

DESERT NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XVI.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 14, 1883

NO. 222.

CHICAGO TRADE.

CHICAGO SCALE CO.
2 1/2 Tons Scale \$40. 3 Tons \$50.
4 Tons \$60. 5 Tons \$70. 6 Tons \$80.
7 Tons \$90. 8 Tons \$100. 9 Tons \$110.
10 Tons \$120. 12 Tons \$140. 15 Tons \$170.
20 Tons \$200. 25 Tons \$250. 30 Tons \$300.
35 Tons \$350. 40 Tons \$400. 45 Tons \$450.
50 Tons \$500. 60 Tons \$600. 70 Tons \$700.
80 Tons \$800. 90 Tons \$900. 100 Tons \$1000.
For Sale by J. C. McEwen & Co.,
100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

JOHN C. McEWE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS

CONFECTIONERS
28, 30, 32, & 34 Michigan Avenue,
CHICAGO.

Palmer, Fuller & Co.,
Wholesale Manufacturers of

Sash, Doors & Blinds,
MOULDING,
Wainscots, Paneling, Stairs,
Spiral Railings, Balustrades, Etc.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Our Goods are constantly kept in Stock by
the Largest Lumber Dealers in Salt Lake
City and Ogden, Price Lists and Moulding
Samples sent upon application.

STAR HORSE NAILS!
POLISHED OR BLUED
With a nail on longer than any
other, and guaranteed to hold
firmly to the shoe.

Made from the Best Norway
Iron, Manufactured by
Union Horse Nail Company,
CHICAGO.

For Sale by J. C. McEwen & Co.,
100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

AN ARTICLE OF WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION
IS

FAIRBANK'S PURE REFINED LARD.

Used always in the future.

TRY IT.

N. K. FAIRBANK & Co.,
CHICAGO.

For Sale by J. C. McEwen & Co.,
100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
Famous "74" Sledge, Clipper,
Corner Stone,
AND OTHER BRANDS OF
TOBACCO.

For Sale by J. C. McEwen & Co.,
100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

E. E. Southard & Bro.,
SAINT LOUIS.

ORDER IN ANY DESCRIPTION OF
BIO. PLATE & SHEET IRON.

MANUFACTURERS OF
CORRUGATED SHEET IRON
FOR
Roofing and Siding
Buildings.

L. M. RUMSEY MFG. CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
PUMPS & FIRE ENGINES.

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Gas
Pipes, Plumbings and Steam
Fitters, Brass Goods, Bell
Hangers and Packing.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
FENCIBLE WIRE, BARBED WIRE,
FENCIBLE, ETC., ETC.

IN NORTH SECOND ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

For Sale by J. C. McEwen & Co.,
100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

RUSSELL & ERWIN MANUFACTURING CO.
Manufacturers of Bladed and other
HARDWARE.

IRON AND BRASS, WOOD AND MACHINE SCREWS,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

NEW YORK.
Factory New York, Conn., U. S. A.
For Sale by J. C. McEwen & Co.,
100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

Do you want the best SHEEP
SHEARER? Ask for K. E. KEN
NETH'S DOUBLE BAR SPRING
SHEARER. It is the best.

The best solid steel SHEARER
MADE is made by STOKES
HARDWARE CO., ST. LOUIS.

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NEW YORK TRADE.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel
of purity, strength and wholesomeness. No
other is so well adapted to the making of
light, tender cakes, pastries, etc., and
for all other purposes.

Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER
CO., 100 Wall Street, New York.

GEORGE H. CLARK & CO.,
HATWAREHOUSE

CLARK BROTHERS,
824 CH. BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

G. K. SHERIDAN & Co.,
MOUNT VERNON
COTTON DUCK.

All Widths Cotton & Canvas.

BATES, REED & COOLEY,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Silk and Fancy Dry Goods

Including a full and complete line of
Prints, Ginghams, and Domestic.

345 N. 3rd Street, New York.

DUNHAM, BUCKLEY & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
WHITE GOODS, Etc.

No. 340 Broadway, NEW YORK.

J. H. BRADLEY, 417

THOS. M. ARGALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

MENS' AND BOYS'
CLOTHING.

60 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

HEMPHILL, HAMLIN & CO.
CARPETING,
FLOOR OILS, RUGS, MATS, ETC.

242 N. 3rd Street, NEW YORK.

PECK BROS. & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

BRASS & PLATED WORK FOR WATER GAS & STEAM

PLUMBING MATERIALS.

75 BEEKMAN STREET,
NEW YORK.

HAZARD POWDER!
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this
well known and famous powder.

GUNPOWDER!
BLASTING, MINING, ETC., ETC., ETC.

For Sale by J. C. McEwen & Co.,
100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON AND BRASS, WOOD AND MACHINE SCREWS,
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BY TELEGRAPH

FOR THE WEEK END TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

The President's Plans.

CAMP STAGERS, on Perry's Lake,
Wyoming, Aug. 13.—The President
was determined last night to move
our camp this morning a few miles,
to where there would be more
abundant grazing for horses and
mules. Accordingly at 6:30 a.m.,
every one was in the saddle. Upon
the valley on the right bank of
Wind River owing to the rain of
yesterday, the trail was in splendid
condition for marching. (The sun
was obscured by clouds, and with
a temperature of below 50
degrees Fahrenheit, a finer day for
our journey could not be wished.)
At the end of an hour's travel over
rough, rolling land, the Wind River
was reached at a point where it passes
through the gorgeous masses of
rocks known as Red Buttes. The
first crossing was made by fording
in a diagonal direction up stream,
where the water was so rapid in its
flow that one's neighbor seemed to
be moving up the river with the
speed of a running horse. Soon, by a
ford, the river was again crossed, and
as the end of another mile the
western boundary of the Shoshone
reservation was reached. The point
our travel was very interesting
but somewhat difficult. A journey
over a series of lofty divides, to es-
cape the treacherous banks of wind
stream, flowing from the mountains
into the river. In descending one
of these it was necessary to dis-
mount and lead the horses. On the
highest divide we halted to take in
the beautiful valley, covering scores
of miles up and down the river, with
the snow-covered peaks of the Shos-
hones in the distance. The point
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Depredations and Disturbances.

ATLANTA, 13.—(Melbourne, Hill &
Co., and E. L. McDaniel were on
hand as reporters of the day's
work, with the assistance of others,
took valuable notes and papers from
the vault to a place of safety. A safe
containing a half million in value
was turned on the vault, and it was
found the papers and money are
entirely safe.

Vineyard Haven, 13.—A public
meeting was held at Cottage City
today, at which a relief committee
of the town was organized. The
committee will be composed of
Messrs. J. C. Smith, Treasurer,
Vineyard Haven, and others. The
committee will be composed of
Messrs. J. C. Smith, Treasurer,
Vineyard Haven, and others.

Chicago, 13.—The Socialists held
a public meeting at the city hall
which was attended by fully ten
thousand people. There was a pa-
rade and a display of banners and
flags, but no speaking.

Washington, 13.—(Issue of stand-
ard after running from the city on
the week ending August 11th,
\$30,750; corresponding period last
year, \$169,000.)

New York, 13.—(Lombard, Morgan
& Co., and McDaniel were on
hand as reporters of the day's
work, with the assistance of others,
took valuable notes and papers from
the vault to a place of safety. A safe
containing a half million in value
was turned on the vault, and it was
found the papers and money are
entirely safe.)

St. Louis, 13.—Judge Mooney, of
the Court of Criminal Correction,
before whom the Sunday law viola-
tion cases are being tried, decided
this afternoon that the State must
prove the street cars are not neces-
sary in order to convict the officers
of any who are on trial for violating
the Sunday law. The trial will be
continued tomorrow.

Chicago, 13.—Gen. J. H. Dyer,
commanding officer of the 6th
regiment, arrived here today
from the Southwest. Members
of the party acknowledged that their
visit was made with a view to ascer-
taining the feasibility of building a
line from St. Louis to Kansas City
and Omaha, but that such a de-
termined upon.

Philadelphia, 13.—The convention
of the American Association of
Iron and Steel Workers resumed its
deliberations this morning. The
reports of the committee were not
ready for discussion, and the con-
vention adjourned until 2 o'clock
this afternoon. This afternoon will
be entirely occupied by the work of the
various committees.

Boston, 13.—The Post table, com-
piled from special dispatches from
the managers of 24 leading clearing
houses in the United States, gives
the clearances for the week ending
Saturday 11th, with percentage of
increase and decrease compared with
the corresponding last year. Total,
\$793,269,394; decrease, 6.4 per cent;
outside of New York, \$221,095,909;
decrease 10 per cent. The exhibi-
tion continues unfavorable and
clearly indicates that the general
trade situation has met with no im-
provement during the week just
ended. The New York aggregate
looks a little less than before, but
indicates diminished business. (The
only cities which show any increase
are Chicago 4.2 per cent., Pittsburg
5.3, New Orleans 2.8, Milwaukee
6.8, Kansas City 6.4, Columbus
6.8, St. Paul 6.1, Worcester 5.1, St.
Joseph 7.3, Memphis 5.1, Syracuse
2.1.)

Wah Interviewed.

"Are the Chinese idolaters?"
"Certainly not. The Buddhist
religion is very much like the Chris-
tian, except that it is a good deal
older, and has suffered the priests to
ring in a few more superstitions.
The Confucian religion is really only
a code of morals by the way. Con-
fucius lived five centuries before
Christ and taught just about the
same things. In many parts of
China there is no idolatry, and
metal gods in temples, but those
gods are no more sacred than the
sides of hills or the palaces of
emperors. In many parts of China
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parts of China there is no idolatry,
and metal gods in temples, but those
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sides of hills or the palaces of
emperors."

Speaking of religions, I must tell
you what I thought of America
when I first came here. Riding on
the railroad I noticed a Chinese
in the ground every few rods beside
the track. They were heaped in
place by wires that ran from one to
another. I supposed, of course, that
they were religious emblems until I
learned they were telegraph poles
with cross arms for the wires.

"I was honest, and I was wonderful
things about this country when I
first came here. As we were coming
through Iowa the train was
stopped at a little bridge over a creek
and a Chinese woman was found
and a girl baby in the water. I at
once wrote home that America had
a barbarous habit of drowning their
children in the water. Not long
after that I heard for the first time
that some Chinese had gained cor-
borey in America about China."

"Is it true, Mr. Wah, that the
Chinese give away their babies?"
"It is true, Mr. Wah, that they
do. I have seen them. They do not
give them away. I suppose that they
started from the fact that Chinese
mothers very often change babies
for money and for a little food.
You know they begin training chil-
dren there almost as soon as they
are born, and as there are no school-
rooms for infants and mothers have
to work, it is a well established fact
that a mother's love tends her to
the sale of her own children.
When the child is a year old, the
mother will sell it for a few cents,
and the child will be sold to a
stranger. I have seen them. They
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babies for money and for a little
food. You know they begin training
children there almost as soon as
they are born, and as there are no
schoolrooms for infants and mothers
have to work, it is a well established
fact that a mother's love tends her
to the sale of her own children.
When the child is a year old, the
mother will sell it for a few cents,
and the child will be sold to a
stranger. I have seen them. They
do not give them away. I suppose
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