

## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## AMERICAN.

MOBILE, Ala., 21.—In Chotaw County, Alabama, on the 15th inst., a bundle of papers, disclosing a well-organized plot among the negroes to kill the entire white population of that county, was found near one of their rendezvous by two gentlemen, who laid the matter before the solicitor.

On the 16th a quiet meeting of the citizens of Mount Sterling and Butler was called at Butler, to consider the best mode of suppressing the intended outbreak and massacre. After discussion it was agreed that the ring-leaders, Jack Turner, F. D. Barney, Jesse Wilson, Peter Hill, Welles Lyman, Aaron Scott and Range West, to whom had been assigned the duties of leading the respective squads to Butler, Mount Sterling, Desotoville and other places, and killing all the whites at each place, should be arrested and lodged in jail. Their arrest was effected on the 17th inst. without any disturbance or bloodshed. The same day a mass meeting of the citizens of all classes was called for Saturday, to decide the fate of the prisoners. The plot has been in existence since 1878, and the conspirators now number 400. They have powder, shot and guns, and think themselves sufficiently strong to accomplish their fiendish design. Sunday night, Sept. 17th, had been appointed for its consummation. The papers further showed that this day was selected because then the white people would be at a camp meeting unarmed, and could offer no resistance. The meeting called for Saturday brought together 700 men, among whom were about 150 negroes who, after hearing the papers read, by an almost unanimous vote decided that Jack Turner was a turbulent and dangerous character, a regular firebrand in the community, and that the public good demanded his immediate death. He was accordingly hanged at 1.15 the same afternoon in the presence of the assembled multitude. The crowd then dispersed and all signs of turbulence ceased. Everything was quiet Saturday night. The other prisoners are still in jail to await further developments.

ST. LOUIS, 21.—A Dallas special says: One of the heaviest rainstorms ever known, continuing three days and nights without an intermission stopped falling in West Texas last night. Some places, where traditions say it never rains, have the appearance of a sea. The rainfall is estimated at six feet. The flooded section begins near Abilene and extends west for nearly 300 miles including the country from the Brazos to the Pecos rivers. Miles of track of the Texas & Pacific road have been damaged and in several places serious washouts have occurred. Four miles of track west of Abilene are washed away and trains cannot cross. Drifts of dead prairie dogs are piled in the rubbish. Thousands of them have been drowned and thousands more were seen struggling in the water. On these plains the waters from such a flood flow southward, and the only channels to carry them away are the Brazos, Colorado, Conchos and Pecos rivers with their small tributaries, consequently it will be several days before the lands become dry again. The great wash referred to was the work of a water spout between Abilene and Sweetwater. A similar washout is said to have occurred near Van Horn, nearly 600 miles west of Dallas, and another spout is reported as having struck and seriously damaged the Southern Pacific track in Southern Arizona. It will take several days to repair the Texas Pacific track. It is feared that great loss of life and stock has occurred in the remote and sparsely settled country to the north and northwest of the Texas & Pacific. Parties in to-day from the flooded district along the line of the road say its situation is simply indescribable. Hundreds of laborers have been put to work repairing the track, and they are working night and day.

TUCSON, 21.—The *Star's* special from Guaymas, Sonora, says: The Mexican transportation steamer *Mexico* is expected daily at Guaymas with ex-Governor Torres and an escort of 500 federal troops. The general rumor is that they come for the purpose of overthrowing the present government of which Gen. Carlos is the head. It is a well

known fact that the government has of late been organizing companies all over the State and at Alamos there are 800 guards under arms with two Gatling guns. There are also 4,000 Remington rifles with large quantities of ammunition. Carlos and Ortiz have for a long time been abusing each other through the press of Mexico, and there is a terrible feeling existing, which will ultimately end in a duel or a general revolution in Sonora. In case of Carlos opening the ball, the Maytorena faction, which is large, will join him, while the Pesuara faction will support Artez. Both being allied strongly with the general Government, the outcome is hard to predict. Col. Garcia, the hero of the late Indian fight, is under arrest for murder. He had a deserter shot a few days ago, and was arrested by the civil authorities. There is a strong feeling existing between the civil and military factions, owing to the large force for the purpose of ousting Artez. The air is full of rumors of revolution.

CAIRO, Ills., 21.—Coup's circus left here this morning in two sections, and when about fifty miles north of this city, the engine of the second section ran into a passenger coach on the rear of the first train, completely demolishing the coach, killing three drivers and wounded about twenty-five or thirty others. They were going down grade, the first section was heavily loaded and the second section rather light. The second train was running very fast at the time of the accident. The stock and cars ahead of the coach in second section, escaped unhurt. Relief trains with physicians were sent to the scene of the wreck at once.

OMAHA, 21.—Agent McGillicuddy has telegraphed from Pine Ridge agency that he is assembling all the Indian police and will probably arrest Red Cloud, Woman's Dress and one or two other chief conspirators and hold them till further developments. He feels confident of the loyalty of the police and of a majority of the Indians. He renews his request that Red Cloud and others be sent to the Leavenworth military prison and asks transportation and escort for them after their capture which will likely take place to-day.

WILKESBARRE, 21.—The Nottingham and Washington mines at Plymouth, and the Hollenback in this city are in full operation again. The mules at the Empire mines are being lowered to the pits this morning again. Work here will be commenced to-morrow. The miners and laborers employed by the Red Ash Coal Company, in No. 2 colliery refused to go to work this forenoon. They have made no demands as yet and the company are ignorant as to the cause of the strike.

Cumberland, 21.—A squad of the consolidated Co's imported miners from Eckhart, were sent to "Pompey's Smash," this evening to smother a fire in the Astor mines located there. On their arrival they were attacked by a large body of strikers, and were driven back to barracks. Firearms were used freely by both parties, but as far as has been learned no one was injured.

During Saturday night the Knights of Labor posted bills throughout the town of Lonaconing warning the miners not to go to work Monday without orders from that organization, as otherwise they would be branded as blacklegs. The men of the George Creek Coal and Iron Company and the New Central Company say they are determined to go in to-morrow.

Cumberland, Md., 21.—Nearly 1,000 strikers congregated at Lonaconing by daylight this morning to prevent the George Creek and New Central Company's old miners from going to work. There was no demonstration as those who expected to resume work to-day, realizing their position, remained away.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., 21.—The breakers boys at the Warrior Run Colliery struck for an advance of 10 per cent. Carpenters and blacksmiths are occupying the places of the strikers.

The rock miners on a strike at the Stanton shaft were allowed the 10 per cent. advance and then returned to work.

Troy, 21.—The strike of the Cohoes operators is virtually over. When the mill gates were opened this morning the largest number of strikers that have yet appeared for work flocked in.

The Chicago & Alton Company acceded to the requests of their strikers and work will be resumed.

The Wilkesbarre miners, Pennsylvania, ask 20 cents increase per

car, and that the discharged men be replaced.

Pittsburg, 21.—The Panhandle coal miners' strike against reduced wages ended to-day. It has been the longest and largest ever known. It began April 1st, and the men have lost \$250,000 in wages. The employees of the railroad company also lose heavily.

Springfield, Ill., 21.—The rolling mill proprietors here sent an ultimatum to the strikers to return to work within a reasonable time under penalty of discharge, and hiring other men to fill their places.

WASHINGTON, 21.—Information has been received here of a contemplated trip through the United States by the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise and their suite. The distinguished party do not intend to visit this country, but will pass through it en route to British Columbia. They will cross the line at Detroit, going thence to Chicago and Omaha, and via the Pacific railroad to San Francisco. Arrangements are being made to provide for the transfer of their baggage and personal traveling effects through the United States.

Congressman Harris, of Boston, will print a letter to-morrow evening announcing his withdrawal as a candidate for Congress.

Returns from all the counties in Kentucky give Henry, Democrat, a majority of 41,869 for appellate clerk.

New Orleans, 21.—A Donaldsonville special says: That the Republican district convention meets here to-morrow. Two conventions will be held and Senator Kellogg will be nominated by the regular Republican convention and Judge Beattie by the Bolters.

CHICAGO, 21.—A Washington special says: It seemed settled that the publication of the Dorsey letters is to continue at intervals for some time to come. It is known by friends of Garfield that they fairly represent the pressure which was brought to bear upon him from the Stalwart division of the party. These are also treated, in the main, by the composition of the Cabinet and the attitude which it was urged should be assumed toward Conkling. There is also a late series from the same quarter in regard to the New York contest after the nomination of Collector Robertson and the resignation of Conkling.

Edmund Alexander Morin, the painter and designer, is dead.

Admiral Frederick Delatke, the celebrated Russian navigator, is dead.

Edwin G. Mercer, for many years gardner for the poet Longfellow, died at Burlingame, Kansas, yesterday.

Sir C. Parish, a diplomatist and scientist of London, is dead.

At San Antonio, Texas, Charles Ward, a negro, was hung at noon, yesterday, for ravishing a German girl a year ago.

A party of drunken soldiers were stopping teams near Fort Omaha in sport, when a farmer with one team shot private Schrader, Company K, Ninth Infantry. He was buried to-day.

CINCINNATI, 21.—This morning the court-martial organized at Newport Barracks, with Gen. C. C. August presiding, to try Maj. Joseph H. Taylor for attempting to use political influence to secure the revocation of an order from his superior officer, transferring him from this post to the West.

WASHINGTON, 21.—Surgeon-General Hamilton to-day received a telegram from Brownsville, dated Aug. 21, as follows:

"Thirty new cases of fever, and three deaths."

LAREDO, Tex., 21.—A sudden rise last night in the Rio Grande River, carried away a part of the International and Great Northern Railway, and the Mexican National bridge. This will prevent train communication with Mexico for several days, though the damage will not necessarily be detrimental to traffic.

PHILADELPHIA, 21.—Nothing has been heard from the steamer *Republic* up to this hour, 12.45 a.m. She left with 700 passengers for Cape May this morning, and was due on her return at 8 p. m. The general opinion is that her machinery has been disabled and she has been obliged to weather and wait for assistance. A steamer has been sent to search for her.

NEW YORK, 21.—Geo. Rook challenges Wilson or Sullivan to fight for \$2,500 to \$5,000 a side, within 500 miles of New Orleans in October or November. He expresses contempt for their pugilistic abilities.

WILMINGTON, 22.—The steamer *Republic* for whose safety there has

been much anxiety all night, is anchored off Willington with a tug alongside.

Chicago, 22.—A Mount Pulaski special says: McMahon, the farmer who, with his hired men, fell victim to assassins near here, is owner of a splendid farm where he dwelt in a quiet retired way, as became a man of forty, and had accumulated a large fortune. He was a bachelor and did his own housekeeping. John Carlock aged 18 years and Bob Matheny aged 20 years being the only other men about the place. Both were quiet and industrious and like McMahon much esteemed. They were last seen on Thursday week, stacking wheat. The neighbors observing their absence searched for them on Saturday and Sunday and finally found all three bodies festering and offensively odorous in the rank weeds about the house. McMahon's throat was cut from ear to ear; his head almost severed from the body the gash extending clear down to the spinal column. There was no shape to the battered head, about which a cloth had been tied. The bodies of Carlock and Matheny were covered with clotted gore, and their throats cut as their master's had been. The limbs were bound securely with twine. They were taken from the reaping machine, gagged and blindfolded with cloths. Everything pointed to the most fiendish determination and deliberate purpose. The house was ransacked, \$2,000 in money taken, and household goods broken. The coroner's jury decided that the murder was committed by unknown persons, but the whole country is ablaze and alert, and lynch law will be the inevitable doom if the murderers can be secured. Suspicion rests on a man who worked for the farmer some months ago, who was seen on the farm on Thursday. Footprints as of two men walking single file, were discovered and followed two miles across lots until the trail was lost in the main road. There are no other clues. The assassins had watered and fed the horses, and taken other precautions to prevent the discovery of the crime. They were no novices in the dreadful work. "Jakie," who is suspected, is a tramping farm hand, and quarreled with McMahon about a year ago.

PHILADELPHIA, 22.—The passengers of the steamer *Republic* arrived here on the steamer *Fulton* at 9.30 this morning. The *Republic* broke the crossheads of the engine, hence the delay.

EASTON, Pa., 22.—Conductor Sheppard and Ed. Christine, a boy, were killed by a collision on the Del. Lack. & Western Road yesterday, and two other persons were injured.

A Milwaukee special says: Wm. E. Fitzpatrick, claiming to be heir to the throne of Ireland, has been writing to Gladstone to urge on his royal sister, Victoria, that she renounce her title to his country. He does not appear to be a crank.

The crop reports this morning are universally favorable, except from Janesville, Wis., which reports the berry of the spring wheat so shrunk as to make the crop a failure. A farmer has burned 45 acres in the shock. Other farmers will do the same, but this condition of affairs is confined to a narrow belt.

WASHINGTON, 22.—The receipts of the Treasury are daily more than ever known before within the memory of the officials of the department. The amount averages a million and a half a day, and were it not for special appropriations made by Congress for private claims, deficiencies, etc., pouring in, the debt reduction for the month would be perhaps the largest in the history of the past 20 years. The receipts for the month will amount to nearly fifty million dollars beyond a doubt. From this there is to be taken, as one item, \$9,500,000 for pensions, besides the current expenses and special warrants above mentioned. Ever since Congress adjourned on the 8th of the month there has been 240 to 300 of these claims under the deficiency bills and private acts put through each day, and from this source the estimate of disbursements will not fall much short of \$1,000,000 a day. This class of drafts on the treasury will fall off soon, however, they always run along for about a month after Congress adjourns, by which time almost every claim provided for in the appropriation bills will be presented. While the debt reduction may not be so great this month as would naturally be expected from the extraordinary receipts, it is not unlikely that next month's surplus

will require another call for 3 1/2 per cent. to dispose of it.

An Albany special says: The *Evening Journal* reiterates and emphasizes its declaration that attempts were made by Conkling in the interest of Jay Gould to bribe Governor Cornell to sign the bills relieving the Elevated Railroad and Pacific Steamship companies from certain large assessments in New York. Instead of retracting anything it said last week or modifying it, the *Journal* says that the ex-Senator occupied several hours preparing his views on the Elevated Railroad tax bill to the governor. Certain gentlemen known to be on intimate terms with the ex-Senator also made earnest appeals to Cornell to sign the bills. The Governor was informed by go-betweens that a block of new stock was to be issued, and that if the Governor would comply with Gould's and Conkling's wishes, they would not only reinstate him in Conkling's affections, but would secure him the friendly offices of such newspapers as are owned or controlled by Gould. In the case of the Pacific Mail Tax bill the *Journal* declares in addition to what it said last week, that two of Gould and Conkling's go-betweens followed Gorham to Saratoga on the 1st of August, and there plied him with importunities to sign the bill. This they did squarely in Conkling's name and behalf.

In making these charges and exposures the *Journal* is suspected, with good reason, of wanting to injure Cornell as well as Conkling. Cornell has undoubtedly authorized the statements, but they are injuring his prospect of renomination rather than helping it.

CHICAGO, 22.—The *Evening Journal's* Little Rock special says: Intelligence reached here this morning of the murder, in Chicot County, of one Roy, a Texas cattle buyer. A man named McNully is suspected. Roy was killed in a lonely highway and robbed of a large sum of money.

WASHINGTON, 22.—In the Star route case Totten resumed his argument.

ALBANY, 22.—The delegates to the State Republican Convention elected to-day are understood to be anti-Cornell.

DETROIT, 22.—The supreme lodge of the world Knights of Pythias convened here to-day. There is a grand gathering of the members of the Order from all parts of the country, up to midnight 15,000 knights had arrived.

## FOREIGN.

ALEXANDRIA, 21.—The transports *Greece*, *Ludgate Hill* and *City of New York*, sailed east to-day. All is quiet at the front.

Wolsey telegraphs that there was a slight skirmish at Ismalia. The enemy were moving up in trains to Kafir el Dwar, probably intending to withdraw their troops.

Hanefi Effendi Arabi, director general of railways, was arrested for communicating with Arabi. Others have been arrested on the same charge.

One battalion of the the Shropshire regiment to-day marched to Ramleh.

It is reported that Arabi will concentrate at Damanhaur and he has entrenched his camp at Tantah, whither he will move his headquarters.

Paris, 21.—At a meeting of the Suez Canal Company to-day, resolutions were passed declaring it the duty of the company to uphold the claims already made in favor of the neutrality of the canal and oppose all warlike measures taken by England, acting in her assumed character as a supporter of the Khedive. The resolutions state that the company's concession can not be disturbed even by the Sultan, and that the company reserves to itself the right to the claim before any competent tribunal. They will demand compensation from England eventually.

Port Said, 21.—The ironclads *Invincible*, *Temeraire*, *Agincourt*, *Monarch* and *Penelope*, and two gunboats and 12 troopships are still lying in the harbor off here. Marines and sailors occupy the town.

The Egyptian soldiers are doing duty with the police in the town, which is perfectly quiet. The Khedive's governor has addressed the Egyptian troops, telling them that those who were for the Khedive could remain and not be molested, but those for Arabi Pasha had better go and stick to him. Two officers, well known partisans of Arabi Pasha,