DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

MONDAY, - - OCTOBER 22, 1894.

The DESERET EVENING NEWS is published every evening (except Sundays) at Nos. 30 and 32 East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

TERMS: $10.00 a Year. Regular Edition all in advance.

The DESERET NEWS, WEEKLY NEWS is published on Tuesday and Friday of each week.

The DESERET WEEKLY is published on Monday every Thirty-Days.

Subscribers choosing that method should always give notice to the editorial office.

The NEWS does not call for the return of MSS. Rejected matter will be returned only during the day after it is sent in.

Communications will be kept strictly P. O. Box 1000, which all are respectfully to use in preference to street number.

Remittances should be addressed to DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone No.

A CONDITION AND A CURE.

Referring to an editorial in this paper a few days ago touching the problem of the unemployed during the winter now drawing near, a correspondent, who writes from the standpoint of a "member of the Mormon Church seeking employment for himself and for the support of a family," makes a suggestion which the NEWS cordially approves and upon upon the attention of those whom it may concern. This is to the effect that a committee of practical and energetic men be selected who require into the actual circumstances of the unemployed Latter-day Saints, and help furnish employment for them, and thus mitigate as far as possible the unhallowed condition of enforced idleness in this locality."

The letter from which this extract is taken points out that many of those who find themselves out of work have in the past performed effective service in the interests of the Church at home and abroad; also that many more have of recent years come here as emigrants from foreign lands and have had little or no opportunity of obtaining homes or of making provision for future exigencies. The onerous burdens of rental bondage are feelingly dwelt upon, as is also the perplexity therein to an honest man who finds himself quite unable to meet his engagements to his landlord. It is hinted that on the part of those who are able to give employment there is indifference to the request for labor; and that "the tendency and spirit of the times is to dishonor the toiler and permit the poor and helpless to drift to a condition of deeper and ruin."

Gloomy as is the view thus taken of the conditions surrounding us, we feel called upon to say there is too much truth in it. To an industrious man nothing can be more withering and baneful in its effects than enforced idleness; nothing more quickly destroys his usefulness as a member of the community or sooner robs him of the self-respect that should belong to and be characteristic of man created in the image of his Maker. Humiliation and hopelessness swiftly come to him whose appeal for employment excites no more thought or sympathy than the wail of the professional mendicant. Men may fatten up their pockets and pass swiftly by the person who makes begging his business; but they can never be justified—least of all in this community—in turning a deaf ear to the petitions of those who, having the inalienable right to live, ask only to be put in the way of earning that which is necessary to life.

On the part of immigrants, however, we believe there has been altogether too much of an inclination to crowd into this and other cities instead of getting out into the smaller settlements where the cultivation of the earth is the pursuit of most of the people. The tendency is unfortunate and, as has been frequently shown in these columns, a grave mistake. If it had been adopted from the beginning, Utah would never have won the proud reputation she holds today as a commonwealth of homes and of independence. There should be no change in the policy that has produced good results in the past; the borders of Zion still should be extended, her cords lengthened, her stakes strengthened. In seconding, therefore, the motion for a committee to inquire into the condition that confronts us today and to devise means for its correction, we trust this phase of the subject will receive consideration, and that the self, with its powers of resistance and its invitation to independence, be placed in advance of temporary expedients that offer a continuation and at best only an amelioration of the ever-present misfortune complained of.

CONVICTION OF THIEDE.

The great mass of the people of Utah, including various shades of religious opinion, do not entertain views or feelings that lead them to rejoice at the prospective taking of human life by violent means, even under the sanction of the law. The value of human life is highly estimated in this Territory, and the popular sentiment has ever favored its protection and preservation to the full extent of the civil power. It is this very sentiment which leads the great majority of the people of the Territory to lend to courts and juries a cordial moral support whenever they, after a fair trial, reach the conclusion that the vindication of the law, and the safety and welfare of the public, demand the infliction of the death penalty.

The result of the trial of Charles Thiede, indicted for the murder of his wife, will meet, we think, with almost universal approval in this community. No fair minded and intelligent person could follow the evidence adduced at the trial, and not feel a profound conviction that the defendant was guilty. His defense was ingenious, was ably conducted, and was as plausible as the circumstances would possibly admit; but it utterly failed to create in the minds of the overwhelming majority of the great number of persons who followed the case closely, even a reasonable doubt of guilt. That Charles Thiede brutally murdered his wife in cold blood, is a fact which has been so thoroughly established as such facts usually can be by circumstantial evidence. The trial was one of the most exhaustive in the criminal annals of the Territory, and the prevalent feeling is that it was fair to the defendant throughout.

The jurors had a painful and difficult duty to perform, and they have discharged it manfully. A high degree and quality of courage are required in men who are placed in the position they occupied, and it is only justice to them to say that they met its requirements fully. The action of the jury in this case, like that in the case of Enoch Davis, has been of a character greatly to strengthen popular confidence in our courts, and create the expectation that crime will be promptly and properly punished by them. It is in every way desirable that such a wholesome state of the public mind should be fostered and perpetuated, for while it exists there is little danger of lynchings, or of mob law in any form. Civilization will never attain to anything higher than the meting out of impartial justice to all men, nor will it ever reach anything lower than anarchy. These are the two extremes.

While the verdict of the jury is, so far as the proceedings in the case have gone, a vindication of the law, and a cause of increased confidence in and respect for the courts, it is far from certain that it is the close of the legal fight. What the defense will next do has not, at this writing, been announced, and while the public recognize the fact that it is the right of the defendant's counsel to take every advantage and opportunity provided by law, the popular demand is that the representatives of the law will do their whole duty. Unbroken confidence in our courts is indispensable to the prosperity of the commonwealth.

DR. FROUDE DEAD.

The great men of the age are rapidly being summoned from the scenes of their earthly labors. While America tenderly deposits her wreaths upon the newly made grave of Oliver Wendell Holmes, England is called upon to mourn the departure of James Anthony Froude, whose death was announced in a late issue of the NEWS. Numerous others, whose names are engraved on the pages of the history of this century, stand apparently ready to follow at the beck of the swift messenger, lingering but a moment among scenes rapidly changing.

James Anthony Froude was born at Dartington, Devonshire, April 23, 1818. He graduated at Oriel College, Oxford, where he obtained the chancellor's prize for an essay on political economy. Among his numerous literary productions are The Lives of the English Saints and Nemesis of Faith, both of which were severely condemned by the University authorities. His great literary work is a history of England from the fall of Wolsey to the defeat of the Spanish Armada, in twelve volumes, but on this continent he is more widely known through his vindication of Henry VIII, exposure of Thomas Carlyle and sketch of the life of Julius Cesar, the last of which in particular is considered a literary gem of purest water.

Froude has during a long life of historical research and unstirring authorship rendered mankind invaluable services and his place in the literary world will be difficult to fill.

A GROWING FEAR.

As a full knowledge of the financial condition of this city is forced more and more clearly upon the understanding of the taxpayers in it, the fear grows among them that the straightened circumstances of the municipality may yet be seized upon as a pretext, not only for justifying, but urging, the sale of the waterworks. True, no such proposition is at the present time actually pending, for it is well remembered that repeated attempts have been made by capitalists and their agents to negotiate precisely this deal, and it is well understood that the system of waterworks now owned by the city would be a magnificent investment for a private syndicate.

No member of the present City Council, so far as we now recall, has yet been found who favored alienating the sale of the waterworks, but it is known that the city's indebtedness is going to be a very serious factor for years to come, that vast appropriations for irrigation are sure to be demanded, and that people shifting the ownership of the waterworks will be welcomed. At least there is a fear among taxpayers that this proposition will yet become a municipal issue.

It may as well be understood in advance that the people of this city will not consent to having their water supply placed under the control of private parties; that the man or faction proposing such a plan will be snowed under, if it be submitted to the people at the polls, and that any member of the Council voting for it after being placed in power, will be regarded as a traitor to his constituents.

Taxation on the water the people drink is worse than taxation upon the land which they own, or upon their property of any kind; while a lack of water, or an impure supply, is worse than taxation in any form. If the water works become private property the people will have no sufficient guarantee that the water rate will be kept reasonably low, but that the supply will be either abundant or pure. Let no occupant of, nor aspirant for, office in this city dare propose the sale of the waterworks!

CROP MORTGAGES.

The business customs of our time embrace various methods of "raising the wind," which would seem extraordinary to the financiers of the last generation, and which are open to question on the grounds of their soundness, morality and tendency. One of these customs is to mortgage a crop before it has been raised, a thing which is frequently done in some states, and the courts of New York state have recently adjudicated a case in which a crop was mortgaged before it was even planted. The decision reached was that such a mortgage is invalid as between the mortgagor and his creditors, and that to make it valid, the seed must be in the ground prior to the execution of the instrument.

Commenting on this decision and the novel case which called it forth, the *Cincinnati Law Review* says:

> To use the legal phrase, the crop must have a potential existence. Seed in the bin of the land owner is not a potential crop, seed in the ground is. The power of a tenant to give a landlord a lien on anticipated crops to be derived from implanted seed is distinguished by the fact that the tenant has an interest in the land and the subject of the contract is improved by the planting when done. It is interesting to consider the application of this decision to the case of a chattel mortgage on a flock of sheep or a herd of cattle and its increase, a stock of goods in a store and subsequent accretions, a railroad and rolling stock to be thereafter added, a hotel built upon the market and materials instead to be procured and put into her completion. Some curious cases have been proposed and acted on in exceptional cases. In Wisconsin the wool from sheep shorn and the growth made in apparatus above ground. In Iowa under a mortgage of horses not expressly covering increase, mares subsequently found were held covered as long as they continued to mare. After weaning, they were not.

This subject is one of interest to both lawyers and borrowers. It is now becoming common to borrow money on a wool clip before the sheep are sheared, and upon property and prospects of various kinds which the future is relied upon to materialize, and the law relating to such cases is becoming an important department of jurisprudence. At the same time it may be doubted that the growth of the practice in this direction is a healthful sign of the times.

EXCLUSIVE "SOCIETY" down East has just awakened to the horrifying fact that the most phenomenal applause it bestowed this year upon a foreigner went to the high-flying son of a Paris butcher, Mons. Daval. The petted visitor enjoys the laugh at the expense of American "nouveau-aristocrats;" which, he naively says, insists that venture shall be of blue blood if possible, but of some kind of blood anyway.

Utah's twenty-first annual Territorial Fair, held in Salt Lake City, is the most complete ever given.—*Kansas City Journal's Weekly Capital.*

Right you are, according to the judgment of every person who attended.

We now so nominate for President and Vice President in 1896 Mr. George M. Pullman and Mr. Andrew Carnegie.—*Chicago Paper.*

President and Vice President of what?

A YANK student can calculate that there is one stitch now in this country to every four inhabitants. That means an average of a tear apiece.

Big stock of World's Fair goods just arrived, at 211 State St.

M. WEBBER,
WARREN PAUL.

Grand Rally of Populists.

Monday night, in the Old Federal Court Room, Warren Foster, the eminent speaker from Kansas, will address the meeting. Ladies cordially invited to attend. There will be a good, rousing time, with campaign songs, etc. Turn out and hear what we have to say.

Salt Lake Theater.

HENRY E. HEIBERT, Manager.
Lessee and City.

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In his New Novelties,

Modern Miracles.

Introducing New Illusions, New Feats in Legerdemain, Mystery, Mirth and Music. Performances Afternoon and Evening. Matinee Saturday. Illustrated Lecture on Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Clairvoyance, Telepathy, Mind Reading, Spiritualism, Etc. Hypnotic Experiments, Mind Reading, Etc., Every Afternoon and Evening at Matinee and Night. Dr. Eliason will present his Hypnotic Lecture at Matinee Saturday.

DISSOLVING LIVING PICTURES.

Introducing Music specially arranged by Prof. Cornelius and rendered by the Eliason Orchestra.

PRICES, 75, 50 and 25c.

Reserved seats on sale at Deseret News and at the theatre box office.

THE LATEST.

Keep the dust and cold out of your houses by having the New Holborn Weather Strip, for doors and windows. Only by the foot; easily applied; within reach of all. C. M. I. Prices very low. A carload of Linoleum and Oil Cloth of the latest patterns just arrived.

Expert Watch Repairing.
W. W. Hall, White House Drug Store.

Thoroughly Comfortable.

Passengers destined to the prominent cities of the Missouri River should patronize the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern line. Magnificent Pullman and Warner sleeping cars, elegant Pullman & Northwestern dining cars, free reclining chair cars, handsome day coaches and comfortable Pullman colonist sleepers.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Contains no ammonia or alum.

Superior to all.

The Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern line, offers the best accommodations to the traveling public en route to Chicago. Through trains, fast time, magnificent sleeping cars, elegant dining cars, colonist sleepers, reclining chair cars and handsome day coaches.

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Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

The most Laughable Comedy,

The Three Hats.

WANTED.

REMEMBER THE NEW ENGLAND HAND laundry, 258 S. Main. Highest prices paid for laundry, 50 cents. Quick turns and satisfaction guaranteed. 258 S. Main.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL house work; small family. 112 E. Fifth South. Satisfactory references.

TO TRADE FIRST-CLASS HOME FOR JERSEY cow, or will pay cash if cheap. Must be fine cows. Address Box 841, City.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN TO solicit in office. Nearly clear. $3 per day assured to capable, and position permanent, if suited. Address, by card, or office of company, Mr. Lewis, Room 1, Dooly Block, Salt Lake City.

COAL.

BUY COAL FROM HILLER & MILLER and get pure weight and good coal.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

FROM FOREST DALE PASTURE, ONE cow, red with white face, branded V on left hip, ear slit and crop off left ear; yearling heifer, red and white, branded same as cow. Any person who will lead to her recovery will be liberally rewarded. A. H. Cannon, 37 Exch. Place.

COOKLESS SANITARY CO., 57 MAIN STREET. Telephone 975.

WANDERED.

FROM SALT LAKE COUNTY INFIRMARY, on Sunday, Sept. 30, J. B. Hyatt, formerly agent for Singer, Howe and Wheeler, white almost, and carries a cane. Has relatives, may be in Utah, Ohio and Illinois. Left with intention of attending tabernacle. Nearly deaf. Also, cane.
SALT LAKE COUNTY INFIRMARY.

A CHEAP HOME.

ONLY $20, NINE ROOMS, bath, pantry and closet, 7 x 11 with ground, lot 50 x 150, 1 block from car line. Apply to owner on premises, 1 block south of Sta. A, Lincoln, the ninth and ninth street.

FOR SALE.

A CARLOAD OF DRESSED COTTONWOOD, 4 inch, direct from Canada, and also the best French mirror glass. Eastern Cash Commission & Salvage Bank, 40 E. Commercial St. SALT LAKE CITY.

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LOANS, ANY AMOUNT ON CITY, 6 per cent. Salt Lake and Davis County Farms. Apply at office to Jos. H. Rucker, 216 Dooly Block.

ON REASONABLE TERMS, APPLY TO Taylor Sharman, 70 W. East Temple Street.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES on city and farm lands. Thompson, 49 West Second South.

THE O. E. MILLER RUPTURE CO.

Removed to
Room 12, Gabert Building,
159 State Street.

RIVERSIDE CANAL COMPANY.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Riverside Canal Co. will be held at the office of the Lowery Paper Co., Board of Trade Building, Salt Lake City, at 12 m. on Saturday, 8 November, 1894, for the election of officers, and on the consideration of work on the pumping canal, and such other business as may come to the interests of the company be properly.
GEO. C. LAMBERT, Sec.

Go to S. F. BALL,

TEMPLE CAFE, 16 MAIN STREET,

For Cakes, Candies, Bread, etc. Tourists' Lunches and Sandwiches. Hot Lunch 12 till 3.

LEWIS' 98 PER CENT LYE

PURIFIES AND TEMPERS SOFT WATER.

This strong and purest Lye makes clear soap in a boiling or cold process and, packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. It will make the best perfumed hand soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for softening water, cleansing sinks, closets, washing bottles, pails, tubs, etc.

ENGEL, SALT & CO.
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DEEDS AND MORTGAGES,

Conformable To Latest Territorial Statute For Sale at The Deseret News Publishing Co.

A Rare Chance!

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These will be Sold at Less than New York Prices to Close them Out.

Our Regular Stock is now Complete in all Departments. The Season Calls for WARM DRESS GOODS, FLANNELS, HOSIERY, UNDER WEAR, BLANKETS, COVERLETS, GLOVES and KNIT GOODS We have these in Profusion, besides

TEN THOUSAND ITEMS

Which Advertising Cannot Enumerate.

Buyers are Invited to Carefully Look Over our Supply of what they need. IF GOOD QUALITY, STYLE, and LOW PRICES are what they ask, we are AT THE FRONT.

T. G. WEBBER, Superintendent.

Deseret Woolen Mills Co.,

SALT LAKE CITY.

Manufacturers of Cassimeres, Suitings, Ladies' Cloth, Dress Goods, Flannels, Linseys, Hosiery, Yarns and Blankets.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM, NO. 25 WEST, FIRST SOUTH STREET.

NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

Mr. E. O. Sorlen, who has been in the north on a business trip for two months returned home Sunday morning. During his trip he visited all the important towns and mining camps in Southern Idaho, and that part of Montana about Helena, and reports everything in a much improved condition everywhere. All through the agricultural country along Snake river in Southeastern Idaho the land is being taken up and cultivated and towns growing rapidly, and thinks St. Anthony the prettiest place along the whole line of his travels and the field camps of Virginia City, Sheridan, Salmon River, Silver City and DeLamar all in a booming condition, and Hailey is again taking on its old time flesh. Mr. Sorlen is mighty pleased with our new location, but was at all surprised at our large increase in trade, as is no more than would naturally follow with the increase of stock and manufacturing facilities. He thinks our new fall goods the most desirable selection and at the lowest prices he ever saw offered. His own sales were four times as much as on his last trip over the same territory last spring. This he thinks is partially due to the better financial feeling, but more largely due to the generous inducements we are offering this fall.

Call and look over our goods, see and handle them—compare the prices. Then, and then only will you appreciate our offerings.

Plymouth Rock Pants

COMPANY.

41 West Second South Street.

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HYMN BOOK

FOR SALE BY THE Deseret News Pub. Co.

PRICES: 35c TO $1.85.

F. J. MAY,

Best Quality Beef, Mutton, Veal and Pork.

Bologna and Sausage a Specialty. Prompt Attention Paid to all Orders.

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Everything from a Brass Valve to a Steel Rolling, to the Highest Class of Machinery. No Place to Possibly Challenge Made.

We Received the Highest Awards in Every Department of our Work at the Territorial Fair, 1894.

Now or Never!

Ladies' Capes, $1.50 to $7.00. Jackets, $1.50 to $6.00. Winter Capes and Jackets, in Cloth, Braided and Plain, in all the Latest Styles, $3.50 to $20.

Children's and Misses' Coats, in this season's styles, $2.50 to $10.00.

All Novelty Dress Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices.

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At sale prices A. P. Johnson's and E. P. Reid's Unequaled Dongola and Peerless Kid at the following reduced prices:

$3.00 SHOES, FOR - - $2.00.
$4.00 SHOES, FOR - - $3.00.
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All the Newest Styles, in large quantities to select from, in Narrow, Square, Piccadilly, Opera and London Toe, at the Lowest Prices. Everything in Low Shoes at Cost.

White Blankets, - - $ .75 a Pair.
Heavy Grey Blankets, - 2.00 a Pair.
Fine Scarlet Blankets, - 5.00 a Pair.
A Job Lot of Stiff Hats, at - - $1.00.
See our Men's Underwear, from 50c up.
A Job Lot of Men's Coats, at from $2 to $4, Each.
Men's Sensation Balmorals, - $1.75.
Men's Live Oak Shoes, at - - $2.50.
Men's Iona Calf Shoes, at - $3.00.

Teasdel & Sons,

132, 134, 136, 138 MAIN ST., SALT LAKE CITY. Tel. 194.

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CORNER FIRST SOUTH and RICHARDS STREET.

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DO YOU USE WHISKY OR WINES?

If so, go to the OLDEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY for them.

THE KENTUCKY LIQUOR COMPANY, 11 to 15 E. SECOND SO., SALT LAKE CITY.