

NEW YORK.—Edward Myers, an Englishman claiming to be a member of the firm of Myers & Sons, London, and who represented in Wall street that he had letters of credit for £1,500,000 sterling for railroad operations, has been arrested in Jersey City, on a charge of issuing a worthless draft of \$30 on the banking house of James King & Sons, of New York.

NEW YORK.—At a meeting of the presidents of the various trunk railways, interested in the postal car controversy, held here this p.m., it was decided to continue running postal cars, pending the action of the special committee, appointed by the Senate, to report upon the relations of the post office department with the railroads, and a letter to that effect was sent to the Post Master General on behalf of the various roads. Agent Bangs, of the post office department, was present and urged that the appointment of this committee was an evidence that Congress was disposed to deal equitably with the companies.

Contributions are offered in Brooklyn on behalf of the family of Mrs. Armstrong, whose arrest discloses their destitution, and whose support she was.

Judge Brady did not decide the Train case to-day. The warden of the Tombs, upon hearing this, became sick, and is now under the care of a physician.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—After several days discussion, the House passed a bill providing for the leasing of the penitentiary for ten years to the highest and best bidder.

A vein of lead and silver ore, with some gold dust mixed, was discovered a few days ago in this city. The vein is supposed to be rich and prospecting is going on briskly.

WASHINGTON.—High winds have prevailed all day, large trees have been uprooted, and the storm continues to-night.

RICHMOND, 29.—Despatches from nearly all parts of the State report that the storm, to-day, was very general. In the south the gale was accompanied by hail, snow and rain. All the despatches mention more or less damage to property.

WASHINGTON.—The assistant treasurer at New York has been ordered to purchase \$500,000 in bonds on Wednesday, April 9th, Wednesday, April 23, each, and sell \$1,500,000 in gold each Thursday during the month of April, thus purchasing in all a million bonds and selling six millions in gold.

NEW YORK.—The *Mercury* publishes a letter from Baltimore, which says that the police of that city were in search of a Spaniard named Roscoe, who is alleged to have murdered Charles Goodrich. He is the lover of Lucilla J. Myers, who is now under arrest. On receipt of the letter the *Mercury* reporter visited the father of Lucille. He said he remembered the Spaniard who frequently called to see his daughter, but he had not called since they came to reside in Irvington St. The *Mercury* then gives the following story concerning the main actors in the tragedy—"Before becoming acquainted with Goodrich Lucille was intimate with the Spaniard Roscoe. On finding that Goodrich was possessed of ample means, and that his assertions of owning houses in Brooklyn were correct, she forsook Roscoe for him. When her people removed from Stanton St., she changed her workshop and strove to hide her whereabouts from the Spaniard. She gave a wrong address on employing with Mrs. Levy, and charged those in the place to deny her presence should any one call for her. That the Spaniard was cognizant of her preference for Goodrich and jealous of the favored lover is shown by a dispute they had in her house, and to save him from Roscoe she thrust him into another room. After removing to Irvington street, Roscoe was at first unable to find Lucille, but ultimately discovered her and the intimacy which existed between her and Goodrich. On Thursday night he watched her as she started for Brooklyn, and tracked her to Goodrich's house in Degraw street. He sought for a way to enter and, after traversing the vacant lots at the rear of the houses, he climbed over the fence and gained entrance to the building by the back basement, lifting the latch with a jagged jackknife found on the floor. When in the house he closed the shutters and went to the room in which were Lucille and Goodrich. The startled pair leaped from the bed and sought to escape from the room. Goodrich and Roscoe closed in a struggle, when the former

broke loose and ran down stairs, followed by the latter, who had in the meantime secured a pistol. On reaching the basement Roscoe fired at Goodrich, shooting him in the temple, and as he lay on the floor he placed the pistol behind his ear, discharging two more shots. Taking the valuables missing from the prostrated body, Roscoe told the woman all that he had done, and the necessity for him to flee, saying he would go to Baltimore, and when the woman had recovered from her fright she sought to conceal the tragedy, and arranged the body as found, locking the doors and throwing the key into the basement in a basket. She then left herself, for New York, in the early morning." The *Mercury* adds that the woman detailed to Chief of Police Campbell, the full history of the murder and every particular connected with it; and when District Attorney Britton asked her if the statement in the Baltimore letter was correct, she answered, "I believe it is; yes that is so."

PROVIDENCE.—A high wind has prevailed here the past twenty-four hours, and this afternoon four incomplete houses were damaged \$5,000.

PHILADELPHIA.—The gale on Saturday night was very severe, trees and fences being blown, and great injury done to buildings in course of erection.

## WESTERN.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—John Devine, convicted of the murder of August Kamp, was brought before the Twelfth District Court to-day, for sentence. Judge McKinstry asked him what he had to say why judgment of death should not be pronounced upon him, when Devine replied that he wished to make a statement. His counsel, Judge Tyler, interrupted him. Devine again said he wished to make a statement. Judge Tyler then said that, as his counsel, he did not wish him to make any statement at that time. Upon this Devine refrained from speaking, and the court sentenced him to be hanged on May 9th. He received his doom with stoical indifference.

The trial of H. McCausland, for the murder of Noah Mullendore, was resumed to-day in the same court, and testimony for the prosecution is being taken.

Speaking of matters at Camp Apache, the *World's* correspondent says the Indians are getting uneasy and others are dissatisfied. The principal cause of this is the great extent of sickness prevailing among them. They receive all rations due them, but still are not satisfied. There is one fact noticed by all. The Apaches appear to have more fire-arms and more ammunition now than ever before. The opinion of all here is that they buy them of Mexican traders from New Mexico.

SAN DIEGO, 24.—Alex. J. Fenwick, under sentence of death on Friday next, for the murder of Chas. Wilson, died this a.m. For several days past a watch has been kept over him by the Sheriff, day and night. Soon after 8 o'clock last evening he became drowsy and dozed off to sleep, waking at intervals until the night watch was put on at 10 o'clock. He was then sleeping easily. At 11:30 the turnkey's attention was called to an irregularity in his breathing, the Sheriff and county physician were immediately summoned. All efforts to wake him failed. He continued to breathe hard and irregularly until the time of his death, this a.m. The indications of death were similar to those produced by narcotic poison. The physician who attended him is of the opinion that he died from exhaustion. A sealed bundle of papers addressed to his sister, Mrs. A. J. Dennis, Drytown, Amador co., was opened, but nothing was found in it to indicate the cause of death.

SACRAMENTO, 30.—The police are determined to rid the city of all suspicious characters, and will arrest as vagrants all persons having no visible means of support.

SAN FRANCISCO, 31.—A slight shock of an earthquake was felt here and in Oakland last evening.

Hawaii News by the *Moses Taylor* is unimportant. Lunalillo had made a tour of the Islands in the U. S. steamer *Benicia*.

Jas. Reynolds, who was stabbed in the throat last week, died yesterday.

At a dinner by turfmen yesterday at Agricultural Park, valuable presents were made to Bud Doble, owner of Rosalind. He goes east with the mare, having failed to effect a match with Occident.

King Lunalillo will come to San Francisco with Gen. Schofield, to make a tour of the United States, for the purpose of studying our institutions.

Dr. Tyler, son of ex-President Tyler, lectured for the Dashaways last night.

## EUROPEAN.

PARIS.—Judgment has been rendered in the Memphis and El Paso R. R. case. The defendants are pronounced guilty of swindling and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. General Fremont is condemned in *contumaciam* to five years confinement. Other defendants present were arrested to-day as they were leaving the court.

LONDON, 28.—Ellarn Noyes, the American charged with being implicated in the frauds on the Bank of England, was again brought before the Lord Mayor for examination. The witness examined was the manager of the Continental Bank, who, upon being shown the photograph of Bidwell, identified him as the party who opened an account with that institution under the name of Horton. The manager also gave details of several extensive transactions had with the bank by Bidwell and expressed the belief that Noyes was merely a clerk for the really guilty parties.

LONDON.—The steamship *Great Western*, ashore at Blackmore, has been got off and returned to Bristol.

An insane American appeared at the lodge gate at Windsor Castle, yesterday, and demanded to see the Queen, alleging that she was his mother. He was arrested, and upon being threatened with incarceration in a mad-house, promised to return to the United States.

LONDON.—The Oxford and Cambridge boat race this afternoon causes great interest. Business is almost entirely neglected. People are now going to the Thames in great crowds to view the contest. A dense fog prevails, which it is hoped will lift before the start. It is the impression that the Cambridge crew will be the victors. Betting is two to one in their favor.

Two p.m.—The Oxfords have suddenly become the favorites. There are rumors that the Cantabs have been overworked and that some of the crew are sick.

LONDON, 29.—The weather is warm and delightful. The fog is cleared away and the sun is shining bright. The crowd congregating to witness the race is reported to be unprecedented. Both shores of the Thames are lined with people from Putney to Mortlake. The bridge across the Thames is packed. The Thames conservancy, press and police boats have arrived at Putney. The river is clear. The light and dark blue bunting colors of the Cambridge and Oxford crews respectively are displayed in all quarters. The dark blue is the favorite. Almost every person wears a light or dark blue rosette. The Oxford crew was out this morning practicing, but the Cantabs have not been seen to-day.

2:30 p.m. The crowd to witness the race is the largest ever congregated to win a like contest. The Prince of Wales and his children are on the umpire's boat. The boats are taking their positions. All is ready for a start.

4:30 p.m. The race took place over the usual Thames course from Putney to Mortlake, a distance of four miles and two furlongs. The start was effected at 31 minutes past 2. Cambridge took the lead immediately at a very rapid stroke, and were a fair distance ahead of their competitors to Bishop Creek, three furlongs from the starting point. Here the Oxfords spurred vigorously, drew up, passing the Cantabs at the soap works, a mile and four furlongs from the aqueduct bridge. The steady strokes of the Cantabs soon after began to tell on their opponents. In a few minutes Cambridge resumed the lead and the race was practically over at Corny Reach, Cambridge thereafter maintaining the lead and winning easily by three lengths. The Oxfords rowed from 39 to 43 strokes per minute, the Cantabs from 38 to 40. Time of the race, 20 minutes, 35 seconds.

LONDON, 29.—The Cambridge crew won the University race by three lengths.

PARIS.—The court martial sitting at Versailles has sentenced Felix Pyatt, ex-Communist, to death in *Contumaciam*.

MARID.—Tetuan, minister of finance, was at the Cabinet Council yesterday, and stated that the finances of the country were in a deplorable

condition. He warned his colleagues that the republic could not remain master of the situation unless radical changes were made in the fiscal administration.

The levy of troops, *en masse*, ordered in Catalonia and adjoining provinces to fight the Carlists, has so far proved a failure. A deputation from Barcelona demands its postponement, and insists on the delivery of 15,000 rifles, which the government promised to furnish the people of that city.

PARIS.—In the Assembly, to-day, there was an excited debate over Prince Napoleon's petition, praying for restoration to his rights as a citizen, and remonstrating against his illegal expulsion from France. Minister Dufaure, on the part of the government, refused to accept the special committee's report on the subject, which was of a conservative character, and by implication censured the government. He argued that the Bonaparte Princes rejected the decree which decreed the end of their dynasty, therefore it was impossible to treat them as mere citizens. He spoke in terms of seething contempt of the *coup d'etat*, on which the power of the late Emperor was founded.

Depeyne, on behalf of the committee, repudiated any intention of censuring the government and defended the report.

Dufaure, to remove all doubt as to the opinion of the chamber, then submitted a bill exiling the Bonaparte family, and moved the simple order of the day, which, after prolonged excitement, was adopted by a vote of 347 to 291.

LONDON.—A republican conference at Sheffield last night, passed resolutions in favor of a republican form of government for England.

MADRID.—The *Gaceta* promulgates a decree ordaining the elections for a constituent cortes.

Armed men have entered and ransacked private residences for arms. Among the houses thus entered was one occupied by the Italian consul, and the representatives of foreign governments here unite in a demand for redress.

Eight thieves imprisoned in Barcelona were massacred by the populace last week. The *Diario* of that city denounces the crime and warns the people that such excesses will lead to the intervention of the European power.

A party of Carlists, yesterday, entered the town of Ripoll, thirty miles west of Gerona, on some pretext bearing a flag of truce. A company of Carabineers entrenched in a church, fired on the flag bearers, whereupon the Carlists returned the fire, forced their way and shot nine soldiers and three citizens. Brig. General Compos, hearing of the affair, marched to relieve the garrison of the place, but, in consequence of the mutinous spirit of his men, many of whom abandoned him on the road, was delayed and arrived too late, and he found the Carlists posted on the Reigbarend Hill. He immediately attacked and routed them. But their cavalry saved them from great disaster. General Compos retreated to the neighboring town of Olot.

Messengers arrived early last week at Barcelona, reporting that the town of Berga fifty miles distant was besieged by Carlists. The inhabitants asked for immediate relief. General Contreras persuaded the troops in Tarragona to set out for Berga, but they started too late, as a report has been received that the town was captured on Friday by the Carlists, who took 500 prisoners. The *Diario* of Barcelona, which gives the above news, remarks that many places must soon follow the example of Berga, for the government forces are paralysed by insubordination, and will be unable to afford assistance.

London papers of the 14th contain evidence given in the case of Edwin Noyes, arrested on suspicion of being connected in the late forgeries on the Bank of England. The woman who was arrested, charged with being in unlawful possession of part of the proceeds, testified. She stated that last August she made the acquaintance of George Bidwell, and went to Holland and France with him. She knew his brother, Austin Bidwell, and Mr. Howe and Mr. George MacDonnell. This MacDonnell she identified by a photograph as a person known to be a friend of Noyes, but she further states that the prisoner Noyes is Mr. Howe, whom she thus met on the 3rd of March. George Bidwell informed her that something had gone amiss with one of his friends.

He shaved off his mustache and commissioned her to meet him with some money at Euston Square Station and go with him to Holyhead. She obeyed his directions to the station, but he was gone and the police took her into custody. This shows four persons implicated besides Noyes—the two Bidwells, MacDonnell and Horton or Warren. Evidence was also brought which seems to prove that these two are really different names.

## WEST INDIES.

HAVANA, 26.—A report has reached this city that three detachments of troops, composed almost wholly of natives of the island, and which have hitherto been operating with the Spanish forces in the neighborhood of Manzanillo, have revolted and joined the insurgents, carrying their commanding officers with them.

The law for the abolition of slavery in Porto Rico meets with the approval of the people, a few pro-slavery leaders only object. Even the slave owners consider its provisions more favorable to their interests than they had reasons to expect. The press generally abstains, as yet, from comment.

Bidwell, the alleged forger, remains in close confinement, cut off from all communication with others. Permission has been refused him to consult with counsel. The authorities have made arrangements, subject to the sanction of the home government, to send the prisoner back to London as soon as the British officers arrive to take charge of him. Orders to that effect are daily expected from Madrid.

## MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, 20.—The remains of an ancient temple, supposed to have been erected centuries before the Spaniards discovered Mexico, have been found in the San Jose Mountains, State of Chiapas. Three stone statues, representing Anahuac dignitaries, were dug up in the vicinity of the temple.

MADRID, 31.—Dispatches from Barcelona say that the situation in that city is grave. Intelligence had reached there that the town of Verga, captured by the Carlists on Friday, had been destroyed by fire by the insurgents who, before applying the torch, saturated a number of buildings with petroleum. News of the burning town had created great excitement in Barcelona, and parties were assembling in the streets in large crowds, and disorders were feared. The authorities were making every effort to allay excitement and prevent disturbance. Reprisals were threatened against the Carlists. Verga contained a hospital and several convents, and over 6,000 population.

PARDONED.—Robert McCausland, who was convicted and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, last September for mule stealing, has been pardoned by Governor Woods. The following is a copy of the warrant for his release:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,  
Territory of Utah.

The Governor of the Territory of Utah to Robert McCausland, now a convict in the penitentiary of said Territory greeting:

Know ye, that, having been petitioned so to do, by many citizens of said Territory, including the Attorney General of Utah, and believing from the representations so made, that the punishment of said convict has been sufficient; now, therefore, to the end that justice may be done, I, George L. Woods, Governor of the Territory, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do give and grant unto him, the said Robert McCausland, convict, a full pardon, restoring him to all the rights and privileges heretofore enjoyed by him under the laws of the Territory.

And I call upon the Warden of the penitentiary and his Deputies to see that this warrant is carried into immediate effect.

In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand and cause the Great seal of the Territory to be affixed. Done at Salt Lake City on this 29th day of March, A. D. 1873.

By the Governor,  
L.S. GEORGE L. WOODS,  
Governor of Utah Territory.  
GEORGE A. BLACK,  
Secretary of Utah Territory.

M. de Rosenthal, the celebrated chess-player, played twenty-eight games of chess simultaneously with as many of the best players in Paris, and won all but two.

Over one hundred students are now employed at Jeddo in codifying and simplifying the Japanese characters, with the view of adapting them to the sounds used in foreign languages.