

could not have been prevented. There is no clue to the perpetrators, but as it was in the old train-robbery district, it is suspected that robbery was intended.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—A slight earthquake occurred here at 7:57 this morning.

FOREIGN.

PESTH, 1.—Her Von Tisza adopted the unusual course of reading his speech in the Hungarian Parliament yesterday. Printed copies were given to the newspapers in order to avoid mistakes. The speech gives general satisfaction, although it is thought to be lacking in explicitness in the government's relations with Germany. It is expected that the effect of the speech in Bulgaria will be to encourage the government to resist Russia.

The entire press of Vienna approve of Premier Tisza's speech made in the Hungarian Parliament at Pesth yesterday.

LONDON, 1.—The Times this morning says: England has good reason to be satisfied with the statements made by Herr Tisza in the Hungarian Parliament yesterday, which indicate the point beyond which the Austro-German alliance cannot be strained without breaking.

LONDON, 1.—The case of Edward Solomon, husband of Lillian Russell, arrested for bigamy on the complaint of his first wife, Lily Grey, came up for hearing yesterday. Testimony was given that when he was first taken into custody, Solomon admitted he was married to Lillian Russell, in New Jersey, and said: "Anyhow we went through some ceremonies." It was shown, however, that he had also said at the same time that when he married Lillian he was unaware that his first wife was living, as he had neither seen nor heard from her for several years. Solomon was removed, pending arrival from the United States of a number of witnesses whose attendance has been secured. The magistrate refused Solomon's request for a reduction of bail.

PARIS, 1.—A French member of the Egyptian debt commission has addressed to the Powers a strong protest against the manner in which the English are using the funds raised by the last loan guaranteed by the Powers.

In the course of his remarks at Montpelier yesterday, Prime Minister De Freycinet said the main object to be considered now was the economic progress of the country. Thanks to increased revenue derived from taxation, he hoped the Atlantic and Mediterranean canal scheme would be speedily carried into effect. He repeated his appeal for republican unity.

PARIS, 1.—The will of Duc d'Aumale, bequeathing his great estates at Chantilly, with all their appurtenances, works of art, books and revenues to the French Institute in trust for the people of France forever, is dated in 1884. The Duke explains that he wishes to have the transfer made now for the express purpose of avoiding legal hamperings which might be instituted by claimants or heirs after his death. The gift is accompanied by but one condition, and that is, that the property must be preserved intact as it shall be on the day it comes into the possession of the trustees.

ST. PETERSBURG, 1.—The Novoye Vremya publishes a telegram from Moscow, which says: The Bulgarian crisis has paralyzed trade and checked the revival of business which the good harvest had incited. Moscow is prepared for any eventuality. The present condition is as bad as war, if not worse.

MOSCOW, 1.—The Gazette declares that thirty Bulgarians have been whipped to death for expressing sympathy with Russia's action in Bulgaria.

MADRID, 1.—A manifesto to the Spanish people, signed by "Eulrique de Bourbon, Duke de Seville," is being circulated in Spain. The document, which was published in Tarbor, France, is dated September 28th. In it the Duke, who is under imprisonment for having attempted to force his way into the Queen's presence while he was on military duty at the palace, shortly after King Alfonso's death, complains that he is harshly treated in prison. He also declares that although he is a Republican by birth and at heart, he loyally served his cousin, King Alfonso so long as he was alive, because family duty made such service imperative. "Now," says the manifesto, "that King Alfonso is dead, all that is ended, and I desire to assist in proclaiming a republic for Spain. A republic is the only form of government that can furnish a guarantee for the security and integrity of the country."

MADRID, 1.—The Official Gazette publishes the text of the commercial treaty between Spain and Germany, signed on August 28th, prolonging the treaty of 1883 to 1892.

PARIS, 1.—President Grevy has sanctioned the credit of \$240,000 for the encouragement of French sea fisheries.

The French Chambers have been summoned to assemble on October 14.

TRIESTE, 1.—There has been one death from cholera and four new cases in this city since the last report.

Rome, 1.—Since the last report there have been five deaths from cholera and nineteen new cases throughout Italy.

DUBLIN, 1.—The tenants on the Taaffe estate at Ballahanna, County Mayo, to-day went in a body to the agent of the estate and asked him to reduce their rents. The agent refused

to do so, whereupon the tenants left, saying they would rather have evictions than pay impossible rents.

MADRAS, 1.—Floods are devastating Godavery district. Some villagers tried to cut the dam to relieve their own village of water at the expense of the other villages. A fierce fight ensued in which one hundred natives were killed.

BERLIN, 1.—The Berlin Post says that the Congo Free State has refused to grant a railway concession to a firm of Englishmen because they were too exacting in the terms they demanded.

LONDON, 2.—Lord Randolph Churchill, speaking at Dartford to-night, said the House of Commons was a slave to the caprice of the Radicals and Parnellites. It was imperative to provide simple and effective means of closing debts. If Ireland followed the advice of the agitators, such action would lead to further repression; but Irish commerce had begun to improve, and with the present good harvest the people of Ireland might anticipate brighter times.

With regard to affairs in Bulgaria, he said it was impossible to foreshadow the outcome, but he still hoped a peaceful settlement would be effected. England ought to support Austria in her difficulty.

Lord Churchill spoke in praise of the loyal support which the Government had received from Lord Hartington, Chamberlain and all the Liberal Unionists. He said foreign affairs would be subordinate to the Union and Unionist party. The Government recognized the sacrifices which the Government had made, and the odium which they had incurred among their former friends. Therefore, it was the duty of the Government to prove to the people of England that the Unionists were right in the cause they took. The Government would give the greatest attention to legislation affecting England and Scotland, which had lately been neglected for Ireland. It would introduce measures to enable farm laborers to obtain freehold allotments, and would also deal with the question of railway rates, measures for cheapening the cost of transfer of lands, and a genuinely popular form of local government would also be presented. With regard to the land question in Ireland, they would have to change from a double to a single ownership in order to have peace. On all these questions the prospects were fair, although the work would be heavy. He did not believe there would be harsh evictions in Ireland.

MADRID, 3.—The court-martial, composed of seventeen generals and four colonels, heard mass this morning and then commenced the trial of General Villacampa and the other officers implicated in the recent rebellion. General Villacampa's daughter met the members of the court-martial at the door of the prison, weeping, and implored them to show mercy to her father. She was removed in a fainting condition. The wife of another accused subsequently made a similar appeal. It is expected the prisoners will be executed on Monday.

Later.—The court condemned to death 44 prisoners, including Villacampa, three officers, five sergeants, three corporals and two civilians. It is believed only seven of the convicted men will be shot. Fear is expressed that demonstrations will be held in favor of the Government's pardoning the prisoners.

LONDON, 3.—The wreck of the steamer Suffolk, which went ashore a few days ago at Lizard Point, has disappeared from view. Gangs of men are kept busy saving the live cattle from dangerous places among the rocks. Some cattle are kept alive by fodder and water lowered from the cliff above.

LOCAL NEWS.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY OCT. 2.

A Raid.—Mrs. Isabella W. Price, an old lady 61 years of age, residing at Mill Creek, writes us complaining of the manner in which some deputy marshals entered her place without leave or previous warning on the 24th ult. She was very ill and not able to sit up, and her system received such a shock that she became worse and had to send for a doctor. She wants to know if such things are right, and asks what would seem to be a pertinent question. If something cannot be done to make those officials observe the common laws of decency and give a woman time to put her skirts on. We advise the lady to report the particulars to Marshal Dyer.

Pushing Business.—The traffic department of the D. & R. G. W. Railway Company, under the direction of Mr. J. H. Bennett, General Freight Agent, is being ingeniously and vigorously worked up. The names of prominent Utah dealers in the general produce of the Territory are being furnished to probable purchasers in Colorado, New Mexico, Kansas, Nebraska and California. Steps have also been taken to answer inquiries regarding the quantity and condition of what Utah produces. In this way the company is actually finding outlet or markets for this section of country and furnishing customers to dealers, its reward being, of course, the carrying trade that naturally ensues. Mr. Bennett is also working with equal energy to secure the incoming traffic. An advertisement of the company will be found in this issue.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, OCT. 4.

Arraigned.—To-day Rasmus Nielsen was arraigned in the Third District Court on an indictment charging him with unlawful cohabitation with his wife Bengta Nielsen and Anna C. Larson Nielsen, from October 1, 1883, to September 1, 1886. A plea of not guilty was entered by the defendant.

Sentenced.—On Saturday evening C. C. Anderson, a First South Street second-hand dealer, who was convicted of passing counterfeit money, and recommended to the mercy of the Court, was called to receive sentence. The Court ordered that he be imprisoned in the penitentiary for six months and pay a fine of \$50.

Trunk Lost.—One of the sisters who was among the detained immigrants, and who is now in Fountain Green, Sanpete County, Utah, lost her trunk. It is painted a dark color, and is marked "Aue Sorensen, Nephil, Juab Co., Utah, U.S.A." Any person knowing anything of the trunk will please communicate with Lars Nielsen at Fountain Green, and thereby oblige a poor and worthy person.

Diverting Water.—This morning S. M. Lovendahl, of South Cottonwood, was brought into the Third District Court to plead to an indictment found against him by the grand jury. He is charged with having, on the 1st of August, 1886, turned water from a public water ditch known as the "Bird Ditch," and being a part of the Maxwell Ditch, contrary to a Territorial law. A plea of not guilty was entered. The maximum penalty for the offense is six months' imprisonment and a fine of \$300.

Police Court.—The following business was transacted in the police court to-day:

A. C. Bringham, battery, fined \$25.

J. Reynolds, drunk and profane, \$10. John Magon and John Kedfield, drunk, \$5 each.

John Smith and Thomas Hall, fighting, \$7.50 each.

I. Smith, stealing a ride on a Utah Central train, \$15.

John Williams, vagrancy, \$50.

Thomas Jones, petit larceny, trial set for to-morrow.

Dreadful End.—The Park City Record gives an account of the suicidal death, in a house of prostitution there, on Friday last, of a female well known to the police of this city by the name of Mary Hern, who has repeatedly been punished in our police court for vagrancy. She had reached the lowest stage of depravity, was abandoned to the excessive use of opium, morphine and whisky, and her death, as described by the physician who was present and witnessed it, was a horrible one. It was produced by an overdose of morphine and whisky.

A Young Criminal.—To-day, in the Third District Court, the case of the People vs. Luson Adams, indicted for petit larceny, was called for trial. The defendant in this action is a boy 12 years of age, and was accompanied in Court by his mother, his father being dead. He has been punished for similar offenses several times in the police court. Mrs. Adams promised the court that in future the boy would lead a more exemplary life. He pleaded guilty to having stolen a pistol from a house on West Temple Street, in July last, and promised never to steal again. After a reprimand by the Judge, who gave Mrs. Adams some good advice relative to the care of her children, the boy was permitted to go free, sentence being suspended during good behavior. The District Attorney recommended this course.

Raid on Snowville.—A correspondent, "Bee," writing from Snowville, Box Elder County, Sept. 30th, gives the following account of a raid on that place by deputy marshals:

Editor Deseret News:

This place was raided to-day by Deputy Marshals Steele, Exum and Corson, in search of Bishop Arnold Goodlife, of this place. They came into town about daylight and commenced searching shortly after 5 o'clock. They searched where their fancy took them, on a "warrant of arrest," telling the people they needed no other paper to search with only for stolen goods. They threatened one lady that if she left her house for half an hour (or before they had time to search other places) or attempted in any way to give the alarm, they would arrest her. They characterized the people as "d—d know-nothings," because they would not answer their questions to suit them. They seemed greatly disappointed at not finding the Bishop nor anyone to arrest on suspicion.

Funeral Services.—The Twentieth Ward meeting house was filled yesterday morning by a multitude of friends of the family of Brother August Wilcken, assembled to pay the final tribute of respect to his memory. The services were conducted by Bishop's Counselor George Romney. The Ward choir rendered the music, which was sweet and appropriate to the occasion. Elder Wm. C. Dunbar offered the opening prayer, and sympathetic, consoling and instructive remarks were made by Elder Jeter Clinton, Bishop O. F. Whitney, and Bishop A. McKee. Elder Henry Puzey pronounced the benediction. The deceased was a member of the Eleventh Ward, over which Bishop McKee presides, but had not long removed from the 20th Ward, where he

was best known, hence the holding of the funeral there. The remains were interred in the City Cemetery, being followed to their last resting place by a concourse of mourning relatives and friends. Peace to the remains of a good and useful man, and comfort and resignation to the loved ones left behind.

A Fatal Fall.—A correspondent writing from Midway, Wasatch County, Sept. 28th, gives the following account of a fatal accident which occurred there on the 27th inst:

Editor Deseret News:

It is with feelings of sorrow that I write you of a fatal accident that yesterday befell one of our most respected and estimable sisters, Mrs. Maggie Cunningham, relict of the late Robert Cunningham. She had gone to the field with a boy about 17 years of age after a load of grain. They were in the act of binding the load, and the boy was on the ground taking up the slack of the binding rope, while Sister Cunningham was on top of the load pressing down on the binding pole, when the ladder in front broke, precipitating her to the ground. She fell in such a manner and with such violence as to break her neck.

The accident cast a gloom over the entire settlement, and a number of her neighbors, notwithstanding a great rush of work upon them, attended her funeral, proving the esteem in which she was held by them. An inquest was held resulting in a verdict of accidental death.

The Hewlett - Conray Murder Case.—About four years ago, at Big-bam Cañon, Walter J. Hewlett killed a man named Conray. The grand jury found an indictment charging Hewlett with murder in the first degree. When the defendant was brought to trial, a couple of years ago, his attorneys applied for a continuance of the case on the ground of absence of an important witness. While the matter was being argued, the defendant was attacked with an epileptic fit, which rendered it impossible for the trial to proceed, and ever since that time he has been subject to a recurrence of the attacks quite frequently. Owing to this the case has been continued from term to term, the defendant meanwhile being admitted to bail. This morning these circumstances were brought to the attention of Judge Zane, and it was represented that the defendant had been attended by a number of physicians, but his condition was growing worse with no prospect of change. The District Attorney said he could not consent to a dismissal of the case, for the reason that Hewlett was perfectly sane when the deed was committed. The Court finally ordered that the defendant be brought in to-morrow morning, when some conclusion would be arrived at as to what course to pursue.

Returned Missionary.—We were on Saturday favored with a call from Elder Elisha D. Clapp, of Chester, Sanpete County, who left his home on November 4, 1884, for a mission to the Southern States, from which he arrived here Friday evening. Brother Clapp first went to Chattanooga, Tennessee, and went to Tazewell C. H., walking from there to Logan C. H., a distance of 100 miles, meeting there Elders Thomas Vickers and Andrew Spence. He was then appointed to labor with the latter, and did so for eleven months in Lincoln Co., West Virginia. Was with Brother Spence when he was notified by James Murphy, leader of a mob, to leave inside of three days, which they did not do, things shaping themselves to their benefit subsequently. During this time, Brother Clapp baptised three persons and assisted his associate in baptising five more; he also established a branch Sunday School and ordained one Priest, who is now presiding over the branch at the present. He was taken before a court twice on false charges and honorably released; and a Mrs. Stevens, who with her husband had embraced the Gospel, and who refused to testify against the Elder, was detained in custody two days and one night from a nursing infant, and then released. She and her husband are now in Colorado. Elder Clapp is looking and feeling well, and we are pleased to have him in our midst again. He is now preparing to go to Colorado, whither he has been called.

DOINGS AT PROVO.

Court opened yesterday morning pursuant to adjournment. The law and motion calendar was up and some rulings on the pleadings.

Mr. J. W. Pike having been reported as stenographer during Mr. Winn's absence, took the oath of office.

The grand jury reported several indictments, but complained of their inability to get more, because of the lack of witnesses.

Two aliens were admitted to citizenship.

The petit jury was called at 2 p. m. The number being insufficient, a new venire was issued.

The case of the United States vs. Wm. Watt was called. He was excused till to-day.

United States vs. Robert Kirkwood called: to come up to-day.

Judge McBride put in an appearance to argue a motion in the Fillmore murder case.

THE PROVO LIQUOR QUESTION.

A petition was signed last week by a number of prominent (and otherwise)

men of Provo, to the City Council asking them to grant licenses to saloons saying that the history of prohibition in this city shows that such increase of population and commercial importance makes the absolute suppression of the sale of liquor more impracticable, that it is being sold without revenue to the city, etc. But the petitioners, at least most of them, feel sick to-day since Apostle Grant gave them such a scolding Sunday at the young people's conference. He very much deplored the condition of the city and the Latter-day Saints, if they had to resort to such a means—the road to ruin to the youth of Zion, to raise a revenue for the city. It does not appear that they will have free whisky yet.

NOTES.

The city is alive with strangers attending court, witnesses, jurors, spectators and otherwise.

The word Monday was that Miss Webb, the young lady so badly burned lately, is sinking and not expected to survive.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The jury was impaneled Monday evening in the Kirkwood case, and charged as to their usual duties, after a rigid examination as to their qualifications.

Court commenced yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. All the parties present and proceedings in the case of U. S. vs. Robert C. Kirkwood began.

A number of witnesses were called and examined in the usual way, after which arguments were made and the court charged the jury in a reasonable manner, and the panel retired at 3 p. m. The case of the United States vs. Loveless was called at 3:15 p. m. There was considerable argument pro and con that defendant was not indicted. There was no evidence but his own admissions. The case was postponed for indictment.

The case of the U. S. vs. Chas. Hardy was called. A jury was impaneled and the case went to trial at 4 p. m. The charge is resisting an officer.

PAROWAN STAKE CONFERENCE.

The quarterly Conference of the Parowan Stake of Zion was held in the Tabernacle in this city on Saturday and Sunday, the 25th and 26th inst. President Thomas J. Jones and Counselor Morran Richards, Jr., were present, also most of the members of the High Council.

Each of the wards in this Stake were represented by the Bishop or his Counselor. All were reported in a thriving condition and the Saints as a rule are feeling well spiritually.

The necessity of supporting our home institutions in preference to outside firms, and of home industry being encouraged, were dwelt upon.

One very pleasing feature of the conference, which was referred to by some of the speakers, was the unusual large attendance of the youth of this and adjoining settlements. They were admonished with kind words, and shown the necessity of exercising faith for themselves.

The reports usual on such occasions together with the presentation of the general and local authorities of the Church were all attended to in their usual order.

The young men's and ladies' conference convened Sunday afternoon shortly after the Stake Conference was adjourned. The usual business connected with these noble institutions was transacted and arrangements entered into to commence meetings for the winter season.

The regular Priesthood meeting convened on the evening of the 25th and was addressed by Presidents Jones and Richards.

Peace prevails in our midst.

Mr. Geo. W. Walts, General Agent, Freight Department, Union Pacific Railway, San Francisco Cal., says: "I have derived much benefit from the use of Red Star Cough Cure in case of coughs and colds." No opiates.

UNCLAIMED BAGGAGE

AT THE IMMIGRATION HOUSE, General Tithing Store, Salt Lake City, d & w

ESTRAY NOTICE

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One roan yearling STEER, half upper crop in left ear, half under crop in right ear, brand resembling MC on right hip.

If said animal is not claimed and taken away in ten days from date, it will be sold to the highest cash bidder, Monday, October 11th, 1886, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Levan estray pound.

S. P. JENSEN, Precinct Poundkeeper, Levan, Juab Co., Oct. 1, 1886.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One bay STUD, 4 years old, 3 white feet, small white spot in face and on nose, brand resembling JR combined on left thigh.

If not claimed and taken away within ten days from date hereof, it will be sold to the highest bidder, at the estray pound, Lehi, Tuesday, October 12th, at one o'clock p. m.

MICHAEL VAUGHAN, Precinct Poundkeeper, Lehi, Oct. 3, 1886.