CREAT JUBILEE OF THE SCANDINAVIANS

Opening Exercises at the Assembly Hall Today - Concert at the Tabernacle This Evening.

of the Gospel in the far north.

The speaker here presented Eider John Forsgren, a white-haired veteran, as the first Swede to receive baptism, and related some circumstances con-

and related some circumstances con-nected with that brother's early min-istrations in the Gospel. Soon after his arrival in Sweden Elder Forsgren preached to and baptized some of his relatives. He was called before the magistrates and examined by physi-cians to ascertain his mental condi-

tion. Then he was arrested with other Elders, put in prison and given bread and water, and was finally banished from Sweden. Elders Andrew Winberg,

Capson and others were sent to take their places and the work went on. The history of the missions there was

prowded with similar incidents of great

Elder A. H. Lund expressed his pleasure at the large attendance, although great numbers who would attend the concert at the Tabernaole this evening

Elder J. M. Sjodahi made several an-

nouncements and after a selection by the choir, C. A. Madsen pronounced the

benediction and the meeting adjourned until 2 p. m.

In the Afternoon.

This afternoon's exercises opened with a hymn by the Sandy Choir, and H. J. Christiansen, of Logan offered

Following this came an interesting

ceremony, the presentation, by Presi-dent George Q. Cannon, of badges of honor to veterans of 1850 or before. The

first one was presented to President Canute Peterson, of Ephraim (1843), to

Cantte Peterson, of Ephraim (1848), to Peter Forsgren, of Brigham, the first convert in Scandinavia, Anna Beckstrom Snow, Bishop Christian Larsen, Logan; C. C. A. Christensen, of Ephraim; Camilla Jacobsen Kvarby, Christina B, Anderson, J. F. F. Dorius, Ephraim, Augusta D, Stevens, of Ephraim; Genetic T. T. Carolina (Projection Carolina Carolin

Caroline T. Snow, Manti; Christian Christiansen, of Manti.

lated all present on this happy occas

and especially those veterans who had received the medals. He had twice

visited Scandinavia, and although he

had at that time been away from home

for four years, on a mission, he was so taken with the Scandinavian people

acquire the language and preach to the

The regular program of addresses was then resumed, Elder O. H. Berg

giving a very interesting account of the

introduction of the Gospel into Norway

He was followed by Elder John Thor-geirsen, of Spanish Fork, who told of

the opening of missionary work in Ice-

This afternoon's program includes an address by Elder Andrew Jenson on

JUBILEE NOTES.

Saturday morning will be under the auspices of the ladies.

Miss Emily Larsen of Gunnison sings

Tomorrow's program includes a meeting in the Assembly Hall at 10 a. m.

and an excursion to Saltair in the after-

During this morning's session Erastus

Apostle whose memory is revered by all Utah Scandinavians, was observed

in the audience, and called to the stand

The medals presented to the pioneer

Scandinavians this afternoon are very handsome affairs. They bear the like-ness of Apostle Erastus Snow, with a

The concert at the Tabernacle to-

ight Christina Nilson's famous song

The meeting at the Assembly Hall on

'The Scandinavians in Utah.'

When I was Seventeen.'

by Elder A. H. Lund.

suitable inscription.

the Scandinavian Jubilee, commentument the fittieth anniversary of the second of the Gospel into Scandinavian of the Gospel into Scandinavian Jubilee, comment the fittieth anniversary of the second of the second of the scandinavian Jubilee, commentument to open up the mission in Second of the se duction of the Gospel into Scanmbly Hall, at 10 o'clock and the They were met at the doors by atteemen and the perfection of the agements was seen from the out-

here were present on the stand, of querum of Apostles, Elders Ana H. Lund, Francis M. Lyman, John or Smith, Brigham Young, George dale, Heber J. Grant, John W. Tay-Reed Smoot and Matthias F. Cow-Reed Smoot and Matthias F. and and prominent Scandinavians and as Camte Peterson, O. N. Liljenter, Carl E. Pedersen of Ogden. O. H. of Provo. Bishop Parley Christen-Bishop James Jensen of Forest Bishop C. A. Madsen of Gunni-Bishop Ia. S. Andersen. H. J. Stensen, Patriarch C. C. A. Christen, President W. W. Cluff, Patriarch C. C. B. H. Brown, Bishop C. J. dent W. W. Clumparatoon R. H. Brown, Bishop C. J. Christiansen, Peter A. P. P. Dorius, W. O. An-W. Winberg, Andrew Jen-Fjeldsted, N. C. Flygare, ow, Hedvig Christiansen, M. Sjedahl, August Stevens and

AN INFORMAL REUNION. seeding the exercises there was an on that was very inters witness, old friends from , who had been separated years in some instances, d hands, and the occasion was a

anthon H. Lund was in charge exercises, and the Sandy Scan-Entriksen, rendered the opening

Navn, o Preiser kjær.

MAYER BY A PATRIARCH. a. He expressed heartfelt thanks, so many of the gray haired Saints s heard Apostle Snow preach bling and present today. swedish hymn book: den eder Zion's soner

Over lifzets sanna ord. HE GOSPEL IN DENMARK. Dier Lund then introduced as the of Ephraim, who spoke on the much of the Gospel in Denmark, marks being in Danish. He atterestingly of the first mission

Zion to the Scandina. when the people heard the first time this new peculiar religion. The speaker's er was among the first to embrace Among the first bapin the Aalborg conference was the baptized in Denmark was K. H. ow of Lavan, Juab Co. er, though very young then, was ed with all the circumstances ted with the opening of the work sbagen. The Elders were soon or to Sweden and Norway, and its of those labors were shown sence of so many Saints from

sang an anthem, with a et by Miss Rosengren, the organ-nd Conductor Hartvicksen. ETINGS FROM THE APOSTLES. ber Lyman, in behalf of the Aposmade a brief address in which he Scandinavians today ested that they had the love of people as the people had theirs. who is doing more than from its foundation. ause for being thankful, ory of Erastus Snow trust you will have a at and a grand and a good time

by of you may live to see another THE GOSPEL IN SWEDEN. C. Flygare, of the Weber of the Gospel in Sweden, Swedish, he said he had allowed to talk in Engly spoken twice in his thirteen years. Shortwent to Scandinavia the Danish government this brethren, with whom he had

MURNER'S PROGNOSTICATIONS. Like-Presidential Nominee Talks of the Campaign.

New York, June 14,-General Simon bookper is now in this city on his W to Europe. In the course of an inew last night, he was asked:

you think the gold Democrats put a ticket in the field this fall?" y opinion is that they will not." epiled. "But of course much will upon the action of the conven-Philadelphia and Kansas City." the the gold Democrats as strong

stronger if anything. While that some who voted for us McKinley have returned to the have gained many re prepared to make another myself had any idea of be at we believed we would the about the adoption of the

night will be a musical treat; admiswill be free, but tickets must be obtained. They can be had at the music stores, or at the stores of J. S. Jensen, P. W. Madsen, John Hagman or the Bikuben office. The Scandinavian Jubilee Album, is-

sued in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the introduction of the Gospel to the three Scandinavian coun-tries by Apostle Erastus Snow and associates, is one of the handsomest publications ever issued in Utah. It is the joint work of Anthon H. Lund, Andrew Jenson, J. M. Sjodahl and C. A. F. Orlob and presents a complete and valuable history of the Scandinavian missions. The book is bound in handsomely embrossed covers, contains 239 pages engravings. The printing was done ensuch general excellence that the best equipped printing house in the country might be proud of it.

"The South will be practically solid for the Democratic party except in Kentucky, Maryland and Delaware. While many Southern Democrats will support McKinley's expansion policy, there are not enough of them to overcome the Democratic majorities. Were the Democratic majorities. the Republicans united in Maryland and Delaware I should believe that the McKinley electors would win there. As matters stand, I believe they have a

"How about Kentucky?" "How about Kentucky?"

I firmly blieve that Kentucky will give its electoral vote to the Republican ticket. There is a very strong feeling among many Democrats that Goebelism deserves a rebuke, and Mr. Bryan in-jured himself with that class of Democrats by entering our State and tak-ing an active part in the campaign in

Nebraska Has a Candidate. Omaha, Neb., June 14.-Nebraska proposes to be heard in the matter of the selection of a candidate for Vice President at the Philadelphia convention. Hon. Wm. F. Guerley, chairman of the Nebraska delegation, in a signed article he is of silver at the ratio of sixin some is dead as an issue but the
flow will the South vote this year?"

Neoraska delegation, in a signed article
to the Omaha Bee, urges the nomination of Hon. Joh. N. Baldwin of Councell Bloffs, a lawyer of wide reputation
who has a large practice in the Nebraska courts.

BUT LITTLE WAS ACCOMPLISHED.

What London Says of Lord Roberts' Fight With Gen. Botha.

BULLER AND ROBERTS JOIN

Principal Interest Now is in the Cape Colony Crisis-Why Schreiner Resigned,

London, June 14.-Lord Roberts' engagement with Gen. Botha terminated as expected by the Boer commanderin-chief retiring from his positions. Beyond driving Botha further from the capital, little seems to have been accomplished, as Lord Roberts does not mention the capture of prisoners or guns or the infliction of loss. Perhaps the most important feature revealed by today's official dispatches is the an-nouncement that the army of Natal is at last in touch with Lord Roberts' troops. The accomplishment of this movement, long delayed, should con-siderably accelerate the pacification of the Transvaal. That it is already bearing fruit is evident by the submission the Wakkerstroom district to Gen.

Another dispatch from Gen. Buller says Gen. Clery encountered no opposi-tion in his march from Ingogo to Laings Nek, which he now occupies. Gen. Dartnell marched through Laings Nek June 13 (Wednesday) on his way to Charlestown. The press dispatches say Charlestown was partially destroyed previous to its evacuation by the Boers, but that no damage was done at Volks-

In the Orange River colony affairs seem to be returning to the same stat-us as obtained previous to the cutting

of the line of British communications.

Mr. Schreiner appears determined to adhere to his resignation of the premiership, in spite of the pressure brought to bear on him by Sir Alfred Milner, the British high commissioner, and it is announced from Capetown that Milner has sent for Sir John Gordon Sprigg, the former premier, who is understood to be trying to form a cabi-

A dispatch from Capetown says:
"At the opening of parliament Mr. Schreiner will explain that he resigned because he was unwilling to remain in other supported by the opposition, be-lieving his influence is greater with the moderate Afrikanders when a private FRAYER BY A PATRIARCH.

Miss Rosengren, of Sandy, rendered

Miss Rosengren, of Sandy, rendered

a vocal solo in excellent style.

President George O Cannon followed

with a brief codices. He official of the Afrikander extremess measured

with a brief codices. He official of the Afrikander extremess measured

with a brief codices. nsider Mr. Schreiner a traitor to

Vermont Democrats.

Montpeller, Vt., June 14.—The Demo-cratic State convention held here today named a full State ticket by accla-mation and declared for Bryan and the Chicago platform and against the 'imperial policy of the administration and the Republican party." Following are the nominations: Governor-John H. Senter, Mont-

Lieutenant Governor-E. S. Harris, Secretary of State-H. O. Cummings

State Treasurer-Elisha May, St. Johnsbury, Auditor-C. A. Fitzpatrick.

No Plague.

San Francisco, June 14.—The board of health reports no new cases of

Flaw in the Indictment.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 14.—Attorney General W. L. Taylor, of Indiana, today announced that he had discovered a flaw in the indictment against W. S. Taylor, of Kentucky. The attorney-general says the indictment names the Republican claimant of Kentucky as an accessory but names no principal in the assassination of Goebel. This he holds to be an important error of which the Kentucky court of appeals must take

With the Transatlantic Liners. New York, June 13 .- Arrived: Ems from Genoa and Naples.

Queenstown, June 13.—Arrived: Majestic, New York for Liverpool.

Southampton, June 13.—Arrived: St.

Bremen, June 13.—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from New York. Liverpool, June 13.—Arrived: Numedian, from Montreal.
London. June 13.—Arrived: Marquette, from New York.

New York's Census.

New York, June 14.-Two hundred and fifty of the 1,100 census enumerators in this city having completed their labors, daily installments of the books will be forwarded to Washington. There is no doubt, the super-visor says, that the work in Manhattan and the Bronx will be finished by tomorow evening, with the exception of a few names in many of the districts—the absence of the tenants on the enumerators' first visit, making it neces-sary to call again. This extra work will not take long.

AT THE BIG CONVENTION. .

Congress Will be Well Represented With Republicans at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, June 14.—Congress will be well represented in the Republican national convention. As chairman of the Republican national executive committee Senator Hanna will call the convention to order. Senator Wolcott is to be temporary and Senator Lodge the permanent chalrman of the convention and it is understood that Senator Foraker is to be chairman of the com-

mittete on resolutions to frame the na-tional platform.

Among the delegates at large will be Senator Wolcott, of Colorado; Senator Fairbanks of Indiana, who is to make rairoanks of Indiana, who is to make the speech renominating President Mc-Kinley, and Senator Beverldge of the same State; Senator McComas and Representative Mudd of Maryland; Senator Lodge and Representative Mos Call of Mass.; Senators Davis and Nel-son of Minnesota; Senators Platt and Depew of New York; Senator Thurston of Nebraska; Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire; Senator Sewell of New Jersey; Senator Pritchard of North Carolina; Senators Hansbrough and McComber of North Dakota; Senator

delegate from one of the Pennsylavnia congressional districts and Representative Bingham from another. Representative Lorimer of Illinois, is one of the delegates from the district he represents in Congress. Representative Payne is a delegate from the 28th New York congressional district: Representative G. H. White from the Second North Carolina district and Delegate D. T. Flynn from Oklahoma.

Among the contestants for seats in the convention is Representative Aldrich of Alabama. The foregoing list foots up twenty-one senators—more

toots up twenty-one senators—more than two-fifths of the total Republican membership of the United States Sen-ate—eleven representatives and one

H. O. Disston Dead.

Philadelphia, June 14.—Horace O. Disston, president of the Henry Disston Sons iron and steel works, and vice president of the Henry Disston Sons saw works, died last night at his summer residence, Seneca Point, Cecil county, Pa.

Mr. Disston had been a sufferer for three years from a dropsical affection, but his death was due to apoplexy. He was a son of Henry Disston. He was born in Philadelphia forty-six years ago and served an apprenticeship in his father's works. On the death of apprenticeship in On the death of his father's works. On the death of the elder Disston and his son Hamil-ton, Horace became active in the management of the big saw manufac-turing plant in Tacony.

Fight on Terminal Charges.

Chicago, June 14.—The fight of the interstate commerce commission against the terminal charge of \$2 imposed on carloads of live stock entering the stock yards, was renewed here today in the United States court of appeals with Justice Henry B. Brown of the United States Supreme Court, and Judges Woods and Grosscup on the bench.

Judge Kohlsaat, in the lower court, some time ago, held that the charge of \$2 was reasonable, and the case was appealed by the interstate commerce commission. The session today was taken up with arguments.

up with arguments.

California Democrats.

Sacramento, Cal., June 14.-The Demcoratic State convention convened to-day. In his opening address Seth Mann, chairman of the State central com-mittee said he trusted that the men who would be selected to attend the national convention of the party would be instructed to vote for Wm. J. Bryan for the nomination for the presidency. E. C. Farnsworth, of Tulare, was elected temporary chairman of the

What Iowa Wants.

Creston, Iowa, June 14.—Congress-man W. P. Hepburn was today nominated by acclamation by the Republi-can congressional convention of the eighth district. Resolutions were eighth district. Resolutions were adopted endorsing Congressman Dollvar for vice president.

MRS. BROWN LOSES HER DAMAGE SUIT

The case of Mary E. Brown vs the Salt Lake City Railroad company was submitted to the jury at 12:30 today, and at 2:50 this afternoon a verdict was returned in favor of the defendant com-

this morning owing to the absence of Juror Henry P. Lindsay, who was detained at home on account of sickness. Baliff Naylor was dispatched to the sick juror's home to see if he was able to appear in court some time today. Word was shortly afterwards received that Mr. Lindsay was in bed and unable to leave his room. Judge Cherry thereupon ordered the trial to proceed with seven jurors, to which order Sentator Rawlins of course for defendant ator Rawlins, of counsel for defendant, entered an objection. This afternoon Attorney J. E. Frick

informed the court that he had been requested by the attorneys for the defense to interpose an objection to the receiving of a verdict from the jurors, on the ground that they had not been drawn in accordance with law, etc. At-torney Frick's remarks were made af-ter Clerk Rawlings had handed the ver-

"You had better withhold your objections until after you have heard what the verdict is," said Judge Cherry, and Mr. Frick resumed his seat. Just as soon as the clerk had announced, "and find the issues for the defend-ant," Attorney Frick was up again in a second and said: "I withdraw the objections, your honor," and everybody in the court room laughed. It was stated this afternoon that Mrs. Brown, upon good authority, was

this morning offered \$1,000 by counsel for the defendant in settlement of her The plaintiff declined the offer, claiming she was entitled to more.

SALE OF THE PEABODY CLAIM.

The case of Kate Guthlel, administratrix of the estate of Maroni Williams, deceased, vs O. J. Salisbury, was called for trial before Judge Cherry and jury this afternoon. Williams and Sullivan, and J. E. Frick appeared for plaintiff and W. C. Hall and Dickson, Ellis and Ellis for defendant.

This action is to recover the sum of \$7,920 alleged to be due on a certain Mining transactions between Gilmer, Salisbury & Co., and M. R. Williams.

The complaint alleges that on November 20th, 1882, the firm of Gilmer, Salisbury & Co., and M. R. Williams entered into a written contract by which it was agreed that the latter thank of the former for the Market of the Complex of the Market of the M should sell to the former, for \$16,000, the Peabody mining claim, situated in the West Mountain district. The sum of \$10,500 was paid down, and it was agreed that the remaining \$5,500 should paid after the firm had made a sale

of the property.
On April 20, 1894, the property, it is alleged, was sold, but no part of the \$5,500 was paid to M. R. Williams during his life time, nor to any one legally authorized to receive the same for the estate. The sum of \$2.420 is demanded

as interest.

M. R. Williams died in San Francisco on October 15, 1896. The plaintiff is the deceased's daughter. The defense is a general denial.

More Jurors Summoned. A venire issued out of Judge Cherry's court today, returnable Monday morn-ing, calling for ten additional jurors. The following names were drawn: The following names were drawn: George K. Reese Jr., H. Cartwright, William F. Tuckett, Alfonso M. Palmer Jr., E. M. Wilkinson, E. G. Wagstaff, C. B. Schettler, Charles J. Butler, H. H. Carter of Montana; Senator Foraker and Representatives Grosvenor and Dick of Ohio; Representative Mondell of Wyoming. Senator Penrose is a Walsh and Edward Gaby.

THE PROPOSITION TO ISSUE BONDS

Opinions Differ as to the Merits of the Council's Intention.

WILL COST ABOUT \$250,000.

To Increase the City's Water Supply and Put the System Into Proper Shape.

There are some divergent opinions with reference to the proposition to raise money for the purpose of improving Salt Lake's water system. According to the resolution which was passed by the City Council on last Tuesday night, it is the intention to bond the city in the sum of \$250,000 for increasing the water supply and detraying all expenses attendant upon the improvement penses attendant upon the improvement of the system. The resolution was fathered by Mayor Thompson, and provides that a special bond election shall be held on Monday, July 18th next, for the purpose of voting "Yes" or "No" upon the proposition, which is to further bond the city in the sum of \$250,000, the bonds to run for twenty years, drawing not to exceed 4 per centum drawing not to exceed 4 per centum annual interest, to be paid remi-annu-ally. The city is to have the privilege of redeeming the bonds at the end of ten years if the municipality finds itself able to do so. All qualified electors who have paid a property tax in the city for 1899 are entitled to cast a ballot for or against the proposition. Some prominent business men were today asked for expressions as to the undertaking and those who were seen talked the matter over quite freely: L. S. Hills, Deseret National bank-"I am entirely opposed to either bonding the city or increasing taxation for the water system. I think that if the other bonding proposition had been submitted to the people it would have been voted down. I think the city is already burdened enough with too much debt, and I do not believe in ad-ding to the indebtedness by increased

taxation or bonding."

A. W. Curison, Z. C. M. 1.—"Being unnequainted with the details of the intentions of the City Council, I do not
desire to sit in judgment upon the merits or demerits of the bonding proposition. It may be that the councilmen may have in view some very advantageous plans for increasing our water supply, which for purely business reasons, they cannot make public at present nor until they are assured that the means will be raised. Our water system badly needs attention and our supply is inadequate, and if these objects may be attained to great ad-

vantage by bonding, then business rea-However, as I before stated, not knowing the 'inside ditions, I am not prepared to say "Yes" or "No" for publication." W. S. McCornick, of McCornick & Co. bankers-If it is conceded that the improvement of our water system is necessary, then the next question is which is the best way in which to pay for it? Now, I don't believe that anyne will deny that the supply of wate here must be increased and that the system must be put in better condition, It is also very plain to me that the most feasible plan is to issue bonds to secure the money. I do not favor taxation, but inasmuch as these improvements must be made I would rather be taxed than to allow the system to re-

main inadequate to our needs. If tax-ation is resorted to it will clear off the debt sooner, but it will also make the burden much heavier to bear. The improvements will be of a permanent character and I think the payment of their cost should be distributed ove as long a period of time as possible By bonding the money is secured by paying small annual interest which is but little when proportioned among the money is at once available and the improvements may be made without

improvements may be made without delay. It is my opinion that bonding is the best, but if the people want to increase the taxes, I am willing to pay my share. We must have plenty of water.

T. R. Jones, of T. R. Jones & Co., bankers—Air and water are essential elements to a city and if we must cut off a little of the supply of either, let us start on the air, but let the water, and plenty of it run freely. There is us start on the air, but let the water, and plenty of it run freely. There is not the slightest question in my mind (and all the people I have heard talk seem to think likewise) that the suggested inprovement of our water system and the increase of the water supply are very Early needed. Now, the easiest way of paying for it is by bonding, but rather than do without the improvements on account of opposition to bonding, let us increase the taxes. I am willing to pay my proportion in oram willing to pay my proportion in or-der to have plenty of water, but I think that this method would impose hard-ship upon some other people who may be less able to meet an increase in the taxes which to them are already sufficiently high. By all means let us issue the bonds and improve the water sys Young men who are just begin ning to grow up will help to some exit is nothing but just that they should for they participate in the enjoymen of the fruits of expenditures upon any permanent improvement. Besides, they will inherit the property, which by res increased in value to them. In a nut shell, the water system and supply mus be improved and increased, and the easiest way in which to do it is to is

SCOFIELD RELIEF WORK. A Meeting of the Committee Being Heid

at the Governor's Office. The general committee in charge of the fund for the relief of the Scofleid sufferers met at 3 o'clock this after-

noon to discuss plans for distributing the money subscribed. The committee appointed to suggest a plan will recommend the following:

Estimating that there will be about \$100,000 to distribute, the sub-committee will recommend that the basis of distribution be as follows: To each widow, over the age of 50 years, if allowed a pension of 820 a month for three years her quota in a lump sum would be \$720; to each widow under the age of 50, \$576; to each boy under the age of 14 years and each girl over the age of 14 years and each girl over the age of 15 years (these ages being the average of commencing labor ser-vice), \$108; to each full orphan (boys under 14 and zirls under 15), \$432; to each fully dependent single parent \$720; aged father and mother, fully de pendent, \$1.050 for the two; parent re-ceiving partial support. \$540; when both parents of a deseaced son have partial means of support, \$900 for both

RUSSIA IS LANDING AN ARMY IN CHINA

Soldiers and Artillery from Port Arthur-Another American Call for Aid-British Troops En Route.

Ochin looks

Navy, Warshington-Twenty-five hundred men are on the road to Pekin for the relief of the legations: 100 are Americans, English and Russians are in large majority; all nations here represented. The viceroy at Tien Tsin favor permision to go there; railroad be-ing repaired as force advances. Rus-sians now sending soldiers from Port Arthur with artillery.

(Signed)

WHY THE NASHVILLE WENT. A dispatch from Admiral Remey, received at the navy department, makes plain the reasons why the gunboat plain the reasons why the gunboat Nashville was sent to Taku instead of the Helena, as requested by the navy department, in answer to Admiral Kempff's appeal. Admiral Remey reports the Helena is in need of two months' repairs and was consequently unavailable for the required service. The Helena has been subjected to very heavy service ever since her departure from the United States just before the outbreak of the Spanish war, and it is believed that her boilers are in need of renovation. renovation. NO UNDUE DELAY,

Admiral Kempff's dispatch this morning makes no mention of any undue delay in the movement of the foreign forces upon Pekin, and as he is in a position to secure the latest and most accurate news from the relief column, the officials here believe that there have been no untoward happenings.

Some surprise is expressed at the strength of the column. There is a strength of the column. There is a sincere regret entertained at the navy department at the comparatively small representation of the United States in this movement. But it is said that the navy has done all it can to meet the calls upon it. The intimation is very clear that if further reinforcements are needed for the Chinese service recourse must be had to the United States army, On their part, however, the army offi-On their part, however, the army offi-cers repudiate any purpose to become involved in the situation, and it is officially declared that there is still no intention of sending any of the States troops to China.

torday from Manila, in accordance with the department's orders, of the Solace. She carried 100 marines to Taku, to re-inforce Admiral Kempff. She will proceed homeward, stopping at Guam.

ANOTHER CALL FOR HELP. John Ford, secretary of the American Asiatic association, today received the fololwing cablegram from the Shanghai branch of the association: threatens Americans Yang-Tse

Urgently advise immediate gunboat.
"AMERICAN ASSOCIATION." On the 7th Instant the following cablegram was received from its Shanghai branch:

"American lives and interests in North China are seriously imperilled. Urge government to act promptly and vigorously with adequate force." The association, using these two cablegrams as a basis, is circulating a petition for signatures, addressed to the President, asking that this government take energetic steps to protect American lives and interests in China; also with the other powers in this emer-

RUMORED RESIGNATION OF PRINCE TUAN.

Tien Tsin, June 13.—It is expected ish marine g that Admiral Seymour has made had been und Lang-Fang a secondary base and that tained there."

Washington, June 14.-The following | he will advance the remaining forty washington, June 14.—The following cablegram has been received from Admiral Kempff:

Tong Ku, June 14.—Secretary of and General Tung Fuh Slang have re-

Three more Russian warships have arrived at Taku. CHRISTIAN MISSIONS DESTROYED.

Shanghai, June 14—A dispatch from Chung Kiang says that a riot has taken place at Yun Na Fu. The buildings of the China inland mission were partially destroyed and those of the Roman Catholic Ald Bible Christian missions ware utterly described. were utterly demolished. All mission-aries are safe.

A Russian troop ship passed up the Yang Tse Wednesday, June 13. It was reported that her troops were to be landed at Hankow, but the Russian officiais at Shanghai explain that the transport has merely gone to Hankow to load for Odessa and the troops on board are time expired men on their way hope.

BRITISH TROOPS GO.

Hongkong, June 14.-Four companies of the Hongkong regiment, a mountain battery and a field battallon of Asiatic artillery with battery of 2.5 inch guns, start for Tien Tsin tonight. The Furiet is expected to sail with the Terrible June 18. OPPOSING THE INTERNATIONALS.

Tien Tsin, June 14.—Railroad communi-

Tien Tsin,June 14.—Railroad communication between this place and Admiral Seymour's international force has been cut three miles beyond Yang Tsun. Two bridges have been destroyed. It is rumored here that the Boxers are determined to burn Tien Tsin station towards. Owing to the extensive damage done

to the railroad line, it is now feured the International troops cannot reach Pekin before Sunday, The Japanese cruiser Suma has ar-

rived at Taku. LEGATIONS IN DANGER.

London, June 14.-A special from Shanghai says the position of the legashanghai says the position of the legations at Pekin is most critical. According to this dispatch, 20,000 Chinese troops are drawn up outside the gates of the city to oppose the relief force, and guns are trained on the American, Japanese and British legations. The American, Russian and Japanese ministers have sent couriers to Tien Tsin usking for 2,000 troops of each nation-The United States gunboats York-

town and Castine left yesterday for Tong Ku. There is no foreign war-

WHAT BRITAIN DID. London, June 14.—In the House of Commons today the parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, Wm. St. John Broderick, made a statement in regard to the position of affairs in the

'Her majesty's minister at Pekin," said he, "has been in constant commu-nication with the Chinese government since the attack by the Boxers on peace. able converts and the destruction three villages about ninety miles from Pekin on May 12th.

"On May 18th, Sir Claude Mac-Donald reminded the Tsung-Li-Yamen (Chinese foreign office) of his unceasing warnings during the last six months of the danger of not taking adequate measures to suppress the Boxers, and an imperial decree was subsequently issued. On May 20th a meeting of the diplomatic corps was held at which a resolution was unanimously adopted a stringent measure. It was not then considered necessary to bring the international guards to Pekin, but the British marine guard at Tien Tsin, which had been under orders to leave, was de-

TRAIN SMASHES A STREET CAR.

Santa Fe Freight Dashes Into a Car and Kills Three Women-Terrible Accident Where the Lines Cross-A Painful Scene.

ished a street car at the Main street crossing here early this morning, killing was badly injured but will recover.

Hutchinson, Kans., June 14.-A Santa , Mrs. J. S. Patton, Mrs. Wm. Burtch Fe freight train ran into and demol. and Mrs. George Kown. Mrs. Kown was dragged from the wreck by her husband and died in his arms. Kown

OVER 6,000,000 PEOPLE STARVING.

An Increase in Bombay of 3,200,000 Last Week, Owing to the Cholera Scare-Prospects for the Monsoon Improved.

Simla, June 14.-Over six million per- | people who deserted the works on acsons are now receiving relief. There count of the cholera scare, week owing to the return of destitute | somewhat improved.

was an increase in Bombay 2,200,000 last The prospects of a fair monsoon are

CANNED FRUIT PRICES.

Announcement That These Will be Less than Last Year.

San Francisco, June 14.—The Examiner says: Canned fruit prices will be announced in all trade centers today and merchants who have been anxious. ly waiting for information before making contracts will be surprised to find hol low prices are. When the advances in material and labor are considered, the cost of fruit put up by the various canners is at least ten cents per dozen less than at the opening of the market last year. The list of the California California Fruit Canners' association shows that while apricots and cherries, which were years in 1899 are California Fruit Canners' association shows that while apricots and cherries, which were very scarce in 1899, are much lower than last year, there is George Atkins, Montpeller.

only an advance of five cents per dozen in peaches, plums and pears. There has on peaches, plants and pears. There has been an understanding reached as to grades, also. This year's price lists do away with "full" standards entirely. The finer standard goods the called "extra" standards. The very highest grades are called simply extras.

The lower prices of this year are due

as much to heavy eastern fruit and

berry crops as to large crops in Califor-

Vermont Republicans.

White River Junction, June 14.-The delegates at large to the national con-