SOLDIERS TO GET



drawn as Talk of Armed Conflict.

STARTED WITH NEWSPAPERS

Otherwise He Cannot See How Jingoes Took Up the Cry and Spread It Over the World.

New York, Feb. 16 .- Declaring that ar between the United States and Japan would be the "most inhuman event in the world's history" and was "too hellish" to be thought of, Baron Kogoro Takahira, the new Japanese nbassador to Washington, said today, upon landing in New York from the steamer Etrurta, that the Japane people knew absolutely nothing of reak in the cordial relations which have been historic between the two nations. Talk of war. Baron Taku-hira declared with such emphasis, was utterly unintelligible to him un-less, as some one had suggested, it was spread broadcast to serve the commercial end of some newspapers. The new ambassador snid there might be some matters pending in Wash-ington, which would require his al-tention, but they were not serious. As to the cruise of the American fleet to the Pacific ocean, he regarded it purely as a naval maneuver on a grand scale-designed to show the world at large that America has a wonderful naval power which can be dispatched anywhere at a moment's notice "in support of a legitimate cause, which always is at the bottom of American diplomacy." have been historic between the two

TO MEET THE PRESIDENT.

Baron Takabira will leave for ashington tomorrow morning at 11 Washington tomorrow morning

Baron Takabira will leave for volock to present his credentials to president Roosovelt. He is a warm is looking forward to his meeting is looking forward to his meeting with the chiof executive with a great and of pleasure. The baron is re-remained to the American capital strent an absence of two years spent in forme as ambassador to Italy. The baron left Washingtin as a minister and was subsequently elevated to the data of ambassador. He was one of apacity envoys at the Portsmouth control of the second strent of the presence of two years spent in the presence of the second strent and was subsequently elevated to the faron fakabirat to a representative of diponentic career as an attache at our diponentic career as the personal represen-tive of the Japanese empror, accrd diponentic career as the personal representive of the the president of the United to the president of the United to the president of the United to the president of the united at this and think I can consider the and think I can consider the strent present experience I had used to the president of the United at the strent present experience I had used to the president of the United at the strent present experience I had used to the president of the United at the strent present experience I had used to the president of the United strent present experience I had used to the president of the United strent present experience I had used to the president of the United to the strent present experience I had used to the present experience I had used to the present experience I had used to the

HE LIKES THIS COUNTRY.

"It was at the crucial time of my career, workins day and night for nearly two years, and the friedship I received from America did much to dimilish the axiety that otherwise would have been immense. No one hows better than I how sincere and true were the expressions of your sen-timents. No one appreciates more than I do the high value of such sympathy. All that I thought of you have been the high value of such sympathy. All that I thought of you have the expressed at the time, and my words must be rememberd by those who cared to take an inter-est in me. So there is no need to repeat them. They simply tell you it was and that I am of the same mind as when I left your country in De-cember. 1905. "I know there were some questions arising after I left-about the segre-of the schools of the Pacific coast and of Japanese immigration. I can not "It was at the crucial time of my



The greatest foe to the progress of nations has been internal strife, civil war. Equally so is the greatest enemy of health in the human system civil war between the different parts of the

war between the untertent parts body. This 12 just what occurs in dyspepsia. War is declared between the stomach and the rest of the members of the body--illness results, inability to digest or assimilate food, heaviness, disinclin-ation to work, and in a word, all the attendant evils of imperfect digestion. What you need is an ally. An ally who will not only help but will absolutely insure you the victory. In other words, let Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets fight your battles for you, and by doing the work of your stomach, give it a com-plete rest, and allow it to re-enter the lists reinforced, refreshed, and rejuven-ated.

ated A single one of these marvelous tab-lets will digest 3,000 grains of food. Leading physicians all over the world have endorsed Stuart's Dyspepsia Tab-lets, and have certified them free from

harmful drugs. Simple to take. Harmless, efficacious. No doctor's bills.

No doctors blue. Only Soc. At all druggists or write to us direct. Free samples sent on application. F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Building, Mar-shall, Mich.

tes a demonstration it must be a dem-onstration to the world at learge in or-der to show that the United States has such a great power that can be sent out any moment in support of a legitimate cause which always is at the founda-tion of American diplomacy. "We have therefore no reason to be suspicious about the visit of the ships to the Pacific. You may have noticed that the Japanese newspapers have been publishing lately their decree or decision to welcome your fleet if it should come to Japan. This shows how our people regard the cruise. "War talk which I hear has been published frequently in connection with the cruise is utterly unintelligible to where I have been until a few days ago, I saw many prominent men who smiled at the news as smoke without fire, and dismissed it as commercial news; that is to say, the news was spread out with the object of conserving some special interest of some newspapers. I am telling you only what I heard."

REVERTS TO SHERMAN.

'I have not any intention of criti-cizing your newspapers. At all events, it is a pity that such an impression should be allowed to be created against even a small portion of the American

even a small portion of the American press. "You know 't is well said by your famous general, that 'war is hell.' It is now a concurrent opinion among the hest military experts of all the great powers that war is more hellish than it used to be, owing to the great sci-entific improvements which are con-stantly being applied to manslaughter-ng machines. It is impossible in my opinion for any man of ordinary sanity to think of war between two powers like ours, in view of the sincere friend-ship which so long has actually existed between them. To think of it is a crime against the well-being of the whole of mankind. Such a war, if ever fought, would be the most in-human event in the world's history. Our people at least do not think of the possibility of such an unfortunato event."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CHARGED WITH REBATING

Washington, Feb. 15,—Prosecutions are to be instituted by the govern-ment against the Southern Pacific company and against certain officials of the railway organization on al-legation that they paid rebates to shippers. Information which is to be a basis

Information which is to be a basis for these prosocations was obtained by Franklin K. Lane, of the interstate commerce commission, lass autumn in the course of an extensive inquiry made by him into the affairs of the Southern Pacific railway. statement follows:



Eddyville Visited by Well Drilled **Band Three Hundred** Strong.

Eddyville, Ky., Feb. 16 .- Night riders 00 strong visited Eddyville at 1 o'clock this morning (Sunday) and whipped 10 men, four of them white and six ne groes. The white men, who are today suffering from sore backs as the result of a scyere chastisement with switches, are: Police Judge C. W. Rucker; Lesel Woods, former city marshal; Press Fralick, who occasionally acted as de-puty city marshal, and Grace Robertson, a saloon porter. The connection between the whipping of the white men and the negroes and the tobacco war in western Kentucky is

the ionacco war in western Reincovies is not apparent, and no one has been able to offer any explanation. None of the victims was known to be either active or inducatial in opposition to the farm-ers' pooling movement. No attempt ers' pooling movement. No attempt was made at destroying stored tobacco. RIDERS WELL DRILLED.

RIDERS WELL DRILLED. The riders were well drilled and well armed. About 250 entered the town from the direction of Trigg county and the remainder from the opposite direction. Over 1.060 shots were fired during the course of their stay, but the only cas-nalty reported is that of a young wo-man whose face is said to have been grazed by a stray bullet. The home of Judge Rucker was badly damaged be-fore the riders were able to get hold of him, the walls being riddled with bullets, doors and shutters torn off, etc. After taking each of the men to the After taking each of the men to the edge of the town and whipping him he was allowed to return home.

WARN COUNTY JUDGE.

After the whipping had been admin-istered the mob awakened County Judge W. L. Crumbaugh and warned him that his immunity from similar punishment hereafter depended entire-ly upon the friendship he was expected to show the tableau provide If upon the triendship he was expected to show the tobacce growers' organiza-tion. He was told that his gray hairs alone were responsible for his being spared this time. The only tobacco man visited was J. M. Bradshaw, who is a tobacco prizer for one of the grow-ers' associations. Mr. Bradshaw was ordered to close up a billiard hall which ordered to close up a billiard hall which he owns

On leaving town the riders announced that they had not finished their work, and that they would return before many data they would return before many days

CUTICURA CURED MY SISTER Of a terrible humor.-Mrs. L. C. Walker, 5 Tremont St., Woodfords, Me.



North Sea Affairs Outlined By Ambassador.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Cablegrams from London and St. Petersburg recent-ly published in American newspapers on the Balkan situation and the North sea treaty, questioning Germany's sin-cerity with regard to her announced polcies regarding these matters, were called to the attention of Baron Stern-berg, the German ambassador at Wash-ington today. The ambassador declared the published statements made it ap-pear as if Germany is creating trouble in Europe by refusing to adhere to the rules of reform in Macedonia, laid down by the "Muerzesteger, program," and even hinted, he added, at the existence of a secret treaty between Germany, Austria and Turkey. The ambassador's statement follows:

Enlisted Men in All Branches Will **Receive Higher**

INCREASE IN PAY

MARKSMANSHIP RECOGNIZED.

Scale.

If Man Behind the Gun is Up in His **Business it Will Add Materially** To His Stipend.

Washington, Feb. 15.-The house minittee on military affairs today greed to report the army appropriation bill, having completed its amendment increasing the pay of enlisted men or the various grades of service. The bill as it will be reported to the house will carry \$85,255,066, which is \$9,413,981 less than the estimates submitted. The amending increasing the pay of enlisted men is intended to place the army service on a footing comparable to the naval service. The scale agreed upon is as follows. COVERS WIDE RANGE.

Master electricians, master signal electricians, \$75; engineers, \$65; regi-mental sergeants major, regimental commissary sergeants, sergeants major, sergeants majors of engineers, post quartermaster sergeants, post commi-sergeants majors of engineers, post quartermaster sergeants, post commi-sergeants, post ordnance sergeants, battallon quartermater sergeants of en-gineers, sergeants, first class, signal orps and first sergeants, sergeants first class hospital corps, electrician ser-geants first class, \$45; battallon ser-geants first class, \$46; battallon ser-geants major of infantry and field ar-tillery, squadron sergeants of engi-meers, ordnance and signal corps, quar-termater sergeants of engineers and color sergeants, \$56; sergeants and quar-termater sergeants of engineers and color sergeants, \$56; sergeants and quar-termater sergeants of engineers and color sergeants, \$56; sergeants and quar-termater sergeants of engineers and color sergeants, \$56; sergeants and quar-termater sergeants of engineers, ord-nance, signal corps and hospital corps, firemen and cooks, \$30, and messi-artillery, backalitor, and mechanics coast artillery, blackaniths and fartiers, sad-diers, wagoners and artificers, \$24; pri-vance, first class of engineers' orb-and infantry, mechanics of field differed and infantry, mechanics of sergeants iter sergeants of cavalry, arti-differed and infantry, mechanics of sergeants iter sergeants of engineers' orb-and infantry, sergeants of infantry, sergeants iter sergeants of infantry, sergeants of avalry, artillery, infantry, signal corps iter provides second class engineers and orbital corps. Master electricians, master signal lectricians, \$75; engineers, \$65; regi-

and privates s ordnance, \$15. CONTINUOUS RECORD PAY.

CONTINUOUS RECORD PAY. An honorably discharged soldier who has served the period of his enlistment will be entitled to continuous service pay if he re-enlists within three months on the following scale: Three dollars monthly during the sec-ond and third enlistment up to and in-cluding the seventh, after which there will be no further increases. Soldiers qualifying as marksmen will receive additional pay of \$2 per month, as sharpshooters \$3 per month, as second class gunners, \$2 per month, as first class gunners, \$2 per month, as first class gunners, \$2 per month, as gun pointers, gun commanders, observers, second class, chief planters and chief loaders, \$7 per month, as gun pointers, gin commanders, observers, second class, chief planters and chief loaders, \$7 per month, as gun second class, chief planters and chief loaders, \$7 per month; as plotters, ob-servers of the first class gunners, \$2. No change is made in rates of in-rease for foreign service. The pay of enlisted men in military bands, exclu-sing the band at the United States military academy, is fired as follows: Chief musicians, \$75; principal musi-cans and chief trumpeters, \$40; ser-spentian and chief trumpeters, \$40; ser-spentian and chief trumpeters, \$40; ser-spentian of menum majors, \$50; corporals, \$30, and privates, \$24, with continuous service pay. It is provided that army bands or members thereof shall not re-content and integers of menu.



knosti

Facsimile of the \$1,000.00 certificate Announcement of the winning numbers of our six cash certificates given to charge customers who paid their accounts in full by Saturday night, Feb. 15th.

payalle to the rates of the claco , the return of the lest frente property undersed

\$1.000 cash certificate No. 5,950 \$500 cash certificate No. 48.664 \$400 cash certificate No. 40,900 \$300 cash certificate No. 39,276 \$200 cash certificate No. 12,434 \$100 cash certificate No. 34,386

Drawing was conducted by the advertising managers of the five daily newspapers of this city-Mr. Rees of the News, Mr. Critchlow of the Herald, Mr. Manly of the Tribune, Mr. Hale of the Republican and Mr. Cole of the Telegram.

Provision has been made for the contingency that might arise should any of these winning corresponding number to be decided the winner this case a second drawing has been made, the be brought in by February 25th-Provided an should any of the numbers announced fail to not appear within the 10 days allowed them-iny should not be presented, the announcement of the second drawing will be made at that time.

Be sure and present your coupon ticket before Feb. 25th. If any of the winning numbers do not appear by that date, they will forfeit all rights in this contest.



Germany's Stand in Balkan and

ganon of abalances children in some of the schools of the Pacific coast and of Japanese immigration. I can not of course, tell you at this moment how I will have to deal with what remains to require my attention at Washington. "As to the voyage of the American fleet to the Pacific, so much talked of recently, I consider it purely a Am-erican affair. I hear there has been all sorts of speculation as to the mo-tives of such a voyage. But I always thought that the most reasonable one we can attribute is a naval maneuver on a grand scale. The United States is a country of the most pacific in-tentions as has been well proved by history.

A JAPANESE VERSION.

"As we say in our proverb, 'Don't forget war in time of peace,' it must be necessary even for such a great country as this to ascertain now and them the good discipline of its men. You will certainly learn a great deal from such a long cruise by such a large force. The ships have not only gone to the Pacific coast but have passed through South American waters, and if there is any-ing in their movements that constitu-

A Nurse's Story

If you are a sufferer from headache, neuralgia, or pain from any cause you should read the following letter from a nurse.

<text><text><text>

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind



Collision of Passenger Train and Electric Car at Toledo is Scene of Horror.

SIGNALS WERE UNHEEDED.

Conductor Told Motorman to Stop but He Continued Ahead, His Car Plunging to Death.

Toledo, O., Feb. 15 .- Seven persons were killed and a dozen injured when a Big Four passenger train struck a Toledo & Western electric car at the Michigan Central crossing in West Toledo tonight.

THE DEAD.

James Meyers, motorman, Toledo. Roy Fisher, West Toledo. Mrs. William Fisher, West Toledo, Clarence Beech, Sylvania. Unknown Woman and two children THE INJURED.

Mayor Jones and wife of Sylvania. Clara Satton, Trilby, seriously. Joseph Bochmeyer, Trilby, fatally. Charles Dolph, Sylvania, slight. George Bragdon, Toledo, fatally. Burt Blankley, Sylvania, badly hurt. Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Parker, Syl-zania.

vania. John Conroy, Sylvania, slightly, James Young, Sylvania. Clayton Young, 24 years old, Sylvania, O., both legs broken and internally injured; will die. Chester Burns, 30 years, Sylvania, O.; chest crushed; will die. Hiram Parker, 65 years; skull frac-tured, injured internally; will die.

SIGNAL FAILED.

SIGNAL FAILED, According to an eyewitness of the wreek, which occurred shortly after s o'clock, the conductor stooped at the crossing to flag the car across. Seeing the train coming, he motioned to the motorman to stop, but this signal was either misunderstood, or not seen, or disregarded, for the car came ahead, with sickening results. One of the intensely pathetic fea-twees of the wreck was an unidentified woman, about 40 years of age, who met death with her young son clasped to her arms. The mother was instantly killed, but the child lived several min-tutes and tried to rouse his mother from her death stupor. Another son of the woman met instant death.

TREATY NEVER SIGNED.

TREATY NEVER SIGNED. "Those statements are absolutely false and unfounded; no such treaty has ever been made. On the contrary, Germany will give her full assistance to any steps taken by Austria and Rus-sia in accordance with the 'Muerzeete-ger program.' The Gernen govern-mena further agrees—In principle-with the judicial reform favored by England, and has directed her repre-sentative at Constantinople to sign a new collective note to the sublime porte. With regard to the railroad concession in the Balkans, a question started exclusively by the American government, Germany is doing her best to relieve the tension which has arisen through the question between Austria and Russia, and has done so with ev-ery promise of success. "Germany considers the extension of the railway system in the Balkans a most important factor in aiding the progress of civilization in parts of the globe, where it is especially needed. ERRORS MADE ELSEWHERE.

ERRORS MADE ELSEWHERE.

ERRORS MADE ELSEWHERE. "The treaty guaranteeing the terri-torial integrity of Norway has likewise given rise to similar publications, total-ly misrepresenting the attitude of Ger-many with regard to the North sea. "In suggesting an agreement on this subject Germany laid special impor-tance on the participation of Holland as the idea of annexation of Holland by Germany has also recently been spread by a portion of the western European press. The Dituck government has ta-ken part in the negotiations from the very beginning and has expressed its high appreciation with regard to the German proposals. "So far as Beijum is concerned, the intentions of Germany in the North sea give no rise to suspicion whatever at Brussels. Former treaties of integrity are a sufficient proof of Germany's clear and peaceful policy with regard to Belgium. Hence in the United States at to the attitude of Germany in the North sea question."



bands or members thereof shall not re-ceive remuneration for furnishing music outside the limits of military wests when the furnishing of such music places them in competition with local civilian musicians ll not re nusicians

Quick Shine Shoe Polish

contains no turpentine or acids, gives a satin finish. Will not rub off on the clothing. Manufactured by the Guick Shine Shoe Polish Co., Des Moines, Iowa. Deslers supplied by Moines, Iowa. Dealers supplied Salt Lake City and Ogden jobbers.

SIGNAL CORPS TO HAVE COMPLEMENT OF AIRSHIPS

Washington, Feb. 15.—Another effort was made today at the signal office to obtain satisfactory bids for the construction of a dirigible bal-loon, when propsoals were opened in Gen. Allen's office. A month ago six bids were received, but because of the incompleteness of the specifica-tions accompanying them all were re-jected. The specifications cover the construction of a dirigible balloon to carry a combined weight of 350 pounds and at least 100 pounds of ballast. It is to be designed to nave a speed of 20 miles an hour in still air, but the bidders were required to submit proposals for cost depend-ing upon the speed attained during the trial flight, according to a sched-ule of lesser down to 16 or a greater speed up to 24 miles. There is to be a trial edurnance flight of two hours, during which the alrship is to travel continuously at an average speed of 70 per cent of that which the balloon accomplishes during the trial dight for speed. The trial flight will be held at Fort Meyer, Va. WIDE RANGE IN BIDS.

Ten bids in all were received. They Ten bids in all were received. They included some of the well-known manufacturers, and, in addition, one from Paris, France, from Louis Lu-petts, who offered to construct a bal-loon in 90 days for \$20,000. The lowest bid came from Thomas S. Baldwin of New York City, who sub-mitted a proposition to construct a balloon for \$6,750. All of the propo-sals will be submitted to a board for examination and report. The following is a list of the bid-ders:

The following is a list of the bid-ders: Hurry B. Schiller, Philadelphia, \$23,500, 180 days; Soren C. Rockman, Philadelphia, \$25,000, 180 days; Ray-mond Anglemire, Chicago, no price stated; 80 days; Hambangh & Hein-mann, St. Louis, \$10,000, 250 days; Louis Loupetts, Paris, \$20,006, 90 days; Carl E, Meyers, Frankfort, N. T., \$11,994, 120 days.

"I suffered habitually from consti-pation. Doan's Regulets relieved and strengthened the bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. E. have been regular ever since."-A. Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Tex.



Present numbers at office-certicates will be cashed in gold at our cashier's window on demand



WIDE RANGE IN BIDS.