

## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 10.—An extraordinary occurrence took place on Fourteenth Street at an hour of the afternoon when the street is most crowded with shoppers. A demented Frenchman ran a muck through the crowded thoroughfare, and with a sharp pair of carpenter's compasses stabbed right and left, his victims all being women. The wife of the policeman who patrolled the block being one of the victims. The lunatic, Ernest DuBourgne, is a half-idiotic painter, whose antics for years have made him a conspicuous character. His victims are all more or less severely injured. Their names are:—Stolsenbery, Miss Louise Checker, aged 22, of 49 West 51st street; Miss M. L. King, of 429 East 57th street, severely hurt; Miss Pauline Fielder, aged 19, of 359 West 16th street; Mrs. Thos. Worth, of 686 Lexington Avenue, dangerously injured; Mrs. Mary Hanley, a policeman's wife, of 110 Greenwich Avenue, two stab wounds in left breast, perhaps fatally injured. The lunatic was arrested. He wore two hats, and said he stabbed the women because some man threatened his life. The prisoner with his father wandered through the city bearing painted signs demanding justice from the California authorities for some wrong. They accepted charity but only enough to feed and lodge them.

The father died in February last and the son kept up his pilgrimage until to-day when he set out upon the slaughter of women.

AUSTIN, Tex., 10.—Serious trouble is anticipated at Rio Grande City growing out of the murder of the county surveyor some days ago. The Rangers have been asked for to assist in preserving peace, but it is impossible to furnish them, as the nearest available force has its hands full keeping down the outlaws of La Salle County.

WASHINGTON, 10.—Foreman Dickson of the star route jury, sent the following communication to District Attorney Corkhill: To Geo. B. Corkhill, United States District Attorney:

Dear Sir: I am informed that you have been ordered by the Attorney General to send to H. H. Wells, Esq., the affidavits filed by myself and others in your office in which certain persons are charged with having tried to corrupt the jury in the star route cases. I am also informed that you have complied with this order. I write for the purpose of protesting against your action and that of the Attorney General. The most serious charges have been made against agents of the department of justice, creatures of the Attorney General, and nothing could be more absurd than to allow that department to investigate these charges. The Attorney General charges that so nearly touch his official conduct, the fact that he wishes to take charge of the investigation is the best reason why he should not. The investigation might, with equal propriety, be left to the defendants or to the persons charged with having offered bribes or to the jurors suspected of having accepted them. The investigation should be made under the direction of the court before whom the case was tried and by the attorney for this district. It should be open as the day and all parties should have not only an opportunity of being heard but of hearing. For one I demand that this investigation be taken out of interested hands.

I am, sir, very respectfully yours,  
WM. DICKSON.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, 10.—Daniel Hunt was killed by a caving gravel bank at Westerville to-night.

A freight train was telescoped by the north bound train on the Little Miami Railroad at Sullivan Hill last night, killing one man, supposed to be a tramp.

St. Louis, 10.—Information is just received of the premature explosion of a blast on Friday evening, on the line of the Springfield and Memphis Railroad, 30 miles east of Springfield, Mo., by which Gordon McDonald, a railroad boss, and four laborers were killed and six others seriously injured.

Milwaukee, 10.—An explosion during a fire in the hardware establishment of Jacob Knoerschild, this evening, burned three firemen dreadfully, one fatally.

Panama, Ill., 10.—The east-bound Indiana & St. Louis & New York express was wrecked here by run-

ning over a cow last night, and Fireman Artburn, of Mattoon, Ill., was killed.

Chattanooga, 10.—There was a terrible collision on the new road to Atlanta, yesterday. The engineer and firemen were killed and two children fatally hurt.

A passenger train on the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad came in collision with a freight train at Ooltewah station, 20 miles from here. Engineer James N. Waters and Pilot John Hobbs on the passenger engine were killed and their bodies burned terribly. Heavy fog was the cause.

Theodore Finney, 10 years old, living at Glenwood, Nebraska, suicided on Saturday evening. The reason for the act was that the boy was satiated with blood and thunder literature.

At Singapore, India, Explorer Witte, in the service of the British North Borneo Company, was murdered by the Head Hunters.

Dallas, Tex., 10.—It is reported that six persons were killed on an east bound train of the Texas Pacific, which was ditched at Sweetwater. The train was badly damaged.

Austin, Tex., 10.—Rynhard Chapman, a Baptist minister, stabbed and killed John Turner in a quarrel. Chapman escaped.

Detroit, 10.—A farmer named Davidson, living near Deckerville, shot and killed his wife during a quarrel about some property. He then shot his son aged 21, who has since died, and fatally injured another son and fled.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., 9.—A barrel containing 50,000 breech loading caps exploded with terrific force destroying the building in which it was located, but no person was hurt.

Atlanta, Ga., 10.—At a baptizing at Canton, the bridge fell into the river and precipitated 200 persons into the waters. No lives were lost, but many legs and arms were broken.

At Fulton, Ky., on Monday, a collision between trains of the Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern and the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans roads, demolished an engine and two sleeping coaches.

ALBANY, Tenn., 10.—The court house burned here last night. The papers, etc., were saved.

Harrisburg, 10.—The machine department of the Harrisburg foundry burned; loss, \$50,000; partly insured.

Lynchburg, 10.—The storehouse of the Norfolk & Western Railroad Co., with contents, burned.

Chicago, 10.—An *Inter-Ocean* El Paso, Illinois, special says: A fire here this afternoon burned an entire block of wooden buildings, including the El Paso Hotel and fourteen business houses. The loss is estimated at \$10,000; partly insured.

NEW YORK, 10.—The autumn meeting of the New York and Brooklyn Association of Congregational Churches opened in Brooklyn to-day. Rev. Mr. Beecher, who had been assigned to open the discussion of the subject of "Spiritual Barbarism," made it the occasion for announcing his withdrawal from the membership of the association. He delivered a lengthy and elaborate exposition of his views respecting the decrees of the Bible and Christianity. He assigned as a reason for withdrawing from the association, that as a Christian gentleman, he could not afford to lay on anybody the responsibility of his views; he could not afford, especially, to put himself in a position where they were obliged to defend him.

Beecher explained the loose general representations and misrepresentation in respect to what he believed and taught. He held that view that had been presented by the Pagan Greek barbarians, one of the most barbaric of which is that infantile and ignorant conception was an impossibility of God, a conception that perfection of character required that the being should not be susceptible to pain of any kind, or sorrow or suffering. The divine heroes must stand in the power of God to suffer, and it is the very root and force of the atoning life and death of Jesus Christ. Right over on the other side was another element springing from a barbaric, namely, that God is clothed with human passions. Terms of that kind were not men had constructed their conception of God from the example of their animal instinct and appetites, not from the example of their reason and their moral senses. So we had a barbarous conception, and that was spiritual barbarism. The whole

view of God which was laid down in the confession of faith of the Westminster school, in relation to decrees and to the whole process and operation of divine grace, Mr. Beecher held that view of the character of God to stand over against the representation of God made by the Lord Jesus Christ, as a frightful Gorgon stood over against the head of an Apollo in the heathen mythology. Then the doctrines of man's moral and physical inability to obey the laws of God would be rejected. He also rejected the representations of future punishment which were gross and physical and that were made from the sensuous Roman school. He believed in future punishment; he believed in a wholesome and restraining influence of that doctrine had been very largely destroyed by substituting as a slaughter house notion, a cross, carnal, corrupting and diabolical representation of hell and the sufferings of those who were subjected to them. The suffering would not be bodily, as he held, but mental, according to the laws of moral sensibility and all the affections, and not a machine of sulphur and fire, a deluge of devils and all manner of annoyances epitomized and represented in the act of the Angels and the Last Judgment, and represented more abominable by Cornelius and the German school. That was barbaric. He regarded also the whole doctrine of original sin, as found in the fall of Adam, as being barbaric; that is, as the conception of men that were as yet ignorant and uneducated on this subject. It was not used a single time in the whole scope of instructions of all the ages of the Old Testament. You could not find it in the Old Testament. You cannot look through all the teachings of the four gospels and find a single passage that, except by wide inference, and misconstruction can be applied to it. You can find it only in the Pauline writings. He accepted without analysis the Trinity. Any attempt to divide the functions was futile. He believed in a providence who overruled human life by and through natural laws. Christ was infinite with infinite limits, and in taking his place as a man he became subject to the laws of time, space and matter. He believed fully, enthusiastically, without a break or a single line of tremulous aberration on the divinity of Christ. Christ was God manifest in the flesh.

Boston, 10.—There is no change in wools. The demand is steady, but moderate, and holders are not disposed to make concessions on account of the lightness of the money market, as they are confident that all wool on hand will be wanted and the light money market is but temporary. Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces have been selling at 41@42 for X and 42 for XX, including choice selections. Michigan fleeces are 39@40, and are held firm. Combing and delaine fleeces are in demand at 44@46 for fine, Ohio and Michigan delaine at 47@50 for fine and No. 1 combing; unwashed wools are in steady demand and prices range from 24 to 35 for fine and medium, including selected lots, and 18@23 for low and coarse. California wool is quiet at 24@32 for spring. Fall wool is dull and neglected. Pulled wools are in fair demand at 43@50 for choice Eastern and Maltese superior, and 28@40 for common and good. In foreign wool there is no change and very little is done.

WASHINGTON, 10.—In order to facilitate the issue of new gold certificates, Acting Secretary of the Treasury New, to-day gave orders for printing certificates of the denomination of \$20, \$50 and \$100, with engraved signatures like legal order notes. These will be styled "Department Series," and will be issued from the Treasury at Washington. All higher denominations of these certificates will be issued as at present bearing the signature of the Assistant Treasurer at New York, and they will be issued from the Sub-Treasury there.

The 3 per cent. bonds issued to date are \$259,370,000; a saving in annual interest by the exchange of 3½'s into 3's of 1,296,852. A few applications for new bonds have been received since the exchange was suspended on September 20th, but they will not be considered until after November 1st, and all 3 per cent. bonds thereafter issued will only bear interest from November 1st.

CINCINNATI, 11.—Complete but unofficial returns from Hamilton County, show the following democratic majorities: Newman, Secretary of State, 10,650; Okey, Judge of

the Supreme Court, 9,809; Weller, Board of Public Works, 9,754; Hawkins, sheriff, 11; Dalton, clerk, 937; Pugh, prosecuting attorney, 2,638; Muscroft, coroner, 2,644; Robinson, recorder, 2,728; Kahl, county commissioner, 3,177; Cosgrove, county solicitor, 3,555; Fowler, board of control, 3,569; Applegate, infirmary director, 381; Follett, for Congress, first district, 839; Jordan, for Congress, second district, 1,763. The republicans claim the election of Beresford, sheriff.

A *Leader* special to the *Leader* says: The republicans have met the enemy led by John Barleycorn and King Gambinius, and were routed, "Horse, foot and dragoons." The cause of their defeat can be traced clearly to prohibition. When our republican legislature passed the law taxing saloons, which has since been declared unconstitutional, and the law closing saloons on Sunday, the German element, about 25 in number, obeying orders from their leaders, resolved to punish the republicans for their temerity by voting with the democrats. Add to this the stampede of the republican workingmen on account of being worsted in strikes, particularly that of the Cleveland Rolling Mills. A director of that company, Mr. Everett, was nominated for Congress by the republicans and became the target of the workingmen, hence his signal defeat. In strong republican district impractical prohibitionists drew largely and entirely from the republican ranks and aided greatly in helping saloonists and Germans in punishing that party. It was simply an illustration of how extremes meet. Then the other class of temperance men throughout the State were in a lethargic state and made no effort to appreciate what the republicans had done for temperance resulting in an army of stay at home. To cap the climax, the democrats were aided by a most efficient corps of assistants consisting of 15,000 saloonists and 5,000 bar tenders, making a force of 20,000 who electioneered and did all work in detail and stood around 1,980 polls peddling tickets in addition to other classes of workers. They assessed themselves and contributed with what brewers gave, nearly \$100,000 to the State central committee to be used as a corruption fund. All these causes have resulted in the republicans losing the State by from 15,000 to 20,000 plurality. We have lost one congressman, in the Cleveland district, two in Cincinnati, one in Toledo district; Judge Geddes has defeated Hoar, republican; Updegraff, McKenney and Kelfer are in danger.

EVANSVILLE, 11.—At ten minutes past three this morning, about 100 men from Posey county on horseback quietly surrounded the county jail. The sheriff was warned only a moment before the mob arrived and before he could get to the outer door the mob was on him and held him prisoner. They then took a sledge hammer and battered in the door and then made their way into the cell of Redman, the wife murderer. They broke in his cell door, tied his hands and feet and then dragged him out and drove him off in a buggy. The police on their arrival commenced firing down the street in the direction of the mob, and one of them named Dave Murphy, living near Redman's was killed. Another man named Mill, from the same neighborhood, now in jail, is supposed to be one of the mob.

The mob which took Redman from the jail and murdered him last night were opposed in every possible way by the jailor and sheriff, but were deterred neither by threats nor actual firing of pistols in their midst. They said when they were ordered to halt: We are from Posey county and come after Redman, and we are going to have him. When the mob had full possession of the murderer, they placed him in a buggy which was at once overturned by a fire wagon dashing into it. It was then decided to kill him on the spot, and one man hitting him a powerful blow on the head fell him to the ground. A large force of police arrived at this point and opened fire on the mob, which retreated firing. The fight was a lively one and none of the lawless mob could be captured. The result of the battle was that Redman was killed, he having 24 balls in his body, L. Murphy, a brother-in-law of the murdered woman, was killed. The mob separated quickly when Murphy fell.

Two men were arrested, but one, a heavy set man, was released. It

was learned later that he was the leader.

David McFadden, a reporter, was arrested. He was a brother of the murdered woman. A fourth and very pugnacious looking horseman was arrested later and all were found heavily armed. The mob numbered some 50 in all. The arrested men will not be allowed bail if charged with murder.

Reports float about this evening that an armed mob of 500 will come up from Posey County to-night to rescue the three men arrested in last night's mob. The sheriff here is prepared for them, having an armed force in the jail.

At a large meeting of citizens to-night, speeches were made and resolutions passed denouncing the lynching of Redman last night.

CHICAGO, 11.—Reports having been current for some years past that the Union Pacific had determined to build an extension to the Pacific Coast in opposition to the Central Pacific, and another by way of its Oregon branch to the Columbia River, a *Tribune* representative, yesterday asked Mr. S. H. H. Clark, General Manager of the Union Pacific, what truth there was in these reports. Mr. Clark stated that there was no truth whatever for these reports, and no such extensions were contemplated. There was some talk about constructing a line from some point on the main line of the Union Pacific in Utah southwest to join the Atlantic and Pacific, and then build jointly to San Francisco. Since then, however, an agreement has been made with the Central Pacific, by which the latter is to be used as the Union Pacific western outlet for a number of years, and the scheme for building an independent line is abandoned. The Atlantic & Pacific instead of joining with the Union Pacific and building jointly to San Francisco, has decided to build to the Colorado River only, and there connect with the new line built by the Southern Pacific. The Oregon branch of the Union Pacific will have its terminus at Baker City, as originally proposed, and there connect with the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's line. The Union Pacific's arrangements for western outlets are so complete and favorable that there is no use of spending money upon new and independent lines.

Chicago, 11.—The Chicago, Hannibal & Missouri Railroad was incorporated at Springfield, with capital stock of \$2,000,000, which Moses J. Richards, one of the leading incorporators, says has been all taken. The road is about 280 miles long, but the precise route is not determined. The incorporators expect to begin work in the spring and run the first train by May, 1811. Nothing positive is known about the enterprise beyond this.

NEW YORK, 11.—At the annual meeting of the Western Union Telegraph Company the following directors were elected: D. Morgan, John Van Horne, Augustus Schell, Harris Durkee, Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Alonzo B. Cornell, Sidney Dillon, Cyrus W. Field, John Pender, M. B. Henry Weaver, Percy R. Pyne, Robert L. Kennedy, Hugh Jewett, J. Pierpont Morgan, Fred. L. Eames, Edwin D. Dorchester, William D. Bishop, C. P. Huntington, Geo. B. Roberts, Solomon G. Simmons, Samuel Sloan, Erastus Wiman, Amasa Stone, George J. Gould, Chauncey M. Depew, James W. Glendoncy and Geo. T. Baker. The annual report shows a capital of \$8,000,000, of which \$20,000 belong to the treasury of the company. The bonded debt is \$6,000,000. The surplus revenue at the first of the year, of net revenue, over dividends, interest and sinking fund, was \$1,852,407. The surplus on June 30th was \$1,654,240. The surplus does not include the surplus funds of the American Cable Company. Additional capitalization will be unnecessary, there being surplus enough to meet all constructions or purchases likely to be made for several years. The present dividends therefore will be continued for the present beyond doubt, and the rate will be increased when the board deems it wise. The gross receipts for the ensuing year are estimated at \$19,000,000, and the profits at \$8,000,000.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, 11.—Returns to-day from the State election of Tuesday have been meagre, and no systematic effort is made to figure on the majority on the State ticket. The democrats, however, claim the State by 25,000 or more, though the republicans think the democratic majority will not exceed 20,000. The Congressional delegation will proba-