

sects require a similar term of purgation to make them good for table use."

THE WORMS.—The apple-worms appear to be more numerous this year than last in this Territory. They are undoubtedly spreading as to the districts infested by them, if not increasing in number in the districts infested last year. They have also not only made their appearance this year in California, but the papers say that in the far eastern States they have appeared this present season in greater numbers than usual, and the fruit has been ravaged accordingly. There is still the hope left that the worms will leave our orchards some time as suddenly as they came. Their room is more agreeable than their company. Besides, our citizens do not wish to convert all their apples into "worm-juice," nor to have them become prematurely mere food for worms.

THE CLOVEN FOOT—IT CAN NOT HIDE.

THIS is the way the carpet-baggers' organ uncovered and exposed its cloven foot, the other morning, and we put it on record for future reference—

"Let us carry Salt Lake county and we will abolish the Endowment House if we have to level it to the ground."

"Let Brigham hold his own then as long as he can. It will be short enough. If Congress will give us a good election law and the unquestioned right and means to enforce it, we will compel him to abdicate within a few years, peaceably or forcibly, as the case may be."

Here are ruffianism, mobocracy, theft, spoliation, devastation, and murder unmistakably indicated and threatened, when the carpet-baggers have things all their own way, which is not yet. All this is manifestly in perfect accordance with the "aggressive" spirit boasted over and advocated by the missionary judge. It is the identical spirit manifested by the mob in Missouri when the Saints were told that the mob were determined to banish them, "peaceably if we can, forcibly if we must;" of the murderers of Joseph and Hyrum Smith, when they said, "If the laws of the land could not reach them, powder and ball should;" and of the Jews of old when they cried, "Crucify him! Crucify him!" and uttered the horrible imprecation, "His blood be on us, and on our children."

The spirit of murder is as plainly manifest in the present day carpet-baggers as in the guilty, brutal, blood-stained mobocrats of Haun's Mill and Carthage, or the clamoring Jews before Pilate.

MARRIAGE OF CHRISTIAN CHINESE.—The San Francisco *Chronicle* says that the first marriage of a Christian Chinaman and a Christian Chinawoman in that city took place August 22, and passed off with *eclat*. Mr. Loi Mong and Miss Chung Fu were the happy pair. The bridegroom became converted to Christianity in his own country, and he converted his sweetheart after he came to this country. The marriage was celebrated at the Chinese Mission House before a large number of invited guests, Mongolian and Caucasian, Rev. Dr. Loomis officiating in English, and Rev. Ira M. Condit in Chinese.

"The bride wore an elegant white gros-grain, skirt en train, pannier looped up with sprays of orange-blossoms and little satin bows. Her tresser would have created envy in the average American girl's breast. The corsage was worn high, with white illusion rache. The hair was elaborately dressed and surmounted with a wreath of orange-blossoms. A handsome point lace veil fell in graceful folds over the bride's shoulders. She wore ornaments of pearl and gold. The bridegroom was dressed in a stylish suit of black."

After the ceremony, the party

sat down to a magnificent banquet, and subsequently the newly wedded couple took a bridal tour in the country.

TOOMBS RAVING—A GOOD HATER.

GENERAL Robert Toombs, who lately quarrelled and then shook hands with Alex. Stephens, has something very biting to urge concerning the Federal Government. He is represented as saying, according to the Atlanta, (Ga.) *Herald*—

"I have been asked to run by a great many gentlemen in my district, but if every man, woman, and child in this district were to rise up and press it upon me I would not take it. I hate the government of the United States and would give my life to overthrow it. Hence, sir, as a gentleman, I could not accept an office in its service. I would not sit with the men who are at present in Congress. If I was admitted, I should soon be expelled, for I should rise at the first opportunity and denounce as utterly fraudulent the infamous [constitutional] amendments. This would not be tolerated as orthodox, and I would shake the dirt of the Senate from my feet again. My chapter of life at Washington is closed forever. I don't desire to add anything to it, nor to blot one vote or one word from it."

The government of the United States, in theory, is perhaps the best in the world, but in practice, it is otherwise, being often badly administered in many respects. Given, an upright administration of the United States Government, and of the governments of the various divisions of the federation, and the people of the United States would be the most peaceable, most orderly, most free, as to personal, civil and religious liberty, most comfortable, most prosperous, and most happy people on the face of the earth. As it is, in some respects and in some places, the United States is below the average of the civilized world.

GRASSHOPPER PROCLAMATION.

THE Governor of Nebraska issues a proclamation concerning grasshoppers and their ravages in Nebraska, dated Aug. 21. From information derived from leading officials in various counties, and extensive personal observation, the Governor concludes that while crops are shorter than for several years before, there is no failure or ground for serious alarm; that small grain is quite an average in yield and quality; that corn will range from a good half crop to possibly an entire failure in places; that root crops are very short; that fruit is more abundant than before, though inferior in size; that as a rule the State has never before produced so great an aggregate crop; that no immediate cases of want are yet reported; that at a number of points on the extreme borders help will be required soon, and must be extended through the Winter and next year's operations; that principally local aid can and will be afforded; that where it cannot the State ought to afford relief; that, though the facts are discouraging, Nebraska is not alone in the infliction and should be of good cheer; that the drought, which has been almost universal in the States and throughout the world, has done more harm than the grasshoppers, though the grasshoppers have been worse this year than ever before; that the people will not leave the country, and will principally need employment and extension of time on lands taken; that the more fortunate of Nebraskans will furnish the former, while Congress can afford the last named help.

THE BOMBHELL.—It is alleged by eastern and southern correspondents that, as a general thing, in the South before the partial passage of the Civil Rights Bill, the feeling

between the whites and the blacks was as friendly as any person could possibly expect, and went far beyond the most ardent expectations of the staunchest republicans. Whites and blacks were satisfied and content, they being on an equal footing, each having the same guarantees as the other. The blacks had their own schools, had plenty of employment, were cared for, and had the friendly hand of the South extended to them, the people as a whole accepting the situation. The blacks raised their own cotton and other produce, could rent as many acres as they wished, and pay in produce.

While those friendly relations were being enjoyed, and the South was on the high road to prosperity, the Civil Rights Bill burst upon them like a bombshell, scattering the seeds of discord, animosity, prejudice, and war all over the South. Says a newspaper correspondent—

"The recoil, as all must admit, rather staggered the advocates of that measure; but still there are plenty of men whose pretended esteem for that bill is the most fervent, but whose hearts are the least sincere. If we could only induce those unprincipled vampires to visit us, and see what misery and crime they have instigated, only to serve their selfish ends, I am positive, had they the least spark of humanity left, they would think more seriously over their actions."

"On the other hand, those who espouse the measure from pure motives and conscientiousness, would they could see the delusion—the *ignis fatuus* that lures them on. But I am afraid they, in their zeal, will not see their errors until they are felt. If they who have the welfare of the negro so at heart, would spend only a short while in our midst, and see him, you can say, in his native element, the way he is now in the cities, their sentimental musings would, indeed, undergo a change. They would find him in wretchedness and filth, which would excite horror rather than pity—some without any covering save a few rags, others whose bodies are covered by loathsome diseases (I am speaking now of the bulk)—the world has disclaimed them, society turns its back upon their distress, and has given them up to shift for themselves. Those who can work will not; those who want work are mistrusted. Such is only partially the unfortunate state of things now in existence."

There is such a good thing as letting pretty well alone, but many people seem to forget the advantage of it.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 1.

At Omaha.—W. C. Staines and party arrived at Omaha yesterday, all well.

Fell Dead.—On Monday morning a resident of Granite named John Lalonde, a native of Canada, fell down in a fit, at his residence, and suddenly expired.

Fined.—The boy Donovan, who struck Mr. Grenig's little girl on the forehead with a rock, was fined \$10. This case should prove a warning to other lads addicted to the dangerous practice of rock throwing.

A Fight.—Two men quarrelled in Fritz Adolph's saloon this afternoon. One struck the other with a rock and the one receiving the blow retaliated with a shot from a revolver, without doing damage. Both were arrested.

Tooele.—A large number of deputy U. S. marshals put in an appearance in Tooele on Saturday, and have been boasting about what they intend to do in using up the "Mormons." The using up of the "Mormons," however, is a very tough and difficult job.

Bad For Them.—The very heavy showers of this morning must have rendered the situation of the "Wasatch" Fire Company excursionists to Lake Side exceedingly uncomfortable, as the storm appeared to extend considerably to the northward.

Buildings Shaken.—During the thunderstorm this morning there was a terrific clap of thunder, the like of which is not often heard.

It seemed to roll directly over the city, and made many of the buildings tremble, as if the ground was being shaken by a genuine earthquake shock.

The Navajoes.—We learn from a telegram received to-day from Kanab, that the Navajoe Indians, who have been for some time troublesome and threatening in the South, are now becoming more friendly, and are about visiting the settlements on a trading expedition.

Woman's Exponent for Aug. 15 contains "Editorial Notes," "R. S. Reports," "Women's Voice," "Obedience," "Does it Pay?" "Retrenchment," "Deseret University," "Treatment of Animals," "Home Affairs," "Household Hints," "Hygienic Notes," "Mary Somerville," "Civility and Sincerity," etc.

Our First Hundred Years.—This is a well got up work, and is to be issued in twelve monthly parts of 64 or more royal octavo pages each, with a series of full page engravings, and to be completed by July 4, next year. It will be a guide book to American progress for the last hundred years, and can hardly fail to be a work of much interest.

Another Postponement.—This morning Mr. Nathaniel V. Jones appeared before U. S. Commissioner Kimball to answer to a charge preferred against him of assaulting and beating one Whittemore, with intent to do bodily injury. Owing to there being no prosecuting attorney or prosecuting witness present, the case was continued until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Begging.—Begging among the "Liberals" has commenced to defray the expenses of the illegal proceedings of the Tooele election. They announce that that affair has already involved the Tooele County "Liberals" in indebtedness, but do not state the amount that was paid for illegal votes, by the dozen. The Tooele County tax list shows that fully three-fourths of the liberal votes cast were fraudulent.

Preparatory School.—Misses M. E. and Ida I. Cook, as per their advertisement, will open a graded school in the Social Hall and Thirtieth Ward Schoolrooms to-morrow, to cover a primary, intermediate and high school course. These ladies are well known to be able and accomplished teachers, and parents will do well to take advantage of the opportunity to secure for their children a course of efficient teaching.

Mortuary.—Sexton's report for August. Males 33, females 31; of these adults 23, children 41. Causes of death as reported: consumption 8; inflammation of bowels 7; fevers 7; brain disease 5; inflammation of lungs 5; apoplexy 4; heart disease 4; effects of injuries 4; teething 3; convulsions 3; killed accidentally 2; paralysis 2; marasmus 2; gravel 1; cancer 1; liver complaint 1; old age 1; croup 1; cancer 1; chronic asthma 1; suicide 1; not reported 5; total interments 69.

JOSEPH E. TAYLOR, Sexton.

Agreeably Disappointed.—Last night a large quiet Rip Van Winkle looking man, giving the name of Henry Hansen, was locked up at the City Hall, being much intoxicated. When he was let out this morning he said when he awoke, at an early hour, he had no idea where he was and immediately commenced groping about for his pocket book, which he couldn't find. When it was returned to him, with its contents, he was profuse in his expressions of gratitude to the police for taking care of himself and his money.

Till Robbery.—Messrs. Matthiesson & Co., proprietors of the German Bakery, Commercial Street, had their till robbed three times within the last week. The first time was a week ago last Sunday, the second on the following Tuesday, and the third and last time on Saturday, their entire loss amounting to between \$50 and \$80. Mr. Matthiesson and his partner are industrious gentlemen, and do the most of their own waiting, and it is supposed that the stealing was done during the momentary absence of both from the counter. The act could easily thus have been done by an adroit thief, as the water font is close to the till.

Some tills or money drawers are so fixed that they can not be opened without sounding an alarm bell.

It would be profitable for the proprietors of the German Bakery and others to have such tills.

Montgomery Queen's Show.—We received a call to-day from Mr. Claude Williams, the gentlemanly advance agent of Montgomery Queen's mammoth show, which exhibited here in the beginning of July. Mr. Williams arrived in town this morning and expects the circus and menagerie to pay a return visit to Salt Lake on or about the 6th of October. He purposes leaving for Texas in a day or two to find out the prospect for a run in that part of the country. He states that the show had a splendid run of three weeks in San Francisco and is now out in the country.

The first night they opened in San Francisco they had a rough time with the notorious "hoodlums" of that city, who attempted to force their way into the pavilion without paying. They attacked the circus men, killing one and wounding four or five others, besides nearly pounding a policeman to death.

Reasons.—There are many reasons why a narrow gauge railroad should be built between this City and the Weber coal beds, via Parley's Park.

It would be a decided solution of the coal question.

It would develop the splendid and extensive lumber resources along its route, which are unsurpassed by those of any other locality within the same distance of this City.

It would encourage the development of the mineral resources of the Parley District.

It would provide labor for many hundreds of people who have now nothing to do and a prospect of having consequently not anything like an abundance of the necessary wherewithal to feed and clothe them.

It could scarcely fail to be a paying road, as the coal interests, the general mining interests, and the lumbering and farming interests would all create a freight and passenger traffic that could not well fail to make it remunerative.

Public Museum.—With a silver Saxon dollar of 1765, and a polished pebble from the Rock of Gibraltar, comes the following note from the Superintendent of the Deseret Museum—

"MUSEUM, Aug. 31st, 1874.

Editor Deseret News:

"Dear Sir—Will you kindly notice the accompanying present I have received from Henry Sewell, Esq., for our future Public Museum; and please to acknowledge the receipt of the same in your columns? The idea of a free public museum was mooted some time ago in the *Mining Gazette*, and, although nothing has been done in the matter, I am willing to receive donations for such an institution. The medal is very curious. It gives one some notion of primitive modes of smelting and mining. The process of sieve-washing, which has now resolved itself into concentration, shows that the men of the last century understood the principle that Mr. Sewell has so frequently brought before the public since 1871.

"Yours faithfully,
"JOSEPH L. BARFOOT."

KITING.—Dr. Franklin gave vent to the use of the kite for purposes of locomotion or towage. Mr. W. W. Harrall, a merchant of Bridgeport, Conn., resuscitated the idea, and proposes to employ a kite ten feet by eight, with a tail 100 feet long, to draw him from Sea-side Park across Long Island Sound to Smithtown Bay, a distance of over twenty miles, in an open boat, without masts, sails, or oars. He believes he can make the journey in four hours.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.—H. Brunton, late of the Washington House has removed to the Overland House Meals 30 cents. w13 1y

WEST JORDAN GRIST and MERCHANT MILL

HAS been placed in first-class running order, to compete with any mill in the Territory. Is now run by the superior management of A. T. LAWRENCE, former manager of the celebrated D. R. Allen's Mill. We now offer to the public a first-class article of Flour. We invite the patronage of our former customers to give us a trial. d259 3