TELEGRAPHIC.

ARMENIAN TURMOIL.

Merchants Forced to Close Their Stores by the Revolutionists.

THE SULTAN GAINS HIS POINT.

The Trebizond Massacre—Villages Burned and Pillaged—An Outbreak in Syria.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 17.—Some of the Armenians who reopened their stores, thus disobeying the orders of the Armenian committee, have been fined, and three merchants, it is said, have been compelled by threats to pay this committee between 300 and 400 Turkish pounds each. The matter was brought to the attention of the Turkish authorities, and, as a result, several members of the Armenian committee who took part in forcing the Armenians to close their stores have been arrested.

According to the latest information received here from Trebizond, Armenia, 400 persons were killed during the recent fighting there. The grand vizier, Kiamil Pasha, has issued an order holding the governor of Trebizond responsible for all loss of life hereafter, through political or religious disturbances.

Reports received here from various districts say that the Armenians have been deprived of their weapons, and that the latter have been given to Mussulmans. In the districts of Kharpout (Kharpoot) arms have been distributed to the Turks.

HONIFIED REFORMS.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says the Turkish papers, in announcing the consent to the Armenian reforms, state that the sultan has decided to introduce reforms in all the provinces of the empire, beginning with Anatolia. The reforms comprise an increase and reorganization of the gendarmerie and of the police forces and the amelioration of the administrative and judicial branches of the service.

A Times editorial says: It will probably be too much to expect the extension of the Armenian reforms to other portions of the Turkish empire, yet nothing would more powerfully consolidate the sulton's real authority.

The Daily News (Liberal), commenting on the same subject, presumes that the powers have accepted a Mussulman instead of a Christian high commissioner.

"If so," the Daily News adds, "it will be a severe disappointment to Armenia's best friends. It is evident the concert of the powers has been more apparent than real."

THE TREBIZOND MASSACRE.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says: An eye-witness of the Trebizond massacre says the Armenian quarter was completely sacked, and the men only destroyed when nothing was left to pillage or to kill. The soldiers assisted in the massacre with their rifles. The better class of Turks gave protection and shelter in their own houses to the Armenian women and children, so that none of these were killed. In the town itself. These same Turks obtained permission for the Armenian refugees to shelter themselves in the barracks during the following night, when it was heard in a manner we would rather forget. Several Armenian villages outside of Trebizond were burned and pillaged, and lives there were taken also.

The Chronicle's Constantinople correspondent says: The sultan has affected exasperating the Mussulmans by consenting to the reforms that the minister was obliged to impose him to sign the document. I fear English opinion will be greatly disappointed when the terms of the reform scheme become known. But nothing better could be obtained without disturbance of the British fleet in the Dardanelles, which would have involved the instant disruption of the entente between England, Russia and France and probably a Russian occupation of Armenia. Sir Philip Currie, therefore, has done the best possible without causing a serious breach between England and Russia. This temporary solution, however, will not save the sultan from an outbreak of the dangerous anti-dynastic feeling of which the sultan will probably be the victim.

The Chronicle believes the British fleet will remain at Lemnos, in the Egean sea, which is about fifty miles from the mouth of the Dardanelles, until adequate guarantees for the execution of the Armenian reforms have been given.

EXCITEMENT IN SYRIA.

BEYROUT, Syria, Oct. 17.—Considerable excitement prevails in the Lebanon district, owing to the conflicts which have taken place between the Druses and Mutualis, in which men have been killed on both sides. Finally the Mutualis assembled 4,000 men near Sidon with the intention of attacking the Druses. The latter thereupon appealed to their co-religionists in Hauran, who are preparing to send 3,000 men to the assistance of the Druses. The vali of Damascus is trying to prevent a conflict.

EX-CONSUL WALLER'S CASE.

Proofs of His Innocence—Illegal Proceedings at the Trial.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Mrs. Waller, wife of the ex-consul of the United States at Tamatave, Madagascar, was a passenger with her two daughters and son, arriving today on board the steamship Amsterdam. Mrs. Waller said:

"I am told that Minister Eustis has been criticised by those who sympathize with my husband, and I want to correct any false impression that may have obtained. Mr. Eustis treated us and is treating my husband with the utmost consideration and tenderness. He exerted every possible influence for our assistance and our benefit. Only the red tape that binds the wheels of state in France is to blame for inaction to see my husband, and his military confinement is being made as easy as possible by Mr. Eustis, who sends him newspapers, books, money, tobacco, delicacies and all that is permitted to be sent a prisoner. I do not think my husband will live a year in the French prison, for he was ill for a whole year before his arrest March last."

Mrs. Waller said further that she had forwarded Secretary Olney documentary evidence sufficient to completely prove the innocence of Mr. Waller.

Regarding Consul Campbell at Mauritius, Mrs. Waller said: "My husband suspected Campbell at Madagascar four years ago, and he has not forgiven, apparently. Campbell was indifferent to our situation. He did not seem to be interested in securing our passage to France or home, and though he told me he had cabled to Washington for assistance for us, I learned subsequently we had only written by mail, and when I spoke of it, he said it was because he had no appreciation to cover the expense of cabling. Thus we were detained two months in Mauritius unnecessarily. When we did sail it was on the steerage of a French steamer. I did not mind that so much, as I never expected to sail first-class, but I did mind the bites and insults of several French officers and the crew generally. The lieutenant ordered to take charge of the prisoners, and said we ought to be with Waller in prison."

Speaking of the mistreatment of consciousness, Mrs. Waller said:

"For years English, French and German residents have been receiving grants, and have invariably foiled the government out of its royalties. No American has ever received a concession of any consequence, and when Mr. Waller represented to the Hova government the wisdom of drawing American capital to Madagascar, and pointed out the enormous commercial interests of the United States, the prime minister was anxious to invite American residents and investments to develop the resources of the country."

TWO POINTS OF IRREGULARITY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 17.—It has been understood all along that the fate of ex-Consul Waller, who is still held in imprisonment by the French at Marseilles, turned on the proceedings of the court martial which sentenced him, and therefore the state department has directed its efforts mainly to securing a copy of the record of the court. Now that the record is in Paris, a careful examination of the documents is being made, there having already developed some points the nature of which may be fatal. In at least two points it has been found the proceeding of the court-martial were in violation of the French law, and if such a case arose in the United States, this would be sufficient ground for the setting aside of the proceedings and the sentence and the release of Waller.

In the first place, the court was composed of five officers, whereas the French military regulations are said to require at least seven persons to sit in the court. Besides this, it has been discovered that Waller was not really tried as charged, but as the trial progressed, evidence was taken on another charge not included in the original matter, and that it was upon what might be termed a supplementary but irregular charge that Waller was convicted.

Aside from the other points in the case, this matter of irregularity of the proceedings may in the end go far to make up the case of our government, as presented through Embassador Eustis.

KILLED BY THE MOB.

Convict Recommended to the Mercy of the Court.

COLUMBUS, S. C., Oct. 17.—A Register dispatch from Hampton, S. C., says: William Blake Sr., Jerome Blake, Prince Graves and William Frazier were convicted this evening of the murder of Raymond Moore on August 9th last. William Blake Sr., was recommended to the mercy of the court, and his sentence was life imprisonment. The other three were sentenced to be hanged on the 6th of December next.

After the prisoners were sentenced, it was evident that there was dissatisfaction at the jury's recommendation to mercy in William Blake's case, and pets-na were heard to say that Blake would never reach the penitentiary.

The convicted men as soon as court adjourned, were taken out of the courtroom. On their way to the jail, while a few feet of the prison, the sheriff and his constables were overpowered by a number of men, and William Blake Sr., and William Frazier, who were handcuffed together, were taken off into the woods. The handcuffs were unlocked, and in some way Frazier was returned to the custody of the jailer. The crowd, numbering about fifty persons, proceeded to a dense piece of woods and hanged William Blake Sr., with a plenty of rope in the form of a tree. Several shots were fired into his body and the crowd dispersed.

THE BANKERS' CONVENTION.

Address by Edward Atkinson, Proposing Bank Bonds.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 17.—Edward Atkinson of Boston was delivered an address before the bankers' association today, advocating the issuance of 250,000,000 bonds by the government to redeem and retire the outstanding notes of 1890, said in part: The association is the largest kind for the application of a committee of economists to co-operate with the executive department of the government may be rightly supplemented by some further practical suggestions for attaining the purpose aimed at.

First—The government might sell interest-bearing bonds to such an extent for gold as to increase the gold reserve up to the point where the confidence of the community in absolute redemption in gold coin will be revived; but no living man can determine what that reserve of gold must be.

Second—The true way out is a simple and ready one. The treasury may provide itself with gold by the sale of bonds, so as to enable it, in co-operation with the National banks, to meet any possible demand of the people for the redemption of the government notes as fast as they are presented. In that event, if the volume of paper money is redundant, it will be reduced by redemption; if it is not redundant, it will continue in circulation.

There may be an present question about the lawful power of the secretary of the treasury to issue the legal tender notes of 1862-63 under the provisions of the act which has converted that loan into a permanent loan, until further action of Congress. There is, however, very grave doubt of the lawful power of the secretary of the treasury to release the treasury notes of 1890, which have been paid in coin.

There is no question about his being able only to cancel and destroy all the notes of this issue which are paid in silver dollars. There is a clause in the Sherman act which provides that the amount of silver bullion at its cost and the dollars coined therefrom under this act, shall always be as more and no less than the amount of notes outstanding under the act. It has sometimes been held that under this provision it might be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to release the notes which are not paid in silver, notwithstanding the fact that it is left entirely to the discretion of the secretary to pay those notes either in gold or silver, according to his judgment. It is urged that if these treasury notes are paid in gold and not renewed, the amount of silver in the treasury at its cost and the dollars coined therefrom, will exceed the amount of the notes outstanding which were issued under this act. What, then, shall the secretary do with this silver? What will Congress do with it? Who can tell?

The way in which the banks may now co-operate with the treasury so as to instantly remove all cause of distrust and disorder, would be for a consultation of the national and state banks to offer to purchase each amount of the 4 per cent thirty-year bonds as would suffice to withdraw all the treasury notes of 1890 which are now in circulation. Less than $50,000,000 bonds would be require to cover all the outstanding notes of 1890.

I hold that it is not only the privilege but the duty of the national banks to place all their gold at the command of the treasury. In other words, the treasury is but one of the national banks of issue, and being that of largest issue, upon its absolute solvency and power to meet every demand for prompt redemption rests, not only its credit, but that of all the national banks alike. If the banks cannot trust the treasury, what is their own credit worth?

Mr. Atkinson closed by expressing the hope that a committee representing this association will be appointed to co-operate with the government, by which committee the several propositions made should be carefully considered.

Mr. Wm. P. St. John, of New York, addressed the convention in favor of free coinage of silver. He was listened to respectfully but without enthusiasm, the delegates being almost a unit in opposition to the policy.

Eugene H. Pullen was nominated for president and elected by acclamation, and Robert J. Lowrey, of Atlanta, was made vice president. The convention then adjourned sine die, and the afternoon the delegates were entertained at a genuine Georgia barbecue.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

To Call a Meeting of the National Committee.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—There will be an informal meeting of the members of the executive committee of the Republican national committee at the Holland house tomorrow. Chairman Thomas H. Carter is staying at this hotel, and he has invited all the members of the executive committee within call to meet him there tomorrow. Nearly a quorum of the committee are in the city.

Among those who are expected are General James A. Clarkson, Iowa; William A. Sutherland, New York; Garret A. Hobart, New Jersey; Samuel Fessenden, Connecticut; L. T. Michener, Indiana, and William M. Crane, Massachusetts.

It is given out that the object of the meeting is to call a meeting of the national committee to fix a time and place for holding the national convention next year. Mr. Carter said it has not yet been decided whether to bring the committee together the last of November or the first week in December. It is understood the call will partake of the nature of an address to the people of the country. Ex-Speaker Reed is in the city, and it is reported ex-President Harrison and Quay will be here.

Appointed Deputy Collector.

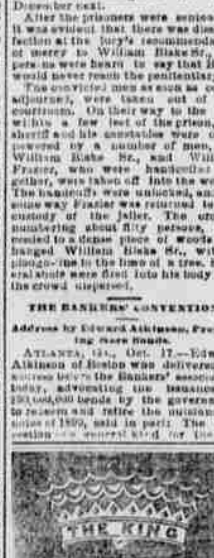
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—It is announced that Congressman Warren English has been appointed deputy collector of the port of Oakland at a salary of $3,000 a year. English was instrumental in having the bill creating Oakland a port of entry passed by Congress. The bill was modified, however, so that Oakland would be under the jurisdiction of the collector of the port of San Francisco. Collector Wise has appointed English as his deputy to look after the affairs of Oakland.

WHAT SULLIVAN SAYS.

The Big Fight May Come Off, or It May Not.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Ex-Champion John L. Sullivan, in speaking of the coming fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons, says it may come off, and then it may not. The big fellow was asked whether he had any choice between the two men. He replied that he had not, but thought it would be a great fight.

"I wish in my heart to see it come off," said Sullivan, "as the future of boxing depends on the final outcome. They are shooting the game all over the country, but it will die again as sure as you live. Fitzsimmons and Corbett are both good fellows and they should be allowed to box. When I was in the game, they never objected to me. I suppose that was because I was a good fellow," and he smiled.



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Every package has the Red Z stamp on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

LIVING PICTURES.

IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

One Real Living Picture Meets Another.

What She Took For a Spirit Was Her Friend.

Ghosts don't walk in broad daylight, and yet when a woman finds herself suddenly confronted by the friend she has mourned as dead she is apt to experience a creepy sensation that isn't given in the dictionary.

In a case like this no amount of presence of mind or self-possession can ward off the mingled feelings of astonishment, fear, joy and curiosity that will render a woman temporarily tongueless. It is only after witnessing the ecstatic smile of greeting, after again feeling that there is throbbing life beneath the dainty glove, and after again hearing her own tones spoken in the ever familiar voice, that this strange sensation vanishes.

THE STRANGE MEETING.

The meeting of the two women whose pictures are here given, shows that everyday life furnishes experiences as thrilling as those that come to us only in our wildest dreams. And the fact that such meetings occur every day points a moral that every woman in the land should take to heart. Here was a woman in the prime of life, pursued by that sentinel which seeks its victim, among our sex alone.

From a living picture she became, in less than a year, a wreck of human worthlessness. From despondency to despair seemed but the remaining step—the last step.

HER LAST FAREWELL.

Overcome by the presentment that precedes a lingering death, she asked to be removed to her old home in the West, and spoke what seemed to be her last farewell. In the very paper that chronicled her departure the doomed invalid read a paragraph written by Mrs. Belle Dement, of Irequois, Ill., Mrs. Minnie Smith of Lowell, Oregon, and others. Some of these letters are printed below. They told how cures had been found for cases like her own—claimed health that had almost slipped like away. With no more hope than that which prompts the drowning man to catch at a straw—let the firmly believed herself incurable, just as tens of thousands of women believe themselves incurable—she followed the advice contained in these letters. The result is best told in the woman's own words. "In less than five months," she writes, "I returned to my friends in the East, as well and strong in body and mind and as happy and free from pain as any woman in the world. I had gained nearly thirty pounds in weight and was so changed in face and form that when one of my dearest friends saw me in broad daylight she almost fainted, for

HER BELIEVED HIS DEAD."

She adds: "I owe my whole life and happiness to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which cured me after doctors, travels, baths, massage, electricity, had failed to even benefit!"

This woman's case, remarkable as it may seem, is not an exceptional one. Thousands and thousands of just such cures have been made in every State by this same special remedy for women's peculiar disorders and diseases. This world-famed remedy is not recommended as a "cure-all" but as a most perfect specific for women's peculiar ailments. As

A POWERFUL, INVIGORATING TONIC,

it imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For overworked, "worn out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," sewing women, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and invigorating tonic. As a

SOOTHING NERVINE,

"Favorite Prescription" is unequaled in subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea, or St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the generative organs of women. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

In complicated cases, or when the kidneys or liver are affected, or the blood impure, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery should be taken conjointly with the use of the "Favorite Prescription." In treating for diseases of the liver, the "Discovery" is a most potent remedy.

WHAT WOMEN SHOULD KNOW.

Every woman in this country ought to know that there is an institution in this country where diseases peculiar to their sex (as far as energy thirty years back a specialty by several of the physicians and surgeons connected therewith. This institution is the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. In treating these cases of cases at that famous sanitarium, there have been perfected medicines which form a regular, scientific and successful course of treatment for these prevalent and most distressing ailments.

GUARANTEED FOR YEARS.

He positively cure and certain are these remedies in relieving and permanently curing the most distressing cases of these diseases peculiar to women, that no first introducing these new world-famed remedies to the afflicted, and for many years thereafter, they were sold under a positive guarantee of giving entire satisfaction to every case or disease for which they are recommended.

Such was their success in curing diseases, derangements and weaknesses of women, that claims for the return of money ceased to be, there was scarcely a fact; for, since the manufacturers and proprietors of these remedies can now refer to thousands of noted cures effected by them in every part of the land, and in many foreign countries, they believe this past record a sufficient guarantee of the great value as curative agents, and, therefore, they now rest their claims to the confidence of the afflicted solely upon their past record. There is scarcely a neighborhood or hamlet in this broad land of ours, in which will not be found one or more persons who have been cured of distressing and often dangerous diseases, by the medicines to which we refer—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

STAFF OF SKILLED SPECIALISTS.

Dr. Pierce and his staff of skilled specialists, forming the faculty of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y., are at all times ready to reply by letters from women suffering from obstinate, complicated, or long neglected diseases and "weaknesses," and can be addressed at that institution. They are always glad to offer, free of charge, such suggestions as will not only hasten the cure, but make it permanent.

Where a local physician is called upon to treat one such case, Dr. Pierce and his skilled specialists treat many hundreds, and a lifetime practice has made them experts in this special field of practice. There is no experimenting, no physical patchwork, and no promises made when cannot be fulfilled. Their record of cures includes thousands of cases in every state. Dr. Pierce's standing at home is such that the people of Buffalo have time and again tendered him the highest public offices within their gift, he having represented them in the state senate and later in Congress.

Any woman anywhere, no matter how serious her case, no matter how despondent she may have become, no matter how many remedies have failed to relieve her, no matter how many doctors have been baffled by her case—any such woman will, by simply writing to the Doctor, receive, free of charge, the most overwhelming proofs of success in curing just such cases.

OVER 10,000 GRATEFUL LETTERS

like those here printed, are on file at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute.

"I have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. Bell Dement, of Irequois, Iroquois Co., Ills., "and can recommend it as the best medicine in the world for women's inward aches and nervousness, also for women expecting to become mothers. I was married fourteen years and had six still born children; before it was time for them to be born they all died, so I thought I would give your 'Favorite Prescription' a trial. One month before my seventh child was born I was taken very bad, and sent for the family doctor. He said it was no use to try to save the child for it was too late to interfere—no help now. I cried, for I wanted a child so badly. I told my husband there was one thing I wanted to try and that was Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. He said he would make the venture, so he did. The doctor said it would be foolish, but I told 'Go and get it anyhow,' so he got it and when I had taken four doses I was easy. I went to my time and the child is living and will be three years old the tenth of March."

"I can truly say," writes Mrs. Minnie Smith, P. M., at Lowell, Lane County, Oregon, "that I owe my life to your wonderful 'Favorite Prescription.' I was going down to health very fast and in the last four years had miscarried twice and got so weak that I could not stand on my feet; and seeing that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was a strengthening preventive, I determined to try it. I took twelve bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and I have gone through and have the healthiest baby I ever had; and I believe I am stronger than I have been in twelve years."

"My wife gave birth to a child," writes S. G. Spear, Esq., of Sand Ridge, Oswego Co., N. Y., "since she was sixteen years old. After she got up her health was very poor. I had used Dr. Pierce's Pellets for years, and they were good. I thought I would try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for her. She took two bottles and soon gained in flesh and strength. The second time she was pregnant she began to take the 'Prescription' a few weeks before the birth of her child and she had a very quick and easy confinement and got up from her bed strong and healthy. I honestly think the 'Favorite Prescription' is the very best medicine for women that was ever put on the market."

"For the last two seasons I have used Dr. Pierce's Guide: Medical Discovery for after effects of La Grippe."

"A few years ago," writes I. C. Spoonhoarty, Esq., of Mayberry Creek, Fairfax Co., Va., "my mother weighed only 95 lbs., and she was confined to her bed nearly all the time. She was persuaded to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and took three bottles, which cured her and she is now in good health and weighs 148 lbs. The 'Favorite Prescription' is a blessed to female society, and Dr. Pierce's Pleasant pellets work miracles to all who use them."

"I was afflicted with a most severe blood poison," writes W. F. Masolin, Esq., of 118 East 126th street, New York City, "and for three years I had the best physicians in this city and vicinity, with no apparent improvement. After reading in the papers the results obtained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I resolved to try it, hoping it would give me a trial, and about the end of last July I began taking it and since that time I have received a steady improvement both in my appetite and appearance. I can honestly say that I think I am now entirely cured of the bad effects."

A GREAT BOOK FREE.

When Dr. Pierce published the first edition of his work, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, he announced that after 680,000 copies had been sold at the regular price, $1.50 per copy, the profit on orders would repay him for the great amount of labor and money expended in producing it, he would distribute the next 50,000 free. As this number of copies has already been sold, he is now distributing, absolutely free, 50,000 copies of this most complete, interesting and valuable common sense medical work ever published—the recipient only being required to mail a limited number of Dr. Pierce's Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is president, this little coupon, with twenty-one cents (21 cts.) in stamps, covering cost of mailing only, and the book will be sent postpaid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains over 1000 pages and more than 300 illustrations. Several finely illustrated chapters are devoted to the careful consideration in plain language, of diseases peculiar to women and their successful home-treatment without the aid of a physician and without having to submit to dreaded "examinations" and the stereotyped "local applications," so repugnant to the modesty sensitive woman. The Free Edition is precisely the same as that sent at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manila paper covers instead of cloth. Send now before all are given away. They are going off rapidly, therefore do not delay sending downstairs if in want of one.

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a Unique Excellence, Superior Workmanship and Perfect Operation.

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