

JOE SULLIVAN APPEARS IN COURT

Alleged Slayer of Officer Ford Arraigned Before Judge Diehl Today.

TWO ATTEMPTS AT ESCAPE.

Discovered This Morning Attempting to Pick the Lock of His Cell With Wire.

Also Tere His Underwear Into Strips and Manufactured a Rope To Toss Out of Window.

Carefully guarded by Capt. of Police J. B. Burbridge, Sgt. John Hempel and Officers Heath, Hillman and Beckstead, Joe Sullivan, desperado and alleged murderer of the late Police Officer Charles E. Ford, was ushered into Judge Diehl's courtroom at 10:35 this morning for the purpose of arraignment on the charge of murder in the first degree.

When the complaint was read to him, accusing one of the foulest murders ever committed in the State of Utah, Sullivan folded his hands in front of him, shifted from one foot to the other, looked down at the clerk, then up at the ceiling.

George Gutch concluded the reading of the complaint, Judge Diehl addressed the prisoner: "I will advise you now that you do not have to plead at this time. The statutes give you 24 hours' time in which to plead, so that you may have that time in which to consult counsel or for any other purpose.

"No," replied the crook in a gruff tone of voice. "I am not ready now. I would like to consult counsel first."

"Will you be ready to plead Monday at 10 o'clock?" "Yes."

Judge Diehl then ordered the man committed to the sheriff without bail. Deputy Sheriff Sharp quickly stepped up to Sullivan, handcuffed him, and in charge of Deputies Sharp, Steele, Sperry and Smith, the prisoner was hurriedly taken downstairs to a waiting carriage and driven to the county jail.

The dingy old courtroom where Judge Diehl dispenses justice to the multifarious offenders who appear before him, was taxed to its capacity this morning by an eager and curious throng anxious to get a glimpse of Joe Sullivan, the man who has given the people of this and other cities so much trouble, and who now faces the most serious charge that could be lodged against a human being.

At the time of the arrest of Sullivan and Owens, both were armed with revolvers. The one carried by Sullivan had blood stains on it. No charge was filed against the men and they were released. Deputy Sheriff Sperry, the man who arrested the men were released, followed immediately by the murder of Ford.

The shooting of Officer Ford was most brutal and he died in a few minutes after holding up and robbing four men in the saloon, ran across the street and came face to face with the officer. One of the men yelled, "Hands up" and before the officer could do anything, one of the men fired, inflicting a wound from which the brave officer died a few hours later.

OWENS'S CONFESSION. The man Owens, in his confession, declared that he stood outside looking on while Sullivan shot Officer Ford in the saloon. When the shot was fired that killed Officer Ford, Owens ran north of the city and was captured by the police. He was released, but Sullivan and Garcia disappeared. The latter is still at large.

HOW ARREST WAS MADE. When the arrest at Portland occurred, Sullivan was armed with a 41 caliber Colt's gun. It was a 41 caliber bullet that killed Ford. Officer Anderson of Portland, who arrested Sullivan, suspected he was the man wanted by the Salt Lake authorities. Knowing the desperate nature of the man, Officer Anderson showed up behind him, threw his arms about Sullivan and quickly disarmed him.

ARRIVAL IN SALT LAKE. Securely handcuffed to two officers and wearing a heavy Oregon hood, Joe Sullivan, the desperate desperado, his alleged slayer of Police Officer Charles E. Ford, arrived about 7 o'clock last night from Portland in charge of Detectives George Chase and "Dick" Shannon. Immediately upon

the arrival of the train, Sullivan was hustled to the rear car and quickly taken to a waiting carriage. The officers with their desperate prisoner drove to police headquarters, where Sullivan was searched and finally being placed in a cell. Seized in the seams of the crooks clothing was a finely tempered saw and a horseshoe nail bent the shape of a loop-pick.

ATTEMPTS AT ESCAPE. In spite of all the care exercised to prevent communication with the man, despite the fact that he was carefully searched before being locked up, three hours after his arrival at police headquarters, Sullivan was discovered by Night Jailor Ripley making careful preparations to escape.

Jailor Ripley had been ordered by Chief Pitt to keep a sharp watch on Sullivan throughout the night, and the jailer visited the man three or four times an hour. One visit made by the jailer was so quiet the man failed to hear the approach of the officer. Ripley was surprised to see the prisoner at work on the locks of the cell with a piece of copper wire about an eighth of an inch thick and about 10 inches long.

THEY TOOK NO CHANCES. Thursday morning Detectives Chase and Shannon left Portland with their prisoner. They took no chances with the man, knowing the desperate nature of the criminal. An Oregon boy was fastened to one of his ankles and he was securely handcuffed.

ONE ATTEMPT AT PORTLAND. Sullivan made an attempt to get out of the Portland jail, but it was frustrated. On the return trip he gave the officers no trouble whatever. He obeyed their instructions implicitly and did not attempt to tamper with the Oregon boot or with the handcuffs.

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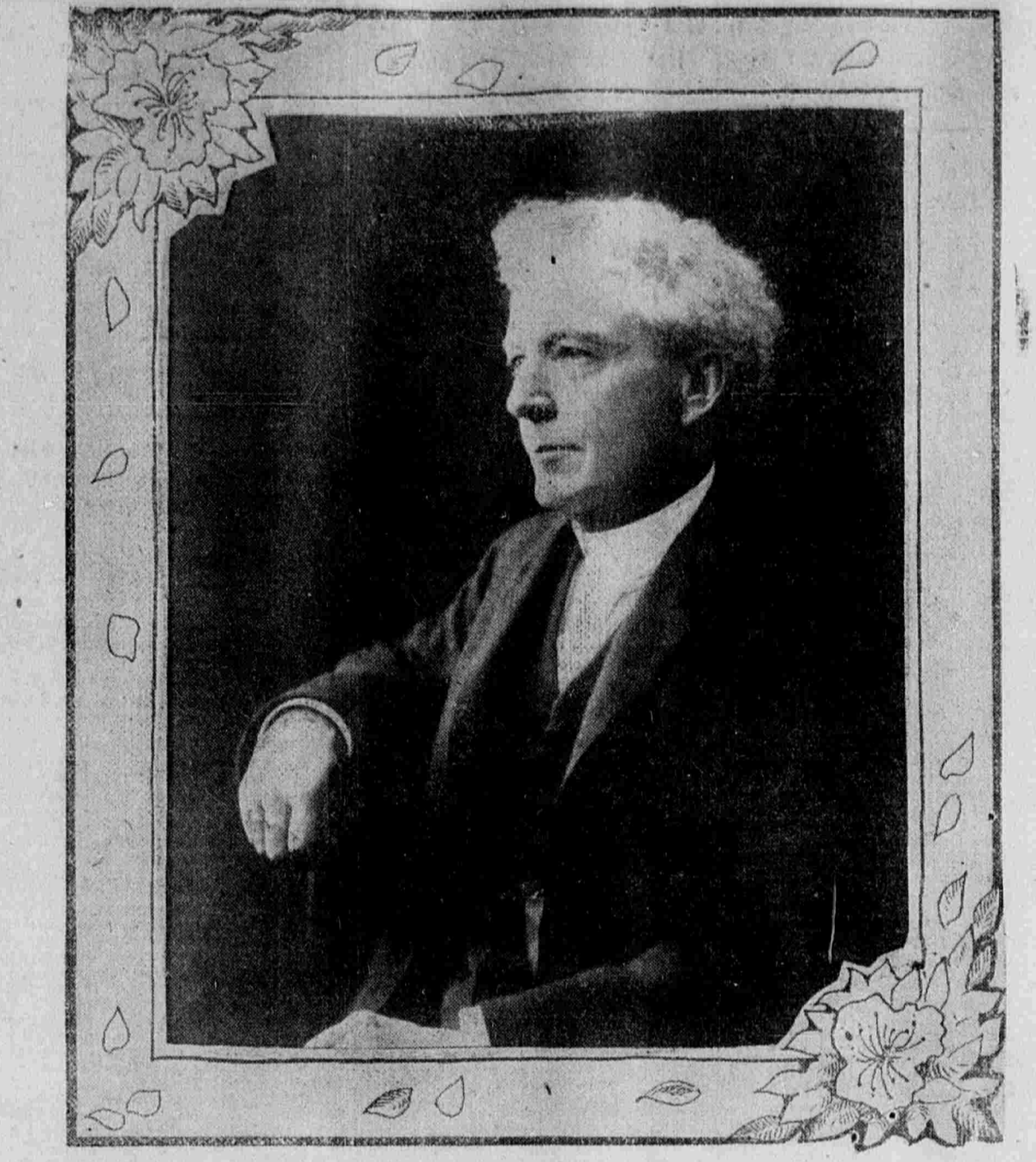
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DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY. SATURDAY JANUARY 18 1908 SALT LAKE CITY UTAH FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR

READ THE WANT ADS TODAY. There May be Something of Personal Interest to You.



Luther Burbank

Fisher Harris styles him "the greatest dry farmer of them all." He is making every effort to arrange his personal affairs so that he may attend the Dry Farm Congress here next week.

HERE ARE A FEW FOR THE POLICE

Merely Some Addresses Where Crooked Card Games Are Reported Being Indulged In.

THE LID IS LIFTED A TRIFLE. "American" Party Promises Regarding Closing Down Gambling Are Things to Laugh At.

Knights of the Green Cloth Continue To Pluck Their Victims in the Old Sweet Way.

Leaders of the so-called "American" party and the organ of Los crooks, repeatedly made the promise that there would be no gambling in Salt Lake City.

NOW TO PRESERVE DATA

Movement to Collect Facts Pertaining To Western History on Foot.

A movement to collect historical data about Utah in the university archives has been commenced by Prof. Levi Edgar Young of the history department.

IN ITS WORST FORM. In one sense it is true there is no gambling in Salt Lake City. There may be no faro layouts in operation and the whiff of the little ivory ball as it spins over the number on the seductive roulette wheel may be silenced.

BIRTHDAY OF ROBERT BURNS. Thistle Club Will Observe Anniversary On Jan. 23.

PLENTY OF OPPORTUNITY. The stranger, or even the citizen, who is looking for a "quiet game of draw," who wants to risk a few dollars in a game of chance, need not go begging.

RENT RAISED \$5. The rent kept on climbing higher and higher until he was paying \$75 per month instead of \$40 which he had first paid.

A Salt Laker who makes no secret

on the same street, and at 18 Commercial alley Hop Sing holds forth.

VIRTUOUS CHIN CHIN. The entrance to the gambling joint at 14 Plum alley is through a dark, narrow and dirty alley.

CROOKED GAMES GALORE. So, it can be plainly seen from this that gambling has been stopped in Salt Lake—that is, gambling of a certain kind.

HINTS FOR THE POLICE. The chief of police and his officers may perhaps truthfully say there is no gambling going on in this city so far as he or they know.

THUGS ARE ARRAIGNED. Baker and Bowen Coolly Plead Not Guilty to Murderous Assault.

CLOSING OF BANK. The charge against Walsh grew out of the closing in 1905 of the Chicago National bank, of which Walsh was president.

DEFENSE'S THEORY. The defense took the ground that all of the Walsh enterprises were built up in order to save and protect original loans by Walsh in good faith.

DEATH OF T. V. WILLIAMS. Well Known Resident of Salt Lake Passes Away This Morning.

HARRISON'S OLD STAND. A seeker after a chance to lose his money might find it convenient to drop into Lester Harrison's place in the D. F. Walker building or go to a room in the Atlas block.

COLORED MEN'S CLUBS. The notorious colored man Hatfield is reported to be running two places. One on east First South street and one near the Grand theater.

CHINESE BUCK THE TIGER. After a visit to these places, a trip through Commercial street, Plum alley and Commercial alley would reveal gambling in nearly all its phases among Chinese, Japs and white men.

WILL APPEAR MONDAY. January Number of Utah Educational Review Ready for Publication.

SECOND WARD SERVICE. Elder Heber J. Grant of the quorum of the twelve will address the people at the sacrament meeting in the Second ward tomorrow evening.

LID ON TIGHT IN CHEYENNE. (Special to the "News.") Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 17.—Public Prosecutor C. M. Watts today nolleed 65 informations and indictments against Cheyennes charged with violation of the gambling law.

THREATENED BY SOLDIER. Cheyenne Woman Flees from Lover in Bare Ankles in Snow. (Special to the "News.") Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 17.—Persons passing along West Eighteenth street at 8 o'clock last night were astonished to see an almost naked woman above her bare ankles.

WALSH GUILTY ON FIFTY-FOUR COUNTS

Jury Finds He Misappropriated Funds of Chicago National Bank.

WAS PRESIDENT OF CONCERN. Penalty for Crime is Imprisonment for Period of Not Less Than Two Years.

LAW DOES NOT PERMIT THE SUBSTITUTION OF FINE FOR THE PRISON TERM.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—John R. Walsh, president of the defunct Chicago National bank, was today found guilty of misappropriating the funds of that institution. The jury, which had been considering the case since Thursday afternoon, reached an agreement shortly after 3 o'clock this morning.

Walsh was found guilty on 54 counts, Demurrers were sustained as to 22 counts, which left 32 counts which the jurors were required to pass.

The verdict was read by the clerk of the court at 10:17. Immediately after the reading of the finding, attorneys for Walsh asked that the jury be polled. This was done.

The charge against Walsh grew out of the closing in 1905 of the Chicago National bank, of which Walsh was president, and his allied institutions, the Home Savings bank and the Equitable Trust company.

Walsh was found guilty on 54 counts, Demurrers were sustained as to 22 counts, which left 32 counts which the jurors were required to pass.

The defense took the ground that all of the Walsh enterprises were built up in order to save and protect original loans by Walsh in good faith.

The trial covered a period of nine weeks and was twice interrupted by illness of jurors.

WALSH UNMOVED. Walsh received the verdict with little show of emotion, but one of the jurors, Elliott Reimold of Harvard, III, burst into tears as he took his seat in the jury box and was so overcome during the proceedings that he was scarcely able to answer the clerk when asked if the finding represented his view as to the guilt of the defendant.

As the clerk read off the names the jurors in turn answered his question in the affirmative. When it came Palmer's turn to respond, he arose with his head bowed, swayed as if about to fall and muttered something behind his hand. Not until the question had been repeated a third time did the juror control his feelings sufficiently to reply.

Formal motion for a new trial was made by Attorney John S. Miller. Judge Anderson set the hearing of the arguments for Feb. 4. Walsh was allowed to remain at liberty on the same bond \$25,000, which had been given after his indictment by the federal grand jury.

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