SECOND EDITION.

Thursday, April 14, 1892.

FRAGMENTS.

Upwards of seventy arrests and arrangements have been made by the police department during the present week.

The Eighth quorum of seventies will meet at the Twelfth Ward Hall this afternoon eight to ninty-nine seventy-nine.

Michael Donovan, brother to Captain Donovan of the police force, has succeeded Abe Lucy as assistant chief of the fire department.

The Utah and Montana Machinery Company of this city will soon put in an electric plant at Cardiff Beach for the Salt Lake City Railroad Company.

The members of the Union Glee Club are requested to meet at the usual place tomorrow (Friday) at 8 p. m. C. J. Thomas, Conductor.

The Tintic Mining Company have filed a transcript of their articles of incorporation with Secretary Sells, from the county clerk's office.

The announcement is made that there will be a meeting of the "Liberal" Republicans of this city tonight. The place of meeting for some reason or other is not given.

In the Third District Court this afternoon John Smith, a native of England, and now a resident of Salt Lake, was admitted to citizenship by Judge Zane.

Workmen commenced the removal this morning of Harry McAllister's "model" pavement, laid at the intersection of First South and State streets last fall.

John C. Graham, editor of the *Provo Enquirer*, was in the capital today on business connected with his paper. He made a pleasant call at our office this afternoon.

Hyde some blocks were being unloaded on both sides of Main street, where First South crosses, this afternoon. They will be used for curbing and guttering on that thoroughfare.

The City Council committee on sanitary laid another damper on the Knickerbocker Saloon fumigation with the same score of the system of waterworks.

The new board of the Territorial Reform School at Ogden will hold its next regular meeting in that city on Saturday next. The officers for the ensuing year will at that meeting, it is expected, be elected.

Cruelty and desertion are the grounds upon which Mary Annie Ward has filed a suit for divorce against her husband, Joseph H. Ward. She has also applied for a restraining order, on the ground that he is about to dispose of his property before the case is tried.

Harry McCallum, of "Liberal" fame, the tactful secretary, who has been absent from the city for several months, is now a permanent citizen of the Territorial Penitentiary. He is employed as one guard over the prisoners of that institution.

An individual who seems to be as nearly thoroughly disreputable as possible has been making himself extremely obnoxious and dangerous in the northern part of the city for the last few days by appearing on the scene in a semi-nude condition and frightening ladies and little girls by asking them to "come home to dinner." He should be promptly taken in hand by the police.

The land contest case of R. S. Whitemore vs. W. H. Dowdle, is still running in the U. S. Land Office. It involves timber culture entry No. 5[illegible], made August 19, 1889, covering the west half of southeast quarter of section 1[illegible], township 1 east. The case grew from an affidavit of contest filed December 19th, 1891, signed by R. S. Whitemore, and subscribed by George Hinkle, and alleging failure to comply with the timber culture law.

The question of having a second sidewalk eight feet wide on the west side of State, between Ninth and Eleventh South streets, is being agitated. The Walker Brothers and other large property owners on that thoroughfare are among the prime movers. A large number of the residents of Eleventh ward, it is understood, also favor the proposition. The distance between the two points named is about one mile and a quarter. The laying of this walk and the opening of a wide road in the south so as to connect Emery with Parley's Park would increase the value of property in that locality.

It is said on good authority that Police Court Clerk C. S. Critchlow has been offered the position of assistant to the auditor, the office so long and successfully filled by Mr. D. C. Eddins. The proposition comes to be by reason Mr. Eddins' contemplated change in the clerkship. It is said the proposed change is entirely acceptable to the latter gentleman and that while, if the person that he so decides, he will accept his removal with the greatest possible degree of equanimity, he will decline the clerkship, for the reason that he does not "take well" to that kind of promotion.

SALOONS AND DRAM SHOPS.

The New Liquor License Law.—How It Affects Variety Theatres and Other Show Houses.

THE NEW LIQUOR LAW.

An act to amend Sections 2158 and 2168, Chapter xvii, of the Compiled Laws of Utah, 1888, relating to the revocation of liquor licenses, etc.

Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah:

Section 1. That Section 2158 of the Compiled Laws of Utah, 1888, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto the following, after "Provided, That any application for such license may be refused for good cause, in the discretion of the City Council or County Court, and that no such license shall be granted to any establishment, except a hotel, located within three hundred feet of any church or public school building being used for that purpose or within fifty feet of any theatre, variety theatre, concert hall or any place of Kasmet, dance house or place, further, that no saloon, tippling house or dram shop shall have or keep in connection with, or as part of, such saloon, tippling house or dram shop any wine room or other place, either with or without door or doors, curtain or curtains, or screen of any kind, into which any female person shall be allowed to enter from the outside, or from such tippling house or dram shop, and that no be supplied with any kind of liquor whatsoever.

Sec. 2. That Section 2168 of said Compiled Laws is hereby amended by adding thereto the following: "And the County Court or the City Council may revoke any license granted to the keepers of saloons, tippling houses, dram shops, or for the selling or giving away of any intoxicating drink or malt liquors, within the city or county, whenever, in the judgment of the court or City Council, such action may be necessary to the peace and good order of any precinct in the county or of the city.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its approval.

Approved March 19, 1892.

HEAVY DAMAGES

Claimed From the Salt Lake City Railroad Company.

FOR THE DEATH OF A BOY

Action For an Alleged Unlawful Attachment.—Suits Which Arrest.—Court Notes, Etc.

The first case called for trial in Judge Anderson's Court this morning was that of Joseph Duckworth vs. the Salt Lake City Railroad Company, in which the plaintiff claims the sum of $15,000 actual damages and $5000 punitive damages on account of the death of his son, Walter, aged eight years.

The plaintiff was represented by Baldwin & Talbich, and Moses, Rawlins & Critchlow were counsel for the defendant company.

It appeared from the plaintiff's statement of the case that on the 27th of August, 1891, the unfortunate boy was crossing the road in the vicinity of Second South, between Fourth and Fifth West, when he was knocked down by car No. 5 belonging to the defendants and instantly killed, his body having been dragged for some distance and badly bruised by the electric current.

It was alleged that the accident was due to gross carelessness and negligence on the part of the motorman, one T. M. Sheppard, that the car, at the time, was going at a dangerous rate, that the bell was not sounded nor any other signal given, and that the motorman was looking in another direction. On the part of the defendants sale an absolute denial was given to the allegation set forth by the other side as to negligence and carelessness on the part of the company's servants.

Considerable time was consumed in the seating of a jury, a number of the jurors when examined stating that they had read the newspaper reports of the accident and formed a decided opinion on the case. The hearing was in progress when the court adjourned at noon, and it is not unlikely that it will run into late tomorrow.

FOR THE PLAINTIFF.

The following business came before Judge Zane this morning:

H. H. Abbott vs. W. R. Andrew, that knife cutting transaction, the jury brought in a sealed verdict, finding for the plaintiff in the sum of $1700. Thirty days day was granted to file motion for a new trial.

JUDGMENT ON VERDICT.

In the case of Geo. M. Hunt & Co., vs. A. Hendon et. al., on default of defendant Hendon, judgment was rendered for the plaintiff.

ON DEMURRER.

A. G. Nuttall vs. the United States. On mandate from the Supreme court affirming the judgment of the court, interest was allowed at 4 per cent. from the date of entry of judgment, $246.[illegible]

WANTS $2000 DAMAGES.

The case of R. Devine (for whom Baldwin & Talbich appeared) vs. D. Burton et al. was then taken up. J. M. Meyer represented the defendants. It was an action to recover $2000 damages on account of an alleged unlawful attachment. Plaintiff asked leave to amend the complaint, and twenty days were granted for that purpose.

WAIVED EXAMINATION.

Deputy Marshals Will Goodsell and Clawson paid an unexpected visit to Sol Chaney's saloon on the 2nd inst. for the purpose of arresting one which last night and three arrested Nelle Nelson on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. The defendants waived with Mr. Maris Bernel, who acted as a witness. The parties were taken before Commissioner Greenman and Nelson pleaded guilty. He stated he was fined $1 and costs on his wife at $500. The case went before the grand jury the morning. Nelson is about fifty years of age.

COURT NOTES.

The grand jury is in session again today.

Nothing of importance came before the United States Commissioners this morning.

Judge Anderson has been working hard upon the docket this week, and it is satisfactory to know that the cases are no way in arrear up to this time.

Criminal business in the Third District Court will be taken up again shortly.

Where is Joseph Vansant?

A letter has been received by the postmaster of the city, from which the following is an extract:

"If Joseph Vansant, who left Indiana about the 20th day of the year 1870, or shortly before or shortly after that time, and joined and went west with the Mormons, or if he is dead, then his wife, or if she is dead, then his children, if any, or if his children are dead, then his legal heirs, will communicate with the writer they will learn of some money that is due the said Joseph and which he can have by proving his identity.

"Any reply should be addressed to John T. Hodge, Esq., attorney-at-law, Newport, Campbell Co., Kentucky."

Information Wanted.

Mrs. Margaretta C. Tropp, of Fourth and Pawnee streets, Leavenworth, Kansas, desires the address of her father, Andrew Hobson, supposed to be residing in this region. Should he have deceased this file will be open to receive a letter if any one responsible with the fact of his death would send her the particulars.

Caillesen's Convention.

A meeting of the directors of the Chamber of Commerce was held in Ogden last evening at the chamber for the purpose of making the initiatory arrangements for the coming caillesen's congress. Judge A. B. Patton presided. After considering a number of propositions the following committee on arrangements was appointed: Theodore Brandon, W. W. Waldron and John A. Boyle. These are to act with the other committees to be appointed by the City council and County court. There is not the slightest doubt from present appearances that Ogden will have a goodly number of caillesen to entertain on this occasion. April 26th is the date set for the opening of the convention.

STILL AT IT.

Another Rich Harvest Reaped by Burglars Last Night.—They Cool a Million Key.

That the president, skillful and resolutely shows better his a fine field of operations to the city and vicinity, plainly apparent. Almost nightly for some time past full tills have been rifled in this city with a vigor that is astounding. Last night was no exception to the rule. Yesterday evening, about 6 o'clock, Mr. William Jones, the jeweler, who lives in the Twenty-second ward, and whose place of business is at 40 South Main street, left his place of business for his home. On his return this morning he found the lines cut and unlocked and the place presented an appearance of general disorder. Most of the cases were broken open and some stripped of their contents. A hurried inventory of the missing articles was taken. It is as follows: Thirty-five gold rings (as with gashed, pearl, ruby, diamond, opal, etc.), one dozen gold stone chains, twenty-five gold watch chains, twenty-five gold watches, twenty-five pair cuff links, one dozen pair cuff links, five mandolin pins, several lockets, crosses and a miscellaneous lot of other articles. The whole is valued at between $[illegible] and $[illegible].

Entrance was effected by means of a skeleton key through the front door. Marks of the jimmy were also discovered on and in the show case on the upper floor. The exact time of the robbery is not known, but it is believed to have been committed between last midnight and 6 a.m.

"Mormonism" Will Not Down.

Such is the verdict of those who have sent their utmost endeavors to throttle it for more than half a century past. It has been denounced as being everything that is vile, corrupt, degrading—the very demon of humanity, and has been pursued with unremitting determination to blot it out of existence, but it still goes on.

Late exhibitions of its vitality and constant growth are evidence of its enduring nature, living energy that is not derived from earth or humanity. This system comes renewed but vain protestations to appear in the editorial columns of a morning city paper that indicate more than ordinary suffering—hopless agony.

Pursued with a heart that was always susceptible of pity for the distressed, has enabled me to notice this case as worthy of consideration. The cause of this turbulent condition of the opposers of "Mormonism" must be ascertained before remedies prescriptions can be made available. Should the cause appear to be only imaginary, a tearful appreciation of something that never can be realized, a little soothing syrup to allay those fears might be made available as a remedy that a more heroic treatment.

Similar cases have heretofore existed and from them we may learn a profitable lesson. As, for instance, a certain King Herod became very fearful that there was a power to arise, by reason of the claims of one Jesus who had been hailed for to be king of the Jews, that might interfere with his reign of power over his subjects. This fearful apprehension of something not in the near prospect, but him in adequate proportion to the magnitude of the cause, putting to death of many innocent children of his own subjects, to be sure of destroying the cause of his life, which was so much to be feared. The failure to accomplish his only resulted more conspicuous his folly, as many gathered around the cradle of the child Jesus. He disposed life and possessed virtues unknown to Herod's surroundings.

This piece of history is repeating itself in our day. Herod's fear was groundless from heaven by an angel was the least, proclaiming peace on earth and good will to men, and Joseph the child Jesus, in his maturity, emphatically repeated it as a declaration that the kingdom of heaven was at hand for all the world, that proclamation was repeated, and he became the victim of cruel hate, of unmeaning persecution, and his life was sought with the intent to those which attended the Prince of Peace. Death alone would satisfy a world of hate and strife, who look upon that message of peace as the sayings of a madman. Let us hear the All humanity was summoned to the conflict, and it has been waged, as then, to the suffering and death of many who were innocent.

He with his power in the earth called "Mormonism," the same alone terrorizes the side with fear its mighty opponents.

It is a noticeable fact that the weapons with which the opposers come forward are the weapons of war, and they are engaged, are as unlike as to suggest the nature of the claims they make. Our weapons are of an opposite character, spiritual, truthful, persuasive, kindness and love for man, being supported by every species of wholesome, innocuous and true. The weapons of the other side are carnal, they kill the body and are prompted by fear, avarice, love of worldly power and gain.

Those who fill the rankest constitute the physical force of the opposing powers, foolish, so great a number of them are ignorant. The big bulk of the rank and file are good men. On the one hand are those who recognize God and the obligations they are under to him, and who desire to live so as to maintain in their lives righteousness and every virtue that can add them in securing eternal salvation. Among the other we find those who profane God's name, the drunkard, the liar, the profligate and those who work all manner of abominations. They are mingled with those of "seven war" if they cannot without it accomplish what their evil imaginations crave.

They have been together, lived and feed in the shadow of strife and hate. Their affinities have been divorced of peace, and their spirits are blended with those so unnatural associations which are anything but Christ. Their political associations and those are not and Federal in character, but are made them to result in many measures that will sunder them in such opposition as Turkey and Russia. Under these conditions we exhibit the effect traits of human character.

The great enemy of all this world's conflict is Union. Fellowship and brotherhood would sweep it off. The interests of Christendom, as inculcated by its founder, would utterly antagonize the vast powers focused in harmony and peace would be unusual way. The future is found among the Mormons, and which people and nations, the time of its final Armageddon, the hearts of men with a fearful apprehension that the days of peace may find an end—that there is a power growing in the land with which they may not be able to successfully cope. This fear and fear which has been remote to declamation and more that entirely upon the divine right to interfere with the affairs of men. They seem that man's fear to be that need to a necessary concession to. Should unions, peace and righteousness prevail, the power of every nation would be in the nation, and the nation would prevent force of human government, and leave no pretension to Supreme empire.

Could these apprehensions be relieved by the nothing assurance that love with peace and good will to men, we would be in better things, which should be the sign of universal peace and good will among men, to prevent the fulfillment of the vision of "Mormonism." If such must prevail, then what we will "Mormonism" with that strength to contend with, is a question to be fairly considered. A world of strife will, more in reference, for some more of years. The end brings that now prevail will give place to the right and peace. The world of hate and opposition will be one of love and sympathy, and being redemption from human tyranny, by integrating the rights of the people to do.

Why not welcome the change? Why not hail with gladness the rays of the dawn of Heaven's day? Shall Being perpetual pass to us, and stay to that in the highest? H. W. B.

Condition of Cider Gates.

To answer the many inquiries made as to the condition of President Joseph Cider, this line has been forwarded in the News by a Provo correspondent:

"Since a week last Sunday President Cider has been confined to his bed, and has been so ill that his death was for a time expected. Like the brave old soldier that he is, he has faced all the circumstances of disease with perfect calmness and composure. Once this last week he said he had perceived the form of a certain Being at his side, now he was about to try the medicine of what he had provided.

The last few days his body has been racked with pain, and his mortal nature has suffered keenly in watching his agony. The morning he stayed for death to release him, then turned to his wife and said, "Do not weep, I shall meet your loved ones yet, and you shall live yet many years to come. Go on and build as you have contemplated and you shall be blessed in your work." You have been a friend to Cider and his children, and God has remembered you for it. In the strange of dying he pronounced the rock of everlasting life.

A SAILOR'S BOUT.

It Terminates in Justice Keeler's Court Today.—A Close Fight.—General Police News.

Henry Jensen and Henry Olson, a brace of youthful and belligerent sailors, who arrived and lands are covered with suspective and romantic characters of various designs stamped in India ink, were before Justice Keeler this morning on a charge of fighting, the former as defendant and the latter as complainant witness, made to testify against his own will. It appeared that the men are recent arrivals in this city. Both claimed to be experienced sailors, having visited in European waters for many years past. The latter said that which they were arrested in the police court appeals to have been entirely due to the drinking of a large amount of whisky. The men have been bosom companions for a long time and showed their affection by consuming such cheer. After leaving the saloon, he said, he said that it was only a "friendly fight" and that he would only file the account 21. The account was taken by the officers and friends, and the two belligerents went away clasping hands and exchanging their black, trusted and swollen eyes.

Jim Johnson, an aristocratic colored man, and a negress named Carrie Davis, engaged in a tussle for with the former was arrested on a warrant this morning. The charge is assault and battery. Johnson was released on his own recognizance.

Charlotte Hall, a liquor consuming female, plead guilty to drunkenness. Sentence was suspended.

Andrew Anderson, John Burns, and John Doe, were also arraigned on inebriety and disposed of in the regulation way.

Shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Macey was fined $4 or incarcerating in a tinder of sincere language.

The case of F. C. Gregg, charged with keeping an unregistered dog, was set down for hearing on Friday next.

M. Shalom, a Hebrew, was arraigned for violating the ordinance prohibiting a hack driver from going farther than six feet from his hack while at the depot awaiting the arrival of passenger trains. He was adjudged guilty, but a long sig his offence sentence was suspended.

NOTES.

Patrolman Carl J. Hickey, who has been indisposed for some time, is again doing duty.

A warrant has been sworn to by Dog Tax Collector Gallagher, for the arrest of F. C. Gregg, which he accuses of refusing to pay taxes on a pet spaniel.

Walter Fox, who is accused of throwing to hate the Timolee of Mr. Hiler at 107 East First South street, is still out of jail, though the police have sworn to many indictments for him.

Mrs. Mary Ann Fogerson, Senior Partner—How is our new house selling out?

Junior Partner—First rate. We sold a dollar's worth yesterday, and it was all paid for in Mission models.—Cloak Review.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

The Route of the Proposed Railroad From San Francisco to Salt Lake City.

A CATHOLIC PROCESSION IN MADRID INTERRUPTED.

The Investigation of the Elections.—The Dakota Storm.—The New Orleans Lynching Settled.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE PROPOSED ROAD.

To Run Both Ways Salt Lake to San Francisco.

San Francisco, April 14.—A few persons talking of the route of the proposed railroad from this city to Salt Lake City. "The new road will run southerly and westerly through Salt Lake by through the richest portions of Utah Inlet and through the great coffee ranges of eastern and central Nevada, thence to Inyoko Station, Inyoko is a comparatively straight course to a point near Wadsworth, where it will intersect the Central Pacific and from this point through the Sierras Lake in Plumas county, California, and by easy gradients down the Bucklin Pioneer valley and thence by regulated ingress to north California to San Francisco, with yards and supply depot near Alvarado in Alameda county, at which point, there also one side of such affiliate for more building and fillings, and which at a comparative small expenditure might be filled into a second way station on the shores of San Francisco bay, so that the railway road have a direct line access to this city without forty transfers."

The Investigation of the Elections.

Chicago, April 14.—The investigation of the Illinois ballot frauds was continued today at the request of the prosecutors of British and Egyptian troops. The scene of investigation was now by the Turkish special envoy, and this was followed by military salute and the firing of cannon, amid the plaudits of the multitude. The city was decorated and the day observed as a holiday. There will be a grand illumination tonight.

The Storm in South Dakota.

Rapid Falls, S. D., April 14.—The heavy snowstorm of yesterday has turned into a blinding snowstorm this morning, which still continues. Seven inches of wet snow has fallen. The storm appears to be general throughout the state.

The Spanish Anarchists at Work.

Madrid, April 14.—The anarchists after a period of inactivity, started up again yesterday. While the Holy Thursday procession was moving through the streets of Cadiz and the crowds on either side were bowing reverently as the holy emblems passed, a bomb was thrown into the midst of the processions. People fled in terror in every direction. A number of processionists were injured by the explosion and the sight of the blood of their fellows made them more frantic than they were before. In the confusion the miscreants escaped.

Many arrests are made in Cadiz and Valencia, in connection with the recent dynamite plot. The authorities continue to receive letters threatening the lives of the rich and destroying their property. Many threats are made to destroy places of worship. The Anarchist Manzas, under arrest, showed the police a bomb which would explode when immersed in water. It is said it was the intention to place them in the water mains of Barcelona.

The Sun's Storm.

Boston, Mass., April 14.—A storm raged all night with unabated fury and at daybreak this morning there were nearly eighteen inches of snow on the level. Later the sun came out and the snow began to melt rapidly.

The Mississippi Flood.

Charleston, Mo., April 14.—Backwater from the Mississippi and Ohio rivers has flooded the lowlands to the depth of from one to ten feet. A large number of stock perished and much damage was done to growing crops.

The New Orleans Lynching Affair.

London, April 14.—A dispatch from Rome says that a series of notes has passed between Italy and Marquis Imperiali, the Italian charge d'affaires, Washington, relating to the settlement of the differences between Italy and the United States growing out of the lynching of the Italians at New Orleans. It is stated to this dispatch, Marquis Imperiali offers the Italian government that he had received from the United States Minister for the families of the victims. This money, the Marquis adds, was accompanied by a note from Blaine in which the Secretary of State said the wrong was not committed directly by the United States, the latter nevertheless feels a solemn duty in the premises. The note adds that Blaine declares that he feels great pleasure in the government paying Italy a satisfactory indemnity. In consequence of this Blaine, the latter hopes his arrangement will not the disagreeable duty of being called by Harrison, the latter hopes this arrangement will not the disagreeable duty of being called by Harrison, the former good relations between the two nations time to firmly re-established and that nothing in the future will occur to disturb friendly relations. In his note replying to Blaine's communication, Imperiali says Italy has already with Cleveland, Blaine, the note in which Cleveland said the lynching was a crime at the opening of Congress. The Marquis further says Italy considers Italy indemnity sufficient without pushing the action at law that may be brought by the injured parties. He also expresses the hope that the payment of the indemnity will result in a long reestablishment of the relations between the governments.

What Will Be?

Councilman Washburn announced in the City Council meeting on Tuesday night that when the lease for 1892 were issued there would be a new, and that in order to anticipate and prepare for it he offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the city recorder be directed to notify by communication to the Council in the Council's estimate, showing the amount of taxes on the rate of taxation for 1892 on the class of Sanitary Venues, Pawnee, San Francisco, Los Angeles Street, Sa Fed, Mining Stock City, Omaha, Kansas City and Omaha other western cities.

John Henry Smith, Pres. Arthur H. Calder, Vice-Pres.
Wm. S. Wallace, Sec. G. R. Parsons, Treas.

CO-OP FURNITURE CO.

We call special attention to our New Store, New and Large Stock, north of Z. C. M. I.
FURNITURE of all kinds, and an elegant assortment of CARPETS of all grades.

CONFERENCE VISITORS

Invited to inspect, as we meet all legitimate competition and Guarantee Satisfaction. Call and be satisfied with goods and prices.

We invite inspection of

OUR NEW WALL PAPERS

At 37 and 41 E. FIRST SOUTH STREET,

Where can be seen a choice line of

CARPETS and FURNITURE,

Also CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES, POLES, etc., etc.
You can always depend on getting reliable goods at lowest prices from NEVE & CHILD.

The ANNUAL CONFERENCE SALE at the

People's Equitable Co-op. Association

7 & 9 Main Street, from March 28th to April 12, 1892.
Headquarters for Conference Visitors. We have an immense Stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Groceries, etc., to select from.
$10,000 worth of Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing will be sold at less price than any other house in the city.
Our Shoe Department is complete in Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes. Our prices will satisfy all who come.
Standard Prints, 40 designs, cut from full pieces (no remnants) at 5c. per yard, regular price twelve yards for $1.00. 5-lb. bunches best Carpet Warp for $1.90 bunch. Boys' Shirt Waists in Indigos and Flannelette, 25c. each.
We cannot here enumerate the many Bargains we have to offer, but invite examination of our goods and prices at the P. E. CO-OP., next to Zion's Savings Bank.
H. J. FOULGER, Manager.

Utah Book & Stationery Co.,

72 Main St., Salt Lake City.

Toys, Albums, Periodicals, School Books, Novels, Supplies for Offices and Architects, Purses, Society Stationery, Church and Standard Works, Globe Letter Files, &c.

DUNCAN M. McALLISTER, Manager.

EASTER ∴ CARDS.

A Lawyer in Trouble.

Last evening W. E. White was arrested at Ogden by Deputy Marshal W. F. Gill, on a charge of swindling.

For some time past it seems that the United States officers have been keeping their eyes on him for various little moral indiscretions, but White, it is alleged, on several occasions, made the boast that he could defend or arrest him or event out a warrant they were so deep in the mire as he, and numerous were the threats of dire vengeance in case any action was taken on his case.

Some days ago a young woman sighing herself Helen Marshall, from this city, went to Ogden, and White at once began to pay her marked attention. Tuesday afternoon Deputy Marshal W. F. Gill, thinking that a complaint charging White and Mrs. Marshall with adultery, as a bewitcher, was sworn out. The former was arrested by Gill, who also served the warrant on the girl. Both were taken before Judge Chase and gave bonds to appear for trial on Saturday. White in the sum of $1,000, John Kirk and Joseph Dunn being his bondsmen, and the girl in the sum of $500, John Kirk and F. Pender and George W. Cate going her security.

White is said to be an attorney.

Contract Crisis in Italy.

Rome, April 14.—Owing to differences on financial measures, the entire ministry has resigned. The king has commissioned Prime Minister Rudini to form a new cabinet.

Try our Chow Chow, S. L. Pickle Co.

Nessel & Grotte

Have removed their Coal Office to 136 S. Main Street. Telephone 1[illegible].

Try our White Onions, S. L. Pickle Co.

As a meeting of the National Master Plumbers' Association held April 11th it was unanimously resolved that hereafter no figures will be furnished in contracts in consequence of the defective lath law.

H. C. JAMES, Pres.
H. GREEN, Sec'y.

WANTED.

A YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Inquire at 1[illegible] Second East.

OMAHA AND RETURN.

One Fare for the Round Trip.

For the accommodation of those desiring to visit all points west of, in the vicinity of, or at Omaha, in May, during the session of the Methodist General Conference, the Union Pacific will sell tickets to Omaha and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale April 29th to 30th inclusive, limited to June 1, 1892.

For any additional information, apply to D. E. BURLEY, General Agent, Union Pacific System, 261 Main Street.

FOR SOLOG,

You can get a Spring Suit Made to Order from Provo Cloth at JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO. No. 36 Main Street.

TYSON & PECK,

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

GOOD ∴ FRIDAY!

HOT X BUNS

WEBB & FEVERYEAR'S

TOMORROW.

BOSTON CASH REGISTERS

Stop the Leaks.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

F. E. McGILLICUDDY,
Pioneer Agt., SALT LAKE CITY

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known.

Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome. No other baking powder does such work.