364

THE DESERET NEWS

Design of the second		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
THE MILES CASE.	intended, especially when in the	4 McCord (S. Carolina, 256; Hil-	ment of the Mormon Church, is	We see no error in the in
	appellant's brief it is stated that	lom's case, 3 Rich, 434; Regius vs.	the nuowment House. Persons	tions granted, nor do we see river
JUDGMENT OF THE LOWER COURT	"the alleged second marriage" is	Sommonsto, 47 E. C. L. 164; Wol-	goti ere for two purposes, to-wit:	the court below erred in reis the
AFFIRMED.	admitted. This is not the case of a	verton vs. State, 10 Ohio 173; Cay-	to take their endowments and to be	those of the defendant which and t
Sorn 00. Shine and Shine a	mistake in the defendant's name,	ford's case 7, Greenleaf (Me.) 57;	married. It was necessary that the	refused, as the law was laid The t
June Term, 1879. United States respon-	but if it were, the description	Ham's case, 11 Maine 551; State vs.	view In taking their and ormante	
dent, va. John Miles, appellant. Appeal	would have been sumclentand the	Hodgskins, 19 Maine, 155; Jackson	nage. In taking their endowments	given. 6.15
from Third District Court.	variance immaterial. The names	vs. People, 2 Scam., 231; Quin vs.	and in being married a peculiar set	we, therefore, see no error purt
Boreman, Justice, delivered the	or Owen and Owens nave the same	State, 46 Ind., 725; State vs. Seals,	or garmente or diesses was neces-	vertice and judgment of the Th
opinion of the Court:		16 Ind., 352; Arnold vs. State, 53		below, and the judgment is vork
The appellant was indicted and		Ga., 574; Brown vs. State, 52 Ala.,		
convicted of the crime of bigamy,	perng a party to the second mar-	338; Laugthy vs. State, 30 Ala., 536; Com. vs. Jackson, 11 Bush (Ky.,)	similar house at St George She)rizes
and from the judgment in this re-		679; Williams vs. State, 54 Ala.,		And the second se
spect, he has appealed to this court.	the jury not to convict on her tes-		dowment House in Salt Lake City	BY TELEGRA he ands
The first assignment of error was	timony unloss corroborated by	The defendant on numerous oc-		man
that "the Court erred in allowing	other witnesses Under the United	casions deliberately admitted and	however, seen there dressed in this	
the attorney for the United States	States Statute against higamy or	declared that Emily Spencer was	peculiar manner required of parties	AMERICAN man ends,
to ask the jurors or any of them if	polygamy, there is no such thing	his wife. He introduced her (Em-	taking endowments or getting mar-	WASHINGTON, 5A few the in
they believed in polygamy or that	as an accomplice. It is unknown	ily) to various persons as "his wife."	ried, and as she could not have	ago special dispatches were sand s
ne or they belonged to the mormon	to the low	He said of her "she is my wife,"	been there for the purpose of taking	several prominent Western The
Church, or anowing any questions	Dhilling cove that an accomplice	and also from are my wife " On	her endowments the conclusion in	papers from this city attriawar
as to the religious belief of any ju-	"in all cases expects to earn a par-	the same evening at Angus Can-	connection with other circum-	Henry Watterson's personal ST.
	don," and hence such testimony	non's he spoke of her again as his	stances, would seem to be inevita-	abou Denator Conking II Delse
The Criminal Procedure act says	needs to be corroborated. "the	"first wife," saving that "he was	ble that she was there for the pur-	Louisvine Courrer-Journal led by
that a particular cause of challenge	temptation to commit perjury be-	not going to put his first wife out	pose of marriage. She could have	sentment for the alleged sliphiba ta
is "for the existence of a state of mind on the part of the juror which	ing so great, where the witness by	of the house the first night they	been there for no other purpose.	niciea upon nim by the Senatorichi
leads to a just inference in refer-	accusing another may escape him-	were married," &c. He also said	Emily Spencer and defendant	declining repeated invitation their
eace to the case that he will not	colf" (Phill Ex. nn 37-41)	that "if he could not dance with	were not married on that day after	under when waterson was Ga
act with entire impartiality, which	The reason of the rule istung the	his wife Emily, he would not	his marriage with Miss Carrie	the presidency, during the
	rule itself falls. In the instance be-	dance with any one." Going back	Owen, for he remained with Miss	of the electoral count contrage
-(Sec. 241, second clause, Laws of	Inra Da. no such Lemplation Could	a little, we had that immediately	the Endomment House with her	Watterson having traced thisterda
Utah, p., 178.)	influence the witness, nor could	after coming out of the Endowment	The Endowment House with her.	port to Mr. Painter Washin by t

hold upon the individual. If a person believes it is his religious duty cr privilege to do an act, he would not as a consequence, look upon said act as criminal. Looking upon the act as innocent, he would naturally, but perhaps unconsciously, be averse to inflicting punishment therefor. He would not like to find a man guilty of a crime for doing that which he thought the Almighty authorized him to do. In such a case he would naturally lean toward an acquittal, and would possess that state of mind which would lead to a just inference that he would not act with entire impartiality in the case. The inquiry as to whether the person offered as juror was a member of the Mormon Church was of the same character as that respecting his belief. Both questions go to the belief. It is one of the leading doctrines of the Mormon Church that polygamy is divinely appointed and that it is ordained of God, and to be reverenced as such. It is likewise one of the cardinal teachings of that Church that as it is God's law, it is above man's law, and that when the practice comes in conflict with the laws of the land, the laws of the Church must be obeyed and the laws of the land disobeyed. One belonging to a church holding the offense charged to be of divine sanction, and above the civil law, might also be influenced by the probable action of his church toward him if he failed in the jury box as well as elsewhere to uphold its doctrine. But all of the jurors to whom these questions were asked and who were excluded, were in the first place challenged for actual bias and the challenge submitted to triers appointed by the Court. These triers in each instance found the challenge true and their decision was final. These questions, therefore, were not material nor important. The Court and the parties were bound by the decision of the triers, for the statute says that if the triers find the challenge true, "the juror must be excluded." (Crim. Procedure, Sec. 253. Laws of Utah, 1878, p. 113.) It is claimed, however, that the court had no authority for appointing triers. In the selection of jurors, the Territorial Statutes are to control the courts, when there is no conflict with the United States Statutes. U. S. vs. Reynolds-U. S. Supreme Court, but not yet reported. Clinton vs. Englebrecht, 13 Wall. 434. Our Territorial Statute, the Criminal Procedure act of 1878, dence of facts from which it may well as that of Carrie Owen. bias and the challenge is denied. (Laws of Utah, 1878, pp. 112-3.) We do not, therefore, see that there was any error committed by the Court in appointing the triers.

A religious belief takes strong any hope of pardon. 'She had com- House on the occasion of the mar- Whilst defendant and Carrie port to har. Fainter, washin by the option of the mar- of commit the offense charged against the defendant declared to Carrie House and about to be married, D. the defendant.

Owen that the marriage between H. Wells, the party officiating, The allowing of questions to be himself and Emily had already called defendant's attention to the put to witness D. H. Wells respect- taken place. When he came to the fact that it was the first wife's priving the dress or robes of the persons room of Carrie late at night, evi- liege to give this woman (Miss visiting the Endowment House is dently from the room of Emily, his Owen) to him, and that he, defend- lalsehood to be settled by Sanfo language indicated the same thing ant knew it. Wells' knowledge of Conkling and Painter, me Ma All marriages in the Endowment He afterwards said to Carrie Owen, the defendant's prior marriage thus House, as shown by the testimony, "I have never admitted to you be- made manifest. did not call from are clandestine and performed under | fore that Emily Spencer is my first | defendant any denial of that marcover of sworn secrecy. Direct tes- wife, you are only my second, riage, but in effect he admitted it. timony is therefore extremely diffi. * * * but there is no witness As Carrie Owen arese to retire, author of the story, Painter aged cult of access; and hence every about to hear what I am telling thus showing a disposition to refact going to show the object of the you." He repeatedly spoke to her volt, the defendant simply remarked to Wells, "never mind," and the a copy of a letter addressed. Hors These samples of defendant's ad- first wife was not called, although to Watterson, in which he M style of dress were worn in case of missions of the first marriage, taken in the building, and the ceremony following language: marriage, it was proper to show with the surroundings show that of marriage between defendant and

Enquirer, forthwith publishe was editorial paragraph saying in ditio stance that the assertion w No true and that he would leav aged question of responsibility ded marking that if the Senst were Painter any such thing, the cause sibility for a lie would keros (Conkling's), and if he wasa Geo be the scoundrel. rang Painter to-day furnishes th was keep "I see by your paper, just to de ed by me, that you seek the nited After defendant's arrest-but be- and fail to deny the only a SA to dinner, which were all pronteles These are some of the facts which declined. From that time tabou erno omp and to suppress part, award of the allo

July

assigned for error.

party's visit becomes material. If of Emily as his first wife. it were necessary that a peculiar were dressed according to the re- liberate statements of a fact. In was not there for the purpose of declarations are corroborated by a tion was certainly proper.

what that style was. If the party they were not idle remarks, but de- Carrie Owen proceeded. quirements in case of marriage, the the case at bar, the verdict of the fore indictment-he promised to made by me, which I repeat from presumption would be that she was jury, however, does not depend give up the other woman and that you sought Mr. Conkling of the there for that purpose. If she were alone upon the admissions, confes- make Miss Owen his first and only quaintance in the winter of larg not dressed in the mode required, sions or declarations made by the wife, if she would come back to and pursued him with invit wree the presumption would be that she defendant, but said admissions and him. admitted in evidence. Such a rule fendant, and Emily Spencer, Car- such admissions. cannot apply to bigamy or polyga- rie Owen, and Julia Spencer, call- The point raised, that the second same paper you print a way participation to constitute and com- clusive, as the parties believed. He confirming them. told them that the order was that when the challenge is for actual Bishop St. Crimes, sec. 609. 1 Bis- Emily Spencer to the reception these hidden criminalities, The indictment charges the sec- ported by the later English as well he treated Emily as his wife, recog- vs. Burdel, 4 Bradt. 343, 454-5; 1 ously this time, but withat xp.

marriage. With this view the ques- variety of circumstances. For ex- corroborate the testimony as to de- present you have pursued hand ample: Prior to the marriage with fendant's admission of the first your paper with slander and had It is said that the first marriage Emily Spencer, the defendant's marriage, and they, together with peration, such as only the marriage was the corpus delicti and must be conduct showed that such marriage the circumstances immediately pion blackguard of the Seuth th clearly proven before confessions or was long contemplated, and that, surrounding each admission, seem revel. You have seen fit tor admissions of the defendant can be too, as a first marriage. The de- fully to sustain the truthfulness of part of a correspondence will

my cases, but only to those where ed upon John Taylor, the head of wife cannot be admitted to testify from a gentleman which shows and the deed-the corpus delicti, is one the so-called "Church of Jesus until the first marriage is clearly the face of it that you receive" thing and the fact as to who did the Christ of Latter-day Saints," to proven, cannot possibly have any in confidence and had might een deed is another. In bigamy or take the counsel of the head of effect in this case; for here the ad- give it publicity. From the till aste polygamy cases these two facts are their Church as to the precedence missions and corroborating circum- you were first brought to the missions and corroborating circumnot separate and distinct, but one of these three girls if they should stances showed clearly the first of the public by your antics in La and the same. The crime is not marry the defendant. Taylor was marriage before the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the rebel army as a product of the second wife was rear of the sec committed at all if the defendant did not commit it. It requires his participation to constitute and com-The admissions of the first mar- prised that your society is not chron It is, however, strenuously con. the oldest must be the first wife; that riage with corroborating circum- sidered desirable by genuenen. I ab tended that the declarations, con- the precedence was controlled by stances ought to be sufficient in fessions or admissions of the pris- the relative ages of the girls, and Utah if anywhere, for here there is oner are not alone sufficient proof that Emily Spencer being the old- no statute upon marriage; and to ate heading of "More suphilityay, of the first marriage. If the sur- est, must be the first wife if they cover up this crime of polygamy the air," for Watterson is were roundings of such admissions show married, and Carrie Owen should every possible precaution is taken man to allow such language but n them to have been deliberate, they be the second wife. Defendant to prevent any proof of said mar- without serious notice. would be sufficient to support a said that he must obey counsel and riages, and direct proof is nearly, if verdict of guilty. Greenleaf says, marry Emily Spencer as his first not entirely, impossible. Whatever scullers race, three miles ways p that "marriage may be proved by wife. This was in accordance with of ceremony there is, takes place in by Evan Morris, of Pittsburg and the deliberate admissions of the the desires of the defendant secret, and such secrecy is enjoined came in nearly half a mile and hron prisoner." (3 Gr. Ev. sec. 204.) We throughout, although he feigned by oaths of great affected solemnity. Feneyck. For an eighth diaini are entirely without statute upon otherwise to Carrie Owen in re- Such oaths, although illegal and nothing like the race we hav void, are generally, by those taking seen on the river. Manis Aty. manner of its celebration and the The priority or precedence of them, treated as binding, either Teneyck passing each other II CIN proof thereof are left as at common Emily Spencer over Carrie Owen from a mistaken notion of their va- times. Both rowed about the storn law. As no special ceremony is re- was talked of in the presence of the lidity or from a fear of the conse- number of strokes to the mind a quired at common law no proof is defendant, as appears by Katie quences to themselves of a violation Finally Morris secured the least hill required to show whether any was Conley's testimony. It was set- thereof. The public demonstrations kept it all the way home cominis performed or not. The only ques- tled and well understood between and the general condition of society about half a mile in front of he re tions to be determined in this re- the parties before they went to the here, show the praise that is award- yck-time 26.361. On the way arry spect were whether defendant and Endowment House, that Emily ed to such as shrink from their duty about half a mile from the orti Emily Spencer were ever married, Spencer was to be the first wife and to uphold and obey the law and di- the Boatflick's boat filled will the and if so was such marriage prior to Carrie Owen was to be the second. vulge these secrets, and such things ter and he was dumped over as t that between defendant and Carrie The day that Emily was seen in point unerringly to the ignominy was for some time paddling spint Owen. The existence of such prior | the Endowment House was the day and ostracism which the friends of when fortunately the policie] marriage may be shown "by evi- agreed upon for her marriage as this crime of polygamy seek to pulled up to him and rescue rev visit upon those who are honorable from his perilous position. Id. requires the Court to appoint triers be inferred." (1 Bou. Just. 263, The defendant persisted in taking enough and brave enough to expose yek's boat also filled and swatous party at Angus Cannon's, notwith- Concealment of the marriage his boat he again started for and That the prisoner's deliberate ad- standing the protests of Carrie contract is contrary to public po- second money. By this time alli missions are facts from which the Owen. He claimed that she (Emi- licy and injurious to the best in- no, who was far in the rest as marriage may be inferred, is as we ly) was his wife and he would take terests of society. Publicity af- come up to him and both sugar believe well established and sup- her there. Whilst at the reception fords protection. (Cunningham for home. Teneyck rowed contary

plete the offense.

the subject of marriage, and the spect thereto.

hop M. & D. secs. 260,266.)

U. H. PAINTites, (Signed) The Star gives this the spooly has rom BOSTON, 5. - The promaile and was rescued. After bailin Por

end marriage to have taken place as American authorities, and the nizing her as such, taking her part Bishop's M. and D., 23 488, 539.) boat again nearly filled and the between appellant and Caroline rule does not seem either unreason-Owens, but it is alleged that her able or unjust, but eminently pro-neproving Carrie Owen for her doubt, is to render the law against bath. However he kept on powhio name is Caroline Owen Maile or per and right. (1 Bishop M. & D. course toward Emily, when Carrie's polygamous marriages a virtual crossing the line 182 seconds bel St. Caroline Owen. The name of this sec. 497, 500. Wharton's Am. Cr. whole conduct was prompted nullity, by making its execution an Delano. The latter claimed the party after adoption by her uncle Law sec. 2631. 1 Phile on evidence wholly by the very fact of his impossibility. It is the duty of second money on the ground the party after adoption by her uncle was that of Caroline Owen, and such was the name that she was hown by, and she was not ed.) 251 2 "C"; 1, Russell on Crimes wholly by the very fact of his known by, and she was not ed.) 251 2 "C"; 1, Russell on Crimes wholly and Carrie to the known by, and she was not ed.) 251 2 "C"; 1, Russell on Crimes wholly and Carrie to the known by, and she was not ed.) 251 2 "C"; 1, Russell on Crimes wholly and Carrie to the known by, and she was not ed.) 251 2 "C"; 1, Russell on Crimes was defined by the very fact of his claiming Emily, instead of herself, to be his first wife. He led Emily and Carrie to the by the very fact of his claiming Emily, instead of herself, shield for crime, but to render it wholly unavailing. Polygamy is claim was correct and awarded har of Maile. The offenses is suffi-ciently described. There is no evidence or claim that the ap-pellant was misled as to the person 17 Grattan, 582; Britten's case 1, Ash 1 marnage supper that evening, and therwise acted towards Emily as otherwise acted towards Emily as his wife. The place of marriage—of all marnages according to the require-pellant was misled as to the person 17 Grattan, 582; Britten's case 1, Ash 1 marnage supper that evening, and therwise acted towards Emily as otherwise acted towards Emily as pellant was misled as to the person 17 Grattan, 582; Britten's case 1, Ash 1 marnage supper that evening, and therwise acted towards Emily as his wife. The place of marriage—of all marnages according to the require-the require known afterwards by the name 218, notes; Murtagh's case 1, Ash- marriage supper that evening, and is no more sacred than any other second prize to Delano.