

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]
By Telegraph.
Per WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line.

Balloon Voyage from Paris to Tours!

PREPARING TO ATTACK PARIS!

shipwreck, Rescue of the Captain after being 36 hours on a plank!

DOMICILIARY RIGHTS TO BE RESPECTED IN PARIS!

Blockade of the North and Baltic Seas over!

IMPATIENT TO ATTACK THE BESIEGERS!

CHINESE WAR IMMINENT!

Perils by Flood!

Yellow Fever in New York!

PARTICULARS OF A BRILLIANT FRENCH VICTORY!

VIRGINIA.
Extraordinary Flood.

RICHMOND, 30.—The Legislature meets to-morrow, but will have no quorum in consequence of members being detained by the flood. The Rio mills, on the Rivanna River, were among those washed away. The James River here is now still rapidly rising.

The flood is as great in the southern as in the northern part of Virginia. The Roanoke and Stanton rivers have risen fifteen feet, doing great damage. Mrs. and Miss Ruskin were drowned in the flood at Lynchburg last night.

The river here rose twenty-five feet last night, this morning, it is within a foot of the Darville R. R. bridge, and may street passenger bridge. The streets for four or five blocks in the vicinity of the old market are submerged in four feet of water. Thousands on the river banks are waiting to see the bridge go.

The lower portion of Libby prison took fire this morning, by a quantity of lime, wet by the flood; the fire was stopped before much damage was done.

WHEELING.—Dispatches from Harper's Ferry, West Va., via Sandy Hook, Maryland, announce a great flood on the Shenandoah river; the lower portion of the town is completely submerged. Many substantial iron and brick houses have been carried away, and a great number are rapidly crumbling over. Fifty lives have been lost and a great many are in peril, without a possibility of help relieving them.

NEW YORK.
Said to be Hanged—An Attack on Tours Expected—Preparing to Attack Paris—Escaped from Metz—U. S. Treasury Fraud.

NEW YORK.—Five cases of yellow fever and sixteen deaths are said to have occurred in this city and neighborhood during the past month. These facts have developed a strange condition of professional disagreement among our health authorities. Governor's Island, the seat of the disease, has been quarantined.

A clerk of the U. S. Treasury named C. C. Edwins, of Birmingham, N. Y., confessed that he had embezzled seven thousand dollars of public funds which passed through his hands. General Spinner, upon hearing of the defalcation, without a moment's hesitation, sold some of his own bonds and replaced the amount stolen; he holding himself individually responsible for any deficit in his department. This is the first case of fraud in the treasury office under General Spinner's administration.

A World's special from London says: Your special at Bologne telegraphs that exciting news has been received from Rouen, of the crowning defeat of the German forces on the south and west of Paris, by the army of Genls. Ducrot and Mondon on the 27th. The French were reinforced on Monday by General Trochu and advanced on the German position at Montreuil and Versailles early on Tuesday morning. The battle began at Viceray and Vellisy; the Germans contesting the French advance with desperate energy, until they were assisted by fresh columns advancing from beneath the guns of Mont Valerian, at St. Cloud, through Bois de Faussees, Reberes and Vouresson, where a number of regiments of Baden troops mutinied on the battle-field and refused to go under fire. Nearly one hundred of these troops were shot by order of the German commander, but the rest still held back; many threw down their arms, and dispersed through the forests. The Crown Prince was finally compelled to order a retreat upon Bongival; abandoning Versailles to the victorious French. The German columns which attempted the passage of the Seine at Bongival were kept under a remote fire, from Mont Valerian, which converted the retreat into a rout, and they were driven beyond St. Germain. Night alone stopped the pursuit. The Germans lost five thousand prisoners, among whom were many officers of the staff of the Crown Prince of Prussia. Fifty cannon and mitrailleuses were also taken. The road to Orleans and Tours is reopened and cleared of the enemy. Reports from Paris are that the general state of feeling is excellent, perfect order prevailing and the morale of the people and troops is much improved by the

succession of victories of Trochu and the army of defence.

The Herald's cable dated Strasbourg 27th, says on Tuesday evening the joyful sight of the white flag was beheld flying from the Cathedral. This was followed by the same welcome token of surrender from the Citadel. The firing instantly ceased and a universal cheer rose from one portion of the besieging lines. It was soon caught up and echoed throughout the army. The scene which followed was indescribable. Excited officers embraced each other, clapping hands. The men followed this example, and some actually cried with joy. Yesterday I was fortunate enough to enter with a Baden Regiment, the sight of which was impressive, which at the same time was relieved by the evident joy of the citizens at their release from their terrible condition of suffering. The commanders of the two forces, Generals Werder and Ulrich met for the first time, yesterday, after the terms of capitulation had been arranged. The meeting took place just inside the gate on the east side. General Ulrich advancing to General Werder with a voice much agitated said "I have yielded to an irresistible force, when further resistance was only a reckless sacrifice of the lives of brave people. I have the consolation of knowing that I have yielded to an honorable enemy." General Werder, much affected, placed both his hands on Ulrich's shoulders and said "you fought bravely, and you will have as much honor from the enemy as you can have from your own countrymen." All arms were surrendered except the officers' side arms. A hasty examination of a portion of the city shows that it has not suffered as much as was supposed. The exterior of the cathedral appears much injured but not sufficiently to prevent its restoration to its original shape.

On the east side of the city the destruction was great. A singular appearance was presented by the inhabitants engaged in removing straw bags, rags, and every conceivable means of stopping unwelcome visitors from the windows. The ruins of the Theatre presented a dismal appearance. Among the buildings destroyed, was the fine public library. I am informed that the books were previously removed, or, at least, those of the greatest value. One family, consisting of father, two daughters, two young sons and an infant, had taken refuge in a cellar of their house, when the residence was struck by a shell and all were destroyed. One old gentleman, a business merchant in Strasbourg, for many years, informed me that his daughter was killed on the street. The feeling of the people is one of general thankfulness for the capitulation. The reports that are spread charging Ulrich with brutality are destitute of foundation. His conduct toward the citizens was marked with the greatest humanity and consideration.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Geo. D. Cary, convicted of the murder of Geo. Johnson, last April, was, to-day sentenced to be hanged on the 25th of November.

NEW YORK.—A special from London says that General Bourbaki has escaped from Metz; he left the fortress and city in the garb of a peasant, and in this disguise got safely through the Prussian lines, and arrived in England yesterday and immediately took train to Hastings, on a visit to the Empress. It is believed that the General is the bearer of dispatches from Bazaine, and it is certain that he will, now that he is outside of the fortress, have his notion dispelled as to the present existence of the Empire.

A cable to the Tribune, dated London 30, says a private letter from Tours 27, says: It seems that the generals have declined to defend Orleans. Cremerieux is packing up and advises his generals to do the same. He says there are no means for resisting an attack on Tours. The Prussians are expected at Tours in a few days and the government must move further west.

A London dispatch dated the 1st says it is thought the Prussians are preparing for a grand attack on Paris, from the north, at Gennevilliers. The persons who fled from Paris on the approach of the Prussians from the east, have asked permission to return to their homes. The Prussian general refused on the ground that his object is to starve out the city.

Toulon is filled with Germans, most of whom participated in the late unsuccessful attempt to capture Charenton. Lyons is perfectly quiet.

MASSACHUSETTS.
Shipwreck and loss of life.

BOSTON, 1.—By the loss of the British brig *Nanny*, the captain's wife and child and the crew, and also a mother and several children, passengers from Cape Breton, for New York, all perished; the captain was picked up after being thirty-six hours on a plank.

ILLINOIS.
Congressman dead.

CHICAGO, 1.—William Smythe, present member of congress for the second district of Iowa, and candidate for reelection, died at his residence, in Lynn Co., yesterday.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FRANCE.

A Balloonist's Trip from Paris to Tours—Thieves in Paris to be Summarily Dealt With.

TOURS 1.—Lissander, the aeronaut, has already arrived here from Paris; he published in the *Journal*, an interesting narrative of his balloon trip, and the situation of affairs in Paris at the time he left. He started from that city at two o'clock yesterday afternoon. No Prussians were to be seen near Paris; complete silence reigned about the city. There were no people to be seen on the road leading to the city, and no boats of any kind on the river. On nearing

Versailles the Prussians were observed in great numbers in camp. Lissander dropped among them a great number of proclamations of the government of France, which had been printed in the German language for that special purpose. The Germans opened a sharp fire on the balloon, but the range was too long, and no damage was done. On arriving over Loudon, fifteen miles to the south-west of Nantes, the balloon began to fall and Lissander was obliged to throw out ballast; fortunately he had several packages of newspapers, which answered the purpose, and he was not obliged to throw over his letters or to sacrifice anything valuable. The balloon then rose rapidly, and was carried along to a point near Dreux, in the department of Eure-et-Loire, many miles west of the Prussian lines. Lissander descended slowly until he came within hailing distance of a few peasants, whom he now saw for the first time. These assured him that there was no danger of capture, as no Prussians had yet been seen in the neighborhood. Lissander, therefore alighted, on reaching an open spot, favorable to his project. The balloon was properly secured and the letters, twenty-five thousand in number, were placed in sacks and taken to the Post Office of Dreux, whence they will be forwarded in all directions wherever lines of communication are not interrupted. A special locomotive was placed at the command of Lissander, at Dreux, in which he came forward to Tours with a large number of dispatches to the government, relative to matters in Paris. He says the city of Paris is defended with more than five hundred thousand soldiers behind the walls. These are all armed and disciplined. Firing from the forts has been so accurate that the Prussians have been baffled in their attempts to erect batteries. The city is perfectly tranquil. Nearly all the shops are open as usual, and the public squares are occupied by troops, which are there drilled and equipped. The Boulevards next to the Elysees and Camp de Mars, in the western part of the city, have been given up to barracks for the garde mobile. At ten in the evening all the cafes are closed and a constant watch kept throughout the night. The forts are supplied with electric lights, which are found to be admirably adapted for guarding against surprise. Neither butter nor fruit can be had in the city, and fresh meat will soon be scarce. There is, however, no lack of salt provisions, and the flour supply is sufficient for six months.

Advices from Paris, on the 26th, say the Prussian officers had demanded the surrender of Port d'Ivry, on the south-east of the city; the commander promptly refused. A messenger of the government from Tours, had succeeded in entering Paris. The Prussians seem disinclined to attack the city; they still occupy the heights at a respectful distance from the French forts. When they see convoys or reconnaissances they open fire with shot and shell. They have constructed an entrenched camp at Versailles, and seem to have gone into winter quarters there.

PHILADELPHIA, 30, via Tours, 1.—Fifteen hundred Prussians now occupy this town. At Nomes the citizens have barricaded the streets and will defend themselves.

ROUEN, 30, via Tours, 1.—An engagement near here, yesterday, between a body of French sharpshooters and Prussian scouts; the latter were driven off.

BEAUVALLS has been occupied by the Prussians.

EVEREAUX, 30, via Tours, 1.—Another balloon from Paris passed over this town to-day.

PARIS, 30, via Tours, 1.—General Trochu has issued a proclamation on the subject of violating domiciliary rights. Courts martial have been established at Vincennes and St. Dennis; all thieving and attacks upon private property are to be summarily punished.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Anxious for a Sortie—Six Thousand Prussians Taken Prisoners—The Chinese Preparing for War.

LONDON.—A dispatch from Bombay, dated Sept. 28th, just received, has the following: Tense advice report that the Chinese have refused the ultimatum of the French, and are preparing for war; the French are waiting orders from the home government before proceeding to extremities.

LONDON, 1.—A letter, signed by Gambetta, published extensively this morning, announces that the Prussians have been routed, that Vincennes and Versailles have been retaken, with six thousand prisoners, including Prussian staff officers and much artillery, and that communication between Paris and Rouen is restored. The dispatch is generally thought spurious.

The French have a report, that on Wednesday, the bridge spanning the Oise, at Creil, gave way under the weight of Prussian cannon, which were being moved across, whereby several of them were precipitated into the river; there was also some loss of life.

The election for members of the constituent assembly, in France, will occur on the 20th inst.

The bark *Pecca*, at Hull from Hamburg, reports that she encountered no French obstacles. The Prussians now surrounding Paris are said to have received orders to keep outside the range of the French guns. The French are clamorous to be led out to a sortie.

The Telegraph has reasons to know that the cause of General Ignatieff's departure from Constantinople was personal and not political.

PRUSSIA.

Royal Telegram.—Blockade of the Baltic and North seas terminated.

BERLIN, 1.—King William forwarded the following despatch to Queen Augusta, from his headquarters, at Ferrieres, dated yesterday: "Early this morning the French troops made a sortie against the troops of the sixth Prussian corps, while the Prussian fifth corps was attacked by three battalions; at the same time a brigade made demonstrations against the eleventh corps; at the end of two hours the French took shelter under the guns of the forts. The Crown Prince commanded the Prussians."

General Falkenstein, in announcing the termination of the French blockade in the Baltic and North seas, says all haste has been made to restore the lights, buoys and other facilities for foreign trade.

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d210 6m

SCANDINAVIAN STAR.

I AM authorized by Elder W. W. CLUFF to receive Subscriptions for the *Scandinavian Star*.

ROBT. L. CAMPBELL, Historian's Office.

d222-11

MARSHAL'S SALE!

Territory of Utah, } S.S.
County of Salt Lake. }

PURSUANT to the command of an order of sale from the District Court, of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, at the United States Court Room Salt Lake City, on the 12th day of OCTOBER, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock a.m., the following described property, to-wit:

Beginning at the West side of lot (3) three, in Block (57) fifty-seven, Plot A, of Great Salt Lake City survey, at a point sixty-seven feet south of the north-west corner of said lot, thence south, on west line of said lot, (27) twenty-seven feet, thence east (one hundred and sixty-five feet, thence north twenty-seven feet, thence west, one hundred and sixty-five feet, to place of beginning, with privilege of roadway on the north side of said piece of land, together with the household furniture and fixtures, to be sold as the property of Frederick Reich, at the suit of Hooper, Eldredge & Co. Terms of sale Cash.

M. T. PATRICK,

U. S. Marshal.

d247 1d

Z. C. M. I.

General

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