button stitched back, Suede Gloves, at 1.00, regular price 1.50.

HOSIERY BARGAINS.

A large lot of Boys' ribbed Hose, in black and gray mixtures, at 10c a pair.
Misses' Derby ribbed Hose, absolutely fast black, all sizes, at 12c.
Ladies' fast black and fancy colored Hose, spliced toes, 9 pair for 50c.

COHN BROS.

A Hearty Greeting and Welcome extended to all Conference Visitors to attend

WONDERLAND

AND BIJOU THEATORIUM.

L. L. SACKETT and WM. H. LAWLER, Sole Proprietors.
E. L. CONDON, Resident Manager. J. E. SACKETT, Business Agent.

WEEK OF APRIL 6TH.

Last Appearance of the Famous and Original

Rineheart Family,

Who will Present their original Comedy, the

IRISH GOVERNESS

Interspersed with Classical Selections, Song Songs, Clever Dances, etc., Introducing

Madam Rineheart, Little Rineheart, Nellie Rineheart, Jeff Rineheart, Minnie Rineheart, Bridget McCole, the Celebrated Irish Comedian, Nellie Wade, Lee Wade, McGinnis.

Introducing the Spanish Scarf Dance.

STELLA, LEO AND MINNIE

Are the Wonderful Child Dancers,

MISS STELLA RINEHEART,

In songs, Dances and Skipping Rope Dance, and her wonderful Irish Impersonations.

The Clever and Versatile Duo, THE McCOMBER SISTERS,

In their New Sketch.

CAPT. BEACH, The Pearl Diver of Ceylon.

This Amphibious Man Illustrates the Life and Occupations of those who go down to the bottom of the sea in search of Pearls.

THE OSSIFIED WOMAN!

Nature's Struggle Novelty. She is a Bone enlarged human being, still she Lives and Seems to enjoy life as well as anyone.

Another Great Feature! LaSALLE, The Queen of the Air.

This Aerial Marvel. This Amphibious Wonder appears in a Manner Almost by Spirit Power. The Knife, Swords, Knife and Scarf Under Water.

Engagement Extraordinary! Sister's Parade. Her sister who is a very brief, a woman who has been dead for a few years, but now comes to life.

EMMA SCHILLER, the LIVING OSSIFIED WOMAN.

Pronounced by the Prompter, Physician, Press and Public to be the Most Physical Phenomenon of the Times. A Breathing Statue of Beauty, Imprisoned in her Own Oaken Casket, yet who Claims to Enjoy Life.

Emma Schiller is not an Almanac, a Freak, a Pitiable Object, but an Intelligent Woman of the Almighty who Rules all Beauties.

Everybody, Ministers, Physicians, Scientists, Students, Parents, the Children and the General Public Should See Her. Her arms and legs are as Plastic as Marble and as Wood of Marble and as cold as death—no muscles—no muscles—all are Solid Bone.

THE STORY OF HER LIFE.

I was born in Franklin Parish, Louisiana, of German and American parentage, June 15th, 1866. I am the oldest of a family of 11 children, four of whom were large and healthy. I was born in good health and at the age of 5 years of age I weighed 18 pounds, at 10 years of age I weighed 54 pounds. My case is one of extreme progressive ossification, which is all probability will continue until I am dead, and I have no doubt but they will have wanted and disappointed, but for all of the big claims I am a living human of flesh and bone, and I challenge the world to produce a human being in any subject upon the different missions of the country of Physicians and respectable strange person with me, I myself I enjoy life, and would be glad to meet any person.

CAPTAIN BEACH, THE PEARL DIVER OF CEYLON.

This Amphibious Human Specimen, Recognized as the Greatest Diver of Ceylon, will Give Exhibitions of Diving Every Day in the Week.

FRIDAY, (Ladies' Matinee Day), Matinee Day, All the Ladies Attending Free.

SATURDAY, (Children's Day), All Children admitted from 10 to 12 m. and 1 to 5 p.m. for 10c.

No Tickets sold or Admission Given to Disreputable or Improper Characters.

CONTINUOUS SHOWS! NO WAITS! Wonderland open Every Day in the year from 1 to 10 p.m. Open on Sun day from 2 to 10 p.m.

SEATS IN THE THEATORIUM 10 cts. ADMISSION 10 cts.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.

January 1st, 1891, Cash Assets, - - - - $15,319,033.46.

Among some of the prominent gentlemen who are policy holders in the Manhattan Life Insurance Co. are the following:

Hon. E. Harrison, Pres. U. S. | ALSO IN SALT LAKE CITY. | Francis Gardner.
Hon. Grover Cleveland, ex-Pres. U. S. | W. H. Rowe. | Hon. Jos. R. Walker.
Hon. S. S. Cox, Minister Turkey. | Harry Machin. | Hon. Jos. F. Smith.
Hon. W. H. Miller, Attorney Genl. | J. H. Rowe. | Hon. Geo. Q. Cannon.
Hon. J. Sloan, late Senator. | Geo. R. Newman. | Hon. W. Dwyer, Chief Justice.
Hon. A. H. Stephens, late Vice Pres. | W. H. Dwyer. | Hon. A. Miner, Judge.
Hon. Russell A. Alger. | J. R. Jennings. | Hon. Jos. E. Rawlins.
Hon. Chauncey M. Depew. | H. S. Lawrence. | Hon. Thos. Marioneaux.
Hon. Charles Underwood. | Wm. Fox. | Hon. Wm. Spry.
| | | Hon. Wm. Jennings.

For Full Information apply at Office of Insurance, Times and Seasons, or address any agent of the Company or the undersigned.

Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts.

FULLER & YOUNG, AGENTS, SALT LAKE CITY.

AGENTS WANTED.

OUR AGENTS MAKE $100 TO $200 A MONTH.

WE CLOSE OUR HOUSE ON THEIR BENEFIT. WE WANT SMART AND ENERGETIC PERSONS WHO CAN MAKE GOOD WAGES. Address Kenner Manufacturing Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

R.K.THOMAS.

28, 29, 30, 32 E. First South St. — R. R.K.T. T. — 26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.

DRESS GOODS.

EVERY DRY GOODS HOUSE KEEPS DRESS GOODS, BUT scarcely a house in America can show the collection of superb things we are prepared to offer this Spring. They are strung along from New York to Salt Lake, and SOMETHING NEW IS ARRIVING DAILY. The purchases of six past seasons would not equal the selections of this season's line, and Ladies cannot form the faintest idea of how elegantly and tastefully they can dress, except by calling and examining our choice stock of French Novelties and the other artistic effects in our Dress Goods Department.

We shall show a line of French Challies, the patterns and colorings of which are pronounced works of art.

Our Combination Plaid Robes are the most tasteful, at a moderate price, ever produced, and about two hundred patterns of European Novelties, of which no two dress patterns are alike, are something to be proud of.

The Wool Plaids embrace colors never before attempted, and, together with the patterns, are simply immense, and in styles suitable to all ages.

Our Black Goods stock is very complete, in which we are showing many novelties that are offered at the very low prices we place on Henriettas, Serges, Cords, Diagonals and Twills.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

THE TERMS APPLICABLE TO OUR WASH DRESS GOODS are handsome, pretty, sweet. These three styles of beauty are all embraced in the choicest line ever offered in any one house. The cream of all importers and manufacturers are collected in this one grand display.

We lead with the great European Novelty, Korah Moire, in printed goods, a new weave made from Egyptian Cotton and Combed Yarns, combined with the Moire effect, producing a richness only to be found in the highest class silks. Every house advertises Scotch Ginghams and Zephyrs, and show more ugly than pretty patterns, but with us it is different; we have an immense assortment, and every pattern is a beauty, the colors rare and rich, producing effects never before witnessed in this class of goods, and are perfectly fast.

We are also showing stylish patterns in American Ginghams.

The old stand-by, Printed Sateens, is largely represented in all qualities, and the new Canton Cloth, made by Simpson & Sons, deserve special mention for its richness of design.

The patterns in Prints this season are so very pretty we must speak of them.

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WHITE BLACK GOODS IS THE ONE NEW THING UNDER the sun; you want to see them; they are in Embroidered Flouncings, India Linens, Nainsook Checks, Lace Effects, Cords and Stripes. Ladies of more advanced years can have all the comfort there is in wearing a white muslin dress and yet be dressed in black. You should buy them early, the novelty being so great, there are doubts of there being enough to supply the demand.

We have a more extensive line than ever in White Embroidered Flouncings in forty-five-inch goods for Ladies, and twenty-seven inches for children. You will, of course, see Flouncings in other stores, but if you want style combined with cheapness, you will buy them of us.

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