

BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 1.—The entire cost of the office for congressional printing for the year is \$1,802,343, which largely exceeds any previous year of the past ten, except 1865 when it was nearly half a million more. The office has completed during the past year 119,284 pages of documentary composition, and 7,869,000 volumes of that class of work, many of which exceed a thousand pages each, on the subject of patent office reports. The report says the printing office building, owing to the increase of work, is too small and an appropriation to build another wing similar to that put up a year ago is asked. Charging government for materials, machinery, labor and everything used in the prosecution of the business, it appears that the earnings of the office for the year were \$2,367,946, while the expenses, including \$107,626 for unfinished work, were \$2,134,771. There are over one thousand employees, male and female.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 1.—The report of the commissioner of internal revenue states that the aggregate receipts from all sources, exclusive of duty on capital, circulation and deposits, of the national banks, were for the following fiscal years ending June 30, 1870, \$185,235,869; 1871, \$144,011,176; 1872, \$131,770,946. These amounts include sums refunded and allowed on drawbacks. The decrease in the aggregate receipts for the last two years is due to legislation, approved July, 1870, which reduced the revenue to an estimated amount of fifty-five millions to full operation before the close of the fiscal year 1870. The receipts from spirits show an increase over last year of \$3,992,048. The sources are given as follows: Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, \$544,848; from materials other than apples, peaches, or grapes \$32,572,940; distilleries per duty tax \$6,489,786; wine made in imitation of champagne \$20; rectifiers \$955,704; dealers retail \$4,028,604; dealers wholesale \$2,065,563; manufacturers' stills \$1,391; stills or worms manufactured \$426; stamps distillery warehouse \$290,284; stamps rectifiers \$367,920; stamps wholesale liquor dealers \$139,602; excess gaugers' fees \$4,118; Total \$49,475,576. The number of grain distilleries registered last year was 3,512; fruit distilleries 338; total 3,649. Returns show total production in taxable gallons from materials other than fruit of 68,275,745; from fruit 757,788; total yearly production 69,033,533 gallons.

The committee recommends that section 51 of the act of July 20, 1868, as amended by the act of June 6th, 1872, be further amended so as to read in a more explicit manner than at present.

The receipts from the tax of one dollar a barrel on fermented liquors during the fiscal year ending June 27th, amounted to \$8,009,960, an increase of nearly a million over last year. The number of breweries in the U. S. is 3,421, of which California has 226, only four of the States—New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Wisconsin, having more.

The commissioner recommends the amendment of sections 18 and 22 of the act of June, 1872, so as to provide for packages known as thirds, the use of which was authorized to accommodate brewers west of the Rocky Mountains, which use this form of package as specially adapted for packing on mules. Thirds appear to have been omitted in the act of June 1872 and should be restored.

The commissioner also recommends such amendment to the law as will make more explicit the sections of the act of June, 1872, relating to the special tax on retail dealers, which the commissioner has construed as providing for a special tax at a lower rate for retail dealers in malt liquors alone. He also recommends that the retailer of malt liquors be limited in their sales to quantities less than five gallons, those selling five gallons and upward to be required to pay wholesale tax.

The total receipts from tobacco for the fiscal year ending June, 1872, were \$38,736,170, an increase over the previous year of \$157,263.

The commissioner says that so far as he is able to judge, the law providing for a uniform rate for tax on all manufactured tobacco, whether chewing or smoking, is operating very satisfactorily. The commissioner recommends the abolition of the office of assessor of internal revenue and placing the duties now performed by these officers upon the collectors, a change which he shows is entirely practicable and would not

only result in a large saving to the government, but the simplification of the system of collecting revenue.

The following is a copy of the last letter from Horace Greeley to Charles Leman, of this city—

"NEW YORK, June 27, 1872.
"Friend Leman:—Received yours of 25th inst. I have all my life been doing what people call vastly foolish and impolitic acts, and I did not dispute their judgment. I only said that what I did seemed to me the right thing. If I should die before election, or be beaten therein, please testify for me that I do not regret having braved public opinion when I thought it wrong, and knew it to be merciless.

Signed, "HORACE GREELEY."
The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the assistant treasurer at New York to purchase one million bonds each Wednesday, and sell one million in gold each Thursday during December.

The House Committee on appropriations, which has been in session two weeks, has perfected the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill. The Indian appropriation bill, consular and diplomatic bill, pension bill, and post office bill will be reported to the House early this week.

The President has written a letter in complimentary terms accepting the resignation of Gen. Horace Porter.

BALTIMORE, Md., 1.—The Maryland electors chosen at the late election will meet to-morrow night to decide how the votes shall be cast. Since the death of Greeley the importance attached to the vote seems to be the bearing it may have on the nomination four years hence.

NEW YORK, 1.—A St. John's, N. B., dispatch gives an account of a violent storm there on Friday night and yesterday, doing great damage to shipping in the harbor, and wrecking a number of vessels outside, with considerable loss of life. In the city several buildings have been blown down and a portion of a new edifice nearly completed for the Young Men's Christian Association, fell. Three groceries were crushed and several dwellings blown over.

The remains of Greeley were taken to this city from Pleasantville, on Saturday evening. They are now at the residence of Samuel Sinclair. The two daughters of Mr. Greeley, and Mrs. Gibbons accompanied the remains to this city.

The *Herald* mentions that the Union League have a hope that President Grant will take part in the obsequies of his late distinguished rival in the political field.

Commodore John Calhoun died on Saturday, aged 70.

Eight hundred men were discharged from the navy yard yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA.—The officers of the Mexico National Railway company have received a telegram from the City of Mexico, dated Nov. 27, saying that the Mexican congress passed that day by a majority of sixty a bill authorizing President Tejado to arrange with Gen. Rosecranz the modifications desired to their existing concession, leaving the latter full power. The company ask for a subsidy in national bonds in lieu of the land grant given them in December, 1870.

NEW YORK, 1.—The trustees of the *Tribune*, at a meeting on Saturday, appointed a committee consisting of Sinclair, Reid and Cleveland, to take entire charge of the arrangements for Greeley's funeral. They have fixed it for Wednesday, at 11 o'clock, from the Church of the Divine Paternity, Rev. Dr. Chapin's. No special invitations will be sent out, but it is already known that organizations of various kinds are taking formal steps for attending in a body.

James Watson Webb is seriously ill.

WASHINGTON, 1.—Estimates for the fiscal years, 1873 and 1874: Legislative establishment, \$2,973,224; executive establishment, \$171,292,61; judicial establishment, \$35,871,050; foreign intercourse, \$1,326,854; military establishment, \$32,894,854; navy establishment, 20,154,220; Indian affairs, \$5,700,975; pensions, \$305,500,000; public works, \$29,687,345; postal service, \$7,410,602; miscellaneous, \$9,596,974; permanent appropriation, \$147,361,943.

LOUISVILLE, 1.—Early this morning a cottage near the city limits, occupied by a family named Ashton, caught fire while the family was in a drunken slumber from a carousal over night, and burned down. The daughter was burned to death in bed.

PIOCHE, 1.—Yesterday, in the matter of Raymond & Ely vs. Kentuck, and

Kentuck vs. Raymond & Ely, the hearing in both cases was postponed until January 9th.

Bullion shipments per Wells, Fargo & Co. last week amounted to \$77,573,28.

LOS ANGELES, 30.—The storm on the sea coast is the heaviest known for years. The steamer *Pacific* is over due at San Pedro. No landing can be effected to-night.

The depot grounds of the Southern Pacific were located by common council last evening.

YREKA, 29.—Dr. Plummer, supt. of the third district of the W. U. T. Co. was the recipient of a testimonial, in the shape of an elegant gold watch and chain last evening, by the operators of his district.

SAN FRANCISCO, 30.—The boy Oakley, who was run over on the Sutter street car line, died last evening.

A man, name unknown, is reported to have been drowned by the capsizing of a boat from a pilot vessel, on Thursday p.m.

Stanton's ruby has been found to weigh twenty-eight and a half carats. He says he will return to the fields next week, and declares that the ground where he prospected has not been salted.

The cellars of the new hospital are completely flooded.

A letter from a man at the diamond fields, just received, states that, at least, one thousand men are on the ground prospecting. A judicious silence is observed concerning their success. The council for the committee of inquiry are investigating the laws applicable to such enormous swindles, and seem to have arrived at one conclusion, that the offence ranks as a misdemeanor, and not a felony. Photographs of some of the gems have been taken for the owners.

Jno. Haggerty, convicted of arson, has been sentenced to the State prison for six years;

The California Iron Mining Co. has been incorporated, to work iron mines in Nevada county, capital four millions.

The Cupel Silver Mining Co. has been incorporated to mine in Wallapai district, Arizona.

VALLEJO, 30.—The largest discharge and suspension yet made on Mare Island took place this evening. It was nearly a clean sweep. It includes nearly all the workmen in the construction department and six of the foremen.

NEW YORK, 30.—In one account of the last days of Greeley he is said, during his western tour, to have never slept over four hours at a time. Through the day he would often doze in a car and catch snatches of sleep. Upon his return to New York his wife was found to be rapidly failing, and it was while passing sleepless nights at her bedside that he first began to show signs of great mental depression. On one occasion, while the opposition press was criticizing his Pittsburgh speech, he said, "If they make the issue that I am the rebel candidate, I'm bound to be defeated." This seemed to weigh on his mind.

His last editorial work was an article which appeared in the *Tribune* headed "Conclusions." It was simply a summing up of the results of the elections in Greeley's old style. About this time he revised five articles which he had carefully prepared for the encyclopedia, one being his history of the American conflict condensed. One day later, while in conversation with a friend he became visibly affected and said, touching a remark as to his candidature, "I don't care for politics, and would not go on the cars to Washington to get the commission as President. What I do feel is the loss of my wife, who has been my companion nearly forty years. I have watched by her bedside night and day, and now I am completely worn out and prostrated from anxiety and want of sleep."

On Nov. 15th, Mr. Greeley was at his home in Chappaqua, and a prominent Liberal Republican from Connecticut visited him and found him in very broken health. A conversation was had as to the campaign. Mr. Greeley manifested much unconcern on the subject; and to the inquiry whether under the circumstances it would be better for the Liberal Republican committees to take steps at once towards the maintenance and consolidation of their organizations or remain quiet and wait the turn of events, he very promptly replied: "Better keep quiet." Beyond this there was nothing to indicate that he felt any interest in current events. He is said to have died poorer than was popularly supposed.

SAN FRANCISCO, 30.—There were 86 deaths in this city during the week.

SAN FRANCISCO, 1.—Three China-

men, suspecting one of their countrymen of theft of \$350, took him this evening on long bridge and threw him into the bay, where he would have drowned, but for the arrival of a white man. The would-be murderers were arrested and are now in jail.

ASHLAND, Or., 1.—The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, having directed Supt. Odeneal to put the Modocs Indians upon the Klamath reservation, peaceably if possible, but forcibly if he must, he proceeded in person to execute the orders, but all efforts to put them on being fruitless and they having refused to go, the matter of removing them was referred to the military. On the 18th November Maj. Jackson of Company B, 1st., with thirty-five men, left Fort Klamath, and arrived at Camp Modocs, near Lost river, at seven o'clock the following morning. They at once surrounded the camp, and interviewed the head men, one of whom appeared. Half an hour's conversation ensued, in which the Indians were informed that the soldiers did not come to fight them, but to demand that they go upon the reservation, and they were assured that ample provision had been made for their subsistence, and they should be fully protected in all their rights. They refused the demands. They were then requested to lay down their arms. Scarefaced Charlie, a chief raised his gun and fired at Lieutenant Bantelle, who was in front of his men, but missed his aim. The Lieutenant fired and killed Charlie. This caused firing on both sides and the battle became desperate, lasting two hours. One soldier was killed and four wounded. Two citizens were killed. Fifteen Indians were killed, nearly all women and children, some warriors, and some horses were captured. The Indians retreated to the hills, but returned again and commenced fighting, when three more Indians were killed, and at latest accounts the firing was still going on at intervals. It is supposed that these Indians would have reinforcements the next night, and Major Jackson was enlisting citizens to proceed against the Indians.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, 29.—The schooner *Sunrise* hence for Kelly's Island, yesterday, was discovered grounded this morning two miles out. Three men are lost.

DETROIT, 29.—The storm caught many vessels outside. The head of Lake Erie is full of ice. It is blowing a gale from the northwest and is snowing. Accounts of disasters continue to be received, seven or eight schooners and propellers are reported ashore or fast in the ice.

WASHINGTON, 29.—There were frequent enquiries to-day from all classes in regard to Horace Greeley's health and much sympathy was expressed. The report of his death being in circulation early this evening, and having reached the President, he and his family, in token of respect, did not attend the reception to the diplomatic corps given by the Secretary of State, but sent a note explaining the cause of his absence.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—Henry Sanchez, a negro, was killed by Mary Montgomery, this afternoon. She stabbed him to the heart. She claims he stabbed himself in a scuffle for a dagger. She is under arrest. She was his mistress.

The Parien Mining Company was incorporated to-day to mine in Ely district. Capital three millions two hundred thousand dollars.

The steamer *Alaska* arrived this p.m. from Hong Kong and brings dates to Oct. 28, and from Yokohama, Nov. 7.

Paul Wentzel, the German consul at Shanghai, died October 17.

The government has made provision for the relief of the sufferers of the flooded district of Shunteen.

The Russian corvette *Ironclad* was to leave on a hostile expedition to New Guinea.

The Mikado was 21 on the 24th of October. There was a grand celebration of the event at Yeddo.

The Japanese Government has obtained credit for \$1,000,000 to sustain the value of native coinage.

A typhoon at Manila, Oct. 12, says the Spanish brig *Geneva*, and all on board but one were lost. The *Aljandres*, *Rodrigo*, *Ceres*, and two others were beached. All other vessels in the harbor suffered damage. A new steamer, the pier, and about 200 houses were destroyed.

The agents of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co. require shippers by the Arizona to pay 25 per cent. on invoices, amounting to about sixty thousand for towing her into port.