MONEY DEMAND CONTINUES BRISK

Bankers, However, Not Making Many Loans on Account of Tax Rush.

PROSPERITY IS UNBALANCED

Conditions Throughout the Country Show Mixed Situations—Local Outlook is Bright for Business.

Local bankers do not report any special features in the money market the past week. The demand for money continues without break, owing largely to the condition of the weather which is favorable to continued building operations, as well as to general field and out of door operations. Some of the banks are still refusing loans, however, owing to the proximity of the time for paying taxes, large sums being required to be kept on hand in view of probable demands from taxpayer depositors. A feature of the week is the establishment of the Merchants' bank in its new quarters, 277 Main street, where it is doing a good business.

Henry Clews in his last New York circular says:

"Next let us take the corn crop; a highly important source of wealth to this country. The yield this year will be large and promises to command good prices, yet the crop has fallen considerably below earlier calculations and is therefore somewhat of a disappointment. Necessarily this must cause a modification of the ultra-optimistic views which were held in midsummer. The farmer, it is true, will secure good profits for his corn; but how about the consumer who, obliged to pay more for pork, beef, eggs, chickens, etc., into which the corn enters, will have that much less to spend in other directions? The same may be said of wheat, the world's surplus of which is at a very low ebb; hence present high prices. A large crop would have proved highly beneficial, inasmuch as the money result to the farmer would probably have been quite as large as under present scarcity, and the country would then have possessed a surplus for export with which to pay for heavy current merchandise imports.

"Conditions show that the so-called prosperity is by no means general, but is unbalanced and mixed with serious drawbacks. Another illustration is in the copper situation, where increased consumption has been more than offset by continued overproduction, the metal being sustained at an artificial level by means of powerful speculative manipulation. There is no doubt that business is reviving, and that recovery will progress, but much of what has been styled prosperity is nothing but increasing activity, which, welcome as it is, should not be mistaken for a return to the boom times of 1906."

MARKED IMPROVEMENT.

The hardware trade is in buoyant mood over the continuance of steadily good business, with an improvement in collections. Eastern manufacturers are still maintaining high prices, with several decided advances lately. Rubber is "way up," having more than doubled in price within the last 60 days. Cotton duck is also soaring in price. The demand for hunting goods and ammunition keeps up, as this year is proving a fine hunting season, although the law prevents sale of wild game to the markets by hunters. The call for builders' hardware is as strong as ever, owing to the open fall which is specially favorable to building operations. Stoves and stove furniture are selling as well as ever.

LUMBER OUTLOOK.

The lumber trade reports the situation this week as very quiet as far as special features are concerned, but with general business steady and good. The car shortage continues as usual to vex and annoy, but as this was discounted considerably in advance of its occurrence and orders placed accordingly, the shortage has not affected the lumber trade as seriously as it would had it not been provided against. Prices continue firm along all lines. Cement is higher and hard to get, as its demand is constantly increasing, and cars to haul both the raw and manufactured material are few and far between. With the steady growth of consumption, on account of the increasing demand for reinforced concrete work, the demand for transportation facilities in connection with cement manufacture increases in corresponding ratio.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

The wholesale dry goods trade reports really steady and satisfactory business with the retail trade within the territory contributory to Salt Lake. But there is some complaint about the slowness with which goods are shipped from the east. The railroads announce four days from Omaha; the jobbers say eight days would be a fairer figure. However, in view of the almost geologic slowness with which freights were shipped west from the far east two years ago, present shipments may be considered remarkably fast. Jobbers report cottons still stiff as to quotations, with a constant tendency to climb higher. In fact such matters are so unsettled in the south that not a few northern mills have refused to buy any more raw material until some certainty is arrived at. Price advances on heavy brown goods have been the rule. The print cloth market has been active, with good volume of business at higher figures. Staple prints are well taken, with some low lines of wash fabrics ordered for spring delivery. Buyers who have not already covered on dress ginghams for spring will have to pay more, as many mills have withdrawn prices, and made an "at value" rule to apply to all business that will be accepted. Trade in white goods is irregular. Many new things are being prepared in rough cotton effects in fine and fancy yarns. A fair business has been placed in quilts for spring delivery. In colored goods, prices are withdrawn, as the mills are unwilling to take business on previous bases.

NURSING MOTHERS

show the beneficial effects of

Scott's Emulsion

in a very short time. It not only builds her up, but enriches the mother's milk and properly nourishes the child.

Nearly all mothers who nurse their children should take this splendid food-tonic, not only to keep up their own strength but to properly nourish their children.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

BUSINESS NOTES

During the week there were several sales of local stocks at new figures, notably Home Fire Insurance at $205, Consolidated Wagon & Machine at $114.50, and Utah-Idaho preferred, at $8.85. Z. C. M. I. paid the semi-annual dividend to stockholders on the 15th. This was the eighteith dividend disbursement since the institution began business, and the amount exceeded $60,000. The stock is stiff at $205 and almost unobtainable at that figure.

Reports from all the best fields indicate the tonnage is running ahead of the original estimates, which means increased money for farmers in November and December. The quality of the beets is steadily increasing under the influence of the ideal weather conditions.

Following are the latest quotations:

Amalgamated Sugar Co., pfd.	$ 98.50
Amalgamated Sugar Co., com.	189.00
Barnes Banking Co., Kaysville	145.00
Con. Wagon & Machine Co.	114.50
Continental National bank	125.00
Deseret National bank	296.00
Deseret Savings bank	675.00
Davis Co., bank, Farmington	140.00
First National bank, Ogden	315.00
First National bank, Murray	140.00
First National bank, Logan	260.00
Home Fire Insurance Co.	205.00
H. J. Grant & Co.	130.00
Lewiston Sugar Co.	17.50
National Bank of the Republic	152.00
Nephi National bank	120.00
Ogden Savings bank	215.00
Pingree National bank, Ogden	292.00
Provo Com. & Savings bank	155.00
Rocky Mtn. Bell Telephone Co.	64.00
Salt Lake Security & Trust Co.	140.00
State Bank of Utah	229.00
State Bank of Brigham City	150.00
Sugar City Townsite Co.	100.00
Thatcher Bros. Banking Co., Log.	150.00
Utah Bkg. Co., Lehi & A. Fork	148.00
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co., pfd.	8.85
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co., com.	2.85
Utah County Light & Power Co.	1.05
Utah National bank	129.00
Utah Imp. Vehicle Co.	95.00
Utah Savings & Trust Co.	112.00
Walker Bros. bankers	250.00
Western Loan & Savings Co.	100.00
Zion's Savings Bank & Trust Co.	525.00
Z. C. M. I.	205.00
Z. C. Home Bldg. & R. E. Co., pfd.	1.00
Z. C. Home Bldg. & R. E. Co. com.	1.06

BONDS.

Salt Lake City Railroad	101.50
Sumpter Valley Railroad	101.50
Utah County Light & Power Co.	102.00
Utah Sugar Co.	102.00

S.S.S. FOR RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is in reality an internal inflammation; a diseased condition of the blood cells which supply the nourishment and strength necessary to sustain our bodies. The disease is caused by an excess of uric acid in the blood, which comes from indigestion, weak kidneys, constipation, and other irregularities of the system. This uric acid produces an inflamed and acrid condition of the blood, and the circulation, instead of nourishing the different portions of the body, continually deposits into the muscles, nerves, joints and bones, the irritating and pain-producing acid with which it is filled. Then follow the painful and torturing symptoms of Rheumatism. We do not claim for S. S. S. that it is anything more than a first class blood purifier, and that is just what is needed to cure Rheumatism. S. S. S. goes into the circulation, and by neutralizing the uric acid and driving it from the blood, effectually and surely removes the cause of Rheumatism. S.S.S. strengthens and invigorates the blood so that instead of a weak, sour stream, causing pain and agony throughout the system, it becomes an invigorating, nourishing fluid, furnishing health and vigor to every portion of the body, and permanently relieving the suffering caused by Rheumatism. S.S.S. is purely vegetable and will not injure the most delicate system. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

BACKACHE SIMPLY VANISHES AND OUT-OF-ORDER KIDNEYS ACT FINE.

Just a few doses regulate the Kidneys and end Bladder misery.

No man or woman here whose kidneys are out-of-order, or who suffers from backache or bladder misery, can afford to leave Pape's Diuretic unTried.

After taking several doses, all pains in the back, sides or loins, rheumatic twinges, nervousness, headache, sleeplessness, tired or worn-out feeling and other symptoms of clogged, sluggish kidneys simply vanish.

Uncontrollable urination (especially at night), smarting, discolored water and all bladder misery ends.

The moment you suspect the slightest kidney or bladder disorder, or feel rheumatism pains, don't continue to be miserable or worried, but get a fifty-cent treatment of Pape's Diuretic from your druggist and start taking as directed, with the knowledge that there is no other medicine, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which is so harmless or will effect so thorough and prompt a cure.

This unusual preparation goes direct to the cause of trouble, distributing its cleansing, healing and vitalizing influence directly upon the organs and glands affected and completes the cure before you realize it.

A few days' treatment of Pape's Diuretic means clean, healthy, active kidneys, bladder and urinary organs—and you feel fine.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape, Thompson & Pape, of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine firm, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

Accept only Pape's Diuretic—fifty-cent treatment—from any drug store—anywhere in the world.

FINAL SOLUTION OF ECONOMIC ILLS

"Single Tax" Advocate Tells of Theory in Lieu of Socialism.

J. J. PASTORIZA VISITS PROVO

Disciple of Henry George Is Spending A Vacation at Garden City This Week.

(Special to The News.)

Provo, Oct. 15.—Mr. J. J. Pastoriza of Houston, Tex., who enjoys the novel distinction of having known when he was rich enough to retire from business, is making a tour of the west, primarily for pleasure and sight seeing. During his trip he is also acting as a representative of the Joseph Fels Fund of America, which fund is devoted to the promulgation of Henry George's philosophy, commonly called the "single tax." Mr. Pastoriza states that Mr. Fels, a millionaire soap manufacturer of Philadelphia, having been converted to the Henry George theory and believing it to be the final solution of most of the economic ills which beset mankind, decided to invest a portion of his fortune to insure the establishment of this reform in the world.

With this end in view he is giving to the United States committee the sum of $350 per year for five years as a nucleus of a fund to be used in supporting the doctrine of the single tax theory throughout the United States. He has also contributed a similar amount to the single tax committee of England, and has agreed to give to Canada, New Zealand and Australia the equivalent of any sum that they might raise. Mr. Pastoriza has long been an advocate of the theory of Henry George and he accepts this as a remedy for poverty in lieu of accepting Socialism. He believes that single tax when fully applied will make it unnecessary to go farther. When he contemplated his present trip out west he offered his services to the committee who are handling this fund, known as the Joseph Fels Fund of America. Mr. Tom L. Johnson, mayor of Cleveland, O., is treasurer of the fund, and Mr. Daniel Kiefer is secretary and manager of the committee, with offices in the Commercial building, Cincinnati, O. Mr. Pastoriza is devoting a part of his time in each city to soliciting funds for the cause. He pays his own expenses and has already added a considerable sum to the fund. The Fels fund is said to be one of the most remarkable donations devoted to the advancement of humanity that has ever been made. Mr. Pastoriza believes this fund will bring about a condition which will enable all men to help themselves and get more of what they produce than what they are now receiving. It is not charity, but it is an effort to do justice to mankind.

BRIGHT PROMISES.

Mr. Pastoriza said that the single tax will make truer and better men and it will make them more independent. It will cause them to walk straight and look their fellow men in the eye. It will increase the earnings of all men and enable each and every one to enjoy not only the necessaries but the luxuries which the twentieth century now places in the grasp of the few. The subject of the taxation of land values is now involving England in a political war. The liberal government has one clause in its present budget for the taxation of land values, through which they will get sufficient funds to pay for the recently ordered Dreadnoughts and to pay the cost of the "old age pensions." The members of the house of lords who are the principal land owners naturally oppose the taxation of their land and are fighting the budget with every means at their command. The result is looked forward to with great interest by the civilized world. If the lords veto the budget it will be the first time it has been done in the last 300 years, and the question will have to be decided by the people whether the commons or the house of lords shall rule. The people of this country have not felt the scarcity of land as they have in England. But as our great land areas disappear from the possession of the government to the hands of the few the necessity of some immediate action is apparent and the single taxpayers of this country propose to establish this reform, which will prevent further concentration of our lands in the hands of the few.

As a matter of fact, the adoption of the single tax will harm no one, not even the landowners ultimately, because the benefits they receive in good government, in safety to their persons, to their honestly acquired wealth, will more than compensate them for the additional revenue which they would receive from their unused land. The owners of improved land will be benefited financially. Inasmuch as there are more owners of improved land in the United States than there are owners of unimproved land, it follows that if a vote is taken selfishness will tend to cause a majority to be in favor of exempting from taxation personal property and improvements, leaving all taxes to be collected from the value of land alone.

THEORY OF SINGLE TAX.

The theory of the single tax, briefly and incompletely stated, is to tax land values without regard to improvements and to tax no other class of property. By taxing land values the selling price of land will depreciate. This will increase the available wealth of the country about double, as one-half of the wealth now produced is devoted to the purchase of land. This sum will be liberated for use in productive enterprises, and will go to pay for labor, increasing the demand, increasing wages and the producing power of all who work.

It would, of course, be necessary to raise the rate of taxation, but this would not materially affect the farmer or those who make land productive, because they would have no other taxes to pay, and those who hold land for speculative purposes, depending on the increase of population and the industry of the producer to make their investment valuable would be subjected to the greatest increase in taxation and would have to make the land productive to pay the tax, thus compelling them to spend money for the employment of labor, or they would have to sell the land to others who would make it productive.

When the propaganda has been carried to the extent of converting a sufficiently large number of people to the rightfulness of the single tax theory it is the intention to try its practical working in one or two states, where the constitution permits the innovation, and it is firmly believed that a test will be so satisfactory that the people of all the states will adopt it, and wonder why they have not done so long ago.

When Mr. Pastoriza was asked if the single tax was in operation anywhere in the world he replied: "It is partially applied in Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and in 180 cities in Germany. That is, most of the cities in these countries do not tax buildings and other improvements upon land, money or personal property; but the state and national governments still tax these forms of property. The full benefit of the single tax cannot be had until taxes are abolished upon all property except land values. The cities which have adopted it have, at elections for the purpose, time and again refused to go back to the old system of taxing personal property and improvements."

Mr. Pastoriza is accompanied by his wife, and they find additional pleasure in visiting Provo from the fact that their son, Hugh Pastoriza, is in the engineering department of the Telluride Power company in this city.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

MADE TO ORDER

$20 to $45

Lenk & Stoecker

223 Brook's Arcade.

Get What You Ask For!

THERE is a Reason—

Why the Good People of America buy Cascarets as Fast as the Clock Ticks.

Every second some one, somewhere, is Buying a little Ten-Cent Box of Cascarets.

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6—60 times to the Minute, 60 Minutes to the Hour, 3600 Boxes an Hour, 36,000 Boxes a Day of Ten Hours, 1,080,000 Boxes a Month, and then some.

Think of it—220,000 People take a Cascaret tablet each day. Millions use Cascarets when necessary.

The Judgment of Millions of Bright Americans is Infallible. They have been Buying and Taking Cascarets at that rate for over Six years.

a true, faithful, loyal servant of Mankind.

Over Five Millions of Dollars have been Spent to make the merits of Cascarets known, and every cent of it would be lost, did not sound merit claim and hold the constant, continued friendship, Patronage and Endorsement of well-pleased people year after year.

* * *

There is also a Reason—

Why there are Parasites who attach themselves to the Healthy Body of Cascaret's success—Imitators, Counterfeiters, Substitutors.

They are Trade Thieves who would rob Cascarets of the "Good Will" of the people, and sneak unearned profits, earned and paid for by Cascarets.

It is not an Experiment, not an Accident or Incident, but a sound, Honest Business, based on Time-Tried-and-Tested Merit, never found wanting.

There is a Reason.

* * *

Cascarets are the implacable foe of All Disease Germs; the incomparable cleanser, purifier and strengthener of the entire Digestive Canal.

They Act like Exercise on the Bowel-Muscles, make them strong and active—able to Help Themselves do their work—keep themselves clean.

Cascarets are the safe-guard of Innocent Childhood against the Dreadful Death-dealing Dangers that threaten the Lives of the Little Ones.

They are Purely Vegetable, absolutely Harmless, always Reliable and Efficient.

A Dishonest Purpose means a Dishonest Product and a Disregard of the Purchasers' Health or Welfare.

Beware of the Slick Salesman and his ancient "Just as Good" story that common sense refutes.

Cascarets are made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and the famous little Ten Cent "Vest Pocket" box is here shown. They are never sold in bulk.

Every tablet marked "CCC."

Be sure you get the genuine.

* * *

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed, GOLD-PLATED BONBON BOX, hard-enameled in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets, with which this dainty trinket is loaded. 726

Sent to-day, mentioning this paper. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

ACME QUALITY

If it's a surface to paint, enamel, varnish, stain or finish in any way, there's an Acme Quality kind for the purpose.

This is Ideal Weather for Painting

This clear October weather offers ideal conditions for painting indoors or out.

Acme Quality Paint

Applied under such extremely favorable conditions will outlast any other kind of paint on the market and look better at the same time. "A Paint for Every Purpose." Ask about color schemes for house painting.

Culmer Paint & Glass Co.

New Store at 37 East 1st South

FIND BIG CLAY BEDS.

T. R. and W. L. Ellerbeck Discover Material in Paying Quantities.

Thomas R. and Will L. Ellerbeck, well known citizens of Salt Lake, who were instrumental in developing the Utah Fire Clay company, recently made what promises to be a valuable discovery 25 miles west of this city, close by their lime quarries, in the shape of extensive deposits of high grade clays ideally suited for manufacturing paving brick, fine face brick, sewer pipe, terra cotta and kindred clay products. The paving brick is said to be very compact, containing about 7 per cent of iron oxide, and only one half of 1 per cent of lime, in general giving the same analysis as the noted Galesburg, Ill., paving brick, and considered the first clay find of this formation in this state. The deposits cover a total width of several hundred feet by several miles in length. They show the various grades of clay in parallel ledges varying from 20 to 100 feet in width, easily separated for use in manufacture of different clay products.

Whether the property is to be worked by itself, or is to be leased to the Utah Fire Clay company is not known at present; but it is believed that these valuable deposits with the large lime quarries belonging to the Ellerbecks will be before long one of the most promising industries of the west. The properties are located near the tracks of the Western Pacific road.

HOW TO CURE A COLD.

Be as careful as you can, you will occasionally take cold, and when you do, get a medicine of known reliability, one that has an established reputation and that is certain to effect a quick cure. Such a medicine is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has gained a world wide reputation by its remarkable cures of this most common ailment, and can always be depended upon. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. For sale by all druggists.

SUMMONS.

In the Justice's Court, in and for the Salt Lake City Precinct, Salt Lake County, State of Utah. Wm. McBratney, Plaintiff, vs. D. Bohnstedt, Defendant. Summons.—The State of Utah to the Said Defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear before the above entitled Court within ten days after the service of this summons upon you, if served within the County in which this action is brought; otherwise within twenty days after the service, and defend the above entitled action, brought against you to recover the sum of $75.50 with interest due thereon for goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered and for services rendered with all costs of suit, and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1909.

STANLEY A. HANKS,
Justice of the Peace.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT NO. 18.

THE HIGHLAND MINING AND MILLING CO., a corporation, location of mines Cache County, Utah. Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of the Highland Mining and Milling Company, held September 28, 1909, assessment No. 18 of one (1) cent per share was levied on all the outstanding capital stock of the corporation, payable on or before November 1, 1909, to the Secretary and Treasurer at his office, 173 T Street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the said 1st day of November, 1909, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at a public auction and unless payment is received before will be sold on the 22nd of November, 1909, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer, 173 T Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expense of sale.

J. E. ANDERSON, Secretary.
173 T Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.
First publication Oct. 2nd, 1909.

1909.

ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the North Point Consolidated Irrigation Co. will be held on Monday, Nov. 8, 1909, at the company's office, Bailey & Sons' Store, 61 E. 2nd South, Salt Lake City, Utah, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the election of nine directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before them.

BERT N. BAILEY, Secy.
The North Point Consolidated Irrigation Company.
First publication Oct. 14, 1909.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

The undersigned School Trustees of Gunnison School District, Gunnison, Sanpete County, Utah, will receive bids up to 5 p. m., Oct. 23, 1909, for the erection of a School Building to be erected at Axtell, Sanpete County, Utah. Plans and specifications can be found at the residence of Joseph Christiansen, Gunnison, Utah, also at the office of Watkins & Birch, Architects, Salt Lake City, Utah. Each bid must be accompanied with a certified check of 5 per cent the amount of bid as a guarantee that the accepted bidder will enter into contract and give an approved bond within one week after said work is awarded. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
JOSEPH CHRISTIANSEN, Clerk.
Dated at Gunnison, Oct. 4, 1909.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

Of the stockholders of Perfection Shipping Can Company. Notice is hereby given that a special stockholders meeting of the stockholders of Perfection Shipping Can Company, a corporation of Utah, is hereby called and will be held at Room No. 412 Templeton Building, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Tuesday, November 2nd, A. D. 1909, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of considering and voting upon the proposition to change the name of the said corporation by amending Article I of the Articles of Incorporation so that the same will read as follows: "The name of this corporation shall be Perfection Manufacturing Company."

W. N. HILL,
President.
Perfection Shipping Can Company.

PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP NOTICES.

Consult County Clerk respective signers for further information.

In the District Court, in and for Salt Lake County, State of Utah. Probate Division. In the matter of the Estate of Theodore M. Grow, Deceased. Notice of Sale of Real Estate.—Notice is hereby given that Sarah J. Grow, administratrix of the estate of Theodore M. Grow, deceased, having been duly authorized so to do by the said Court, will sell the property herein below described at private sale and that bids for the purchase of said property will be received by said administratrix at the office of Stephens & Smith, 601 Judge Building, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Friday, October 29, 1909, before 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said date; terms of sale, cash; the property to be sold is described as follows: Part of lot 8, block 116, plat "A," Salt Lake City Survey, commencing 11 rods and 8¼ feet south of the northeast corner of said lot and running thence west 10 rods; thence south 3 rods and 13¼ feet; thence east 10 rods; thence north 3 rods and 13¼ feet to the place of beginning.

SARAH J. GROW,
Administratrix of the Estate of Theodore M. Grow, Deceased.
Stephens & Smith & Robert B. Porter, Attorneys for Said Estate.

In the Third Judicial District Court, in and for Salt Lake County, State of Utah, Probate Division. In the matter of the estate of Mary E. Hodgson, Deceased. Notice of Sale of Real Estate.—The undersigned will sell at private sale the following described property:

Lots 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32, in block 2, Hazlewood Subdivision, in block 16, "A" Acre plat "A," Big Field Survey, Salt Lake County, on or after the 28th day of October, A. D. 1909, and written bids will be received at 316-317 Judge Building, Salt Lake City, Utah. Terms of sale cash.

OLIVER HODGSON,
Administrator of the Estate of Mary E. Hodgson, Deceased.
Mathonihah Thomas, Attorney for Administrator.

In the District Court of Salt Lake County, State of Utah, in the matter of the estate of Margaret Leatham, Deceased. Notice.—The undersigned will sell at private sale lot 6, block 13, of Leeds Townsite and Field Survey, situated in Washington County, State of Utah, on or after the 30th day of October, 1909, and written bids will be received at 324 Atlas Block, Salt Lake City, Utah; terms of sale ½ cash down, balance to be secured by a note and mortgage on said premises for one year, said note and mortgage to bear interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date of sale.

Dated Oct. 20, 1909.

WILLIAM LEATHAM,
Administrator.
Daniel Harrington, Attorney.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, Probate Division, 3d and for Salt Lake County, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate of W. R. Smith, Deceased. Notice.—The petition of Louisa E. Mead, praying for the issuance to herself of Letter of Administration in the estate of W. R. Smith, deceased, has been set for hearing on Friday, the 29th day of October, A. D. 1909, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the County Court House, in the Court Room of said Court, in Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with the seal thereof affixed, this 13th day of October, A. D. 1909.

MARGARET ZANE WITCHER,
(Seal) Clerk.
By L. P. Palmer, Deputy Clerk.
Willard Hemer, Attorney for Petitioner.

Lovely Weather Isn't It?

Western Fuel Co

(Critchlow, Fischer & Kittle)

Cable address "Wesfuco."

Phones 710. 73 Main street.

Looking Forward

Some men may say, "Where is the good of looking into the future, for that is only problematical?" But it is prudent to look forward and plan for future requirements. It encourages economy and thrift. An account with the Continental National Bank makes the depositor more prosperous.

4 per cent interest paid On savings accounts of $1 and up.

CONTINENTAL National Bank

Salt Lake City, Utah

Capital, $250,000.00.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK

Salt Lake City, Utah.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Capital $500,000.00
Surplus $500,000.00

OFFICERS.

J. S. HILLS, President.
H. S. YOUNG, Cashier.
S. S. HILLS, Asst. Cashier.
L. W. BURTON, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

John R. Barnes, W. W. Riter, A. W. Carlson, George Romney, John C. Cutler, Reed Smoot, David Eccles, John C. Sharp, L. S. Hills, John R. Winder, W. H. McIntyre, H. G. Whitney.

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

Established 1889.

UTAH COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK

WM. F. ARMSTRONG ..... President
BYRON GROO ..... Cashier

Commercial Banking in all its Branches. Four per cent Interest paid on savings deposits.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

WALKER BROS., Bankers

(Incorporated). Established 1859.
Capital $250,000.00
Surplus $100,000.00

Absorbed the Salt Lake Branch of Wells-Fargo & Co.'s Bank.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

FRANK KNOX ..... President
JAMES A. MURRAY ..... Vice President
W. F. EARLL ..... Cashier
E. A. CULBERTSON ..... Asst. Cashier
Capital and Surplus $425,000.00

A thoroughly modern savings department conducted in connection with this bank. Safe deposits boxes for rent.

McCornick & Co.

BANKERS

SALT LAKE CITY ..... UTAH

Established 1873.

THE

STATE BANK OF UTAH

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Established in 1890.

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