The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 212. SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX

WASHED BY A WAVE.

News of a Terrible Disaster Just Received from China.

FOUR THOUSAND PEOPLE KILLED.

Many Villages Destroyed—Famine Imminent in the Stricken District.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 1.—News of a terrible disaster has just reached here. A tidal wave estimated to have been about five miles in length swept in from the ocean Sunday night and inundated the coast of Hoyungsa to the northward of the province of Kiang Su. The damage done is very great. Many villages were destroyed. It is estimated that at least four thousand people were drowned. In addition an immense number of cattle perished. Rice fields were submerged and almost totally destroyed and a famine is feared in that district during the coming winter.

Family Shot in a Riot.

CLEVELAND, O., August 1.—Another riot occurred at the Brown Hoisting works at cross today and one was nearly seen. The strike there was begun to time again today.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 1.—All the men now employed at the Brown Hoisting and Conveying Works again quit this morning. Boycott against the company has been declared. It is alleged the Brown company failed to keep the agreement to reinstate the officers and that a number of new men have been employed since the strike was declared off. At noon today white non-union men were being escorted to Brown's works by the police a tremendous crowd gathered, hooting and throwing stones at the non-unionists. The police repeatedly charged the crowd and made numerous arrests, but were unable to disperse the crowd. During the excitement and confusion John Prince, a union man employed by Powers City Foundry, was shot by an unknown assassinator who was probably one. Prince is 28 years old and has a wife and two children.

Three companies of militia and a large force of police have been sent to the Brown works this afternoon.

Died During the Voyage.

SAN RAFAEL, Mo., Aug. 1.—Mrs. Jacquine Widener, wife of P. B. Widener of Philadelphia, was with a party arrived here yesterday on the steamer Yucatan from Philadelphia, which left Havana Sunday last and touched at Key West. Mrs. Widener was sixty years old and complained of sickness on the trip and yesterday was seemingly better by the physician, but was in a remarkable condition when she retired last night. Dr. Madison Taylor said he thought she died of heart disease. Mrs. Widener was with the party on the yacht.

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

A Few Transferees from Boston to Ocean in Short Time.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 1.—The navy department some time ago ordered the men of the cruiser Charleston, Mare Island, California, to be sent to the navy yard at Norfolk to have the best possible time in which men could be transferred across the continent. The men have arrived at Norfolk, making the trip in about ninety hours and breaking the record by a record breaker. The route was over the Southern Pacific and Southern railroad.

Democratic Committee to Meet.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 1.—A special to the Republic from Hope, Ark., says Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, has issued a call for a meeting of the full committee at Fifth Avenue hotel, New York, August 11. He requests the members to be present in person or by proxy.

Minister to Guatemala.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 1.—The President has appointed Mariano Cue, New York, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Guatemala and Honduras, vice Pierce M. Brooks, who died in New York recently upon leave of absence.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Mariano Cue, appointed by the President United States minister to Guatemala and Honduras, was born in Adrosana Philippine years ago, but moved to New York state, his present residence being Southfield, Orange county. He was a graduate of Yale university in 1873. He at one time was minister to the United States from Spain. He was formerly a member of the Democratic committee of New York. He was chairman of the New York Democratic campaign committee in 1892.

Sailing Across the Atlantic.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The row boat Fox, containing the Swedish sailors Frick Harbo and George Samuelson, sailed from New York June 6 with the intention of rowing to Havre, France, arrived at Sandy Islands today. Both comparts of the small craft were in good health.

The Government Deficiency.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The comparative statement of government receipts and expenditures issued by the finance department shows the total receipts from all sources during July to date been $29,029,208; expenditures, $29,035,693, leaving a deficiency for the month and fiscal year thus far of $6,485,489.

THE SOCIALISTIC CONGRESS.

Too Serious Faded With Cheers for the Socialist Headlines.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The International Socialist labor and trade congress today adopted the report of the economic committee, reaffirming the resolutions of the Paris congress in 1889, including three in support of eight hours for a day's work; the abolition of child labor up to the age of 14; prohibition of night work in all trades where there is no security for it, and the abolition of tenement sweating in all cities of importance. Herr Dockgeski, socialist member of the German Reichstag and chairman of the congress, announced that the congress would have to remove to Delft, but the municipality and the government refused to permit the congress to meet there. The congress will have to remove to Holland.

The election results will be a rallying of Anti-Long Syne, the Marseillaise and the Carmagnole, and with cheers for the Socialist revolution.

Fell for Forestalers.

WICHITA, Kan., Aug. 1.—A bill for injunction in a Kansas Midland railroad, a leader of the St. Louis and San Francisco, has been filed in the United States circuit court here, together with an injunction from Judge Caldwell, appointing Jos. A. Wall of St. Louis receiver. Suit is brought by the Mercantile Trust company of New York as trustee for the first mortgage bonds, amounting to $1,000,000. The Kansas Midland extends from Wichita to Eldorado, 16 miles.

ATLANTIC CITY DISASTER.

The List of Dead Now Said to Be Forty-Four.

The Head Engineer Probably Responsible for the Collision of the Trains.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 1.—So far as can be determined the number of persons killed in the railroad accident on Thursday night was forty-four. Forty bodies have been identified and four are unidentified.

The body of Thomas Kelly, Elmer, N. J., was identified today. Several injured are in a critical condition. Mrs. Frances Fullmer of Philadelphia, whose right leg was amputated yesterday, is still very low and there is no hope of her recovery. There is much perplexity here over a dispatch from Millville to the effect S. H. Murphy, who has been numbered among the dead is alive and well at home. The body supposed to be his was identified search by friends. At the station prevails that the responsibility for the accident rests upon the dead engineer, Edward Farr. There is no dispute that the signal to go ahead was given to the West Jersey engine that killed it, the danger signal must necessarily have been given to the Reading train by the automatic arrangement. The theory is that Farr did not slow up and could not stop in time when he saw the West Jersey train approaching. It is said that he had been laid off two weeks not long ago for not making good time and it is supposed he was trying to make up for this by running at a high rate of speed. The coroner's inquest will begin at 9 o'clock on Monday morning. Fireman O'Hallaran of the Reading train who escaped with his life by jumping will probably be the principal witness.

As was supposed to belong to a fourth baby has been found to be part of the remains of Mrs. Tunnicliff, Bridgeton. The corpse supposed to be that of Samuel F. Murphy of Millville, today was found to be the remains of Patrick Weigen, a retired liquor dealer.

Frederick Chopin, one of the injured, died last night.

No Information to Be Had.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—No one at J. T. Wilson's residence would be seen or anything whatever the wedding of Miss Gilmer. Wilson to Cornelius Vanderbilt Jr. would take place today or not.

GOLD CONVENTION.

Will Be Held in Chicago to the Beginning of September.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The gold standard Democratic leaders have decided upon a convention to be held about September 10th in this city. The announcement was authoritatively made that such a course would be certain unless something wholly unforeseen intervenes.

Arrangements are already well under way. The New York leaders particularly are regarding matters as settled so far as the location and date of the convention is concerned and they are inclined to busy themselves now chiefly with the discussion of candidates.

Carriage Manufacturers Fail.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 1.—Emerson & Fisher Co., manufacturer of buggies and carriages, assigned to Edward Hinkle and Lewis Emerson today. The liabilities are $100,000; assets $450,000. The failure is attributed to the weakness of Rime in other cities with which they had large dealings.

To Succeed Lord Aberdeen.

TORONTO, Aug. 1.—A dispatch to the Globe from Ottawa says the Charles Tupper will succeed Lord Aberdeen as governor general of Canada. Joseph Chamberlain, the dispatch says, is urging the claims of Canada's late premier for the position and Lord Salisbury is considering the matter. The report is discussing here.

A Severe Rain Storm.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 1.—A heavy rain storm with some hail struck the city about 11:30 p. m. Much lightning was reported but there is no report of loss of life or persons injured.

TRAVELING MANUFACTURERS.

Great Interest Taken in their Business in South America.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Montevideo says: The party of manufacturers that left Rio Janeiro on July 16th on board the steamship Desseado on their way to the Argentine Republic have arrived in this port all in good condition. The United States steamship Lancaster, flagship of the South Atlantic station, under command of Captain Yates, saluted the Lancaster as they entered the harbor.

The United States minister at Caracas is also at anchor in this harbor and her commander, Carlisle Sterry, went on board the Desseado and placed himself and officers at the disposal of the party. United States Minister Greenville Stuart and United States Consul Hidalgo do what should the Lancaster and Caracas order, saying that the government of Uruguay had made an arrangement for the entertainment of the visitors in honor of the republic upon their return from Buenos Ayres, which will be in August.

The visitors have awakened a wide-spread interest in all governmental and commercial circles and all the leaders in this country will cooperate in extending to the northern manufacturers every courtesy and every facility for seeing the resources of the republic. The United States Republic Lancaster will proceed up the river Plate to the port of Buenos Ayres where the will remain during the two weeks they the party will make in the Argentine Republic.

Democrats and Populists.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 1.—Ex-United States Senator John Martin, who is a leader of the Kansas Democracy is authority for the statement that the Democratic state committee which meets in Hutchinson on Tuesday next will nominate no candidates of its own for state officers, but that action will be deferred pending the action of the Populist state convention, which will convene at Abilene on the day following, and that the nominees of the Abilene convention will then be endorsed by the Democratic convention.

Gold Standard Delegates.

PORTLAND, Aug. 1.—At a meeting of gold standard Democrats in the city, C. E. S. Wood of Portland was chosen as a delegate to the Indianapolis meeting.

Mr. Bryan's Plans.

TACOMA, Wash., August 1.—Shortly after the nomination at Chicago Candidate Bryan left Secretary Thomas Maloney of the Washington state committee that he intended making a campaign tour that would include every state in the United States. I. was his desire, he said, after visiting New York and New England, to come through the northern states to the coast, speaking at Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane.

Failures.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 1.—The Columbus soap company today made an assignment to W. A. Mills and John M. Thomas. The assets are $600,000 to $1,000,000.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 1.—A branch in this city of the Columbus Buggy company was closed today on a telegram from the head house at Columbus, and assignment in the hands of Hilles Peters, mortgagee. No statement is obtainable at present. The Columbus Buggy company is one of the largest in the southwest.

Death's Harvest.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Aug. 1.—Mason P. Mills, ex-commander of the department of the Iowa G. A. R., one of the most prominent lawyers in Iowa state, is dead, aged 58.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 1.—W. F. Boone, D. D., secretary of the International Missionary union, died of paralysis at Clifton Springs.

BLOOD ISLAND, R. I., Aug. 1.—Nicholas Bell, president of the Ocean View hotel, is dead at the age of 64. He went to California in 1849 and acquired considerable wealth, traveled extensively and was author of several books.

POPULISTIC STATEMENT.

The Alleged Bargain Made With the Democratic Leaders.

If Populists Would Nominate Bryan Sewall Should Retire from the Race.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 1.—W. L. Peek, who ran for governor on the Populist ticket in 1892, and headed the Georgia delegation to St. Louis, made the following statement to the Atlanta Journal today:

"CONYERS, Ga., Aug. 1, 1896.

"To the Atlanta Journal:—It was understood with the Democrats that if the Populists would nominate Bryan for President and a Southern Populist for Vice President, Sewall would retire from the race, or in other words he (Sewall) would be taken down and our candidate for Vice President should be placed on the ticket with Bryan. With this understanding Watson was unanimously nominated. Every state in the Union supported him except South Carolina, and it was not represented. This was the strongest ground on which the Democrats and Populists met. Having been deceived by promises, we made it a certainty on our part and reversed the order of business and nominated the Vice President first.

"Senator Jones, chairman of the national Democratic committee, was then together with many prominent Democrats from different parts of the United States, urging this course for the success of financial reform. We did not endorse Bryan, but made our platform and nominated him for President by over two-thirds vote. Mr. Watson's nomination was greeted with as long and loud outbursts of enthusiasm as was Mr. Bryan's and I log to say that no one there is but one course to pursue in good faith is to convert this union of silver forces, vital Watson's name must be put up by the Democratic party, from Maine to California. It would be a lack of fidelity on the part of the conferees in the South, Yes, in Georgia, it would be unpardonable sin and unfaithfulness on the part of the Democratic party and the people will hold them responsible for the fraud.

(Signed.) WILLIAM L. PEEK.

Shackley Not Afraid of Jim.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—"Jim Corbett could not whip me in a thousand years." This remark was made by a young man in the lobby of the Victoria hotel to a party of friends interesting. It was said in a quiet nonsounding tone that carried convention with it. It was Tom Shackley, the executioner who had practically cleaned the floor of the San Francisco boxer in a four-round contest at the latter place some time ago. They are now matched for $10,000 a side.

NEWS FROM LONDON

Activity on Account of the Health of Queen Victoria.

PREPARED FOR LI HUNG CHANG.

Socialist Congress—French Method of Arbitration—Sailing the Indian Troops—Notes.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—(Copyrighted 1896 by the Associated Press.) The persistent rumors circulating in regard to the health of Queen Victoria and her intention to retire, since immediately, in favor of the Prince of Wales, have caused quite a sensation in court and other circles. While it is admitted that such reports have become current frequently in previous years, there is no doubt that her majesty's declining health is causing much anxiety, and it is generally believed that her retirement from public life is only a question of a short time. According to the program the queen, when not on the continent, will reside either at Osborne or at Balmoral and will visit over Windsor castle and Buckingham palace for the use of the prince and Princess of Wales. The prince may not be desired recent but may when the duties of such position to all infinite and purpose according to the reports in circulation.

It is believed that the formation of the ministry, retirement of her majesty gives much strength from economic attitudes to her during the last visit to the city, upon the occasion of the marriage of Princess Maud Wales to Prince Charles of Denmark. The queen was then said to have repeatedly stated that it was her last visit to London and to the same is easily established her majesty's deep emotion when acknowledging the cheers of the crowds as she left the state for Windsor. Tears were seen to be coursing down the queen's cheeks and there were other indications that she was deeply affected by the loyalty and sympathy displayed on all sides.

INTEREST IN LI HUNG CHANG.

The preparation for the reception of Li Hung Chang in Holstein, and the fact that, in spite of the prevalence of bad health, he will be especially interested in the coming of the Chinese statesman, who has been made so much of in Russia, Germany and France. The Chinese statesman is booked to land in Hamburg on Monday, and he will be met by Count Lindenau's aide-de-camp, Lieutenant Colonel Von Tiesmar, this city which has been selected by the government for the accommodation of Li Hung Chang during the month when he is expected to spend in England.

An elaborate series of entertainments and royal events has been arranged in his honor. Vanity Fair warns its readers against the members of Li Hung Chang's suite, saying that the talk of the quite a number of cases of men who would not care to venture into an English or American merchant's private reception room at Shanghai.

The newspapers for some time past have contained a good deal of gossip concerning the visiting Chinaman. It is said that the Chinese envoy, when invited to dinner, insists upon eating from his own canine before going to the table at his hotel and he carries a goodly number of dishes when he is at the banquets given to him. After the dinner given in his honor by Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe the German statesman expressed astonishment, it is said, at the fact that Li Hung Chang did not taste any of the dishes placed before him, whereupon the interpreter is reported to have said: "It is not at my age that one chances his hands. If I dined with you I should be obliged to carry a taster wherever I go and not me." Bismarck prefer to abstain from eating rather than be asked to make a taster at everything not to my taste."

Prince Bismarck is reported to have thoroughly relished "Now do you know that you would not like our good German cuisine since you have never tried it?"

"That is true," the Chinaman is credited with having replied. "But when I go to Berlin I prefer the Chinese dish of rats, of dogs, if I arrived it up at my table?"

This question seems to have exhausted the German statesman.

Li Hung Chang takes his meals alone and the way in which the Russians, never eats between meals and takes only two meals a day, one at noon and the other at 7 o'clock. He smokes opium in a pipe which is specially carried for his use at his servants, and nothing has made him more popular. On the other hand, it is said the most of the Chinese statesman's table soon became accustomed to foreign cookery and drink wine and even beer with their meals.

THE SOCIALIST CONGRESS.

The Socialist congress which has been in session here during the past week has terminated. It is to choose a tolerable summit of impotence and tender sympathy. The congress of the simplest description necessary for the conduct of a special congress and the delegates would have been unanimously thereby in any attempt to do business, even had there been any unity.

Matthew Maguire, the leader of the American section of the Socialist congress, informed a representative of the Associated Press that absolute liberation of the delegates of the Socialist majority caused the committees appointed to frame the resolutions.

The congress passed resolved that as wide is the distinctivity between the foreign and English speaking delegations that nothing short of positive ties internationally sympathetic Continental methods are out of the question. The press and the people whose sensation the congress will serve intentions have been assured of the conference is the face of international disagreement.

MEDICAL MEN MEET.

The British Medical association opened its annual meeting at Cardiff on Tuesday with the various sections and papers read, and the association passed, in response to the Chamberlain invitation, to hold its meeting in 1897 in Birmingham.

THE INDIAN TROOPS.

Before the commission on Indian military expenditure, Lord Wolseley, the commander-in-chief, testified on Saturday that he would not like to see the British Indian troops in Egypt or anywhere, and that he would advise to Lord Fraser, Germany or any other army when Indian troops. He recently have seemed the greatest energy in the press and have found the most effective combined.

The time for minutes expired "Lord Wolseley is no longer our only general because in the new war which must relieve inevitable, will Hunt, not Indian army, which he recently in office, will say as long as he pay and we should not lose these other cities right to follow such an unusually unregular commander."

Lord Wolseley's testimony was taken in India, where it has aroused great indignation.

A dispatch from Simla says: "The high authorities fear it will cause great excitement among the Indian troops."

MODELS OF ARBITRATION.

The long and elaborate action by John Morley, the late chief secretary for Ireland, in the Nineteenth Century, on arbitration, in addressing meanings the attention, Mr. Morey indicates that while the line of difference between Secretary Olney and the Marquis of Salisbury is narrow, yet the British premier could easily convert himself into a Cleveland, Mr. Morey strongly opines that what is to be done must be done quickly, and treads the result of failure to confidence in the wisdom of Downing Street. Mr. Morey says that it is the foreign office leaves arbitration, it seems to be simply a question of one of the greatest crises now moving the western world. Lord Salisbury, the question will be set back many years.

THE PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

Austin Dale's production of Love on Crutches, on Tuesday was received with the greatest favor by the press. A successful ballad of Rip Van Winkle with the different jest was produced at the Alhambra on Wednesday.

Arthur Roslander this week completed twelve months of successful occupation of the Royalty, a house that for years has never had a run of more than a month. Mr. Roslander will be honored to be convinced so unlucky that no run of a year was possible. Mr. Roslander will return to the it early at the close of his tour in the United States which begins in the autumn.

Yvette Guilbert has signed an engagement for another American trip to which she will appear in all the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

MR. MAYBRICK'S CASE.

A statement was recently printed in some American papers to the effect that the real reason why Mrs. Florence Maybrick has not been released is owing to the personal opposition of Queen Victoria. Her majesty, it is reported, stated for a copy of the evidence, and that because it was a bad conspiracy or intrigue with a lover, the queen intended to Mr. Henry Asquith and latterly to Sir Matthew White Ridley, the present home secretary, that under the circumstances she would not receive a counter any memorial in favor of the release of Mrs. Maybrick.

At the request of Reuters Bureau, a representative of the Associated Press has investigated the story and is able, on high authority to state that there is absolutely no foundation in fact. Not only has her majesty never intimated any wishes in the matter, but requested any copy of the evidence, nor has she never expressed officially any opinion in the case to any home secretary. If it was desired to release Mrs. Maybrick, her majesty would not interfere.

The Maybrick case came up in the House of Commons yesterday when the home secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, was asked whether the government would lay on the table the statement of the Lord Chief Justice Baron Russell of Killowen, which attracted so much comment in March last. He replied that the government could not do so as the matter was unofficial and unmentionable and as the letter was written in his private capacity and not in the capacity as a judge. It was stated in March that the present home secretary had recommended the Maybrick case and had practically decided in Mrs. Maybrick's favor but that the lord chancellor, Baron Haversley, to whom the case was subsequently referred, had pronounced against the unfortunate woman, and Mr. Henry Asquith, the late home secretary, was also opposed to interfering that he was opposed to the release of the prisoner. Both these opinions were contrary, it is believed, to that of the lord chief justice, who is said, in the letter referred to in Parliament yesterday, to have expressed doubt whether Mrs. Maybrick was unjustly convicted.

REBELS DEFEATED.

Cubans Defeated Before Spanish Artillery Fire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana, Cuba, says: Col. Delgado, in Pinar del Rio province, attacked Sancho, a rebel stronghold near Cauna, consisting and the insurgents were dislodged and the rebels fled under the artillery fire, leaving their dead in the entrenchments. A Spanish lieutenant colonel and several private soldiers died wounds.

A letter from Santiago de Cuba reports an important battle between the forces of Col. Segura and the rebel Half near Bayamo.

Cubans generally consider the death of Antonio Maceo as a great loss to the insurgents. He first led the revolt in the central provinces and was among following long before Gen. Gomez and Lacerda landed in Oriente and Antonio Maceo invaded the west.

Fede Arias, a prominent Spaniard known in Havana, who had been acting as municipal agent in Nueva Gerona was arrested and brought to Havana with other suspects.

It is believed that he was the crusader of the rebellion. The police found other evidence and accusations in Nueva Gerona before evidence incriminating documents.

Nearly one thousand more troops left Cuba yesterday on the Alfonso Alfonso line for the port. Regular General Cuba's News general secretary for Spain, Leon General Burgos goes on the mail steamer.

El Diario de la Marina, the organ of the moderate party, expounds President Cleveland's proclamation as a candid statement of international good faith and a serious blow at the filibustering bands. The paper also congratulates Dorsey for Lomo for his good diplomatic triumph, it being a new proof of the sincerity and efficient work in Washington.

Gold Democrats Organize.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 1.—The gold standard Democrats of Kansas have effected an organization, elected a member of the gold standard national committee and issued an address in which they repudiate the nominees and platform of the Chicago convention.

A Bill Board Burned.

One of the numerous bill-boards, with which Salt Lake is beautified and scarred, caught fire this afternoon, necessitating the calling of the fire department to a point on East Temple between Third and Fourth South streets. The board was totally destroyed, but no loss from the amount of insurance carried could not be learned. The loss will be to the neighborhood of $10. Bad boys and matches are suspicious as the cause.

Baby Drowned.

The Domestic six days of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rimmel was drowned on Thursday at Boise, Idaho. The little boy was left in charge of its grandmother while the mother went on a visit to Richland valley. The baby got out in the Grove street ditch and while, with the mouth stated. It was the only child in the family.

"Secrets" Insists on Justice.

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 1, 1896.

To the Editor:

The reply to my communication of July 30th resembles the drowning man catching at a straw. We all know that the child Annie Tolsen is still alive.

As for Thomas Knight, after his discharge by Messrs. Rossi & Dr Drake, he told myself and others that he absolutely refused to have anything to do with the Rich distillery for which he believed he was contaminated.

I have no doubt J. W. Stayfield will be able to give a good account of himself and his actions on April 20, 1896, for all what he was engaged with, can, know, him to be a kind humane citizen, he was drawn to 220 S. Second West street, Salt Lake City. He is an employee of the Stayfield Vinegar company; also the Rich Distillery has, in the presence of witnesses, concerted J. W. Stayfield from complicity in the alleged sanitary business, stating that he was then six twelve months before the Southside took place.

SECRETS.

Political Painters.

H. S. Campbell, secretary of the Republican State committee, is on a brief visit to Logan, his old home.

There is not as much harmony in the ranks of the local Populists as there of the more conservative members were seen.

Two weeks more and the Democratic State committee will meet and elect a chairman. It does very much as though Jorge Powers will be his own successor.

Wyatt, the jeweler, is turning out large numbers of Bryan badges, which are finding rapid sale among the admirers of the Democratic sentiment for President.

Numerous young Democrats are out advocating the nomination of Joe Speight, ex-sheriff of city prosecutor, for sheriff.

Carnival of Madrid.

A treat is in store for the public when they visit Solair to see "The Carnival of Madrid," for they will witness a performance that will be a novelty in every way to the amusement loving public. To describe the enterprise is not an easy task, as it is an entirely different style of entertainment to any that people seen before. It is a combination of the ballet, pantomime, vaudeville and pyrotechnics art.

Saltair Beach Notes.

Young Ladies' day at Saltair (Monday.

The Free Kindergarten of Salt Lake City goes to Saltair Tuesday of next week.

The Nineteenth ward Sunday school goes to Saltair on Thursday, August 6 to 9.

The Deseret Sunday school Union (under the management of a special committee) will give an excursion to Saltair Beach on Friday next. An elaborate program has been prepared and a big crowd is looked for.

The news boys' excursion to Saltair yesterday was a most gladdening success. Nearly 2,000 people were on the train, quite a number coming from Ogden. Prizes were distributed during the afternoon and evening and everything passed with satisfaction to all concerned.

The bad condition of the fence under the Union Pacific viaduct at the Fifth South street crossing is causing a great deal of annoyance to the people of the neighborhood. The water flows along the east side of Third West from Fourth to Fifth South streets cannot get beyond the railroad point except in very small quantities, and the result is that for almost half a block on the north side of Fifth South street, east of the railway track, the street is flooded. The pond thus created emits an unhealthy and unpleasant odor which soon will meet the attention of the sanitary inspector unless the irrigation department fixes the place up.

AFTER WITNESSES.

Inquiry on Monday Into the Cause of Carter's Death.

SOME WANTS TO GO TO THE FUNERAL

Question Whether He Will Be Permitted to Be Not—Officers and Acquaintances to Testify.

The county attorney's office today commenced the work of issuing subpoenas for witnesses in the case of Bob Tennyson whose knock-out blow on the point of Tom Carter's chin in the test house the Salt Lake Athletic club on Tuesday night, has made him the accused in a charge of murder.

Tennyson's case will be called in Judge Winger's court at 10 a. m. on Monday or as soon thereafter as the usual grind of Saturday day offenders has been disposed of. The number of witnesses will not be very large in proportion to the size of the crowd present at the contest and most of the apprehensive, prospecting spectators will be spared the humiliation of going on to the witness stand and telling the story of the fatal blow. Many of those who have sought temporary rest and recreation in the coolness of mountain retreats need not have gone away from home in order to escape witness service on the subpoena by the enterprising assistant of Assistant County Attorney Watts.

Subpoenas were being served this afternoon and it seems that the prosecution will rely principally upon the testimony of newspaper police officers and deputy sheriffs and a few news reporters. The latter continue about the only class who are willing to admit their attendance.

Thompson's interviews will be issued after by the law firm of Powers, Stump and Lippman, while Attorney Watts will issue the writ of county prosecution. He says that he will first dispose of Thompson's case and take up that of the sports later.

The interest of Carter, the defeated fighter will occur at ten o'clock tomorrow. Thompson, it is said, is very desirous of attending but the officer with whom he stands charged being is not likely to allow him to leave him alone, at unless the authorities should consent to detail an officer or officers to accompany him to and from the obsequies. There is some doubt as to whether this will be done, in fact the chances are very much against it.

General G. W. Young Ill.

The many friends of General Richard W. Young and the public generally will be surprised and pained to learn of his serious illness. He was suddenly stricken down a few days ago with what threatened to be a bad case of apoplexy. Under the painstaking care of his physicians who were immediately called in he was hardly saved from a critical spectacle and given the relief that it is confidently expected will result in his restoration to perfect health. Advices from his bedside this afternoon are to the effect that he is rallying quickly and gradually regaining strength.

To Relief Society Officers.

It is most earnestly requested by the President of the Relief Society, sister Zina D. H. Young, that each Stake of Zion organized, should send forthwith a complete list of the Stake officers of said society, and the name of every president and secretary in the Stake with the name of the ward where each officer has charge of a society, and the post office address of each, so that there may be a complete list for reference published. It is now about six months since this request was first made, and only twelve have reported. Please secretaries who have not sent will please take notice, and send in a complete list according to these directions immediately. Address the secretary, Mrs. E. R. Wells, Constitution building, Salt Lake city.

From the Mission Fields.

Last evening the News had a call from Elder Albert M. Baker Jr., of Meeden, Cache county, who returned on Monday from a mission to the Eastern States. He left home April 14, 1894, and was assigned to labor in western New York. He remained there six eighteen months and then was transferred to Vermont and Canada, where he completed his mission. In the latter period of his labors especially he found a much improved condition in the feeling of the people toward the Latter-day Saints. The anti-Mormon prejudice is working off, although there are yet many wrong ideas among the people concerning the Mormons. The first year of his mission Elder Baker's health was not good, but the past year he has been all right, and has enjoyed his labors, which were crowned with success. He expresses the suggestion to the people here that if they have friends in the Eastern states it will be to the advantage of missionary work to send their addresses to the missionary headquarters, 10 Unionist street, Brooklyn.

Elder J. H. Brown of Bountiful returned home from the middle Tennessee conference today, after having served nine months as a messenger of the Gospel. His early return was occasioned by his being severely attacked with malarial fever, a complication which entirely disabled Elder Brown for three weeks in the field, and caused his release to return home. He left home on Nov. 9, 1895, and has had much to do with the payment of the work in which he has been called. Elder C. L. Robinson of Farmington, who left home for the mission field on March last, returned with Elder Brown, as he having been stricken with sickness. The heat is very oppressive at least in Tennessee.