DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XII. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 14, 1879. NO. 300.

THE EVENING NEWS

Published every evening except Sunday.

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" " six months " 5.25
" " three months, " 2.65

.....THE.....

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

HAVING been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Levi Murdock, late deceased, by the Probate Court of Salt Lake County, Utah Territory:

Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of said deceased, and all persons having claims against said deceased or estate, that they are required to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers to the undersigned, at the office of A. Miner, E. q., Second South Street, Salt Lake City, in said county, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, or the same will be forever barred. And all persons owing said estate are hereby requested to settle their indebtedness with the undersigned without delay.

JOHN W. & MURDOCK,
Administrator of said Estate.

Salt Lake City,
Oct. 25th, 1879. d 2*, 10 9 to 25, 11, 9

WATCHES JEWELRY

ABOUT three months ago all the watchmakers in this city agreed and subscribed to certain prices for work in their line, for the purpose of obtaining uniform and fixed rates. This agreement, however, has already been broken by several watchmakers, who are underselling their colleagues and thereby proving themselves untrue to their written word. In consequence of which, the undersigned has withdrawn his name from said agreement and established his own prices, **Cheaper than any other Watchmaker's in Salt Lake City.**

CLEANING WATCHES $1.50 A PIECE

And everything else in the line of

WATCHES and JEWELRY

Reduced in the Same Proportion.

Articles and Workmanship Guaranteed to Give Perfect Satisfaction.

CARL C. ASMUSSEN,

Per J. NEILSEN, Manager.

Lake City, Sept d4m

For You, Madam,

Whose complexion betrays some humiliating imperfection, whose mirror tells you that you are Tanned, Sallow and disfigured in countenance, or have Eruptions, Redness, Roughness or unwholesome tints of complexion, we say use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its delicate, harmless and delightful article, producing the most natural and entrancing tints, the artificiality of which no observer can detect, and which soon becomes permanent if the Magnolia Balm is judiciously used.

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Toilet Soaps,
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For Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Throat and Liver Complaints, Affections of the Kidneys, etc., use

HARFOOT'S

Balsam of Indian Root,

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MR. F. A. PASCOE will supply fine screened Quick Lime, suitable for disinfecting cesspools, and neutralizing all decaying organic substances for TWO DOLLARS PER TON, in large or small quantities, at his Pioneer Perpetual Lime Kilns, First North of Warm Springs, Salt Lake City.

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BEWARE OF CHOLERA!

Also Colics Spasms, Cramps, and like disorders, at this season of the year.

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No. 7 Market Row,

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Trimming

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Prices Reasonable

J. WALKER, Manager.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

EASTERN.

LAND OFFICE REPORT.

Disposal of Lands in the Great West

WASHINGTON, 13.—The annual report of the General Land Office exhibits the following disposal of public lands in California during the last fiscal year: Taken for homesteads, 228,111; purchased for cash under pre-emption entries, 114,228 acres; timber culture entries perfected, 15,619 acres; taken under desert land law, 24,067 acres: cash receipts from all sources $276,505; incidental expenses, $48,342, only about 9,500 acres were patented to the State of California last year, under the federal grants, for all purchasers, 5,272 being the total for indemnity school selections. The total number of desert land entries in the whole country was 530, embracing an aggregate of 169,996 acres or only about half the totals of preceding years.

The desert land entries in Nevada aggregate about 28,000 acres; in Montana, 39,000; in Arizona, 15,000; and in Oregon, 5,000.

The General Land Office report incorporates large portions of a report received from Surveyor General Wagner. It shows that only about $30,000 was alloted for the survey of California agricultural lands, 10,000 for timber lands, 4,000 for private lands, and about $32,000 was advanced by settlers and railroad companies for surveys. The total number of acres of public lands in California surveyed during the last fiscal year was 1,910,431 acres leaving about 4,100,000 still unsurveyed. Surveyor General Wagner says that nearly all the lands in California now unsurveyed should be sectionized without restrictions as to their contractor and recommends the removal of all restrictions. He says grazing and other lands are so interminglied that it is practically impossible to properly draw the line of demarcation, consequently small tracts of valuable land must be left unsurveyed. The restrictions have not resulted economically to the government as the resurvey frequently necessitated by this patchwork system costs more than the saving, besides giving rise to much litigation on account of changes in the topography during long periods intervening. He says it is imperatively necessary to complete the survey of the standard and meridian lines and township extensions at the earliest practicable date in order to avoid in the future serious errors resulting from the present piecemeal system. The subdivision into sections may then proceed as settlements demand and congress makes appropriations.

Wagner makes a strong argument for liberal appropriations and shows that the policy of Congress in making such limited provision for surveys in California has operated injuriously to the best interests of the State and also of the national treasury. He calls attention to the fact that occupants of unsurveyed lands are unable to acquire a title, and although the State has passed laws for the protection of these actual settlers, it also protects speculators in holding large tracts without cost or taxation, which would be impossible, if the lands were surveyed and subject to entry. In that event these tracts would furnish homes for a large number of families by simply fencing, using and occupying them.

He reinforces his plea for increased appropriations, by showing that much land in California, formerly considered worthless is now discovered to be very valuable.

He instances the San Joaquin Valley lands and also quotes articles from the San Francisco *Bulletin*, showing that public attention is being directed toward the neglected belt of land between the foot hills and the snow lines of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, where are thousands of acres sufficiently level for farming purposes. He also gives tables showing the rapid development of the California wine producing interests. He remarks that even the scant products of the Mojave desert are now being utalized by the manufacture of paper from a species of cactus, but as this is too thinly scattered to justify the purchase of land from the government, and as the industry, although giving promise to become valuable to California manufacturing interests under favorable conditions, requires an outlay of considerable capital for machinery. He recommends that Congress be required to authorize these lands to be leased to any party desiring them for a term of years, the lands, however, to remain subject to entry under the homestead or pre-emption laws.

Wagner also argues that all money which may be appropriated by Congress for surveys in California would in a few months be returned to the Treasury by the sales of lands. Thus for instance the total amount expended last year in the survey, sale and disposition of public lands in California was $103,747, and during the same period the sales yielded to the Treasury $459,773. He also shows the necessity for liberal appropriations to bring up long accumulated arrears of office work and asks $20,000 for that purpose besides $135,000 for ordinary land surveys, $50,000 for timber lands, $10,000 for the survey of private land claims.

Wagner recommends that the law authorizing homestead and pre-emption surveys to be made upon deposits of estimated cost be extended in agricultural lands in mineral districts and also to desert lands and timber lands. He says: Very little of the timber land in California has been surveyed, and as enormous quantities of timber are used in the neighborhood of the mines, and as there are no adequate means of protecting unsurveyed lands, they are rapidly being despoiled. He therefore reports that the timber lands should be surveyed, so that persons entitled to enter them under the law of '78 may obtain a title. He adds: There is no danger that non-resident speculators would monopolize the timber lands under this law, for, aside from its safeguards, they would be no better able to protect the lands from speculation than the government.

The Surveyor-General says, in regard to mineral lands, that the rectangular system is so readily understood by all classes that it cannot be supplemented by any so-called scientific system; that the contract system of survey is better than the proposed system of salaried deputies; that the classification now made by deputy surveyors is as accurate as can be made at moderate cost, and that the whole matter should be left undisturbed. The total number of mines surveyed thus far in California is nearly 2,000.

The Central Pacific Graciously Complies.

The auditor of the railroad accounts to-day received from the California office of the Central Pacific Company all the reports required by him under the provisions of the Thurman law, exhibiting the business of that company from July 1st, 1877, to September 30th, 1879. Auditor French pronounces the reports very full and satisfactory, and says: "That no further action will be taken on the suits for forfeiture, etc., which were instituted by the Government against the company last spring, for previous non compliance with this requirement." The Auditor remarked that an erroneous statement has been published in some quarters to the effect that payment was made under protest to the Central Pacific Company. This still leaves that company indebted to the Government $6,000,000 on account of the six months ended last December. Yesterday's payment fulfilled all requirements of the Thurman act, and of all other existing laws in regard to that period. Auditor French has, however, made demand upon the company for $60,000, which he claims should be paid into the United States treasury in compliance with alleged requirements of the original Pacific railroad acts, for the payment of 5 per cent. of the net earnings prior to June 30th, 1878.

Lottery Frauds.

Upon representations of numerous affidavits of special agents of the postoffice department, Postmaster General Key has arrived at the conclusion that all lottery agents are doing fraudulent business within the purview of his statutory powers, concerning "Schemes to defraud the public." He has, therefore commenced the issuance of special orders to postmasters at specified cities, who are directed by name against all persons known to be concerned in the lottery business, forbidding postmasters to pay any postal money order or to deliver any registered letter addressed to the person thus named. The money orders and registered letters are to be returned to the senders and letters are to be stamped with the word "fraudulent."

Official Returns.

NEW YORK, 13.—The *Sun* has received official returns from 60 counties in the State. A close comparison betwen these and unofficial returns from the other 10 counties, indicates that Hoskins, republican candidate for lieutenant governor, has defeated Clarkson N. Potter by about 1,100 majority; that Carr, republican candidate for secretary of State, is elected by nearly the same majority; that Wadsworth, republican candidate for comptroller, will have an increased majority over that of Hoskins, and that of Ward and Wendell. Republicans are also elected as attorney general and treasurer. The majority for Horatio Seymour, jr., democratic candidate for engineer and surveyor, will be toward 10,000; John Kelly's vote is increased over previous estimation and will reach 75,000.

Oregon Stock in Market.

The Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's stock was among the new securities placed in the Stock Exchange list yesterday. It sold at 109. The stock was placed on the free list and bonds at the end of the regular list.

Grant's Programme.

CHICAGO, 13.—Col. W. R. Hallowell, of Indianapolis, waited on Gen. Grant this morning, with an invitation from Col. Thomas A. Scott, to accept the hospitalities of the Pennsylvania Railway, which Gen. Grant accepted. He stated that his programme was substantially as follows: Leaving here about the 20th inst., he will return to Galena, where he will rest for three weeks. He will then come to Chicago and leave by the morning train on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway, December 9th, for Indianapolis, making only one hour's stop at Logansport and arriving in Indianapolis at 2 p.m. He will stay there one day, being tendered a reception by the State Soldiers' Re-union, thence he goes to Louisville one day, to Cincinnati two days, and in turn to Columbus, Pittsburg, Philadelphia and New York, wintering in the South, possibly in Havana.

Big Mining Sale.

DENVER, Col., 13.—The sale of the Johnnie Bell and Domingo mines, Silver Cliff, was consummated to-day. The money was paid, the deeds delivered, and possession taken. Wm. F. Scheffler, W. M. Lent, ex-United States Senators Dorsey and McDonald, and associates, all of New York City, are understood to be the purchasers. The exact consideration is unknown, but it is supposed to be from $750,000 to $800,000.

Coming to Council.

A special from Los Pinos states that the chiefs are gathering there, Captain Billy, Waro Piab and Cajoe, all Uncompaghe Utes, who were at White River at the time of the massacre, and all emissaries of Ouray, have come and are now at the agent's office. Ouray requests that all newspaper men be excluded from the councils.

Toombs Explains.

ATLANTA, 13.—General Toombs in an interview regarding his dispatch to the Chicago *Daily News*, says: "The interpretation of the language is that the result of the war was the death of union and that the present government is a consolidated one and not a confederacy."

Assignment.

CLEVELAND, O., 13. — William Thorpe, proprietor of a large flouring mill in Meadville, Pa., made an assignment this morning. Judgments amounting to over $100,000 were entered against him. The assets are believed to meet the liabilities were they available.

Fight between Miners and Indians.

GALVESTON, 13.—A *News* special from El Paso says: A report reached there of a fight occurring a week ago between Indians and Americans in the vicinity of the Sierra Majada. Fourteen Americans were killed. No names or details are given.

A Rice Plan.

PORTLAND, Me., 13.—It is reported from Augusta that the State authorities have certificates prepared to send out, giving seats to 17 democratic senators and 85 representatives, giving them a majority and quorum in case the republicans retire.

Church Extension.

PHILADELPHIA, 13.—The annual meeting of the general committee of the Church Extension Society of the Methodist Church, began here this morning. The report to the board for 10 months showed a small increase in receipts over the 12 months of 1878.

Coal Miners on Strike.

CLINTON, O., 13.—The coal miners of Tuscarowas Valley, in a delegates' convention to-day, after an exciting session, resolved to demand 85 cents per ton for mining. They have been receiving 55 cents and lately advanced to 70 cents.

WESTERN.

A Bad Man.

SAN FRANCISCO, 13.—Wm. Burke, *alias* Standish Bill, was arrested to-day for having stabbed and killed Mary Proxana Strickland, at the corner of Forsythe and Rivington Streets, in June, 1877. He is held for Superintendent Walling, New York.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN

Foreign Notes.

LONDON, 13.—A telegram from Capetown, October 28th says: The Boers at Potchesbroon have repeated the Middleburg outrage. Commandant Raft left Middleburg in fear of his life. He reports the Boers determined to prevent the trial of the offenders, which was fixed for October 30th. The Colonial Secretary has held a conference with Moirosi, who refused to submit, and hostilities were accordingly resumed.

A dispatch from Berlin reports that the law sanctioning the purchase of private railways by the State has been referred to the committee of the Lower House of the Prussian Diet.

Aloka Pasha promises to visit Constantinople yearly to report the state of affairs in Eastern Roumelia.

The steamship *Minnesota* has arrived from New York, and has on board the crew of the bark *Royal Arch*, taken off when the vessel was in a sinking condition. The men had been at the pumps several days, and one had been washed overboard. The steamer sent a boat to the rescue, but the weather was so rough the men were compelled to jump into the sea and were hauled into the boat by a line.

An explosion of fire damp at Short Heath colliery, near Wolverhampton, caused the death of six men.

A dispatch from Cabul says: The brigade under General Baker, consisting of the 5th Punjaub Cavalry and the 3rd Sikhs, with two guns, has gone on a mission of political importance. Its destination is kept a strict secret.

A Liverpool dispatch says: There is exceedingly active demand for cotton at a general advance.

There is a strong tendency on the part of the Turkish cabinet to enter into an actual alliance with Russia. The Grand Vizier and Osman Pasha, minister of war, especially advocate a close understanding with Russia. It is said the Sultan has been gained over to their views. In this connection it is rumored that Osman Pasha will shortly go to Lividia on a special mission.

A Paris dispatch says: A dinner will be given on the 19th inst., in honor of the 53 Vendeau mayors and deputy mayors superseded for attending the legitimist banquets on the 16th of October last. About 1,500 guests are expected to be present. Gen. DeCharette will preside.

King Alfonso's marriage seems to be definitely fixed for the 27th inst. Arch Duchess Marie Christine will reach Paris on the 19th inst., whence she will start for Madrid on the 21st, and arrive at the latter place on the 24th. Admiral Jaureguiberry, French ambassador at Madrid, will represent Prest. Grevy at the marriage. This disposes of the apprehension that France would not be represented, owing to the rivalry among the French officials who desire to represent France.

The announcement of Gortchakoff's retirement from the Imperial Chancellorship has caused no surprise in St. Petersburg. But for the German intrigue against him he would have retired sooner. His personal dignity required, despite his poor health, that he should retain his office until the attacks on him had ceased. The names of various persons are mentioned in connection with the probable successor. Even that of Gen. Ignatieff is hinted at. Count Schouvaloff does not seem to have any chance, as he is believed to be in complete disfavor, owing to the effects of a personage whose influence over the Czar is more or less strong from its being unacknowledged and exercised only in private. Palace intrigues are nearly as common in Russia as at Constantinople. The story of female enemies at the Russian court overthrowing Schouvaloff are freely circulated and generally believed in London.

A fire at Fraribach, Prussia, between Frier and Coblentz, destroyed sixty houses, among them the town hall building, dating from the 16th century.

Some people think Aleko Pasha, Governor-General of Roumelia, has gone to Consantinople after repeatedly refusing to do so at the Sultan's request, because Prince Labanoff, Russian Ambassador at Constantinople has succeeded in convincing Turkey that Russia is the only friend who can effectually aid her in overcoming her difficulties in Eastern Roumelia.

The Porte has asked Minister Layard to explain the approaching movement of the British Channel squadron to Turkish waters. At a recent interview the Sultan told Minister Layard that his Ministers had submitted to him a proposition for the immediate introduction of reforms in the administration of Turkish affairs, but his authority over his subjects would suffer if he appeared to act under a pressure from the British Government. Minister Layard promised to communicate the declaration of the Sultan to Lord Salisbury. Under these circumstances the order to Admiral Hornby to sail eastward is declared at the Porte to be inexplicable.

At the next meeting of the Turco-Greek Frontier Commission, the Ottoman commissioners will present a certificate of several eminent French engineers, to the effect that the line of frontier proposed by the Greek Commissioners is 8,000 metres in advance of the northern frontier indicated by the thirteenth peace treaty of Berlin. The Porte will not propose any other lines, but will offer to discuss point by point the frontier indicated by the treaty of Berlin.

The resignation of Gen. Cialdini as Italian Minister to France, has been gazetted.

The *Diritto* states he has been instructed to proceed to Madrid, to represent the King at the marriage of King Alphonso.

The Czarowitz and Czarina and the King and Queen of Denmark have arrived at Vienna. They were warmly received by the Emperor.

In the course of the debate in the Lower House of the Prussian Diet to-day, upon a bill for the purchase of railways by the government, Herr Miguel, in the name of a majority of the national liberals, declared in favor of the government's views.

The German authorities have prohibited Russian steamboat traffic in the Prussian section of the river Niemen, as a retaliation for a similar prohibition by Russians on their portion of the river.

La France denies the report of Marshal Canrobert's dismissal. *Le Soir* says that the Marshal sent in his resignation voluntarily.

Henri Martin was to-day received by the French Academy as the successor of Thiers.

General Aymard, Governor of Paris, succeeds Marshal Canrobert as president of the commission for the officers in the French army.

The troops in the expedition under General Baker have surrounded a town in Chardeh Valley, captured 50 prisoners and taken a large quantity of arms.

NOTICE.

A Public meeting of the stockholders of the Pleasant Valley Coal and Coke Company, will be held at the office of the company at the residence of R. B. Margetts, in the Nineteenth Ward, of Salt Lake City, on Thursday, the 20th day of November, 1879, for the transaction of such business as may be brought before said meeting.

PHILIP PUGSLEY,
President.

W. C. STAINES, Secretary.
Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 10, 1879.
d 10t

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK

SALT LAKE CITY.

Paid up Capital - $200,000
Surplus, - - - $50,000

WM. H. HOOPER, President,
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Capital, - £160,000;

(In 20,000 Shares of £8 each.)

Number of Shares Subscribed for Allotted to Dec. 20, 1878, £6,200, say - - £248,000

We beg to inform the public that we are prepared to transact a General Banking Business, for which we have the necessary facilities. We solicit new accounts and business generally.

Exchange Drawn on all the Principal cities and towns of the United States and Europe.

PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:

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The London Bank of Utah, Limited, 26 Austin Friars.
In New York.—Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Company.
In Chicago.—The First National Bank.
In Omaha.—Omaha National Bank.
In San Francisco.—The Bank of California.

ANTHONY GODBE,
MANAGER.

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ZION'S

SAVINGS BANK

AND

TRUST CO.,

A FEW DOORS

South of the Co-op. Building,

HAS

MONEY TO LOAN

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MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS

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Have now on hand, a Large and Well Selected Stock of Fine

READY-MADE

MEN'S AND BOYS' FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

Manufactured by Ourselves, and Made

EQUAL TO CUSTOM-MADE GARMENTS,

Which we Offer to the Public from

15 TO 20 PER CENT. LOWER

Than the same can be bought at any other House in this City.

We also Carry a Full Line of

Imported Cheviot Shirts,
Domestic Cheviot Shirts,
Men's Underwear,
The Latest Styles of Hats,
Novelties in Gents' Furnishing Goods

A Large Stock of

BOOTS,

California and Eastern Blankets,

PLYMOUTH GLOVES,

RIVETTED AND PATENTED OVERALLS,

Which we Sell at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES!

TO CLOTHING MERCHANTS

BY placing your orders for FALL and WINTER CLOTHING with us, you have the advantage of Selecting from the *Best and Largest Stock* in this City and from the Manufacturers, and at the same prices the largest buyers here pay to the Manufacturers in the best Eastern and Western Markets.

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49 MAIN STREET, 49.

Respectfully invites the Ladies of Salt Lake City and vicinity to Call and Examine the well Selected Stock of Ladies' *Hats and Bonnets*, and

MILLINERY

In general. Also Ladies' and Infants' CLOAKS, all of which will be Sold at Extremely LOW PRICES to Suit the Times.

CALL AND EXAMINE BEFORE PURCHASING.

☞ Remember the place, 49 Main Street, two doors south of Wm. Jennings & Sons. d27-9-9 to 27-12-9

PHILADELPHIA COFFEE HOUSE!

Hot Dinners from 12 a.m. to 2 p.m. Every Day.

The Best place in Town to get Hot Meat Pies Lunches and Dinners.

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE FOR THE SEASON.

Cakes and Confectionary of the very best kinds, Brides and Birthday cakes made and ornamented in the most Pleasing Form.

A GOOD PLACE FOR CONFIRMED VISITORS.

WILLIAM HILL, Proprietor.

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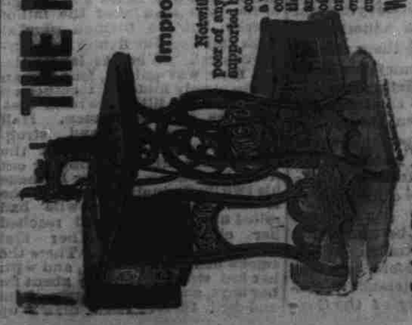
SIMPLICITY SIMPLIFIED.

Improvements September, 1879.

Notwithstanding the VICTOR has long been the peer of any Sewing Machine in the market—and supported by a host of volunteer witnesses—we now confidently claim for its greater simplicity, a wonderful reduction of friction and a more combination of desirable qualities. In short, it is a beautiful specimen of mechanism, and takes rank with the highest achievements of inventive genius. Note.—We do not issue circulars or consign Machines, therefore, have no old ones to patch up and re-varnish for our customers.



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