

DEPORTED MINERS WILL CO-OPERATE

New Mining Camp Will be Operated by Them in New Mexico.

FEDERATION WILL WORK CLAIMS

Men at Holly Are Quiet and Peaceable, Minding Their Business and Paying for Everything.

Denver, June 12.—Rumor here says that a new mining camp will be opened in New Mexico, to receive the deported union miners from Cripple Creek. The Western Federation of Miners will work the claims on a co-operative basis and will have entire jurisdiction over their development.

Provision will be made by the federation for all deported miners and to this end a carload of supplies will be sent to the new camp immediately as a starter. The camp will be located near Tres Piedras, which is 20 miles south of the Colorado line on the line of the Denver & Rio Grande.

There is a district 10 miles square of virgin ore and the work of mining it will be parcelled out to the union miners. They will work on the co-operative plan, but the miners will be supported by the federation while prospecting.

The idea of a co-operative union camp was suggested to Secy. Haywood of the federation by A. Royal, president of the Belle Royal Mining and Milling company of Tres Piedras, which company owns 80 acres in the district. This property will be purchased by the federation for initial operations. The particularly attractive feature of the proposition to send the exiled men to New Mexico was that there they would be amenable to federal law only. Gov. Peabody has been asked to order Gen. Bell to send further shipments of deported miners from Cripple Creek to New Mexico, and approves of the plan, according to the story.

MINERS AT HOLLY.

Holly, Colo., June 12.—About 10 of the deported miners from Cripple Creek left here at midnight last night for La Junta, Colo., Pueblo and Denver. The remainder are staying in town and have been quiet and orderly since their arrival. They have paid cash for their meals and lodging and seem to be well supplied with funds for immediate needs. They are worrying over the welfare of their families, who were left behind in Cripple Creek. They say they are willing to leave the district forever if their wives and children are allowed to join them. It is probable that a considerable number of the exiles will go into the country to seek work on the ranches.

EMPLOYERS OF LABOR MEET.

Colorado Springs, Colo., June 12.—Employers of labor met here today and a secret committee was appointed to draft a petition regarding the employment of organized labor in the district. The committee will report Tuesday, when the Citizens' alliance and the Mine-Owners' association will be known their position in regard to all organized labor.

The petition circulated on Thursday, asking all merchants to discontinue the employment of all men affiliated with the Trades assembly, the American Labor union or the Western Federation of Miners, is held in abeyance until the committee reports. A modified petition will be ready by June 15.

Sheriff Bell said tonight that his investigations into the Independence murders will show that some "good boys" will be found to have been in the worst. He promises one or two sensational cases in this regard.

The 17 men arrested at Dunaville after the battle of Wednesday will be charged with insurrection. Gov. Peabody will appoint a military board to try these cases. The 51 men arrested in the Miners' Union hall Monday afternoon will also be charged with the same offense. None of these men will be deported.

All the big mines except the Portland will resume operations tomorrow morning with full force.

BACK TO THE MOUNTAINS.
Denver, June 12.—A News special from Granada, Colo., a town about 20 miles east of Holly, says:

A large portion of the deported miners have arrived here. They are on their way back to the mountains. The town hall has been rendered the men and a number have availed themselves of the opportunity. As most of the men were searched by the militia and their money and other belongings taken away, they are nearly all without funds.

DEPORTED MINERS IN DENVER.

Denver, Colo., June 12.—The Cripple Creek union miners deported to the Kansas line by order of Adjut.-Gen. Bell, are beginning to arrive here. About 15 have already reached this city, among them John Constock, who said in an interview:

"We are all safe, I guess. We got off at Holly, as has been told, and those people certainly treated us fine.

Hair - Vain?

Why not? A little vanity is a good thing. Perhaps you can't be hair-vain, your hair is so thin, so short, so gray. Then use Ayer's Hair Vigor. It stops falling of the hair, makes the hair grow, and always restores color to gray hair.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over 40 years. I am now in my 81st year and have an abundance of soft brown hair, which I attribute to the use of your preparation."—Mrs. Mary A. Keith, Belleville, Ill.

50c. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

They teased us and we have only thanks for them. I have not thought of whether or not I will return to the mine. The question has never come up as yet. No, we did not suffer much, because the people everywhere out there took us in and did all they could for us."

REFORM OF CRIMINALS.

Mrs. Ballington Booth Causes Much Consternation.

New York, June 12.—In an address at the Madison avenue reformed church, Mrs. Ballington Booth has caused much consternation among the members of the fashionable congregation. She was speaking of work in the state prisons of the country and success in the reformation of so-called "habitual" criminals.

I see before me many examples of what the love of Jesus Christ can do for habitual criminals," she said. "I see here former convicts with their wives, and some even with children."

Many of the listeners looked at each other as if each felt that a neighbor might be one of those to whom Mrs. Booth was referring; suspicious glances were cast and many looked askance to see tell-tale blush, but none was observable and Mrs. Booth continued her remarks, assuring the congregation that she did not intend going into details.

DR. F. W. GUNSAULUS.

Gets on Rampage Over Declaration of Independence.

Chicago, June 12.—Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus has delivered the baccalaureate address at the Auditorium to the graduating class of Armour institute.

"There was never a more interesting falsehood than all men are created free and equal," said he. "The Declaration of Independence was the work of an hour of intense excitement, and on every national anniversary this phrase is misquoted because when it is taken from its context it is false."

"Freedom is something to be won. Men are not born free. Every power into whose control a man comes is a conquered freedom. There are no equals in this universe of God's. God is no Socialist."

"The problem of problems is to get a humanity that is energetic and militant—that is restless. The world needs men who can observe the approach of tremendous coming events as the engineer does the engine and still remain placid in the face of this force. Get the utmost efficiency into life with the least waste just as in the principles of physics. Put your methods into life so as to make the engine of life go ahead accurately and with power. The young man of today has an errand to the world and must make himself a captain."

A DOUBLE MURDER.

Gilbert P. Dodge Kills His Wife And Mrs. Maud McKinley.

Pueblo, Colo., June 12.—Gilbert P. Dodge, a livery keeper, shot and killed his wife and Mrs. Maud McKinley on the principal business street of this city tonight. The women were sitting in a carriage in front of a fish market. Dodge, dismounted from a horse on which he was riding, shot one woman in the head and the other in the heart and then tried to kill himself but did not succeed before he was disarmed by the police. Mrs. McKinley is said to be the wife of Charles McKinley of Cripple Creek, who was under arrest on the charge of being one of the men who wrecked the Short Line train bearing non-union miners some months ago. The case dragged through the courts for some months and several weeks ago the case against McKinley was held in the courts at Cripple Creek.

In a statement Dodge said he meant to kill his wife and her companion because his wife had been untrue and the woman with her was responsible for leading his wife astray.

CONTRABAND OF WAR.

Russia Would Make Rice and Foodstuffs That.

St. Petersburg, June 12.—The Russian government has not yet returned an answer to British Ambassador Hardinge relative to his government's protest at Russia's declaration that rice and other foodstuffs are contraband of war, but the Associated Press learns that there is no intention on the part of the government to make modifications to meet the British view. The protest is based on the rule observed by Great Britain during the Boer war, that even foodstuffs destined for a hostile country could be considered contraband of war only when intended for an enemy's forces.

TRAIN STRIKES AN AUTOMOBILE.

One Man Killed. Chauffeur Fatally Injured and Little Girl Had Her Foot Cut Off.

COULD NOT SEE THE TRAIN.

Was Rounding a Curve and Was Hidden by Trees—Hundreds Saw The Accident.

New York, June 12.—Rounding a curve at Van Cortlandt park this afternoon, a train on the Yonkers division of the New York & Putnam railroad crashed into an automobile owned by George Noakes, a restaurant keeper, Frank B. Read, a paper manufacturer of this city, was killed; the 10-year-old daughter of Mr. Noakes had her left foot cut off by the train and John Spencer, the negro chauffeur, was fatally injured. Mr. and Mrs. Noakes and their 6-year-old son escaped with a few bruises.

The train was hidden by a heavy clump of trees as it approached the Van Cortlandt park station and just as it came into sight from the crossing the automobile came swiftly along toward the tracks. It was impossible to avoid a collision and hundreds of persons on the golf links, which parallel the tracks saw the heavy touring car demolished.

Mr. Read's body was picked up 40 feet from the crossing. He was unconscious and died soon after being taken to the hospital.

The young girl was the only one who was not thrown from the automobile. She was in the middle seat and when the locomotive struck the car she was carried along with it. Her foot dragged along the pulley and was run over and amputated and her leg mangled by the engine. Her body became wedged in the wreckage and before she was released parts of the broken automobile had to be unceremoniously removed. At the hospital it was found necessary to amputate the leg.

Mr. and Mrs. Noakes and their young son were flung on to the soft greenward of the golfing ground and their injuries were slight. Spencer, the chauffeur, was also thrown on the grass but one foot had been crushed and it was found necessary to cut it off at the hospital.

Earle W. Wallace Identified.

New York, June 12.—Earle W. Wallace, the young artist who was found last week unconscious and surrounded by a pack of yelping curs in the woods near Flushing, L. I., has been identified as the son of Dr. Barton Wallace, of Franklin, Indiana. The doctor has arrived and placed his son in a private sanitarium where it is expected he will soon recover. Overstudy is supposed to have caused the breakdown of the young artist.

THE PALMA TROPHY.

It Will be Returned as Result of Rifle Controversy.

Washington, June 12.—As a result of the controversy over the style of rifles used by the American team in the match for the Palma trophy last July, the executive committee of the National Rifle association by unanimous consent decided to return the trophy at once. Instructions will be telegraphed for its immediate shipment.

The executive committee unanimously adopted the following resolution: "That we hereby ratify all statements made in the letter of the president of this association to the secretary of the National Rifle association of Great Britain, dated March 7, 1904, and instruct the president to withdraw the Palma trophy from the program of the current year and to cause the trophy to be immediately returned to the National Rifle association of Great Britain, to be held by that organization for future competition."

SENATOR COCKRELL BETTER.

He Was Knocked Down and Injured by a Bicycleist.

Washington, June 12.—Senator Cockrell of Missouri, who was painfully injured yesterday by being knocked down by a boy with a bicycle, was much better today. The wound by the shoulder is painful, but it is thought will yield readily to treatment. The senator is of robust physical condition, and fortunately suffered no shock to his nervous system as a result of the accident.

IROQUOIS FIRE VICTIM.

Only Unidentified One Buried in Montrose Cemetery.

Chicago, June 12.—The only unidentified body of the victims of the Iroquois fire was buried today at Montrose cemetery, with this inscription on the casket: "The Unknown, Dec. 29 1903."

FEDERATION'S SIDE PLAINLY STATED.

Makes Formal Reply to Assertion Of Gen. Bell and Secy. Hamlin Of Mine Owners' Assn.

HISTORY OF CAUSE OF STRIKE.

Declares Responsibility for Lawlessness Rests Entirely With Citizens' Alliance and its Allies.

Denver, June 11.—The executive board of the Western Federation of Miners today issued a statement regarding the situation in Cripple Creek in reply to the statements made by Gen. Sherman M. Bell and Secy. C. C. Hamlin of the Cripple Creek Mine Owners' association. It is as follows:

"The cause of the strike of the Western Federation of Miners in Colorado is one of long standing and involves the failure on the part of mine managers in various parts of the state to live up to their own written agreements. As far back as 1884, as a result of a strike that time the mine owners agreed that eight hours should constitute a day's work, that the minimum day wage should be \$3 and that there should be no discrimination against union men in the hiring and discharging of labor."

At the outset of the trouble Manager MacNeill of the Stanford mill at Colorado City peremptorily discharged 45 men, members of the Western Federation of Miners, for no other reason than that they had become union men. All of these were old employees of from two to six years' standing. Millmen are affiliated with the Western Federation of Miners and are entitled to all of the protection that goes with such membership.

"Today the only questions involved are the enforcement of the eight-hour day, the right of men to organize in the unions and to prevent discrimination against union men of all kinds. The responsibility for the lawlessness connected with the contest rests entirely on the shoulders of the mine operators, the Citizens' Alliance and their allies, backed up by the ready power of the state government. The persons and organizations by District Judge Theron Stevens, who denounced the military usurpation in Telluride in strong language, from the bench; by District Judge J. Walter Dixon, a publican, who openly condemns Gov. Peabody and severely criticizes his acts, involving the deportation of men from the state without trial or other chance of hearing; by ex-Gov. Charles S. Thomas, who plainly points to the Mine Owners' association and Citizens' alliance as being responsible for the many outrages committed on the persons of helpless and innocent miners; by the recent Democratic state convention, which denounced in scathing terms the line of policy pursued."

"The events of the week which the Cripple Creek district justify every accusation contained above. The following crimes upon citizenship have followed swiftly upon one another:

"The resignation of Sheriff Robertson of Teller county, forced by a mob at the point of a pistol and a coil of rope; the forced resignation of Coroner Dran of Teller county, of the city marshal of Victor, of various aldermen and justices of the peace in the district, the entire official directory of the City of Goldfield, assault upon and demolition of the Union hall in Victor, forcible entrance into the four union co-operative stores and destruction of the contents; destruction of the Victor Daily Record by an armed mob; invasion of Dunsmuir outside the military lines. Hundreds of men confined in unsanitary bullpens; forcible shut down of the great Portland mine; employing union men, by order of the military commandant on the plea of military necessity; and subsequent deportation of the men therein employed."

"Concerning the explosion which wrecked the depot at Independence and killed 16 unfortunate non-union miners, it need only be said that the self-confessed train wrecker, McKinley, in the employ of the Mine Owners' association, had a few days previously been released from custody at the behest of the attorney for the association, and that this same McKinley was observed going down Potosi canyon in the immediate vicinity of the wreckage only a short time after the disaster, and that the bloodhound used to follow the trail of the criminal went directly to a house occupied by a detective in the employ of the Mine Owners' association, and was promptly called off. McKinley stated under cross examination during the trial of the union miners who were accused of the attempted train wrecking that he and other detectives did, that for a money consideration, he would pull spikes and wreck a train."

"Photographs of marked miners referred to by Gen. Bell who, he claims, were marked for death, must be regarded as an invention of his own brain. The photographs in question are those of strike-breakers, and were kept for the purpose of publishing a scab list with the pictures of the men accompanying their description, so that members of organized labor all over the country would become thoroughly acquainted with these men who have committed treason to themselves and to their classes. These pictures are nothing more than those having charge of the strike in the district have publicly used for many months."

"Charges that miners are not allowed to vote on questions of strike are utterly absurd. As a matter of fact, according to the constitution of the Western Federation of Miners, it is absolutely impossible for the executive board to call a strike of its own volition. The present strike is a result of a direct vote of the members of the various unions in the district which left the matter entirely in the hands of properly delegated authorities for adjudication and settlement. The twelfth annual convention recently held in Denver appointed a special investigating committee consisting of Malcom Gillis of Butte, Mont.; H. B. Seaman of Roseland, R. C.; and H. E. Allen of Dillon, Wyo., which committee made a personal investigation by a visit to the Cripple Creek district only last week, and reported to the convention that the constitution of the Western Federation of Miners had been observed to the minutest detail during the entire prosecution of the contest."

"Absolutely no deaths have occurred during the contest for which the Western Federation of Miners can or ought to be held responsible. Some 15 men were killed in the Stratton independence mine through the incompetency of the men employed and their culpable negligence of the management. These men were unfamiliar with the work, and were such as this mine and other mines in the district have been compelled to employ at the behest of the Mine Owners' Employment agency."

"We are unfortunately forced to abide by the acts of an unbridled military despotism that is driving our members from pillar to post. Their fortune under these circumstances is the marvel of the age and shows the Western Federation of Miners is composed of the highest type of American citizenship."

"Our attitude is fully expressed by the following telegram:

"Honorable Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.:

"A duty devolves upon you as president of the United States to investigate the terrible crimes that are being perpetrated in Colorado in the name of law and order. We will render every possible assistance to the proper authorities in such investigation, to the end that the people of the country might realize the outrages that are being inflicted on innocent persons by those in temporary official power."

(Signed) "W. D. HAYWOOD, Secretary."

country would become thoroughly acquainted with these men who have committed treason to themselves and to their classes. These pictures are nothing more than those having charge of the strike in the district have publicly used for many months."

"Charges that miners are not allowed to vote on questions of strike are utterly absurd. As a matter of fact, according to the constitution of the Western Federation of Miners, it is absolutely impossible for the executive board to call a strike of its own volition. The present strike is a result of a direct vote of the members of the various unions in the district which left the matter entirely in the hands of properly delegated authorities for adjudication and settlement. The twelfth annual convention recently held in Denver appointed a special investigating committee consisting of Malcom Gillis of Butte, Mont.; H. B. Seaman of Roseland, R. C.; and H. E. Allen of Dillon, Wyo., which committee made a personal investigation by a visit to the Cripple Creek district only last week, and reported to the convention that the constitution of the Western Federation of Miners had been observed to the minutest detail during the entire prosecution of the contest."

"Absolutely no deaths have occurred during the contest for which the Western Federation of Miners can or ought to be held responsible. Some 15 men were killed in the Stratton independence mine through the incompetency of the men employed and their culpable negligence of the management. These men were unfamiliar with the work, and were such as this mine and other mines in the district have been compelled to employ at the behest of the Mine Owners' Employment agency."

"We are unfortunately forced to abide by the acts of an unbridled military despotism that is driving our members from pillar to post. Their fortune under these circumstances is the marvel of the age and shows the Western Federation of Miners is composed of the highest type of American citizenship."

"Our attitude is fully expressed by the following telegram:

"Honorable Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.:

"A duty devolves upon you as president of the United States to investigate the terrible crimes that are being perpetrated in Colorado in the name of law and order. We will render every possible assistance to the proper authorities in such investigation, to the end that the people of the country might realize the outrages that are being inflicted on innocent persons by those in temporary official power."

(Signed) "W. D. HAYWOOD, Secretary."

abide by the acts of an unbridled military despotism that is driving our members from pillar to post. Their fortune under these circumstances is the marvel of the age and shows the Western Federation of Miners is composed of the highest type of American citizenship."

"Charges that miners are not allowed to vote on questions of strike are utterly absurd. As a matter of fact, according to the constitution of the Western Federation of Miners, it is absolutely impossible for the executive board to call a strike of its own volition. The present strike is a result of a direct vote of the members of the various unions in the district which left the matter entirely in the hands of properly delegated authorities for adjudication and settlement. The twelfth annual convention recently held in Denver appointed a special investigating committee consisting of Malcom Gillis of Butte, Mont.; H. B. Seaman of Roseland, R. C.; and H. E. Allen of Dillon, Wyo., which committee made a personal investigation by a visit to the Cripple Creek district only last week, and reported to the convention that the constitution of the Western Federation of Miners had been observed to the minutest detail during the entire prosecution of the contest."

"Absolutely no deaths have occurred during the contest for which the Western Federation of Miners can or ought to be held responsible. Some 15 men were killed in the Stratton independence mine through the incompetency of the men employed and their culpable negligence of the management. These men were unfamiliar with the work, and were such as this mine and other mines in the district have been compelled to employ at the behest of the Mine Owners' Employment agency."

"We are unfortunately forced to abide by the acts of an unbridled military despotism that is driving our members from pillar to post. Their fortune under these circumstances is the marvel of the age and shows the Western Federation of Miners is composed of the highest type of American citizenship."

"Our attitude is fully expressed by the following telegram:

"Honorable Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.:

"A duty devolves upon you as president of the United States to investigate the terrible crimes that are being perpetrated in Colorado in the name of law and order. We will render every possible assistance to the proper authorities in such investigation, to the end that the people of the country might realize the outrages that are being inflicted on innocent persons by those in temporary official power."

(Signed) "W. D. HAYWOOD, Secretary."

Russian Army Increasing.

Liao Yang, Sunday, June 12.—The army here is increasing rapidly, a fresh squadron arriving daily.

There is no fresh news from Port Arthur, nor has any confirmation of serious events having occurred there been received. On the contrary, according to the best information, everything is going well.

The officers and men here are very enthusiastic over the driving back of the Japanese on the road between Feng Wang Cheng and Hua Cheng June 9.

Only a comparatively short distance separates the Japanese and Russian armies and the soldiers are all anxious for active operations to begin.

A New Device

For the convenience of anyone requiring heat quickly in the Reservoir Spirit Heater, for which we have the exclusive sale in this city. It is just the thing for the sick room, dressing room or tea table, and is invaluable to physicians, having none of the disagreeable effects of most alcohol lamps. No wasted heat, no repeated filling, no smoke, had odors or grease. The price is \$1.50, and the heater may be sent by mail.

SCHRAMM'S
WHERE THE CARS STOP

NEAL'S ENAMELS

The Name is Enough.

EVERY
BODY
KNOWS.

CULMER'S
ADE AGENTS.
20 E First South.

LYON & CO.'S stock
invoiced \$36,000.00
and is being sold by us
at from 20 to 50 percent
discount from regular
prices.

Leyson's
JEWELERS
236 MAIN ST.
SALT LAKE CITY

OUR CUTS BRING RESULTS
DEBOUSE ENGRAVING CO.
27-29 W 50 TEMPLE ST. SALT LAKE CITY

MEN
Shores & Shores
DOCTORS
SALT LAKE CITY

JOSEPH E. TAYLOR,
PIONEER UNDERTAKER
Of Utah. Open day and night. Factory and Warehouses No. 253 E. First South, 1/4 blocks east of Theater.

Keith-O'Brien's Basement June Sale!

Greatest Basement
Sale Inaugurated
by this House.

THE SALE
IS NOW
UNDER
HEADWAY

Tremendous Cut-
Price Sale---The
Stock Must Go!