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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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LAST NIGHT'S NEWS

General Boulanger Said to Have Been Removed by Request of Bismarck.

General Badeau Claims Compensation for Services to Gen. Grant.

Treasurer Tate's Defalcation Growing.—It Involves Persons of High Degree.

Favorable Report of the Committee on the Nicaragua Canal.—Frauds in Oregon, Etc.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

Boulanger's Removal.

PARIS, March 20.—In the Chamber of Deputies today De Cassagnac spoke in behalf of General Boulanger, protesting against his removal from the army. During his remarks he quoted from an article in the *Boersen Courier*, of Berlin, which asserted that the government had removed General Boulanger at Germany's request. Premier Tirard declared that De Cassagnac's remarks were insulting, and requested that he would not continue to talk in that strain. [Applause.]

The president of the Chamber then, addressing M. De Cassagnac, said: "The country will judge the speaker's words."

Premier Tirard today informed the Chamber of Deputies that a military tribunal would inquire into the case of Gen. Boulanger, and order was then demanded by the government and voted, 394 to 93.

General Badeau vs. General Grant.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The *Sun* will tomorrow publish General Adam Badeau's version of the controversy which has arisen between himself and Grant's family in regard to the claim Badeau makes for compensation for services to General Grant in the preparation of his "Personal Memories." The statement is addressed to "the American Public," and fills several columns of the *Sun*. Badeau defends his position and is severe in his strictures on the course pursued by Col. Fred Grant in the matter. He tells how much time and hard, unremitting labor he gave to the work, and how his own book upon which he had spent sixteen years was injured by the success of that of General Grant on which he also took many pains to make perfect.

"I did not write the original matter," said he, "and in that sense did not compose the book. The thoughts were General Grant's, and, in most cases, the original draft of language, but I suggested much. I told him when to insert descriptions of scenes, where to place an account of a character, how to elaborate a picture of a battle, etc. I discussed his statements and the advisability of his expressions of opinion and often persuaded him to change the one or modify the other. I broke up sentences, I softened or heightened the effect, I corrected the grammar, and all with the knowledge and sanction of General Grant. I always sought to preserve his simplicity and directness, and even ruggedness of language, and never to betray my own share in the work. He had no idea whatever of building up a chapter or a book, or of treating a theme so as to lead up to a point, or to make a complete picture of arguments. But the book could not have been made what it is without me. There was no one else who had both my peculiar knowledge of the theme and literary quality. There was no one else whom he would have allowed to do what I did. But he knew how I loved him, and how devoted I was to his fame, and he trusted all to me. I would not have told what I am writing now if it had not been extorted from me by the imputations referred to by his son."

Badeau claims the letter of dismissal was in the handwriting of Fred Grant, with the exception of the signature.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The *Herald*, speaking of General Badeau's statement, editorially says:

General Badeau avers that General Grant, drugged, deseased, and on the verge of the grave, signed the letter written, or improperly inspired, by his son, Col. Grant, which, had he been in his right mind, he would not have signed; the letter, however, exists in General Grant's handwriting, written in pencil, as was all of General Grant's literary work in those days of bodily effort and torture, and copied by his son for convenience. This fact General Badeau, of course, knows perfectly well.

Murders in Arizona.

PHOENIX, Arizona, March 20.—Information is received here that Cyrus Gribbell, superintendent of the Vulture mine, and a man named Johnson were robbed and killed at Nigger Wells, thirty miles from here while on their way from the mine to this place with a bar of bullion valued at $7,000. Their bodies were found by a Mexican woman, who reported the fact. A posse was organized and started for the scene at once. The route is considered a dangerous one and Wells, Fargo & Co. abandoned their office at Vulture several years ago, after having been robbed of $6,000 on the same spot. Rewards will be offered by the county and Territory for the arrest of the robbers.

DENVER, March 20.—Ex-Senator Tabor, owner of the Vulture mine, near Phœnix, Arizona, received information this afternoon that two of his mine were murdered near Nigger Wells, and robbed of $7,000 in bullion. He immediately offered a reward of $1,000 for the arrest of the robbers, and $1,000 for the recovery of the bullion.

He Has Probably Gone to Canada.

LOUISVILLE, March 20.—Up to tonight it is impossible to state the exact amount of shortage, but it is now fluctuating between $150,000 and $400,000. The first intimation of the shortage came yesterday, when a comparison of the auditor's statement of what should be in the bank showed such an amount was not there. This, coupled with the fact that the treasurer had not been seen since Friday at Frankfort, caused an examination to be made with the result that the state's money was discovered to have been squandered in large amounts. Since the investigation was thought of, stories about Tate's strange conduct of late have been made public. State Senator Wright says on Thursday last, Tate questioned him closely and at great length as to the exact provisions in the extradition treaties between the United States and Canada, also with Mexico. Right did not pay much attention to it at the time. What has become of the money no one knows. Tate never speculated and is said not to have been an extravagant liver. Year by year the money had leaked out however, and the shortage seems to have been running back a dozen years.

Mr. Herndon, of this city, who was at one time teller in the bank at Frankfort, says Tate's defalcation will involve state officials and citizens of high standing. He says it was the custom of many state officials to get him to cash notes for them promising to pay as soon as their vouchers were due. When they secured the vouchers, however, they would defer payment and the good-natured treasurer failing to push his rightful claims accumulated a mass of such securities as must by this time be simply enormous. There is no indication that Tate took any money with him. It is thought the report of the investigators will show when and to whom Tate loaned the money. It is said a memorandum in the office shows a loan of $50,000 to a certain whisky trust and $25,000 to a Louisville company. It has been Tate's custom to settle up every year and never until now was there the least hesitation on his part. This time, however, there was much procrastination and he has been putting the Auditor off since January. Last week the Auditor grew urgent. On Thursday Tate went to Louisville saying he would be back Friday. Not having been heard from Saturday night, his family grew uneasy as did also the auditor. Telegraphic correspondence elicited the fact that Tate left Louisville Friday morning on a Cincinnati train. Then Auditor Hewitt ordered that the balance be taken and it was found there was in bank $124,000 less than the vouchers called for. Tate's wife and daughter are very much prostrated. No one seems to have any idea of where he has gone.

The Emperor and Bismarck.

VIENNA, March 20.—The *Fremdenblatt* and *Presse* describe the comments of the Russian Chauvinist press on Emperor Frederick's proclamation as highly colored. These journals, they say, imagine that there exists a deep dissidence between Emperor Frederick and Prince Bismarck, and that a dissolution of the Austro-German alliance is imminent, and they treat the recent dispatches from the chancellor as private and unimportant.

Correspondents of the Russian journals say the Vienna papers must have some interest to encourage themselves with this native self-deception wherefore of events will soon show the futility.

Emperor Frederick,

BERLIN, March 20.—Dr. Friedberg, minister of justice, writes to the *Freisinige* denying the report that the cabinet and other ministers had had a conference at which was discussed the advisability of establishing a regency.

In the Reichstag today Herr Ackermann introduced an urgent motion requesting Prince Bismarck to introduce at the next session a bill for the erection of a monument to the late Emperor William, the founder of the empire. The motion was adopted without debate.

In the Reichstag today the president read the address of that body in reply to the imperial message.

The address expresses gratitude to the Emperor for overcoming all obstacles and assuming without delay the imperial dignity and its rights and duties. Thanks His Majesty for his assurances and expresses sorrow for the loss of the great ruler to whom Germany owes her reconstruction and unity, whose life was devoted to strengthening Germany's influence and position; who was guardian of the peace, and whose efforts were aimed at promoting the welfare of all classes. In conclusion, the Reichstag assures Emperor Frederick of its unswerving fidelity in order to accomplish all tasks Emperor William marked out and bequeathed to the Germans as a legacy.

The address was adopted without debate.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Land Frauds in Oregon.—The Nicaraguan Canal, Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The President today sent to the two houses of Congress a communication from the Secretary of the Interior with a great mass of testimony relating to a grant of land to the State of Oregon for the construction of wagon roads.

The presentation of the facts by the Secretary, the President says, is the result of an examination which has developed as it seems to him (the President), the most unblushing frauds upon the government, which, if remaining unchallenged, will divert several hundred thousand acres of land from the public domain and from the reach of honest settlers to those who have attempted to pervert and prostitute the beneficence of the government. The government sought by the promise of generous donations of land to promote the building of wagon roads for public convenience and for the purpose of encouraging settlement upon public lands. The roads have not yet been built and yet an attempt is made to claim the land under a title which depends for its validity entirely upon the construction of those roads.

A bill accompanies the communication which the president submits with the recommendation that it may become a law and with the earnest hope that the opportunity thus presented to demonstrate a sincere desire to preserve the public domain for settlers and to frustrate unlawful attempts to appropriate the same, may not be neglected.

Chairman Clardy has been directed by the House commerce committee to report favorably to the House the Senate bill to incorporate the Nicaragura Canal Company.

Estimates made at the Treasury Department indicate that the present rate of expense of collecting revenues from customs cannot be maintained up to the close of the present fiscal year under the available balance of the general appropriation without creating a deficiency of $400,000. Secretary Fairchild has therefore determined upon a reduction of expenses to that amount during the remainder of the fiscal year, being $100,000 a month. A saving can only be effected by a general reduction of salaries. Congress will be asked to provide for the service upon the present basis for the balance of the fiscal year. If that be done the reduction will be only temporary.

Chairman Clardy and Mr. Crisp of the House Committee on Commerce, have made a minority and adverse report on the postal telegraph bill formulated by the majority of the committee.

WOOL.

The Department of State is advised of the repeal of the export duty on wool heretofore existing in Uruguay.

Friends of General Hancock, who have been active in their efforts to raise sufficient money to purchase a house in this city for Mrs. Hancock, have met with complete success. The house is a large three-story brown and white stone structure, and is located at the southeast corner of Twenty-first and H streets, N. W. The house will be formally presented to Mrs. Hancock about April 1st.

The House committee on privileges and elections, today began hearing the California contested election case of Lynch vs. Vandeveer. The committee adjourned without action.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Blair, who yesterday introduced the bill giving preference for civil service appointments among men who were disloyal during the war to those who had served in the Confederate army and who were suffering from wounds or disabilities, asked Platt (who had objected to the second reading of the bill) to withdraw his objection.

Platt said he could not object to the bill being read the second time and referred to the committee.

Blair said he had introduced the bill in entire good faith. He understood there were in North Carolina today 20,000 ex-soldiers of the Confederacy who had lost limbs in the service, and that a very large number of them were in poor circumstances. It seemed to him if the government under this administration or under any other administration, gave appointments to men who had been disloyal, preference should be given to those who had served in the Confederate army and were now disabled, other things being equal.

The debate was conducted up to 2 o'clock, when the bill went over till tomorrow without action.

Speeches were made by Senators Platt, Hale, Berry, Blair, Hoar, Riddleberger, Hampton, George, Manderson, Daniels and Hawley.

The Southern Senators, while expressing the kindliest feeling for the generosity and philanthropy which had prompted the introduction of the bill, disclaimed all desire on the part of the ex-confederates for the passage of any such exceptional measure, but thought that as a matter of courtesy and uniformity of practice, the bill should be read a second time and referred.

The Northern Senators were of one accord in condemning the measure as unwise and ill-considered.

The Senate then took up the calendar and passed eight bills including the following:

For the relief of mission Indians in California and providing for the allotments of land to them in severalty.

To provide for warehousing fruit brandy.

Bills for the relief of the ironclad builders, the Perines and McKays.

After executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Enloe (Tenn.), rising to a question of privilege, read a petition in favor of the bill to regulate the classification and compensation of postmasters.

A bill was reported to authorize the President to confer the brevet rank on army officers for gallant services in the Indian campaigns. House calendar.

A bill was reported to prevent the employment of convict and alien labor on public works. House calendar.

Weaver (Iowa), introduced a bill providing for the issue of legal tender treasury notes in lieu of notes estimated to be lost or destroyed. Referred.

At the conclusion of the morning hour the House resumed the consideration of the resolution assigning four days for the transaction of business reported by the committee on labor.

The opponents of the resolution were led by Rogers, of Arkansas, who proceeded to obstructive methods to prevent action.

After one roll call, O'Neill stated that in order to remove the pretext under which the gentlemen were resorting to filibustering tactics, he was willing to amend the resolution by striking out the clause limiting the time on debate on each measure called up.

Rogers objected to the charge that he was acting under a pretext. The reason he was offering obstruction was that the committee on labor, with four bills on the calendar, was asking to have four days assigned, when the appropriation bill remained undisposed of and the committee on ways and means was maturing a bill affecting the interests of honest labor a hundred times more than any conceivable proposition over which the committee on labor had jurisdiction.

After considerable debate the limitation of the time clause was agreed to and the resolution adopted. It sets aside the 20th and 21st of March, the 18th of April, and the 16th of May for the purpose stated.

The floor was then accorded the committee on labor, and bills passed for the protection in their wages of mechanics, laborers and servants in the District of Columbia and Territories and extending the provisions of the eight hour law to letter carriers.

The bill referring to the court of claims for adjustment accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics, arising under the eight hour law, was taken up and briefly discussed.

Without action the committee rose and the House adjourned.

Attempted Suicide.

NEW YORK, March 20.—A handsome and expensively attired young woman, about 26 years of age, jumped into East River this afternoon, and on being rescued was taken a prisoner to Bellevue Hospital. At the hospital she gave the name of Annie Adams, but refused to tell where she lived. She told a nurse that she was betrothed to a wealthy young man who lived in San Francisco, and that after all the wedding arrangements had been made her lover was found dead in his own room, apparently killed by his own hand.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The engineers of the Central Iowa Railroad returned to work Monday.

Smallpox has broken out in Brooklyn. Seven cases were reported yesterday.

The *Lombardia* of Milan says it learns that a marriage has been arranged between the Prince of Naples and Princess Sophia, daughter of the German Emperor.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial Cable Company Monday, the old board of directors was elected, with John Mackay as president and H. DeCastro as first vice-president.

The rumor is renewed that John C. Eno is about to return to New York. The money taken from the Second National Bank was refunded, the amount being several millions, but there is still an indictment hanging over Eno's head.

The engineers on the L. & N. road at Decatur, Ala., yesterday refused to pull a frieght train to which a "Q" freight car was attached. The car was taken out and turned over to the Memphis & Charleston road, whose engineers also refused to move it.

Vienna dispatch: The ice in the Danube is fast breaking up. There is an enormous inundation in Galicia and in Hungary. In the Leimburg district many villages have been wrecked. Two hundred houses have been ruined at Scattmar. Some streets of Buda are submerged.

A special to the New Orleans *Picayune* says: The excitement over the failure of the bank of Guttman & Co. is unabated. Everything belonging to the Guttmans, even their silverware, has been attached. It is now believed the liabilities will reach $300,000. The bank vault was opened today and was found to contain only $10,000 in cash, including a lot of mutilated currency. Meyer Guttman is blamed for the failure. He is known to have been a heavy operator in cotton futures.

WONDERFUL CURES.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga. say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for four years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always.

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PERSONAL.

Mr. N. H. Frohlichstein, of Mobile, Ala., writes: I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, having used it for a severe attack of Bronchitis and Catarrh. It gave me instant relief and entirely cured me and I have not been afflicted since. I also beg to state that I had tried other remedies with no good result. Have also used Electric Bitters and Dr. King's New Life Pills, both of which I can recommend.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, is sold on a positive guarantee.

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WHAT IS KNOWN AS THE "FARMington Rock Mills," situate in Farmington, Davis County, Utah, together with the water right and about Eight Acres of land, with dwelling house, etc., thereon. The mill has just been renovated and supplied with new machinery. Time given on part of the purchase money if required. For further description and terms apply to CHARLES E. PEARSON, Attorney at Law, 115 s. Main Street, Salt Lake City, or to COOMBS & WOOD, Farmington, Davis County, Utah. d&s

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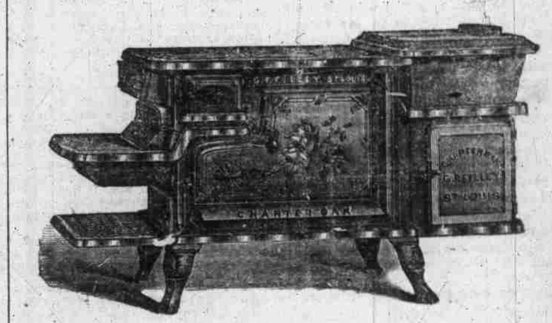

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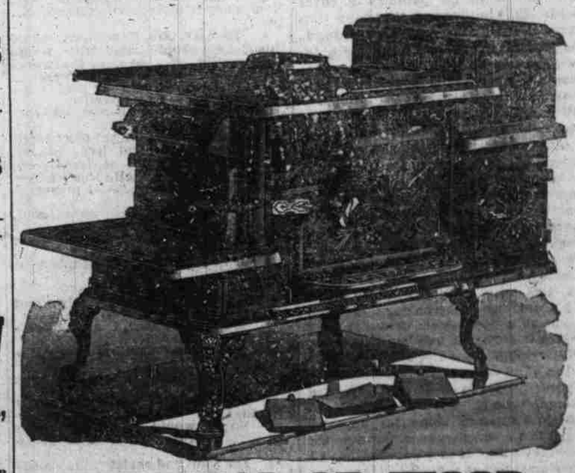

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