

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 5.—A dispatch from Albany to the *Commercial Advertiser* says: The excitement is growing there, from the fact that it is believed with the exception of Potter, the republican State ticket is elected. The opinion is prevalent that many Kelly democrats did not vote the entire State ticket, and they say when full returns are in it will be found that outside of Lieutenant Governor, the other candidates have been saved.

The *Express* (Tammany) says: The returns thus far indicate the defeat of Robinson by at least 30,000, and the election of the rest of the democratic State ticket by a small majority.

Returns of the vote for Lieut. Governor seem to show that in spite of the union of the democratic factions upon the nominees for six State offices, the whole republican State ticket below governor may be elected by a majority of from 5,000 to 10,000.

The greenback vote seems to have almost disappeared.

Brooklyn, 5.—The vote of Robinson is 44,414; Cornell 31,509.

Chicago, 5.—Returns from local elections throughout the State have as a rule little political significance, but where a straight party issue was joined, there were republican gains.

Boston, 5.—Donohue, independent democrat, has a plurality in this county for Secretary of State of 3,999.

The Senate will stand 31 republicans and eight Butler democrats.

Returns from all but eight towns give the following vote: Long, 121,718; Butler, 108,507; Adams, 9,734; Eddy, 1,473.

Baltimore, 5.—Hamilton, democrat, has a majority for governor in this city of 11,102. The remainder of the State and city ticket is about the same. Baltimore county gives 2,000 democratic majority for the State ticket.

Columbus, 5.—Lowndes County elects a full democratic county ticket. There was a very light vote polled. There was no opposition except for senator.

Oxford, Miss., 5.—Lafayette County gives the democrats 350 majority. The election passed off quietly.

Jackson, 5.—But 14 counties have been heard from. Of these 11 elected the straight democratic ticket, with a majority of 6,500. Hinds and Madison require official count. Holmer is conceded to the greenbackers, with the exception of the senator. Marshall County, considered the stronghold of the greenbackers, elects the full democratic ticket by a large majority. The election passed off quietly, and a small vote was cast. But little enthusiasm existed, except in counties where the whites are about equally divided.

MILWAUKEE, 5.—Returns from the interior of the State are coming in slowly; nearly all those received to-day show republican gains. The indications are now that the republican State ticket is elected by at least 25,000 majority, the largest ever given in the State.

NEW YORK, 5.—Crowds of people looked upon the face of General Hooker, whose remains were lying in state in the City Hall to-day, and soon after noon the coffin was closed, enveloped in the American flag and placed in a hearse.

The procession was then formed, the following gentlemen acting as pall-bearers: Maj. Gen. Hancock, Generals Newton, Casey, Butterfield, Doubleday, Mott, Graham, Shaysse, Crawford and Kidder; Vice-Admiral Bowen, Rear Admiral Trenchard, John Jacob Astor, Dr. T. M. Marker, Charles L. Tiffany and J. H. Gautier.

A column was formed of separate troops of the Third regiment of cavalry, Seventh regiment of infantry, battalion of light artillery, Major General Shaler and staff mounted, many officers of the army and navy, veterans of the Mexican war and several posts of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The procession marched up Broadway to Waverly Place, through Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street to Rev. D. D. Adams' Church on Madison Avenue. During the movement of the procession minute guns were fired; the flags on the public buildings and ships were placed at half-mast. The streets through which the procession passed were crowded with people.

Minute guns were fired in the harbor also at Rochester.

The Associate California Pioneers sent a floral offering with the legend of the California pioneers, "We will meet over the divide."

After the service in the church and an oration by Rev. Dr. Adams, the funeral procession formed and the remains were taken to a special train for Cincinnati, United States troops forming an escort.

DETROIT, 5.—Pursuant to previous arrangements, the remains of Senator Chandler were conveyed under the escort of a detachment of the Metropolitan Police this morning at 8 o'clock, from the Mansion on Fort Street, to the City Hall, where the committee of arrangements and a detachment of the Light Guards received the body, placed it in the centre hall, at the foot of the main staircase, where it remained in state until 1 p. m. At 8.15 a. m., the Fort Street entrance to the City Hall was opened, when an avalanche of people poured into the corridor. As they passed into the south corridor they were separated in pairs, and as the casket was reached, the pairs were separated, and a continuous line of humanity passed on each side, every person bending and looking at the face of the deceased. The casket was of black walnut, lined with satin, the exterior covered with black silk velvet, relieved with drapery of gros-grain silk. At the head of the coffin was a floral cross and crown, and at the base was a column of evergreens, which column was draped with crape. On either side was a centre cross of red, formed of scarlet double geraniums. At the foot of the casket was another column draped in black, on which was placed a sheaf of wheat, with a white floral sickle, forming a beautiful and touching symbolism of the fruitful usefulness of the departed, before being cut down by the Great Reaper, death. On top of the coffin was a floral star, given by the Chicago Union Veteran Club. Over the head of the remains, covered with red, white and blue streamers, intermingled with fields of costly crape, descending in graceful lines to the four corners of the centre section.

The ceaseless stream of people which poured through the building in two continuous lines lasted from 8.15 a. m. till 1 p. m., and it is estimated that during the time intervening, not less than 19,000 persons viewed the remains.

The body was removed to the Fort Street mansion shortly after 1 p. m., where religious services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Pearson. He paid a warm tribute to the deceased statesman.

GALENA, Ill., 5.—The train bearing the Grant party stopped at Dixon, Polo and other points along the line, reaching Galena at 3.30 this afternoon. The reception here at his old home was one to be remembered. The greatest good will and affection characterized the meeting. As the train came in, numerous salutes were fired and the vicinity of the station was literally packed with enthusiastic and delighted people. The militia from Galena and neighboring towns were in line at the depot, and the band played "Auld Lang Syne."

The town presents a very brilliant and beautiful spectacle. The main streets and buildings are bright with the illumination, and the houses on the surrounding hills, with the bright light streaming out through the darkness from their windows, and the rockets and Roman candles which are continually being sent up from them, add greatly to the beauty of the gay scene. The church and fire bells are ringing, and the streets are crowded with people, all eagerly discussing the General's return and the great events of the day, the like of which Galena will scarcely ever see again.

NEW YORK, 5.—The table of the Clearing House exchanges to be printed by to-morrow's *Public* needs no comment. The figures speak for themselves loudly and distinctly. For the week ending Nov. 1st the following towns have lost as compared with last year: San Francisco 22.7, Louisville 6.8, Syracuse 40.9. All the others have gained, thus:

New York.....77.2 Boston.....45.6 Philadelphia.....71.0 Chicago.....74.0 Baltimore.....57.8 Cincinnati.....20.9 St. Louis.....17.0 New Orleans.....37.4 Milwaukee.....50.9 Pittsburgh.....26.1 Providence.....45.7 Kansas City.....115.9 Cleveland.....50.3 Indianapolis.....51.3 New Haven.....27.5 Lowell.....27.1

San Francisco's total this week is a trifle over \$13,000,000, against about \$17,750,000 in 1878.

CHICAGO, 5.—The grand jury of the United States Court indicted Henry Greenebaum to-day, for violating the national banking laws in misappropriating funds, etc., while president of the defunct German National Bank; bail is fixed at \$5,000.

WASHINGTON, 5.—Rear Admiral Wm. Reynolds, United States Navy, died at his residence in this city to-day. His remains are to be taken to Lancaster for burial. The funeral will take place on Saturday next.

SAN FRANCISCO, 5.—Last Saturday three Indian murderers confined in jail at Yakima, W. T., assaulted the jailor with a slung shot, improvised with a stone. He escaped to an adjoining room used as an armory. The Indians seized muskets and bayoneted him. The jailor got a revolver and shot all three. One is mortally wounded and the others will probably live to be hanged on the 22d inst. The jailor will recover.

OMAHA, Neb., 6.—No returns were received here from the election in the State until to-day. Returns show the republicans elect Cobb, Supreme Judge, by 15,000 majority, over Wakely, democrat. Cobb carries Douglas County, Wakely's home, by 500 majority, and in Lancaster County, his own home he has 1,876 majority.

St. Paul, Minn., 6.—Later advices and more careful compilation increase the probable republican majority to 14,000. Returns from nearly 200 election precincts casting nearly half the vote of the State, give Pillsbury republican, for Governor 16,825; Rice, democrat, 14,827; Gilmer, for Lt. Gov., 17,477; Barnum, 13,916; Von Baumack, for Secretary of State, 17,544; Boerer, 13,946. Gilmer having lost about as many republican votes as he has gained democratic, his majority is about the average of the ticket. These returns are from the larger towns, those to come are from the rural districts where republican preponderance is greater, will it is estimated increase Pillsbury's majority to at least 12,000. This is about 2,000 behind the rest of the ticket.

Baltimore, 6.—Returns from some of the counties have not yet been received, but sufficient is known to indicate the democratic majority to be from 18,000 to 20,000.

Philadelphia, 6.—The estimated and official returns from 51 counties out of 67 in Pennsylvania give Butler, republican, for state treasurer, 61,778; Barr, democrat, 14,146. Butler's majority is 47,632. The indications are that Butler will have 53,000 majority.

Vicksburg, Miss., 6.—Returns from Warren County are not all in. Beck is certainly elected sheriff. State senator is still in doubt, indications point to the election of J. M. Norris. No party nominations were made by either side, the race was free to all.

A telegram from Herando, Desoto County, Miss., says: "The election passed off quietly yesterday. There was no contention by either party until this morning when it was found that two ballot boxes were missing and others it is thought have been tampered with. One of the missing boxes was burned, the other found. The judges of the burned box, made affidavit as to the votes cast, they having been counted before."

DETROIT, 6.—Dr. Pearson's address was followed by a brief and eloquent prayer, in which the Divine Being was fervently thanked for those qualities of brain and heart possessed by the deceased, which enabled him to direct public opinion and moved the sentiments of the people for truth and right.

The pall bearers were twenty-five in number. At 3 p. m. the casket was lifted, carried to the hearse by eight policemen, being preceded by the pall bearers. The secretary and sergeant-at-arms of the Senate followed the pall bearers. The funeral procession then started for the cemetery, headed by a detachment of thirty picked metropolitan policemen. Next came the Tenth United States Infantry Band, Tenth United States Infantry, company A, Third Regiment of Michigan State troops, company G, First Regiment of Michigan State troops, F, Third Regiment of Michigan State troops, company C, Third Regiment of Michigan State troops, Detroit Light Guard Band, Detroit Light Infantry, Montgomery Rifles, Detroit City Guard, Heram Lodge No. 1, Mont Payen Lodge No. 2, Ingersoll Encampment I. O. O. F. No. 29, The Knights of Pythias V, Bishop's Opera House

Band, Detroit, Commandry Knights Templar, clergy, and pall bearers in carriages and the hearse.

NEW YORK, 6.—The *Tribune* says: Cornell's plurality seems slightly increased, and is now estimated at more than 36,000. The vote on Lieut. Governor is very close between Potter and Hoskins, and an official vote may be needed to decide. Potter's majority in New York and Kings Counties is 57,368, and Hoskins' plurality in the State outside of New York and Kings County is estimated at 57,000. Only about one-third of the whole number of towns have been heard from however. Returns upon the other candidates are inconclusive, but seem to show Wadsworth is running ahead of Hoskins. The result of all State officers below Governor is still dark. Soule, republican candidate for State engineer and surveyor, runs behind. The Legislature is overwhelmingly republican. Republicans elect 24 senators out of 32 and 92 assemblymen out of 128, within six of the almost unprecedented number of republican assemblymen elected last year.

The *Herald* has the following from Galena: The attention of Grant was called this afternoon to a statement printed in the *Tribune* to the effect that he had an important message to deliver to the people of the United States in Chicago or elsewhere.

A Washington dispatch says. Sherman says that he knows nothing of any such message and that so far as he is concerned the statement is pure fiction. He has not the slightest idea who is using his name so freely, and laughs at the insinuation.

As returns continue to be received, it looks more and more likely that the republican ticket is entirely elected. All the republican journals hope at least that some republican candidates will be saved. Cornell's majority is likely to reach 42,000.

Adolphe Sutro will illustrate by diagrams the famous tunnel known by his name in the rooms of the Bullion Club.

The first snow storm of the season set in last night. It fell furiously four hours, but the temperature being above the freezing point there was never more than an inch on the ground at any one time.

BOSTON, 6.—Wool market continues quite excited and active, and full prices are readily obtained for all grades. Stocks are fast disappearing. The demand for goods is active, and manufacturers must have wool to meet this demand. California is in demand and sells freely at 25 @ 37½ for spring and 18 @ 32 for fall. Unwashed fleeces are in demand at 25 @ 30 for fine and 30 @ 38 for mediums; pulled wool is in demand, and firm with sales of super and X at 40 @ 50.

WASHINGTON, 6.—The general results of the New York election, being definitely ascertained to-day, have given rise to much interesting comment among experienced political observers at the National Capital, which may be briefly summarized as follows:

In the first place it is admitted on all hands that New York must henceforth be considered the decisive battle ground for the Presidential contest, but opinions differ widely as to the right of one party or the other to prognosticate success next year from the outcome of this election. The democrats in Washington are unquestionably more cheerful over the news than their republican neighbors, and point to Potter's majority as positive proof that New York is reliably democratic. They call attention to the fact that the republicans persistently made the issues in New York of a national character, the same as in Ohio, and though the democrats were defeated on them in Ohio, the result in New York shows that those issues cannot make the north stalwartly solid. Tilden has but few friends among the democrats here, as most of them are southern men, and for this reason there is a general prediction that his failure to carry the State for Robinson lays him on the shelf so far as the presidential nomination is concerned. There is, however, a perceptible feeling that his defeat was not so overwhelming as to totally destroy his grip on things political, and there are some democrats who predict that his strength, and that of the democratic party in general, will be increased by the stand taken by the party under the lead of Tilden in risking defeat rather than submit to the dictation

of a faction, whose connection with it has been for years a reproach throughout the country. It is quite generally believed that the result in New York largely helps Senator Bayard's chances for the Presidential nomination. His views on the financial questions have always been in harmony with that of the New York democrats, and he is not objectionable to any faction of the democratic party in that State, which must now be considered essential to democratic success. Had Robinson been elected, Tilden would have undoubtedly have easily obtained the Presidential nomination. It is now contended that Tilden cannot carry the whole party strength, but that Bayard can. Tilden's friends here, however, do not concede this, but claim that his organizing abilities and resources, although unable to save Robinson against Kelly's defection, nevertheless saved all the candidates who were elected and that cannot be separated from the party's success. They, therefore, look for an immense reaction of sympathy in his favor, and confidently claim his nomination and election next year.

NEW YORK, 6.—The *Evening Post* has the following special from Albany: Great uncertainty exists here relative to the result of the election as to State officers other than Governor. The heads of departments and clerks at the State hall manifest much anxiety to ascertain the latest phase of the canvass, and dispatches are passing back and forth between this city and New York with frequency. It is believed that Tammany cut Alcott badly out of revenge. In other parts of the State the democrats fear that Wadsworth, republican, for comptroller, has run ahead of his ticket. The feeling among the Robinson democrats is bitter towards the faction that has wrought the mischief. Beach, democrat, is believed to be re-elected Secretary of State, and Seymour, democrat, State engineer, is thought safe if any democrat is below Potter. Wendell's republican friends refuse to give it up and claim that he is elected treasurer. Fears are entertained that in the count there is to be a repetition of the uncertainty of the last national election.

A Washington correspondent of the *Sun* writes: Advice received here from democratic leaders of high national repute, especially from southern public men, leave no doubt that a broadly national and conservative course will characterize the democratic policy the coming winter. Zealots will be made to take a back seat. Passionate declaration, tropical rhetoric, and sectional recrimination will be severely sat down upon. The republicans will be furnished with no more campaign thunder in the shape of foolish utterances of excited orators addressed to backwoods audiences at home, rather than the intelligence of Congress and the country. About the sentiment in the interest of a Bayard boom, it may be said that a systematic programme has been in preparation lately in the Southern States to secure their delegations for Bayard for the coming democratic convention, and the result of the New York election will augment the movement greatly.

In regard to the vote of the State ticket, the *Herald* says: Another day has passed, the third since the election, without settling the fate of any officer on the general State ticket, except the governor. The utmost that can be said is that the voting runs unusually close in the case of every one of them, and that the probabilities still favor the success of most of the democratic candidates.

The *Sun* estimates Cornell's plurality at 38,500, and Potter's majority at 4,230.

WASHINGTON, 6.—A court martial, ordered by the Secretary of the Navy, embracing the proceedings of the naval court martial, convened on board the United States steamship *Hartford* in May last, while off Montevideo, was made public to-day by the navy department, from which it appears that Patrick Conley, an ordinary seaman, John Kelly, seaman, E. J. O'Brien and Henry Mullens, ordinary seamen, were tried for uniting with a mutinous assembly, and unlawfully destroying part of a battery on board of the *Hartford*. Conley was sentenced to hard labor in the penitentiary for 10 years, to lose his pay during the term of his confinement, and dishonorably discharged from the navy upon