

BREVITIES.

Java has caught the railway fever.
London has twenty theatres, and Paris has twenty-one.

A Richmond paper warns the legislature not to expect "halls" fitted up with desks and modern conveniences in three days of trouble and poverty.

A coroner's jury at Buffalo has found that a child came to its death "by being smothered by its father, to whom no blame could be attached, as he was drunk at the time."

An Indian lady at Sitka hung herself lately, and her relatives claim that her husband's brutality was the cause. They think about thirty blankets would make the matter right.

The Brooklyn Union commends Horace Greeley's good sense in repairing every Friday to his Chappaqua farm, and adds: "Monday morning's Tribune always wears a little fresher look than usual."

It is estimated that the compensation allowed a census marshal, provided the district allotted to him shall not contain less than twenty thousand persons, will be about six hundred dollars or more.

A crowd of negroes at a recent South Carolina fire, refused to aid in its extinguishment, desiring to see the "Egyptians" spoiled." Besides, they had taken an oath not to save any white man's property.

An intelligent gentleman from Germany, on a visit to an American church, had a contribution box with a hole in the top presented to him, and whispered to the collector: "I don't get mein baplers, un't can't vote."

The Leavenworth Times says the man who shot another fellow for playing "Shoo Fly" on an accordion has been acquitted, the verdict being "justifiable homicide."

Field Marshal Van Hesse, who died lately at Vienna, was eighty-two years old. His name is prominent in the records of most of the battles from Aspern and Wagram to Castozza.

A married lady in St. Paul has been in a trance state for six weeks, and her husband refuses to send for a doctor. He says he intends to enjoy a quiet time as long as possible.

A girl in Parkham, Maine, has astonished the medical fraternity by eating two nutmegs, while the United States Dispensary declares that one-half of one is sufficient to produce the death of an adult.

A rude fellow once told Barnum that he had never exhibited anything that was not a barefaced humbug. "Yes I have," said Barnum, "the bearded lady wasn't barefaced."

A Massachusetts dentist recently advertised that he would give a set of teeth to the first caller on a certain Monday morning, and before sunset on Sunday there were two men and a woman on his doorstep, impatiently waiting for the dawn and the coveted prize.

A California lady is out in defense of polygamy, and after stating that in nearly all countries the female sex outnumber the males, puts these questions: "What is the surplus number of females, for whom there is no chance to marry, to do? Has not every woman the same right with her sisters?"

The Crown Prince of Prussia met the other day, at a court ball, his father, whom he asked how he liked it.
"Very well, your Royal Highness," replied the knight of the needle; "only it seems to me, the company here is a little mixed."

"Why," replied the Crown Prince immediately, "you did not expect to see only tailors here, did you?"

Punchinello has a cartoon representing the "Barnacles on our Commerce"—a long line of ships lying idle in port, with a long line of disconsolate ship-owners, in sad perspective, sitting on pier posts, and a rusting anchor and ring-bolt in the foreground, where an "intelligent foreigner" and a "dependant ship owner" are discussing the situation. The barnacles are seen on the nearest ship's side in the nature of taxes on hull, on oak knees, on masts, on yards, on cables, on cotton, on everything that enters into the fitting out of a ship or that constitutes her cargo.

A little piece of triangular wit was perpetrated in the Clerk's office at the Supreme Court, at Washington, on "All fool's Day," between the Senator from Wisconsin, Mr. Middleton, the Clerk, and the able and witty ex-Attorney General of the United States, from New York, "Mr. Middleton." "Mr. Middleton," said Senator Carpenter, "there is no statute in the United States that prohibits a man from making a fool of himself." "Nor any decision of the court," gravely responded the Clerk. "And certainly," added Mr. Evans, with a sly twinkle of the eye, "there is nothing in the practice of this court to warrant any other conclusion."

Vegetable nature, says Good Health, is very rich in what it contributes to the body. And here the observation is worthy of remark, that the most deadly poisons known to the physician are products of the vegetable kingdom. This is altogether opposed to a common belief. When some quack doctor wishes to parade the innocence of his nostrums, he generally takes good care to let the public know that his physic is wholly vegetable.

Just call to mind strichnia, the active principle of nux vomica; aconitine, or aconite, the active principle of monkshood; morphine, one of the active principles of opium—the reader will understand that the vegetable kingdom is not of necessity so very innocent. Constructively, too, prussic acid may be called a vegetable poison, seeing that it exists in bitter almonds and laurel water, although it is not from the vegetable kingdom that this acid is usually prepared.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

Bobbin factory burned—French troops fighting in Morocco—Resignation—Assassinated—Morace Greeley dangerously ill—European items by mail—\$20,000 fire—Confirmation day among Jews and Christians—More about the Jewish massacre.

NEW YORK, 5.—The dispatches sent by the Israelitic citizens from the heads of the Jewish societies in London, asking the fullest information as to the rumored butcheries in Roumania, have not yet been answered, and the absence of further information augments the almost general belief that the reports are unfounded.

Attorney's bobbin factory, at Patterson, N. J., was burned on Friday night; loss \$25,000.

A cable dispatch reports that the French troops have defeated the tribes in Morocco. A rising in Algeria is feared and reinforcements are being forwarded from Toulon.

Wachtell, the tenor, it is reported, has resigned from the Paris Opera, in consequence of a charge by Patti, of undue familiarity during the performances.

He made a satisfactory explanation to her, and the talk of a duel with her husband has subsided.

It is reported that the Prince Imperial will be affianced to a daughter of Isabella of Spain.

A special says that a private dispatch from Constantinople says the massacre of the Jews in Roumania was from four to eight thousand; other despatches say the stories heretofore telegraphed have been greatly exaggerated, and that the massacre did not exceed three thousand.

Among the Jews in New York there is a manifest disposition to postpone action in the matter until more positive news is obtained.

NEW YORK, 6.—Greeley's illness has assumed a serious form, and serious apprehensions are felt for his recovery.

Mail advices to the 24th ult. have been received. The Paris journals of the 23rd and 24th discuss scarcely any other subject but the Emperor's speech on receiving the result of the late vote on the Plebiscite.

With the exception of the left and legitimate sections, the various parties seem satisfied, each applying a portion of his words to itself.

All agree in affirming that no dissolution of the Legislature is intended, and that his Majesty spoke with great moderation and dignity. The Emperor's speech, containing five hundred and thirty-two words, was transmitted from Paris to Havre by two wires in ten minutes.

Letters from Tangiers state that a question, which has been for a long time under discussion among diplomats, is on the point of being solved, the Emperor of Morocco appears to have made up his mind to accord to the Ministers of foreign powers the right of residing near his person during a portion of the year. This measure would be a great advantage for the expedition of business, which could, upon important occasions, be carried on directly with the Emperor.

The loss by the burning of the ship *W. F. Staver*, last night, was over two hundred thousand.

Confirmation day, in the Jewish calendar, was celebrated at Temple Emanu- el yesterday; throngs of people were present. The Temple was richly decorated with flowers. Sixty-three boys and girls were confirmed, the Rev. Dr. Adler conducting the ceremony. The ceremonies in the Episcopal and Catholic churches in this city and Brooklyn were very imposing.

The steamship *Robert Low*, built by the French Cable Company, expressly for the service of that enterprise, leaves England to-morrow for this coast, to pick up and repair the line broken between Duxbury and St. Pierre. The precise spot at which this line has given way was ascertained independently, the operators at Duxbury and Saint Pierre agreeing in their location, within the space of less than a mile. After repairing the flaw in the French line the *Low* will proceed and take up and restore the broken English cable of 1864, off the north coast of America.

The Sun states that Fish will soon be succeeded in the State Department by Senator Morrill from Maine.

WASHINGTON.

New ships for Atlantic and Gulf service—Arrivals for the Cubans—Letter from Gov. Geary—Counter movement—Conversion to Judaism in Austria.

WASHINGTON.—It is regarded as improbable that Congress will act, this session, upon the question of reconstruction in Tennessee. There are six or eight contested election cases yet to be called up in the House, and twelve or thirteen to be reported on.

The Secretary of the Treasury has sent to the Senate the report of the special commission, proposing the appropriation of \$300,000 for the construction of five new steamers for the revenue service, to supplant the five now in use, but insufficient, and for the sale of six sailing vessels. It is proposed to have twenty steamers and three sailing vessels for the Atlantic and Gulf; three steamers and two schooners for the Pacific, and four steamers for the lakes.

Total officers, 183, crews 878. The annual expenditure \$748,629.

The friends of Cuba say that large quantities of arms have been dispatched to the insurgents, and that additional supplies will go soon.

Ex-U. S. Marshal Jonah D. Hoover, died to-day.

Gov. Geary, of Penn., in a letter to Admiral Porter, strongly supports his desire for prompt and liberal legislation by Congress and the States for the revival of our commerce and navy. He believes in the establishing of iron ship building yards by the government and in seeking revenge for the destruction of our commerce by British vessels during

the rebellion in a more honorable way than by driving British commerce from the ocean, by the creation of superior ships.

The premature promulgation of Banks' majority report, in favor of the declaration of neutrality between the Spanish authorities and the Cuban insurgents, seems to have gotten up a counter movement to sustain the Administration in the course it has pursued. It is announced that the minority report will soon be presented by Judge Orth, in which the position of the Administration in the matter will be sustained, and its action vindicated.

A debate on these propositions will probably be had this week.

A communication from Vienna states that, since the publication, in Austria, of the laws on religious liberty, a strange movement has arisen in that city; in the course of less than two years about 680 persons, of both sexes, have abjured Christianity for the Jewish faith, and these persons are on the increase.

WYOMING.

Governor gone to Washington—Chinese Working on the Union Pacific.

CHEYENNE.—Governor Campbell left for Washington to-day.

The Union Pacific Railroad company are employing Chinese for section work, west of here; much indignation is felt among and some threats have been expressed by the displaced employes.

OHIO.

Indignation meeting of Jews.

CINCINNATI.—A large meeting of Jews to-night adopted resolutions, expressing their horror and indignation at the reported massacre of Jews in Roumania, and thanking the government for its prompt action in appointing a committee to telegraph to Europe for further information.

MICHIGAN.

Newspaper office damaged by fire.

DETROIT.—The *Courier* office, at Saginaw, has been damaged by fire to the amount of six thousand dollars.

ILLINOIS.

A palace hotel—Reduction of railway fare—New Democratic paper—General Jordan and the Cuban cause—Share of Vinton's Ban circulation—Precautions against riot.

CHICAGO, 5.—Patten Palmer announces that he will commence, on July first, to erect an immense hotel, bearing his name, at the corner of State and Monroe streets, eight stories high, and to contain seven hundred and fifty rooms. The cost, with the ground, will be two millions. Half the architecture will be very elaborate, similar to the Honore Palace built by Louis Philippe, and it is to surpass in style and elegance any hotel yet built, either in this country or Europe.

The Michigan Central and Michigan Southern railroads, with their respective connections, announce the reduction of first class fare from here to New York to twenty dollars.

A Democratic new weekly paper, whose name indicates its politics, made its appearance to-day. Geo. W. Rust, formerly connected with the Chicago Times, is the editor and publisher.

The Times' Washington special says that Gen. Jordan, the Cuban insurgent commander, has returned here. He reports that he finds a general disposition among the Senators and members, of both parties, to vote for Banks' neutrality resolution, which will allow the Cubans equal facilities with the Spanish to buy arms, gunboats, &c., which Jordan feels confident will ensure success to the cause. The premature publication of Banks' report furnished the Spanish Minister here, with information in advance, thus enabling him to telegraph to Madrid and Havana, just what action the committee proposed to take. The State Department has learned that all the Cuban privateers, including the *Upton*, got to sea without materials on board, and could not therefore have been lawfully detained; but the Spanish Minister says, that at sea, they were supplied with arms and munitions generally for the Cuban cause.

The Times' Washington special has quite a lengthy table, prepared at the Treasury department, giving the list of States which have secured less than their proportion of the national bank circulation under the existing law, together with the balance to which each is entitled according to the statement. Under the old law California was entitled to three millions; Utah a hundred and ten thousand; Washington Territory eighty-two thousand. Section one of the House bill, to be considered this week, includes California, whose proportion, based on the last census, would be five hundred and sixteen thousand; Oregon nearly sixty-four thousand; Utah forty thousand; Washington Territory fourteen thousand. It is intimated that the Treasury department will now throw its influence in favor of this bill, which also provides for a uniform four per cent. bond; and that it will oppose the new bill just finished by the ways and means committee.

The municipal election on Monday is the absorbing sensation. Extraordinary precautions are being taken against riot; the police force has been increased, and a battalion of marines will be held in reserve during the day.

FOREIGN NEWS.

PRUSSIA.

Berlin.—Bancroft awaits fresh instructions from Washington before proceeding with negotiations with Prussia.

on the rights of naturalized citizens. He has gone on a visit to the South German States.

GREAT BRITAIN.

New in the Geological Council—New Iron Class Spanish Slavery Emancipation a Failure.

LONDON.—Advices from Rome report a violent scene in the Council last week, between Bishop Maret, a Gallican prelate, and the Cardinal Ruffo, during the discussion on infallibility. The bitter language created much excitement.

The admiralty begins three new iron clads at Catham navy yard: one will be called the *Raleigh*, of five thousand tons, carrying twenty-seven guns on her broadside. The others will be small, light draught steamers, for coast and harbor service.

A correspondent of the Times at Madrid, writes that the scheme of the Emperor, for the gradual emancipation of slavery in the Spanish possessions, is a perfect failure. The bill defeats every object it intends to forward and he says that the people are not favorable to the measure as it now stands, and points out its weaknesses and ridicules them pitilessly.

LONDON.—Dispatches from the United States announce the receipt of reports of massacres of Jews, by the Christians in Roumania. No advices have reached here on the subject, and continental news agencies deny that there has been any recent outrages upon the Jews of Roumania. A dispatch from Bucharest states that a riot occurred last week, at a village in Vidavia, during a local election; but it is described as an ordinary political disturbance, and was quelled without troops.

AUSTRIA.

Universal Exhibition.

VIENNA, 5.—An imperial decree announces a universal exhibition here in 1873.

FRANCE.

Indictments in the High Court of Justice.

PARIS.—The Chambers of Accusation of the High Court of Justice, yesterday, returned an indictment against forty-seven persons, for conspiracy against the safety of the State and against the life of the Emperor; against twenty-two for conspiracy against the safety of the State, and against three for the pillage of private property, with open force; against one for an attempt to pillage; one for an attempt to murder; one for assassination; two for inciting an attempt against the life of the Emperor, and one for complicity in the same crime. They were all remanded for trial.

SPAIN.

We will not have the crown—The captive rescued.

MADRID.—Espartero has written a letter, saying that he will refuse the crown, even if the Cortes decrees it to him.

The Englishmen, captured by the Spanish brigands, have been rescued and have arrived at Gibraltar.

WEST INDIES.

Filibustering expedition captured.

HAVANA.—The Captain General telegraphs that a filibustering expedition, from New York, on the steamer *Upton*, which disembarked at Puerto Plata, seven miles east of Neuvieta, was attacked by the Spaniards, a hundred strong, assisted by two gunboats, and dispersed, losing ten killed, including Captain Harrison. Two were drowned and three taken prisoners. A steam launch, rubber rafts and the entire cargo of arms, ammunition and medicine, which had been landed, were captured, with some correspondence. The Spanish naval commander telegraphs that the munitions captured, consist of tons of powder, over a hundred thousand cartridges and 1,800 rifles. Clements, who commanded the expedition, sailed on the *Upton* with the balance of the cargo for Columbia, to bring back an expedition of two hundred Columbians. The *Vose de Cuba* says that six tons of powder, two thousand rifles and the entire material of the expedition fell into the hands of the troops, and that several prisoners captured were immediately executed. The date of landing is not stated.

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p.m.; arrive at Salt Lake City 10 a.m. and 7.30

p.m.

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