

was introduced at the last meeting of the club and referred to a special committee, was taken up. After some discussion, a resolution was adopted as a compromise declaring that the club expressed the hope that the committee on admissions would not report for admission the name of any persons whose views on public matters did not, in their opinion, agree with those of the republican party is heretofore expressed. This virtually ends the dispute, which has agitated the club for the past month or two.

After the Mexican railway meeting last night Gould proposed the formation on the spot of a special committee to take into consideration the whole subject of railway communication with Mexico. This proposition was adopted and the following gentlemen were informally named on the spot as members of the committee: Chairman, General Grant; Romero, representing Mexico; C. P. Huntington, representing the Southern Pacific R. R.; Gen. G. M. Dodge, representing the Texas Pacific R. R.; Jay Gould, representing the Missouri, Kansas and Texas R. R.; C. F. Woerischoffen and Gen. Wm. J. Palmer, representing the Palmer and Sullivan grant; Edward D. Adams, representing the Mexican Central grant and the Sonora grant; Thomas McKerson, representing the Mexican Central grant; T. Jefferson Coolidge representing the Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fe R. R., and J. H. Mark.

The *Times* has a double-leaded editorial to-day advocating a national subscription to provide a perpetual fund whose annual income shall be enjoyed during life and the man holding of a federal office by the oldest ex-President of the United States. The minimum capital of the fund shall be \$250,000, and its probable income not less than \$12,500. Details as to the management of such a trust are matters for after consideration. Subscriptions to the amount of \$50,000 are already guaranteed in the neighboring city. The fact that Grant would, in all probability be the first beneficiary of the contemplated trust does not in the least make it a movement in his special interest.

HALIFAX, 12.—About 6.30 this morning an explosion of gas occurred on the South Sideford pit to Stellarton. All the miners were at work in different borders. The explosion was so terrible as to sweep across to the other side of the pit killing men and horses within reach. Almost all the men on the north side will be saved while all at work on the south side have been lost. At least 60 are missing. Five men have been brought up and are likely to recover. Probably 40 are shut up within the fallen coal in the south side. The accident was presumably caused by some miner firing a shot in a forbidden part of the workings. The disaster occurred in the Ford Pit, Albion Mines. All who have come up are likely to live. A working party is down. Not much hope for the safety of the 30 or 35 known to be in the mine. Stellarton now reports only 30 or 40 men in the part of the mine on fire. Another explosion is expected every moment.

CHICAGO, 12.—The *Times* Washington says: Gen. Pope's report says there will be no trouble with the Utes until late in the spring, nor probably in the future, as their lands prove too barren to attract white immigration. The Navajos are the most formidable, mustering 2,000 fighters. It is very desirable that the question of the right of the whites to settle in Indian territory be passed upon as soon as practicable by a United States court. Hatch and Morrow receive commendation for the Victorio campaign.

The *Times*' Rome special says: It is well known in Vatican circles that the Pope is much embarrassed about Irish affairs. He fully understands it is no question between Catholics and Protestants, but between friends of order and anarchy. He openly disapproves of the agrarian government, and sincerely desires to assist the English government, if possible. He is well aware he is only hearing one side of the case, and feels were he to break silence he might, in seeking to do good, produce a contrary result, through his imperfect knowledge of affairs.

A Dublin special says: The Orangemen composing the Boycott relief expedition were hooted nearly the whole of the way from Claremorris to Ballinrobe. They took up their quarters in the barracks for the night; the barracks were guarded by troops. The expedition starts for Boycott's farm at noon to-day, guarded by 150 infantry and a squad-

dron of hussars. One hundred infantry and a squadron of cavalry encamped last night near Boycott's house. Boycott has announced his intention of quitting Ireland. Considerable lull in the excitement at Ballinrobe to-day. During the night 200 more troops arrived.

NEW YORK, 12.—The executive committee of the Democratic National Committee had a private meeting to night, which was not over until midnight. Members present were Barnum, Prince, Hewitt, Wm. M. Armstrong, of Ohio, and Wm. M. Scott, of Pennsylvania. Hiram Atkinson, chairman of the democratic State committee, of Vermont, acted as proxy for Bradley B. Smalley, of Vermont. Charles J. Canda, treasurer of the national committee, as proxy for Alvah W. Sulloway, and M. C. Whitney, corporation counsel of this city, as proxy for Outerbridge Horsey, of Maryland. Barnum presided. The committee issued the following address:

"In response to inquiries, the National Democratic Committee make the following statement in reference to the so-called Morey letter: First, neither the committee, nor any subcommittee thereof, has ever taken any action with reference to the letter; 2nd, that it was first called to the attention of the chairman on the night before its publication in *Truth* on the 20th of October; 3rd, that the chairman thereupon requested Smalley, member of the committee to examine the letter, but permission to do so was refused at the office of *Truth*; 4th, that no member of the committee ever saw the letter or any copy or portion thereof until after its publication, or was in anywise therein, or gave any advice in reference thereto; 5th, that Hart, the publisher of *Truth* brought the original letter to headquarters, No 138 Fifth Avenue, on the afternoon of the 20th of October, where it was seen for the first time by any member of the committee, and then examined by several members of the committee and other persons not members, and all those who were familiar with the handwriting of Gen. Garfield came to the conclusion that the letter was genuine; 6th, the committee decided to purchase a reasonable number of electrotype plates of the fac simile, which had already been prepared by *Truth*; 7th, that no denial having come from Gen. Garfield, denying the authenticity of the letter, notwithstanding the telegraphic demand of the New York *Herald* and a very sharp leader in that paper, the committee decided to give out the electrotype plates, which was accordingly done. The propriety of this action was not doubted by the committee, as the letter seemed to be in harmony with Gen. Garfield's views upon the subject covered by the letter, gathered from the public records of undoubted genuineness; 8th, that the first complete denial was not published until four days after the original publication in *Truth*, and to this denial, unsupported by any other evidence, the committee, in view of Gen. Garfield's connection with other scandals, attached no weight; 9th, that, therefore, when the evidence was offered to show that Morey was a real person, and not a myth, the committee called for its production, as they were bound to do in order to arrive at the truth; 10th, that if the letter has been forged, any fraud committed in reference thereto, or any false evidence been given, it was done without the knowledge, consent or privity of the committee or any member thereof; finally, the committee approves of all honest measures to punish any and all persons who have committed any violation of law, and have no interest in the matter but to arrive at the very truth of the affair. That there should be doubt as to the authenticity of the letter is largely due to the failure of the prosecution to put General Garfield on the stand.

By order of the Committee.
(Signed) Wm. H. BARNUM,
Chairman.
FREDERICK O. PRINCE,
Secretary.

The following resolutions offered by Scott and seconded by Armstrong, were passed:

WHEREAS, Allegations of fraud in various States and especially in the State of New York have been brought to the notice of this committee.

Resolved, That the committee has no jurisdiction over the local violation of election laws, but recommend the several democratic committees of the States where these frauds have been committed to investigate

them with a view to the exposure of violations of law, and their prompt and just punishment. In relation to the duties of courts and Congress in the premises this committee is not and cannot be charged with any advisability.

A resolution was also passed tendering the thanks of the committee to W. H. Barnum, chairman, to the advisory committee, for the efficient and faithful manner in which they performed their respective duties.

WASHINGTON, 12. — Adjutant-General Drumm, in his annual report, says: My earnest wish is to still more assimilate the rules and forms governing both the regular army and the militia. It needs no special argument to demonstrate the manifold advantage that would necessarily flow from a perfect, uniform training by the same manuals used. In the internal economy of a company, regiment or brigade. The same forms for returns, requisitions, reports, etc., should govern in their annual encampments precisely in the manner as a military camp in the presence of an enemy, almost every member of the State guard would be qualified for a commission in the volunteers. Under this plan, in actual need, 100,000 men, so officered, could be added to the regular army. The General recommends that an application of the Adjutant-General of a State be authorized to issue, in moderate quantities, such blanks as may be indicated as desirable for the use of State troops, especially during the summer encampment. Upon the subject of military education, the General says: I do not think the importance of an early and partial introduction of the youth of the country to military studies and habits can be over-estimated. The course of instruction does not interfere with the scholastic curriculum nor prevent them from entering the life for which they are preparing themselves. It, however, leads them to affiliate in after life with the militia of their respective States, and enhances their value as members of such organizations, and increases measurably the capacity of the State's national guards to furnish trained officers to the country in its hour of need.

Gen. Schofield, in his West Point report, discusses the Whittaker case, declaring it was a fraud and holding that the colored men, after a century of slavery, cannot expect to equal in intelligence and ability the man whose education is one of many years. He regards negroes as unjustifiably suspicious. The blacks have not yet reached a point in civilization when it is first apprehended that human nature may be governed by other motives than love, hatred or fear. In their zeal for the Government policy the authorities of the military academy heretofore have gone too far in forcing personal associations between white and black cadets without regard to prejudice, especially at mess table, and the military academy cannot, without utterly destroying its usefulness, be made a nursery for delicate house plants. Its use is to develop the fibre of those of more sturdy growth, and reject all who do not possess the requisite stamina.

Unless the African race is naturally superior to the Caucasian, and slavery a better school for race developments than freedom, it cannot be hoped that many colored boys will succeed where two-thirds of all the white boys now selected habitually fail. General Schofield recommends the retirement of color in the army in all its grades, and advises more care in appointments, for most of the colored men appointed cannot nearly pass examination.

CHICAGO, 12.—Secretary Burch, of the Senate, returned from Tennessee to-day, and believes the democrats will elect a United States Senator from that State. He thinks the two wings of the democracy will unite to prevent the election of a republican. The *Evening Star* has a Nashville special, however, which says it is rumored that two democrats of the Senate have promised to vote for Horace Maynard. One more vote would elect him.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: It is proposed by the republican congressmen who have been here since the election, to urge a different plan than heretofore in settling contests. In the case of one man unseated on account of a fraudulent count, his opponent may be seated, but in case the contestant makes out a case of bulldozing and intimidation, it is thought the best plan will be to unseat the sitting member found to have acquired his seat by such means, but not to seat

his opponent, but to send the matter back to the electors.

A cable dispatch says: Boycott is hunted and pursued and kept a prisoner in his dreary home. Nobody dares sell him bread even and he is deluged with communications of anything but a reassuring tone, but remains more defiant than ever. The Orangemen who are coming to harvest his crops will be a real affliction to him for he has no place to lodge them and certainly nothing to feed them with.

FOREIGN.

London, 11.—The *Times* says: A certain most important question, considered by yesterday's cabinet council, was whether all citizens of Ireland can be protected by the ordinary machinery of the law. We have reason to believe those who are most directly responsible for the administration of Irish affairs have come to the conclusion that, without increasing the power of the executive, the present state of things must not only continue, but enlarge its borders and become daily more enterprising and audacious. The article recommends the suspension of the *habeas corpus* act as a remedy.

Dublin, 11.—It is expected the Boycott relief expedition will reach Claremorris at half-past 2 this afternoon, and be searched to ascertain if they are armed. They will have to walk from Claremorris to Lough Mask, 15 miles, as conveyances cannot be procured for them.

A telegram from Ballina represents that great excitement prevails there in consequence of a report that 50 Orangemen would pass through that place for Boycott's farm. Fire arms were purchased and carried by bands of men to oppose the Orangemen. A meeting was hastily called and revolvers were produced, amid the most violent language against the government.

The expedition will be composed of two divisions from Cavan and Monaghan, 25 men from each county, inclusive of leaders.

No disturbance at Ballinrobe is apprehended, as 900 soldiers are in the vicinity.

Warren Shephard (colored) was hanged yesterday at Montgomery, Texas. He exhorted his colored friends to take warning from his fate, and said he was ready but not willing to die.

General Schofield reports that hazing has become nearly extinct. He thinks negro cadets can have the utmost justice, but out of 11 appointees but one graduated with credit.

Deputy Marshal James H. Barnes, of Socorro, N. M., disarmed a gambler named Gordon, from Chicago, who in the evening caught the marshal at a poker table, fired nine balls into his body and walked away.

GENERAL INSTRUCTION TO RELIEF SOCIETIES' SECRETARIES.

Hereafter Stake Secretaries will only require semi-annual reports, which should be furnished them as early as the 5th of September and March, to enable Stake Secretaries to prepare and forward their reports to the Central Secretary by the 15th, as she is required to give her report at President Taylor's office ten days prior to the General Conference. These instructions are designed for organized Stakes in all the world. Times of making out reports may be varied to suit the circumstances of branches in foreign countries and on the Islands.

SARAH M. KIMBALL,
Central Secretary.
By order of Relief Society President.
Salt Lake City, Nov. 1880.

The Universal Verdict
Of all who have taken BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC, is that it never fails to cure. Ask your druggist for it.
d & w

For Sick Headache,
Use BROWN'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

For sale by Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., and Moore, Allen & Co., Salt Lake.
d & w

ALABASTER is scarcely more immaculate than the complexion is beautified with GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.
d eod & w

IT IS TRULY WONDERFUL

TO SEE what improvements now exist as compared with railway travel only a few years ago. To become convinced of this, one has only to select for his route East, the popular and well-known

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY.

You are landed by the Union Pacific R. R. in the Union Depot at Council Bluffs, where stands the C. and N.-W. Palace train, composed of Pullman Hotel Cars, Pullman Sleeping Cars, elegant Day Coaches, Smoking Baggage, Postal Cars, etc., ready to convey its passengers through Iowa and Illinois, and into Chicago. Gliding smoothly along over the superb track of steel rail through thriving cities and villages, comfortably seated in this train, one scarcely discovers the high rate of speed which he is riding. Trains of this road are always on time, connections sure, and passengers seeking pleasure, comfort, safety and ease in traveling, will find the "North-Western" in excess of their expectations, and the greatest of all routes to Chicago and the East. Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road; all Agents sell them. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over this Road. If you wish the best Traveling Accommodations, you will buy your Tickets by this Route, **AND WILL TAKE NO OTHER.** dswly

"The Leaves for the Healing"

Of the natives of Siberia, are the leaves of the Arnica plant; to be found in all their healing power in BROWN'S ARNICA SALVE.

For sale every where. d & w

A FOETID BREATH.

How disagreeable! and the persons having the same are not aware of the fact; and their nearest friend will not mention it to them. Now, in most all instances this comes from a cold, which, when once cured, the breath again becomes sweet, and the remedy for all Coughs, Colds, Influenza and all affections of the Throat or Lungs, is

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. For sale by all druggists at 50 cents and \$1. Great saving by getting large size. Depot is at Crittenton's, 7 Sixth Avenue, New York City.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute. d eod & w

A Foul-Mouthed Woman

is even worse than a foul-mouthed man. But no one need be foul-mouthed if they will only use SO-ZODONT and rub it in well. Don't spare the brush and spoil the mouth, as some parents do with their children when they withhold the rod.

d eod & w

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

The following statement of Wm. J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., is so remarkable that we beg to ask for it the attention of our readers. He says: "In the fall of 1876 I was taken with a violent BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS followed by a severe cough. I soon began to lose my appetite and flesh. I was so weak at one time that I could not leave my bed. In the summer of 1877 I was admitted to the City Hospital. While there the doctors said I had a hole in my left lung as big as a half dollar. I expended over a hundred dollars in doctors and medicines. I was so far gone at one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I laughed at my friends, thinking that my case was incurable, but I got a bottle to satisfy them, when to my surprise and gratification, I commenced to feel better. My hope, once dead, began to revive, and to-day I feel in better spirits than I have the past three years.

"I write this hoping you will publish it, so that every one afflicted with Diseased Lungs will be induced to take DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. I have taken two bottles and can positively say that it has done more good than all other medicines I have taken since my sickness. My cough has almost entirely disappeared and I shall soon be able to go to work. Sold by all druggists.