EVENING NEWS

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DESERET NEWS 'PHONES.

Persons desiring to communicate by telephone with any department of the Deserct News, will save themselves and this establishment a great deal of an-noyance if they will take time to notice these numbers: For the Chief Editor's office No. 74.

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100 A SETTLEMENT EFFECTED.

Readers of the "News" are somewhat nequalnted with the dispute at Brigham City over the Academy of Music and Dancing at that place, involving some unpleasantness between the directors of the establishment and their friends, with the Presidency of the Box Elder Stake of Zion. There has been for some time much misrepresentation of the facts in the case, and a Salt Lake paper published some vicious and untruthful anonymous communications concerning them, much to the annoyance of many of the best people of Brigham City on each side of the controversy. The matter has at last been amicably and mutually settled, on a basis agreed upon by both parties to the dispute.

We gave, recently, particulars of a trial held at that place before the High Council of the Stake, presided over by the Presidency of the Weber Stake of Zion. It was taken up on appeal from a Bishop's court, and was on a complaint against the Presidency of the Box Elder Stake, entered by certain directors of the Academy of Music. After a long and complete and patient investigation, it was unanimously decided in favor of the accused, and the persons chiefly interested appeared to be satisfied. There remained, however, some details of agreement to be arranged which would be fair to all parties, and be injurious to neither. The services of Counselor C. F. Middleton of the Weber Stake Presidency were solicited, as he had taken a very active part, with President L. W. Shurtliff and Counselor N. C. Flygare in the trial referred to, and he responded to the request by the consent of both parties and under proper authority. Accordingly President Middleton met with the directors of the Academy of Music and the Presidency of the Box Elder Stake, and presented a plan of settlement between them. In substance it provided for the conduct of amusements hereafter, in the pavillion built by the stockholders of the music and dancing academy, under the direction of the Stake Amusement committee, which was increased in number by the addition to it of E. C Wheatly, president of the directors of the dancing academy, and J. A. Edwards. The Stake Presidency to encourage the people to patronize the academy, and to advise that the Opera House be not used in competition with that academy, but that both places be utilized under the direction of the Stake amusement committee as enlarged. These terms were agreed to and signed thy President Charles Kelly, Lucius A. Snow and Oleen N. Stohl of the Box Elder Stake, and Directors E.C. Wheatley, N. E. Porter, C. O. Andersen, S. F Christensen, Chris Christensen and C.R. Christensen of the Box Elder Academy of music and dancing. This was submitted to the High Council and the four Bishoprics at Brigham City, and ratified by them. President Wheatley of the academy called togeth er the stockholders of that institution and after two meetings had been held and some difficulty still existed over the settlement, President Middleton was requested to meet with the stockholders and explain matters to them, which he did on Saturday, July 23, and the majority voted for the agreement after he had used his fatherly influence in favor of peace and union. On Sunday the 24th inst., Brother Mlddleton met with the Saints in public worship and presented his plan of settlement, and it was adopted by the people, On Monday evening all classes gathered at the academy, which was crowded densely, the amusements were conducted in proper "Mormon" fashion and an excellent spirit prevailed, The great bulk of the residents of Brigham City are satisfied with the agreement, and it is hoped and believed that the few who still hold aloof will soon join in with the majority, and aid in the promotion of that peace and harmony that are essential to the progress and benefit of the community. There certainly should be a general effort there towards mutual goodwill and the establishment and perpetuation of order, unity and brotherhood. Those who have worked so faithfully to bring about this settlement of difficulty and to promote the general welfare, are to be cordially commended for their labora of love, and the city and Stake are to be congratulated on this consumma-

tion. Now let all hard feeling be banished, and every man in Brigham City meet his neighbor as a brother or a friend! UTAH'S "OLD FOLKS." The San Francisco Call comments approvingly on the Utah custom of providing special excursions and amusements for the so-called Old Folks. Referring specially to the late outing to Spanish Fork, our contemporary says that Nathanial Hawthorne, in his search for the unusual never imagined an assemblage so striking. "There were present old people of nearly every color an! nationality known to mankind-a chieftain from the South Pacific, Samoans, Hawailans, colored people, English, Welsh, Irish, Germans, Scotch, Amnricans, Scandinavians-a cosmopolitan gathering of a very unusual character. They were all allve when Queen Victoria was crowned. They were able to discuss from memory events in the war with Mexico and the old days on the Missouri and Mississippi prior to 1846. Even one of the original party of Mormons that entered Salt Lake City in July 1847, was at the picnic." We believe the general sentiment in the country, wherever this distinctively Utah institution is known, is one of approval and admiration. It is all the more strange that every state in the Union has not, before this, followed the lead of Utah in this matter, and provided for regular gatherings of a similar kind. Everywhere are aged men and women whose pleasures are few, and who would look forward to an annual excursion, as children to Christmas. Why should not every state in the Union have its "Old Folks' Committee," looking out for the aged of all nationalities and creeds, as Utah has?

Such a committee would everywhere be liberally supported and sustained. Some surprise is generally expressed at the number of aged people in Utah, still "young," Well, they are people

who have lived temperate lives, working. ing industriously, and therefore ke physical and mental faculties in the best possible order. That in the great fountain of youth, from which all who to save his face. desire longevity must drink habitually.

# RUSSIA WILL MAKE GOOD.

It will be seen by the London dispatches, that the questions relating to the seizure of English vessels by Russian cruisers are being amicably adjusted, the Russian government being willing to make every reparation possible. There could be no other outcome of those cases. Russian diplomats are masters in international law, and they generally knew just how far they can permit their army and navy command-

ers to go, without incurring the risk of war The Russian cruisers that sneaked through the Dardanelles were vessels employed in the transportation of merchandise, but, in times of war, under

obligation to enter actual service, Every government has vessels of that class. They are called auxillary cruisers. In times of peace they are not war vessels. On that account they could easily go through the Dardanelles, eluding Turkish vigilance, par-

#### DESERET EVENING NEWS: FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1904.

husband became ill and died, and his brother charged the wife with murder. A long trial followed. The doctors testifled that the deceased died of arsenical poisoning, and although the defense proved that for 20 years Mr. Maybrick

had been accustomed to the use of arsenic, and that daily he took large doses, Mrs. Maybrick was sentenced to death by a judge who spoke for two days in charging the jury. He said it was impossible for them to find her not guilty in the face of the medical evidence.

A story of considerable interest, if true, is now told in connection with the famous case. It is related on the alleged authority of Mr. E. L. Willard. the actor. According to this story there was a sensational play in rehearsal at one of the London theaters early in the eightles. The plot of the play was in all essentials the plot of the Maybrick tragedy. Before putting it in the bill a private matinee was given, to which critics, actors and literary folk were invited. The play was condemned and never produced, but among the audience at the matinee, the story goes, was Mrs. Maybrick.

All strike and no pay makes Jack a dull boy.

,To demand a nomination is not to ommand it or votes.

What people want to see is the tail and of the beef strike.

The strikers do not seem to be particularly struck on the strike. World's Fair employes feel all cut up over having their salaries cut down.

The assassin of M. Von Plehve in seems was hoist with his own petard. The Czar is almost entitled to say,

My burden is heavier than I can bear.

is not much danger of them misbehav. Kuropatkin says that he has no changed his front. He doubtless tells it

When the butchers' strike is over it is to be hoped that the price of beef will be slaughtered.

The Russians can be relied upon to find a punishment to fit the crime of M. Von Plehve's assassin.

Why didn't the volunteer fleet just kidnap them and hold them for ransom after the manner of Raisuli?

When they abandoned Ta Tche Kiao the Russians applied the torch to it. It is not a good way to shed light. Is this litigation between the two

telephone companies over numbers to result in suits without number?

A lock of Bryan's hair has been sold for sixty-five dollars. It was a harebrained person who paid the price.

Russia will withdraw her volunteer fleet from the Red sea, but she "stands pat" on the doctrine that it had a right to do as it did.

ts enforcement. And certainly these ations will not tolerate such interfer ace with neutral trade as has already courred and is to be expected as a ri ilt of the presence on the high sea the Russian commerce destroyers. A continuance of such events is sure to avolve the interference of Great Brit supported or approved by German, and the United States, and it is a grave question whether Russia has not al ady gone beyond the bounds that can e compensated for by peaceful assur-

igainst the seizure of Japanese mail San auxiliary cruisers are war vessels with all the rights of such. The fact that they passed the Dardanelles in the cuise of merchantmen should not affect their belligerent status. It merely raises armament on board, were already was vessels, and may be thought of as hav-ing run successfully a diplomatic block.

is second-class cruisers.

ct together in this matter. The pre-udice in Great Britain against Rusudice Judice in Great Britain against Rus-sia will be increased greatly. The kaiser, who has been showing a great personal interest in the fortunes of Russia in the Far East, will have to change his attitude for the time being. In the long run this interference with foreign commercial vessels by wander-ing ships of the caar will help the gapones for the quartient will be set. Japanese, for the question will be settled for good.



oncerned with the humorous experi nces of two country fakers on Wal treet. "The Coming of the Maestra' Street. writes a New England love story in her





ticularly if deception is practised as in this case, when one of the vessels displayed the Red Cross flag, and the other went as a hospital ship. Once on the open ocean, the armament was hoisted from the hold and mounted, commissions were read and the "merchant steamers" became armed ships of Rus-

The British premier, however, has emphatically stated, that if the ships had the right to pass through the straits, they had no right to arm them. selves after they had passed; and, if they had a right to carry arms, they had no right to emerge from the Black Sea. From this logic there is no appeal. And so the "giant of the north" once more retreats on the command of his powerful rival in the Orient. The bear is not in a position to show its teeth to the angry lion.

## HOLLAND'S NEW VENTURE.

Mr. Holland, whose name is known in connection with the submarine boat believes he has a successful flying machine. It is different from the usual air ships in this respect, that it has no gas bag, but depends entirely on mechanical contrivances for floating and moving about in the air. The machine is said to have two sets of wings operated by four wheels. Each of the wings is ten feet in length, and the whole machine, we are told, weighs only 26 pounds, and may be packed in a large sized trunk. The inventor is so sanguine of success that he predicts that flying through the air wil soon be safer and more popular than bicycle

riding. It is probably true that successful flight will finally be achieved along the line of the peroplane, rather than the balloon, or by the two combined, as they are in the bird. The balloon has practically been developed as far as it can be, and the sad experience of M. Santos Dumont-sad from whatever point of view it is regarded-is not calculated to encourage further experiments along that line. It is to be hop ed that Mr. Holland will have more success than his famous predecessors, Lilienthal, Langley and others had.

## MRS. MAYBRICK. 8

The final release of Mrs. Maybrick, from custody, is not a vindication of her innocence. The unfortunate woman is freed on a ticket of leave. But as she is not under obligation of reporting to any British authorities, she is practically free to go and come where and when she desires, even beyond British jurisdiction. The freedom obtained is due, very largely, to the constant agitation of American wo then, many of whom have regarded her as a martyr to British jurisprudence, and their victory is a matter of sincere congratulation.

The history of her case is well known. At the age of eighteen she married James Maybrick of Liverpool, a wealthy elderly gentleman. Later she became acquainted with a young man whose attentions she seems to have

The mayor of Pittsburg is in a quandry over choosing a "typical" girl for the St. Louis exposition. Why not select his type-writer?

The all-important event in Russia at the present time is neither the assassination of Von Plehve, nor the attack of the Japanese upon Port Arthur, but the expected arrival of the stork at the imperial residence at Peterhof. The czar hopes and prays for an heir to the throne-a son. Will his prayers be granted? That is the question of the day in Russia.

It develops that the assassin of Von Plehve was not a Jew. This is a fortunate thing for that unfortunate race in Russia. The dead minister was accused of having had much to do with the instigation of the Kishineff massacres. Be that as it may, had one of that race thrown that bomb no Jewish life would have been safe in Russia, and it would have served as a pretext for greater oppression and persecution.

Talk of raising the Maine has been revived. It is said that the Washington authorities are averse to it because of a fear that it will be shown that it was an explosion from the inside that sunk her. There is no reason to believe that any such fear exists. It would be cow. ardice, and that is a charge that cannot be made against the administration. The thing to do is to raise the Maine no matter what the wreck shows. The past is past and cannot be recalled. Let the Maine be raised.

### RUSSIA'S WAR ON COMMERCE.

Los Angeles Express. No doubt it is embarrassing for King Edward and the kaiser to be arrested (figuratively) on the high seas as sus-picious characters, but it is often dif-ficult to detect the bluster of the innocent from that of the guilty on such occasions. It is not likely the present cases will be decided upon their mer-its. England and Germapy will go to the limit in bluffing and the czar will forget all about rights and turn his at-tention to expediency.

Portland Oregonian. What really constitutes contraband of war-goods that may be selzed in transit to the port of a beligerent-is fixed by no rule; for in emergency each fixed by no rule; for in emergency each nation decides for itself; yet the decis-lon may be hazardous if not backed by the power to maintain it. There are, indeed, writers who hold that nothing can be contraband—liable to seizure— but objects expressly made for war and fitted for immediate employment in warlike operations. Others hold that such things as borses coal engines such things as horses, coal, engines, and even provisions, may be accounted contraband, if it can be shown they are destined for warlike use. All or al-most all goods, indeed, on their way to an enemy's force or to a besieged place, are taken by the belligerent that can stop them, without hesitation or scruple. War stops or may stop every-thing; and the injuries and the claims for indemnity may be talked out after-

Pueblo Chieftain. Russia's war upon neutral commerce is nothing short of madness. Her defi-nition of contraband is one that can-not be accepted by the great commer-cial nations of the world, and Ger-many, Great Britain and the United States will stand together in preventing not entirely discouraged. Then her | States will stand together in preventing