

noon if there was any truth in the report that the Queen has sent for Lord Harrington to induce him to join the ministry. Smith replied he had only heard the statement for the first time and could but say it caused him great surprise.

LONDON, July 22.—The American minister to France will attend the British naval review to-morrow.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 22.—A correspondent of the Times denies that disorders exist in Kerki. Russian occupation has, the correspondent avers, benefited the inhabitants, who he adds, appreciate Russia's work in maintaining order and protecting trade. Russia notified England a month before that she intended to occupy Kerki.

DUBLIN, July 22.—The corporation of Dublin to-day conferred the freedom of the city on Wm. O'Brien and Patrick Collins, of Boston, who is now visiting Ireland.

BERLIN, July 22.—The campaign of the German press against Russian securities continues. Reich's bank has been ordered to send to Bismarck an exact statement of the amount of Russian stocks upon which loans have been advanced.

LONDON, July 22.—According to a dispatch from Pesth, Fontchoff, president of the Sobranje, has publicly declared that Prince Ferdinand, of Sax-Coburg, has grossly deceived the Bulgarians and has been an instrument in the hands of Russia.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—On the 7th instant, the Secretary of the Interior, in the case of Fort Boise Reservation, decided that the land put in the reservation in excess of 640 acres, is illegally reserved and declared it open to entry and settlement. Since the promulgation of that decision and in the belief that the ruling of the secretary in that case applied to Fort Ellis military reservation in Montana, containing 36,000 acres, a large number of settlers entered upon and asserted claims to land in the latter reservation. Acting Secretary Muldrow to-day, in a letter to the custodian of Fort Ellis, decides that the law of 1853, limiting military reservations to 640 acres, applied only to the Territory of Oregon as then constituted, its eastern boundary being the summit of the Rocky Mountains, and as Fort Ellis is east of that boundary, it does not come within the purview of the statute limiting the area of military reservations. The settlers will be notified that their claims have no foundation in law.

LONDON, Ont., July 22.—The final session of District Assembly K. of L. opened last night. After a lengthy discussion of the subject of the separation of Canadian knights from the American body in the matter of jurisdiction, resolutions were passed urging secession from the United States general assembly and the formation of a general assembly for Canada. The latter body have complete and unrestricted powers to adjudicate on all questions and business connected with the order.

NEW YORK, July 22.—A conference of parties interested in the Ives syndicate is being held this afternoon. There is no news on the matter so far, although some faith is put in the statement that Pennsylvania will obtain control of the property by a guarantee of 8 per cent. on the stock and A. J. Cassett be made president in Garrett's place.

Garrett's friends say he intends giving a farewell dinner to-night before sailing for Europe to-morrow. Reports are current in the exchange that Ives & Co. have commenced proceedings to obtain an injunction preventing Garrett from transferring the stock until their right to it is determined. Ives and his lawyers are still in conference and no settlement has been made by him.

ST. THOMAS, July 22.—At the inquest in connection with the railway disaster, a witness swore the engineer was under the influence of liquor and unfit to control a train; also that the conductor had been drinking, though not intoxicated. The inquest is proceeding.

BOSTON, July 22.—Frederick J. Callahan died this morning. He was widely known as a railroad man.

LONDON, July 22.—A dispatch from St. Paul de Loando says: The Stanley expedition arrived May 28th at the confluence of the Aruwimi and Congo, between Bagolas Station and Stanley Falls. Only a few were ill. Stanley made his camp on the heights bordering the river bank of Aruwimi, commanding the surrounding country. The weather was fine and the prospect for revictualing favorable. June 2nd Stanley started for Wadela with an escort of five European officers and eight men, leaving the remainder under an officer in camp on the Aruwimi.

At Bonait it was thought it would take Stanley two months to reach Wadela or meet Eula Bey's camp. It is expected that the steamer Stanley, whose engine was greatly strained by the difficult passage up the river, would be able to start on June 3d to return to Leopoldville, where she would repair. She would then re-ascend the river to Aruwimi and the stores left at Stanley's Pool and the men left at Bolobo under Captain Bartlett.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The Manhattan Jockey Club filed its charter in the county clerk's office to-day. Its directors are Leonard W. and Eugene M. Jerome, John Hunter, Lawrence Kip, Louis L. Lorillard and Frank Worth. Its capital stock is \$100,000.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The report of the referee in the celebrated Cutting

case was made to-day. As a consequence judgments in large amounts have been filed in the county clerk's office. The referee finds that between the death of Francis B. Cutting, father of General Wm. Cutting June 26th, 1870, and January 13th, 1886, the son as executor held or converted to his own use \$1,849,555. Of this \$704,107 were his own by specific bequest or as income of the property with other allowances. The referee finds General Cutting has been guilty of misappropriation and that he is not entitled to compensation. He rules that the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company should pay over to Lydia S. Cutting as executrix of Haywood Cutting and Wm. Cutting for the benefit of Brockboldt Cutting's children \$1,280,593. It is thought by some that General Cutting cannot meet the demands which will be made upon him in the enforced settlements by the terms of the will of Francis B. Cutting. There was nothing to be allowed his sons for acting as executors and the referee's report, after listing a number of transactions as showing mismanagement, comes to this conclusion.

BERLIN, July 22.—A party of German officers from the garrison of Metz visited Nancie in Mufli during the national fete last week and nothing has been heard from them since. It is presumed they were arrested while watching the review of the troops or for having become embroiled in a quarrel. Their disappearance has caused some excitement in the Metz garrison.

BERLIN, July 22.—Under the edict of the Czar, the frontier station on the Warsaw and Thorn Railway, where the Prussian lines have been pulled down, the rails, platforms and sheds and bridges over the Shervinta have been removed.

ROME, July 22.—The members of the Catholic Congress at Lucca are signing a petition asking the government to devote its attention to the question of the reconciliation of the Quirinal and Vatican. It is stated that the Pope approves the step.

LONDON, July 22.—Advices from Sicily say the fugitives from Catania are spreading the cholera throughout the island. Business is at a standstill everywhere. Several communities have been cordoned and placed under quarantine restrictions. The heat is excessive, the thermometer to-day recording 95 degrees in the shade.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Acting Secretary of the Interior Muldrow to-day notified the Dalles Military Wagon Road Company, the Oregon Central Wagon Road Company, and the Willamette Valley & Cascade Mountain Wagon Road Company, in the State of Oregon, that J. B. McNane, of the office of the assistant Attorney-General, and Gabriel C. Wheaton, of the general land office, have been appointed a commission to investigate these roads, and will meet in Salem, Oregon, August 10 next to hear testimony on the issues involved.

In the examination of the books and accounts of Mr. Jordan, late treasurer of the United States, which has concluded, the

#### ONLY DISCREPANCY

was a shortage of \$250 in the way of gold coins of that denomination which had been counted by weight many years ago and passed along from treasurer to treasurer as correct, and the mistake was only discovered by actual count. The tracer shows the name of the clerk who made the mistake, and as he is still in the service the matter was called to him and he immediately made the shortage good, so that Uncle Sam's cash account now balances.

Secretary Whitney has appointed a board of naval officers to take the cruiser *Atlanta* out to sea and give her battery a thorough test and report upon the results.

Referring to the cable dispatch from London in regard to Attorney-General Garland's opinion on the

#### ALIEN ACT,

it is stated that the opinion was given to the President some time ago. The President has asked for an opinion at the request of certain persons connected with mining operations who were desirous of obtaining information. The opinion was never intended to be given for publication, although it was at no time regarded as secret. It was given to the Associated Press to-night. The Attorney-General, in reply to the President, considers the various sections of the act of March 3, 1887, at great length. His conclusions are summed up as follows:

First—Miners are real estate, or inheritable interests in real estate, and the act does not apply to them.

Second—A stock incorporation is personality.

#### AN ALIEN

can lawfully have, hold and own shares of stock issued by an American corporation which is now the owner of mineral lands in the Territory, but if the holding by aliens exceeds 20 per cent. such corporation can neither acquire, hold, own nor hereafter acquire real estate while more than 20 per cent. of the stock is held and owned by aliens.

Third—Under the act the advancement of money hereafter by aliens for the purpose of developing mining property is lawful, but no interest in real estate can be acquired by such advancement, nor would an alien have any right to purchase the real estate or any interest therein on a loan made since the passage of the act, even if sold on his own security or lien.

Fourth—Aliens may lawfully contract with American owners to work

mines by personal contracts for hire on *bona fide* leases, for a reasonable time.

EL PASO, Texas, July 22.—James W. W. Porch, of St. Joseph, Mo., ex-consul general of Mexico, passed through to-day en route to New Orleans and New York. In an interview he said he had nothing to regret in his action in the Sedgwick matter. He had acted from purely patriotic motives and had gained the approval of the American colony in the City of Mexico and of the Mexican people. He said he had prepared the final report in the Sedgwick case and should stop at Washington to present it. He has become general manager for the new steamship line between New York, Mexico and New Orleans.

IOWA CITY, July 22.—Prof. S. N. Fellows published a letter in the Iowa City Republican this evening, declining the nomination tendered him by the Iowa prohibitionists for superintendent of public instruction. He says he sees no use for a third party in Iowa, and declares that the republican party has done all in its power for prohibition, and has given Iowa an excellent law. He intimates he will be a candidate for the same office before the republican state convention.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Judge Barrett to-day rendered his decision in the case of Townsend, Cox & Co. vs. Edward S. Stokes, United Lines Telegraph Company, Dwight Townsend, John Anderson, George Turnbull, Edward Salinger and the Farmer's Loan & Trust Company. The suit grew out of the purchase of the Bankers' and Merchants' Telegraph Company by Stokes about two years ago. Judge Barrett denied the application for a receiver, but says that Mr. Stokes unquestionably represented the organization committee in the purchase of the Bankers' and Merchants' Telegraph Company. Judge Barrett grants the injunction pendens the suit against the securities in the possession of the trust company.

DENVER, July 22.—The *Neves' Monroze*, Colorado, special: Mrs. C. A. Heath went to a neighbor's on an errand, leaving three small boys alone in the house. Shortly afterward one of the boys went to his mother and told her they had built a fire and for her to come home and get supper for pa. The mother distrustful something wrong, hurried home and found her house all in flames and her two sons burned to death.

ST. PAUL, July 22.—About 11 o'clock a fire broke out in the wholesale grocery house of the Kelly Mercantile Company, which has spread to several other stores in the heavy wholesale district. At midnight the fire is burning fiercely, and the entire fire department is out fighting it.

GLASGOW, July 22.—The ship *Firth*, of Olna, has been lost in a cyclone on Java waters. Her entire crew, numbering twenty-eight, perished.

CHICAGO, July 22.—There is trouble among the Chinese residents in Chicago as the bill filed in the circuit court in which Sam Wing, Lou Chung, Joe Gam, Lou Choy and Dear Noah against Lee Hain will testify. The parties are co-partners under the firm name of Wing and Chung. The firm was established September 25th, 1885, but the business has been poor and complainants aver that in consequence the firm became insolvent. It is indebted to several persons, particularly to Fork, Wah & Co., of San Francisco, who hold notes to the amount of \$10,000. It is charged that Lee Hain has drawn in excess of his allowance from the firm's exchequer, but the books have been kept in a careless way and in consequence it is impossible to find the correct amount. He also has removed bundles of goods which he was about to ship away for his own use. The other members of the firm ask a dissolution of the co-partnership, and an accounting and an injunction restraining Hain from taking more goods from the store.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 22.—United States Marshal Gross and his large force of deputies, who left Tuesday to levy on the property of the residents of Taylor County for refusal to pay taxes on railroad bonds, have been boycotted by the hotels at Campbellsville, and were compelled to camp out. He is not making much progress with the levy. All the stores are closed and most of the personal property has been removed and loads of stock taken out of the county. Levies were made upon several horses, in lieu of anything better. Suit has been brought against the marshal by the county jailor for \$1,000 for unlawfully breaking into the court house yard. The people seem determined not to pay the taxes, and a general boycott of the United States posse seems imminent, as the neighboring towns have said they would not take care of anything levied on in Taylor County.

CHICAGO, July 22.—The hearing of the evidence in the boodle case began to-day. The first witness was the indicted ex-commissioner C. F. Lynn, who turned state's evidence. He told how the commission had a secret meeting and decided that the chairman of the various committees should no longer lay themselves open by accepting and dividing the money paid by the firms whose contracts had been put through. It was upon motion of the witness that Warden McGarble was selected as the regular collector. Money was secured by the commissioners from every contract, about \$300 or \$1,000 apiece to each man for large contracts and a regular percentage for smaller ones.

BERLIN, July 22.—The *North German Gazette* thinks the Afghan boundary settlement opens up a highly satisfac-

tory prospect of the peace of central Asia.

LONDON, July 22.—Woodside, of Philadelphia, to-day beat the English bicycle record for ten miles, covering the distance in 28 minutes 34 seconds.

LONDON, July 22.—Already 238 amendments have been offered to the land bill.

Brackston Baker gave a banquet last evening to the American Masons at Criterion. Among the guests was Mr. Zacharie, of California. The chairman proposed a toast to President Cleveland, and the company sang "Hail Columbia." Consul Waller made reply. Mr. Meyer proposed the health of the worshipful master, and in the name of his American brethren presented to the Anglo-American lodge a handsome past master jewel of diamonds as a souvenir. Baker returned warm thanks for the gift. There were a number of speeches and toasts.

ST. THOMAS, Ont., July 23.—The evidence given last night in the recent disaster went to show that it was caused through the failure of conductor Speltz to test the air brake before leaving Port Stanley. He has been arrested and the inquest has been adjourned till Monday.

PITTSBURG, July 23.—The reported sale of Ed. Morris, the great left handed pitcher, to the New York club, was confirmed this morning. The Pittsburgh club received \$2,000 for him. The management, said President Nimick, were satisfied that Morris would not pitch a good ball here on account of convivial habits; since his return from the Pacific slope his course has been one of constant disregard of our entreaties, commands and even fines, and we had determined sometime ago to sell him at the first chance. He thinks Morris still capable of pitching good balls, as was demonstrated in yesterday's game, and that from this time forward his work will equal any pitcher's. There is a good deal of disappointment among the patrons of this city over the release of the California twirler.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Among the passengers on the *Etruria* which sailed for Liverpool were Robert Garrett and Channcy M. Depew. Ex-governor Alger of Michigan, is also a passenger. Depew said he had an invitation to visit Carnegie, in Scotland, which he intended to accept, and he would likely see Blaine.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—A telegram from Dallas and San Antonio discredits the report that the Texas cattle trail is to be abandoned and that 50,000 head of cattle on the way to Wyoming were yesterday turned back at Arkansas River. Colonel Timpson, who was reported as having an agent at the Cattle Growers' convention at Denver, says his company was not represented. Mayor Hilliard thought the report was intended to alarm Texas cattlemen. He thought trail cattle were finding a slow sale, but there was plenty of grass in Indian Territory and no necessity to bring twin herds back. From other quarters it was generally recognized that the old days trail is over and the only salvation is to establish packing houses in Texas.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Daniel S. Hammond, dealer in bags at 104 Chambers Street, assigned to-day without preference.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the reserve increase to be \$572,225. The banks now hold \$8,508,325 in excess of the 25 per cent. rule.

PORTSMOUTH, July 23.—Portsmouth and South Sea have been thronged for days in anticipation of the jubilee naval review fixed for this afternoon at Spithead. The crowds have been immensely augmented this morning by the arrival of innumerable visitors from all parts of the country, who came by special trains from London and other centres. Good positions for observing the display are all well occupied. The weather could not be more favorable. There is a bright sun and light breeze blowing. Everybody is in holiday attire and gay dresses and splendid uniforms give the main thoroughfares a gay appearance. Special trains brought from London the lords of the admiralty, members of the House of Lords and Commons and members and representatives of foreign legations.

#### MINISTER PHELPS

traveled in a special saloon coach. He was accompanied by his wife and Mrs. Lomis. In the same coach with the American minister were Robert McLane, minister to France; Jabez L. M. Curry, minister to Spain; Henry White, second secretary of the American legation at London, and his wife Lieutenant Chadwick, naval attaché of the American legation, and Mrs. Chadwick; Lieutenant Buckingham, naval attaché of the American legation at Paris, and Mrs. Buckingham; Thomas M. Waller, U. S. consul general at London; Jos. R. Hawley, and Senator Frye. Minister Phelps and party appeared to thoroughly

#### ENJOY THEMSELVES,

all being in the best of spirits. Levi P. Morton and family were aboard a private yacht. August Jay, second Secretary of the American legation at Paris, Chester A. Arthur, Mrs. Frank Leslie and Mr. Logan Root were also aboard different craft. Mr. Jay, accompanied by Mr. Kane, being aboard the *Helicon*, the rigging of which was well bidden by flags. W. K. Vanderbilt's yacht, the *Alva*, was conspicuous in the marine procession at Spithead, and was beautifully dec-

orated with flags. The scene at Portsmouth was one of extreme animation, hundreds of private craft of all descriptions, all handsomely decorated and freighted with gaily-dressed people, being anchored here. It looked like a gigantic

#### MARINE PICNIC.

The *Bonnie Doon* carried scores of Americans. The crowds afloat and ashore were enormous. On arriving at Portsmouth dockyard, the favored ones embarked on a trooper appaulett to convey them from here and from Southampton to Spithead.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Hoodley, Lauterbach & Johnson, counsel for Ives & Co., states that the papers in the Garrett suit will not be done till the 20 days allowed by law expire. A friend of Garrett's, who was in his company during most of the time, said that Ives & Co. would be treated by Garrett the same as any other contracting party. They had made a contract and failed to keep it. Garrett says he will not sell his stock to them on any terms. Of the payments made, Garrett will keep all he has a title to.

SARATOGA, July 23.—Track heavy. First race, flash stakes for two-year-olds, quarter mile, Kingfisher won, Badge second, Van Leland third. Time, 0:50.

#### PACIFIC COAST NOTES.

GULLED FROM LATEST WESTERN EXCHANGES.

The editor of the *Riverside Press* has sampled a bottle of the "orange cider" which is sold in such large quantities in Ohio. He says it has not even a flavor of oranges, but declares that it has the merit of being a temperance drink, for a man would die of slow poison before he could become intoxicated by drinking it.

A stupid and sleepy-looking stranger arrived in Grantsville, Nevada County, a few days ago, and in conversation casually remarked that he had been a good runner years ago. In the course of the conversation his running powers were questioned, and he offered to bet he could beat any runner in town. Quite a sum of money was staked, as a local sprinter was deemed fast; but when the race came off, the sleepy stranger easily won the stakes. Then one Foley, who had never been whipped, proposed to chastise the stranger for the mean trick he had played, but the stranger woke up again and Foley got his first whipping.

A few days ago Rev. C. H. Darling of Yreka performed a marriage ceremony under strange circumstances. The groom told his story to the minister as follows: "Nineteen years ago I was married in Ohio. It was not long before my wife and I disagreed and we separated. I came to California. Here I heard that my wife had secured a divorce and married again. I afterward married, and have two children. This spring I went east and found my first wife still undivorced and bearing my name. At my request, however, she has since procured a divorce, and I want you to remarry me to the woman I have supposed to be my legal wife for the past nine years." The minister, though opposed to marrying divorced people, could not refuse in this case. The knot was tied, and the couple started for San Francisco.

#### SUMMONS.

In the District Court in and for the Third Judicial District of Utah Territory, County of Salt Lake.

Catherine Schoenhals, Plaintiff,

vs.

Edmond Schoenhals, Defendant.

The people of the Territory of Utah, send greeting:

To Edmond Schoenhals, Defendant,

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, and to answer the complaint filed therein within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to have a decree of this Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, and awarding to plaintiff the care and custody of the minor children, the issue of said marriage, and setting aside to plaintiff such portion of the common property as may seem just, and that defendant be required to pay into court a reasonable sum to defray the expenses of this action and for counsel fees, and that he pay to plaintiff such further sum for alimony as to this Court may seem just for her support during the pendency of this action and for general relief. The above relief is prayed upon the ground that defendant committed adultery with one Eliza Keeler, on or about October 15th, 1885, and on divers other days and times, and has failed to provide plaintiff a support, having the ability so to do.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, the Hon. Charles S. Zane, Judge, and the seal of the District Court of the Third Judicial District, in and for the Territory of Utah, this 15th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and eighty-seven.

J. M. ZANK, Clerk.  
By H. G. McMILLAN, Deputy Clerk.