Cash paid for water scrip at Cannon's office, room 332 Constitution Building.

If you have not paid your water taxes you can save money by calling at Cannon's office, room 332 Constitution Building.

Water Scrip Wanted.

CALL AT

Cannon's Office, 332 Constitution Building.

DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

To the Stockholder and Patron:

We have now as good a ration as any one in the city, and are in a position to purchase goods and place them at your doors, a little cheaper than anyone else in town, on account of our very low lease and general running expenses, therefore give us a trial, we will surely please you, and in a few months you will receive a handsome dividend.

People's Equitable Co-op,
7-9 Main.
J. L. SHEPARD, Supt.

STOVES
STOVES
STOVES

Heating Stoves
Cooking Stoves
Base Burners
Parlor Cook Stoves
Oak Stoves

ALL KINDS FOR EVERYBODY

WE ARE OVERSTOCKED ON THEM AND WILL CLOSE THEM OUT AT STRICT COST.

Freed Furniture & Carpet Company,

30 to 40 East, Third South Street.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Saturday, January 6, 1894.

FRAGMENTS.

The announcement is made that Governor Wolcott of Colorado is about to start a new daily paper in that city.

Last night was the coldest night of the present winter, the mercury falling nine or ten degrees in spots.

Miss Ellen Beaconsfield, the young woman who was so badly injured in the Cotton street coasting accident, passed a comparatively restful night, and is getting along as well as can be expected under the circumstances. Her condition is considering extraordinary.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Regular services of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will be held tomorrow at 2 o'clock in the Tabernacle; Sunday Schools in the various Wards at 10 a.m., and meetings in the city Ward Assembly Rooms and adjacent wards as follows:

Ward.	Time.	Ward.	Time.
Fort	2 p.m.	Fourteenth	2 p.m.
Sugar House	2 p.m.	Nineteenth	2 p.m.
Eighth	2 p.m.	Twenty-first	2 p.m.
Tenth	2 p.m.	Twenty-second	2 p.m.
Eleventh	2 p.m.	Twenty-fourth	2 p.m.
Fifth	2 p.m.	Twenty-sixth	2 p.m.
Seventh	2 p.m.	Twenty-seventh	2 p.m.
Twelfth	2 p.m.	Twenty-eighth	2 p.m.
Thirteenth	2 p.m.	Twenty-ninth	2 p.m.
Fourteenth	2 p.m.	Twenty-first second	2 p.m.
Fifteenth	2 p.m.	Twenty-third second	2 p.m.
Sixteenth	2 p.m.	Twenty-fourth second	2 p.m.
Twenty-first second	2 p.m.	Twenty-fifth second	2 p.m.

Tabernacle Sunday School, at Assembly Hall, 10 a.m.

Sunday Sunday School, at Social Hall, 10 a.m.

Home missionaries in the city wards tomorrow evening.

The Nurse is requested to publish the following:

The Fourth quorum of Elders meets in the Fifth ward meeting house next Monday evening at 7:00. A full attendance is desired.

The Third quorum of Elders will meet in the Third ward meeting house on Monday evening, January 8, at 7:00 o'clock. A full attendance desired.

The regular meeting of the Eighth quorum of Elders, which should be held on Monday evening, will be postponed until the last Monday in January.

The Thirteenth quorum of Seventies will hold their regular monthly meeting on Monday evening, January 8, at 7:00 o'clock, in the Twelfth ward vestry.

Rev. Mr. Utter's subject at the Theater tomorrow morning will be upon the science and art of becoming a merchant. Service begins at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 12:15.

The Second quorum of Elders will meet in the Tenth ward meeting house on Monday evening at 7:00 o'clock. A general invitation is extended to the Priesthood in the ward. Elders J. G. Taylor and C. W. Parrish are expected to be present.

Church University Theology Class.

With Dr. Jos. E. Talmage as instructor, will meet in regular session at the Assembly Hall tomorrow at 12:30 p. m. Outlines of the lecture will be distributed at the door. All are cordially invited.

SPARE THE TREES!

Prof. Whiting's Suggestions as to Forestry Warmly Commended.

STOP WASTE, REPAIR THE INJURY!

The Experience of Other Lands in Other Ages, Will We Not Learn From Its Organization Systems.

Editor Deseret News:

In your issue of December 30 the article of Prof. C. A. Whiting, on the preservation of our native forests, was a most timely topic, and I feel sure that he gave voice to the sentiments of a large body of thoughtful people who reflect the Territory, who, like him, hope that the one million or more dollars needed to secure the ends pointed out in that paper. It is no longer a mooted question that local areas have an immense influence in promoting the economic well-being of a country, and the question is sure to come home to us with increasing force the longer we delay it, for, sooner or late, we shall be compelled to adopt systematic methods of preserving and increasing our forest growths.

In contrast with the greater part of the West, the forest growths of Utah are extremely meager, and are limited almost entirely to the mountain slopes. As the country was settled the scanty stores were drawn upon more and more heavily, until in the more populous centralizations is no further supply to draw upon. In the mountains east of Salt Lake City, pine trees can only be found in inaccessible places, and the few that remain are scarce simply because Nature, more provident than ourselves, has thrown around them a halo of rugged rocks. And yet in these pine trees, protected by an intelligent public sentiment and fostered by wise regulations, is to be found a source of wealth of no little miserable proportions.

It has been my fortune to travel over a large portion of the Territory, and wherever I have gone I have seen evidences of the same wasteful methods. Trees are cut down without the slightest discrimination, the only apparent object being to satisfy the needs of the moment. But even if it stopped here, there would not be so much room for complaint—how often are we called upon to witness those mountain fires, that sometimes burn for weeks at a time, lighted up by the stupid carelessness or wanton mischievousness of persons who, if they will not do better things of themselves, should be constrained to do so by the strong arm of the law! In some portions of the Territory, the mountains are clothed with a thick growth of cedar, which are being drawn upon for fuel, fence posts and other current necessities, without the slightest thought of any conceivable measures for the future. The only thought of the man who goes to the canyon is, "where can I get my load the most easily and the most quickly?" By the drain upon it, the wood grows scarcer and more difficult to get with each successive year; and the simple wight sees beneath the lamentable fact that the "cedars are growing scarce." Poor improvident fellow! The very prodigality of nature has taught him bad habits. If he could only learn to see that there is a way to supply his every proper need, and still rather to increase than to decrease to the eternal detriment of the country he dwells in, the store he draws upon! He must have the wood, but let him join in a common effort to make it a perpetual treasure-house to himself and his children.

During the past summer the town of Mount Pleasant, Sanpete county, was visited with a tremendous flood. Water came down from the mountains in torrents, carrying with it whatever lay in its path. When it subsided, a most promiscuous lot of debris was scattered in various parts of the town, and in the principal street was deposited a foot or more of soil and silt. Even now traces of the flood are plainly visible, and the people of that place will long remember the flood of 1893. Other Sanpete valley towns have had similar visitations in the past few years, and are now devising plans for stemming the floods away when they chance to come, but not one of them, so far as I have learned, has given any attention to forest culture as a means of keeping the water back in the mountains, or there may be no floods. These are object lessons that should awaken the people of Utah to a more enlightened policy.

But perhaps little can be done in this way without organized effort, and system and science must come to bear upon this effort in the best directions. Prof. Whiting suggests a Forestry Association, and such an organization is an imperative necessity if we would secure results proportional with the importance of the matter at hand. It would serve as a center of inspiration as well as of information, and might be a worthy father to many local organizations in various parts of the Territory. Nor would we be trying an experiment. We have the example of other states and other countries before us, and although our condition and environments may call for special work, yet their experience will be valuable to us. Germany has a thorough system of forest regulations, reduced to a science, and that country has been wonderfully benefited by the organized efforts that have been made. The results could only have been gained by institutions for that purpose. If we better our conditions, it will be only by pursuing similar methods.

The physical condition of every country is largely the result of the policy of its inhabitants in respect to forest culture. The Mediterranean countries of Europe are today suffering from the wholesale destruction of the mountain forests. Where once were flourishing cities now dry places, and unless some compensating movement on a large scale takes place in those lands, decadence in material prosperity is certain to follow.

The tendency of India and China in large part are traceable to the denudation of the mountain sides of their trees, the forests are no longer there to absorb the rains, which now rush precipitately off in disastrous floods.

New York has been agitated in recent years concerning the devastation of the forests in the northern parts of that state, around the headwaters of the Hudson. Their disappearance was being followed by floods. The state is now taking measures to protect them for the future.

Let Utah be as wise! We have as much to squander. The lesson of the past may yet be conducted by a wise and vigorous policy for the future. Let us husband our meager forests and add to them by every means in our power, until we shall have an abundance for ourselves and for our posterity—and we can well do so. Nature seems anxiously waiting to welcome us into her storehouse. Does life's work, and the natural requirements of a greater posterity will recommend the wisdom of the federal. AN OBSERVER.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS BUDGET.

Digest of Foreign Journals for the Deseret News.

SWEDEN.

The Hermansand-Lulea railroad will be opened to the public in a few days.

Lars Larsen, a farmer of Hylten, Northmal, shot and killed four bears in one day.

A famine is threatening many Lappfolkers in the mountain northern part of the country.

Judge C. J. Schoning, one of the oldest jurists in Sweden, died at Stockholm at the advanced age of 76 years.

The fishermen of Jomland have declared war against the wolves, who have killed a large number of their cattle during the last month.

Queen Sophia, who a few days ago was reported improved in health is again growing worse. She is in bed nearly the whole day in her room in the Ultunalo castle.

The steamer "Tiling" from Gothenburg arrived at Carlshamn the other day. She had met with a disaster near Calshamn, and one of her engineers was obliged to drown by the burning of a steam pipe.

Many new and entertainments, to be held in January and February have been arranged by the society of Stockholm. All the receipts will be used for the relief of deficiency.

A patriotic poem, written by King Oscar has just been published by some of the Stockholm dailies. The poem is beautiful and speaks of how necessary it is that every citizen makes sacrifices for his country.

One of the leading clergymen of Stockholm is said to be much disgusted with the archbishop, who for some cause has reprimanded him, and will probably soon resign. The most peculiar is that the name of the preacher is not given in the daily papers.

The blind people in Sweden receive instruction at the new and magnificent Royal Institute of the blind at Tomteboda, in the vicinity of Stockholm, as also at a couple of smaller institutes receiving support from the government. The institute first mentioned receives an annual grant of $12,000, and during the past year imparted instruction to 78 pupils. The two smaller institutes receive an annual grant of about $1,000 each. In Sweden, in 1893, the blind numbered more than 4,000.

The yearly sale of photographs made in the country amounts in value to about $200,000. It is estimated that many thousands are engaged exclusively in the photograph trade in Sweden. Among Swedish pseudo photographers may be especially mentioned the great collection of Swedish national costumes, which are colored and made by G. Thomson of Stockholm. These photographs have been partly adopted by foreigners and many of them have found their way to America.

DENMARK.

Herman Bang, the author, is lying ill in Paris.

The export from Denmark to the United States, is valued at $2,150,000.

Hegelund has been elected Speaker of the Danish Folketing.

Baron Ralchen, some time ago shot and killed Lieutenant Castenschiold, has been acquitted.

The collections for the families of the miners, perished during the Newcastle storm, have now reached the large amount of 50,000 kroner.

The Liberal voters Union of Copenhagen, at a largely attended meeting, passed strong resolutions against the present ministry.

Mr. Klubien, one of the most prominent attorneys at law of Copenhagen, died from an apoplectic fit while pleading a case in the Supreme court, December 15th.

NORWAY.

The number of lotteries in Norway may be estimated at about 1,000.

Many new large office buildings are being erected in Christiania at present.

No landslides have been reported from Vestfold during the last three weeks.

The export of lumber from Norway has been much less in 1893 than the previous year.

The conservatives are making no mistakes efforts to come out victorious in the next election.

The radicals will ask Bjornstjerne Bjornson to make strong speeches as soon as the campaign begins in full swing.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To Laundry Customers by the Salt Lake Laundrymen.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, JAN., 1894.

Owing to the unsettled condition of business and because of our inability to make collections, also the fact that all laundry help as well as supplies we are compelled to pay in cash, it becomes an absolute necessity to adopt a WEEKLY CASH SYSTEM.

It is well to note that the help employed by the combined laundries of the city amounts in the aggregate to several hundred women and girls. These employes depend on their weekly settlement for their support, and in many cases are the sole maintenance of entire families. In view of these facts we sincerely trust that our numerous patrons appreciate the situation, especially those who have had monthly accounts heretofore, and that all will not only cheerfully conform to this cash rule, but aid us with their patronage to continue employing this large force of deserving people.

Therefore, in keeping with the above, on and after JANUARY 27TH, 1894, no laundry will be delivered except as paid for in cash.

This rule applies to all persons without distinction of favor.

UTAH STEAM LAUNDRY.
UTAH STEAM LAUNDRY.
ELECTRIC STEAM LAUNDRY.
STANDARD STEAM LAUNDRY.
HONE STEAM & HAND LAUNDRY.

MEMORAL.

E. W. Tullock has removed his law office from rooms 91, 92, Constitution Building to rooms 211, 212, Harmon Building.

Dr. H. B. Hewett & Son.

The leading opticians, Deep Blue, strictly first-class work at one-half price charged elsewhere. Best west of Chicago.

Damaged Lumber.

All burned stock at special cash prices. Now is the time to buy. Hartford, Merrill & Co.

Most compounds powders have a vulgar glare, but Pozzoni's is a true beautifier, whose effects are lasting.

Hamel, Spry, tailoring; uniforms and society goods; 48 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Satisfaction guaranteed.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Advertising.

C. I. Hood's Sarsaparilla is always within the consumer's reach because it is true; it always appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which, in the financial world, would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

For the Holidays.

I offer my complete and selected stock of watches and jewelry, at prices lower than any other jeweler in the city. If choice goods will suit your taste, my prices will suit your purse.

J. P. JENSEN,
22 E. First South, 3 doors west of the Theater.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Coal. All Kinds. J. S. Morse & Sons. 151 S. MAIN.

Dr. Burnett, Oculist, Aurist and Optician. Eyesight Fitted. Consultation Free.

GOOD ADVICE.

Fire Insurance in Hard Times.

THE ALIANCE,
THE HARTFORD,
THE PENNSYLVANIA,
THE AMERICAN.

Heber J. Grant & Co., Gen'l Agents

BATHE AND BE HEALTHFUL

IN THE SWIMMING POOLS OF THE

Sanitarium.

52 WEST, THIRD SOUTH STREET.

The universal opinion of the thousands who have bathed in the Sanitarium Hot Mineral Baths is: "It is the finest bath I ever had."

The elegant, convenient, and splendid arrangement need be seen to be appreciated.

Great care is exercised and especial attention paid toward making the front pool pleasant and attractive to women bathers, whether alone or accompanied by others. This pool is growing in popularity every day. No unpleasant or unbecoming conduct permitted.

The temperature in the rooms for parents and children is 75 degrees.

All bathing suits for hire with suits, which are 25c each. Towels and suits washed by Troy Laundry.

Shoe-Cost-Sale!

PRICE LIST.	CASH ONLY.	NO CREDIT.
Men's fine grade Arctics ... $1.50. (Former price $1.75.)	Ladies' Velvet and Felt Slippers ... 50c. (Regular price 75 to 85c.)	Ladies' Dongola Shoes, Leather Top, Cloth Top, Opera Last and Narrow Square Last, with Patent Leather Tip ... $1.45. (Regular price $1.85.)
Ladies' fine grade Arctics ... 50c. (Former price 65c.)	Ladies' Silk Polish Felt-Lined Slippers ... $1.25. (Former price $2.00.)	Infants' Shoes that sold from 50c. 75c and $1.00, we are selling during this sale for ... 25C.
Men's Felts and Overs, one buckle ... $2.00.	Douglas $3 Shoes for $2.50.	
Men's Felts and Overs, two buckles ... $2.50. (Regular price $3 and $3.50.)	Ladies' Hand-made Genuine Cork Sole Shoes ... $1.95. (Former price $3.)	
Men's fine quality Rubber Boots (Wonderfoot brand) ... $3.00. (Former price $3.50.)	Cash Only.	
No Credit.		

Compare these prices with other sale prices.

DUNFORD'S. 57 South Main St.

John Henry Smith, Pres. Abram H. Cannon, Vice-Pres.
O. H. Pettit, Sec. & Treas. W. N. Williams, Supt.

Co-op Furniture Co.

We have made a general reduction in prices. We do not claim to sell "for one," nor do we employ any other method to deceive the public, but we do claim that our

PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

We have a complete line of

FURNITURE AND CARPETS, ETC.

And our goods are all new and stylish. Call and see us, and if you buy you will get honest treatment.

Useful Holiday Presents.

SHOES, . .
SLIPPERS,
. . RUBBERS.

ROBINSON BROS.

Sell them at 24 West, 161 South.

Try Our $3 Shoes. None Better.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Godbe-Pitts Drug Co.

Are still at the Old Stand, Corner Main and First South Streets. The Largest and Best Stock of Drugs, Chemicals and Patent Medicines in the Territory. Prices Very Moderate. Everybody call and see us.

Christmas Goods!

FOR MEN AND WOMEN. Easy Chairs, Upholstered Rockers, Wicker Rockers, Wicker Work Baskets in bags, beautiful new line of Pictures, Rugs of every description, a magnificent line of Stands in Onyx and Brass, Down Quilts from $5.50 to $40.00, Ladies' Desks, Easels, Fancy Screens, Mirrors of new and novel design, Ottomans, Music Racks, beautiful goods in white and gold.

FOR Children. TOYS—Chairs, Rockers, Bureaus, Desks, Blackboards, Rocking-Horses, Swing-Horses, Sleds, Doll Carriages, Cupboards, Cradles, Wagons—wood and iron—all sizes, Boys' Bicycles, Velocipedes, Toy Tables.

PRICES WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

Henry Dinwoodey Furniture Co.