ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 212. MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1892. SALT LAKE CITY UTAH, TERRITORY. VOL. XXV

STARTLING NEWS.

Indians in Arms Against the Whites on the Colville Reservation.

PROPRIETORS CLUBBED AND DRIVEN OUT.

Men Racing all over the Reservation.—White Men Alone to be Blinded.

By Telegraph to the News.

INDIANS IN ARMS.

The State of Affairs at Colville Reservation.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 31.—T. S. Cronin, who returned from Marcus last night, brought startling news of the state of affairs in the Colville reservation. The Indians are up in arms against the white invaders and have fired the reservation to expel them. The proprietors have been assaulted and driven out. One party of 10 were stopped on Tuesday and driven to the Columbia river today.

Men are racing all over the reservation, and it is supposed that the Indians have turned incendiaries to compel the white men to leave the land. The reservation is dry and there is a feeling where the fires will stop. The Indians are sullen and are said to be holding a powwow which may possibly lead to trouble.

Chief Arpeekem went toward Fort Spokane Monday with twenty-five braves and expressed his determination of clearing the reservation of all intruders. Indian Agent Cole has frequently warned intruders to keep off the reservation, and if trouble comes white men alone are to be blamed. A company of United States troops has been ordered to stop all warlike attempts of the whites or Indians.

BISMARCK TALKS.

He Says He Will Continue to Speak His Mind.

JENA, July 31.—Bismarck made a hot of his hoofs in a carriage today. The university students were there in full strength, forming a guard of honor. Replying to an address, Bismarck said, in part, that the Bismarck idea had been and by the people in have had work. He wished to work by other members and the chancellor has been dropped. He advised a coalition of government by bureaucracy. Some hard flesh, he said, with his critics, but he would continue to speak his mind whatever the consequence might be. Bismarck further said he was sorry to have left a Prussian empire. Therefore it is out of the question to try to side with the Catholic party as the United Center. We must side the Catholic party as an example and must unite them and form a united party against the Catholic influence, or foreign influence. It would even be preferable to have a papal nuncio in Berlin so that irreconcilable party leaders should not as at present, give colored and untrustworthy reports to the Pope."

Referring to what he called the false policy of the government, the ex-Chancellor said as last as the government gains Germanizing influence at the polls that Bismarck's influence will be lost with the Catholic party. He concluded by comparing himself to Goetz, the Iron Handed Knight, who, although a rebellious subject, refused to recognize the Kaiser's commissioners, and when beaten gave the attendant to the splendor. He was happy, he said, in the same position, a faithful servant of the Kaiser, but he had a right to express the sharpest criticism of the Kaiser's advisers.

This afternoon the Prince and his party departed for Schonhausen, amid the greatest enthusiasm.

BRAZILIANS AND ITALIANS.

A Fight between Custom House Guards and Sailors.

RIO JANEIRO, July 31.—Considerable excitement was caused by the streets closing out of the last feeling between the Brazilians and Italians. There have been fights between the customs house guards and the crews of two National steamers. The captain of the steamer has since died, and the Italians say it was from injuries received in the fight. On the 2nd there was rioting in Sao Paulo and several persons were killed and others wounded. The Brazilian flag was torn down and trampled under foot, and an English publication office destroyed. The police armed 140 Italians in Sao Paulo as the 4th. Some Brazilians indulged in patriotic demonstrations and threats were made of attacking the office of Fanfulla, a newspaper devoted of sympathizing with Italians.

A Letter from a Supposed Halo Society.

NEW ORLEANS, July 31.—The chief of police has received a letter from what is supposed to be a Mafia society. It avows that people represented by one C. J. Dantelo have by a secret society of Judge Marr of the criminal district court of New Orleans, who mysteriously disappeared in April. They will corner him for life or threaten him for life, and if any bad breaks he needs be will be riddled. If the money be not sent in 30 days they will forward his right ear for further information. The writer requests that he be addressed at Chicago, St. Louis or New Orleans. Judge Marr was old and feeble and his friends believe he fell into the river and was drowned at the time of the disappearance.

A Fatal Collision.

CINCINNATI, July 31.—A passenger train on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton collided with a switch engine here this evening, the engineer of the latter being killed and the fireman fatally scalded. The passengers were badly shaken up.

Drought Sufferers from Mexico.

EL PASO, Tex., July 31.—Drought sufferers from Mexico are coming into the United States in great numbers, seeking labor for board or twenty cents a day. Federal officials are looking into the matter.

Scared About a Tank.

BAY CITY, Mich., July 31.—Two hometown names O'Brien and Lafferty, living not far from here, quarreled over the possession of their cook, Tillie Leonard, and settled the matter with butcher knives. O'Brien will die.

To Build a New Race Track.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The Garfield Park Club has made arrangements to build a race track at Roney station, Indiana, in the event that the case now pending in court shall be decided against it. The site is about fifteen miles from the city.

Religious Services in a Mill.

HOMESTEAD, July 31.—About four hundred non-union men this morning attended religious services held in the mill by Chaplain Adams of the Sixteenth regiment. A string orchestra from Pittsburg rendered sacred music. The surroundings were indeed strange. The place still bears the marks of recent fierce battles, a large number of armed watchmen and a brigade of soldiers were just outside. At the conclusion of the sermon the men joined in singing "America."

PITTSBURG, July 31.—Carnegie will make an effort in the morning to resume operation at the Upper Union mills in this city. The company has requested police guard. The strikers say a guard is not necessary, as they do not intend to commit any sorts of the peace. It is probable that an attempt will be made to start the Duquesne plant soon.

A Case to be Dismissed.

DENVER, July 31.—The case against Cross and McDaniels, arrested by Private Detective Farley on the charge of having robbed President Moffatt of the First National bank two years ago, will be dismissed tomorrow, Moffat having declared he could not identify them.

Destructive Wind.

PARIS, July 31.—A dispatch from Vienna, Department of Isere, says a cyclone caused immense destruction in that town and vicinity. The loss in vines alone is enormous.

Extraordinaire Come to Grief.

MILWAUKEE, July 31.—The second action of the excursion train on the Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, having a party from Chicago, ran into the first section in Union station this morning. Ten men in the first coach of the second section were injured. One injured is reported to be a prominent Chicago politician.

A Gunboat Captured.

PANAMA, July 31.—A report was current here today that the Venezuelan warship "Lejusio," in possession of the Crespano, had captured the Colombian gunboat "Lopez," which was in Venezuelan waters with a cargo of arms for the Panama government.

HOW TO PREVENT FRECKLES.

A Few Simple Precautions May Prevent a Fair Complexion.

Before going out in the sun dust a little pure powder, prepared talcum is the best, and great care. Talcum completely covers the skin from tender freckles. When you return, if freckles only an hour or two's point, will come free beauty with a towel, this bringing the blood to the surface, restoring the complexion of freckles. If you have lost freckles by day on the water, a little cold cream well rubbed into the skin and a few moments repose will do such to restore the lost beauty. Cold cream is a wonderful remedy for freckles.

A very excellent cream, which you may easily make yourself, and thoroughly pure its purity, is made as follows: Almond oil, four ounces; rosewater, two ounces; cocoa butter, one-half ounce; spermaceti, one-half ounce; white wax, one-half ounce, and borax one-half drachm. Melt the butter, wax and spermaceti together. When thoroughly boiled pour in the oil, rosewater and borax. Then beat the mixture for fifteen or twenty minutes. This is a cream too extensively in the theatrical profession by people of notably fine complexions. Of course all violent exercise is warm weather, which heats the blood, is apt to produce the worst results on the face. And while extreme exercise such a kindly irritation is all to enjoy her it seems as if violent amusements might be left to the colder months.

How to Make Dissected Maps and Pictures.

An old geography can be used to make these dissects for amusing and instructive children. Remove some of the maps and paste them over pasteboard cut the right size. When dry cut them into different shaped pieces, using a brass edged ruler and a very sharp knife. They will last a long time. Pictures may be prepared in the same way for small children. A group of adults or children cut from fashion papers can be so used, and may be made very amusing if cut into three pieces across the neck and waist. Then various heads can be fitted to various bodies.

How to Prepare Salmon Salad.

Take six good sized heads, boil, skin and lay in vinegar for an hour; then cut in small squares. Shred the salmon, put a layer in a salad bowl, then add a layer of the beets and alternate till the dish is full; then pour mayonnaise dressing over the whole.

How the Romans Celebrated.

As they represented numbers by letters, they had no original system of increase by less from units up. They therefore began to multiply with the largest number first as if we should begin on the left instead of the right, and succeeding times by the smaller added the products. This was very much easier than it seems at first view, as any one can demonstrate by a little practice. For instance, multiply MDCCCLXII by XXXVII by that method.

How to Prevent Hot Candies from Stickiness.

Lay them in the refrigerator for a few hours before they are needed. They are to be born perfectly after this treatment.

A DREADED GUEST.

Authorities are Supposed to Expect the Invasion of Cholera in Germany.

A NEWSPAPER ARTICLE ABOUT PRECAUTION.

Little Danger of an Outbreak in America.—The Canadian Frontier a Danger.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE CHOLERA.

Germany Thoroughly—American Consperatively Safe.

BERLIN, July 31.—The Reichsanzeiger today prints a lengthy article on the precautions which should be taken in preventing the importation and spread of cholera, and this fact leads many to believe that the authorities consider an epidemic of the disease imminent. Dr. Virchow will shortly go to Hamburg to study the epidemic. In conversation with an Associated Press representative Dr. Virchow said that cholera prevailed to a fearful extent in Russia at present, but may appear here any time. Concerning America he said:

"There is no need of telling your people that they must remove all dust and dirt and exercise the utmost cleanliness, and that they will be all right."

Dr. Mikosch, another noted authority, said: "I have thoroughly studied the condition of America, and there is little danger of an outbreak of the disease there provided through ignorance is established and sanitary precautions adopted. One danger to America is the Canadian frontier. The greatest danger is by the railroad lines. The American authorities should strictly prohibit the importation of rags from any district where cholera might be suspected of existing."

GERMANY.

The Nation Sensitive Against—Cholera in Galicia and America.

BERLIN, July 30.—(Copyright, 1892, by the New York Associated Press.)—A court circular it is reported that Chancellor von Caprivi had a last time of it with Emperor William on his latter's return from a sailing trip. The Emperor censured the Chancellor for the injudicious handling of the Bismarck controversy, and blamed the Chancellor in manner in which he had treated the International Exhibition matter.

Most of the Berlin papers attribute the unfavorable mention of the proposed International Exhibition to the chancellor's fury and hesitating action. The Cologne Gazette, Deutscher Reichsanzeiger and Post advise the dismissal of the Chancellor.

Emperor William, on board the imperial yacht "Kaiser Adler," accompanied by Prince Henry, "the wolf," under command of Prince Henry, sailed for Cowes this afternoon. His Majesty favors the project for a world's fair in Berlin, although he knows that the governments of Saxony and Baden are opposed to it. It is opposed by the whole agrarian party.

CHOLERA.

Today made its appearance at two localities in Galicia, and worse still, in one case the cholera only imported five miles from Pressburg, Hungary, which is a populous district. The authorities in Austrian Galicia is limited to frontier villages. The Austrian government has issued orders to prevent the spread of the disease, as an outbreak there would invite the spread of the epidemic through central Europe. The news from Galicia does not excite any alarm, but the Prussian authorities have given the authorities a shock. The proximity of Vienna and the likelihood that the disease may spread along the Danube make the news serious. Berlin physicians expressed an early outbreak in Silesia and southern Germany. The almost pneumonia are being taken.

While making inquiries in official quarters this evening regarding orders in America a representative of the Associated Press learned that telegrams had been received from Bremen announcing an outbreak there. Officials cannot yet definitely pronounce whether the disease from which the patients are suffering is cholera or Asiatic cholera, but they suspect the latter.

Prince Bismarck, accompanied by Princess Bismarck and their son, Count Herbert Bismarck, left Kissingen this afternoon for Wolmar. The party will visit Vienna when great regard is to be taken made for Prince Bismarck's reception.

The Standard Oil company of the United States now has a complete immunity of the cholera, and Count Herbert Bismarck, left Kissingen this afternoon for Wolmar. The party will visit Vienna when great regard is to be taken made for Prince Bismarck's reception.

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NARROW ESCAPE.

Princess Beatrice Came Near Being Burnt to Death.

BERLIN, July 31.—Princess Beatrice had a narrow escape from death from fire in the Castle at Heiligenberg yesterday morning. Her maid, carrying a candle, approached her bed to mosquito net covering the bedstead, setting fire to the net. The Princess Beatrice who was still had to time to cross her bed and the room and alarmed the household. The most fatal to her bedroom would not work in the whole wing of the castle was destroyed before the firemen arrived. Princess Beatrice lost all her jewels and clothes. Two firemen were injured.

What Germany Says.

LONDON, July 30.—O'Connor has this to say in the Sunday Sun:

"The first bill introduced will be the home rule measure, following it by one-man vote and payment of members' bills and Radical budgets. The government will also introduce a principle of taxing ground rents. It is probable that even before the question of home rule is brought before the House, a short measure repealing the coercion act will be introduced. It will probably be rejected by the Lords, but it is desirable that the acts should be born perfectly after this treatment.

The Actual Plate Tests.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., July 31.—The first armor-plate test on the proving grounds of the Bethlehem Iron company was made today. The plate was 10 inches Harveyized nickle steel plate, 8x7 and weighing 18,000 pounds. The plate was tempered by the Harvey process. The shot used from an eight inch rifle gun were fired into the plate—four into the corners and the fifth into the center. Each projectile pierced about three inches, rebounded and broke into bits. Not a single crack developed on the plate. The success of the plate surpassed the expectancy of all present. The comparison with armor trials shows that this plate received a total energy of 28,000 foot tons, fully fifty per cent greater than the plates established in the former trials at Indian Head, and yet is far less injured.

Editors Charged With Criminal Libel.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—Florence G. White, editor, and Samuel Williams and George H. Johns, assistants on the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, were arrested this afternoon on a charge of criminal libel. At the same time civil suits for $100,000 damages were begun against the owners of the paper. The proceedings were instituted by Judge Normile of the criminal court, who considered recent publications about his conduct as libelous.

Boys Drowned.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 31.—Near Winchester today, six boys, aged from 8 to 15, were drowned in the Kentucky river by overturning a skiff. Their names were Kelly Furney, Claude Furney, Walter Furney, Charles Furney, Algie Brock and Wiser Brock.

In Favor of the Government.

WILMINGTON, Mass., July 31.—Hon. Joseph Martin, who is in London arguing a prized case on behalf of the government, cables that a sweeping judgment in the government's favor is rendered by the Privy Council, confirming the Superior Court's judgment.

The Cholera in Burmah.

LONDON, July 31.—The Times announces that cholera has broken out in Tounge, Burmah. Many steps are taken to prevent the spread of the disease, and business is almost at a standstill. Many inhabitants are quitting the town. The outbreak is due to the filthy condition of the town.

An Iowa Town Burned.

TYSON, Ia., July 31.—The little town of Westhead, in Ida county, was almost burned down. Four brick business blocks and other buildings were burned. The loss is estimated at $75,000. Mrs. John Schindler, a young married woman who lived over one of the stores, was burned to death.

A Socialist Ticket.

BOSTON, July 31.—The Socialist Labor party has nominated a full state ticket. John Orris, who was a worker with Wendell Phillips and William Lloyd Garrison, is the candidate for governor.

Sunny's Resignation.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Colonel Henry V. Sunny, of the marine corps, has accepted the resignation of Sunny, member of the Marine Band, with extreme regret.

How to Hem Bed and Table Linen.

One of the greatest discoveries to be hemming by hand is that the comfort can back with the needle employed the first finger on the left hand. A stronger hemmer has may be made by using the over. Cease the loss as usual, then fold it over toward the right side of the article, crossing the new fold over with the edge of the hem. This is to be over-cast with the usual stitches, and when finished the hem is pressed back to its proper place. The learning does this way is as quickly and firm as a machine hem, and is prettier than either machine sewing, or the old style of hemming.

How to Cure Soft Corns.

A cure that is simple and said to be very effective is recommended by physicians white cloth soaked in a powder, bind it against the corn with a linen rag. Repeat this for several days, and soon every vestiture the corn will come off like a shell.

How to Make the Lucifer Corn Cake.

Take one cup cornmeal, one cup of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and half a teaspoonful of salt, one egg, half a cup of sugar and one cup of sweet milk. Bake for twenty minutes. This receipt has heretofore sold for five dollars.

How to Make a "Good Tea."

This is a beautiful experiment for a parlor entertainment. Add a small solution of potassium chromate to a glass of water in which there is a solution of lead acetate. A splendid yellow precipitate of lead chromate is thus produced. It will be produced. Again, dissolve a little the sugar of lead in some and Ella clear tea with the solution. If a piece of alum is in small strips be suspended in the tea, the alum will blossom out with beautiful crystals of potassium lead. The lead has been deposited upon the alum by chemical action.

How a Man Can Come to Be Called Tom.

This was a popular contraction of Thomas, to denote a man, at was also Jack and Jim. The name Tom was also used for the ram, castrated, that boy and nonsexually. By some it is thought to be a veiled corruption of Dom, the contraction of the Latin Dominus, and naturally, male and dim ear became him ear, or the master ear.

How the Expression "Boots and Saddles" Originated.

The term origin to the old Norman command, Bottes le selle; that is, "Put on the saddle." The cavalry trumpet sound has not, properly, any connection with boots.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The World's Fair People Dishearten at the Attitude of the House.

WATSON SUBSTANTIATES HIS CHARGE.

Timber Culture Law.—Automatic Couplers—Employment of Pinkertons.—Protection of Cattle.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Hopes Entertained that an Appropriation will be Made Today.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Though keeping up a brave show of confidence the World's Fair people are somewhat disheartened when the House adjourned today without any progress toward the solution of the difficulty. It is hard to see how they are going to overcome the filibusterers, and the latest move of the Illinois contingent, Mr. Hopkin's objection to the consideration of the resolution extending the appropriations of the last Sundry Civil bill, added a new factor of interest. If the Fair men permit objections they may be able to delay the passage of the resolution for an indefinite period. The failure of the Sundry Civil bill even for a few days will result disastrously as it leaves a yawing field of government interests. It is hoped tonight that the House will pass the resolution extending the appropriation Monday.

"DOUGHER SPEAKERS."

Mr. Watson, in explanation of the phrase "dougher speakers," said that in the Populist-Democratic debate, one of the speakers was in a state of intoxication. In front of him was a cup and saucer. He contends were no potations at several times and it was without the mirth he drank the tea he wandered in his argument. Mr. Watson hears the gentleman say to the page "Bring me more of that stuff—that whisky."

Mr. Olmstead Kansas was asked about the member in question. He said "He was pretty well up to my idea of a dougher speaker." Mr. Olmstead read from the Congressional Record of the National Zoological, commentated the previous Wednesday.

Representatives Harrison of Minnesota and Butler of Iowa each testified that on two occasions they had seen a whole measure drunk by one member.

Other witnesses testified to the same effect.

Watson wanted to prove the existence of a barroom bill. Chairman Bunn ever wouldn't let him and wouldn't agree that the Record should show his refusal.

Mr. Gustner said it was a matter of public notoriety. Whisky could be had at either the Senate or House wing of the Capitol. By a vote Bustner, Bunchanks (Va.), Tucker and Grout were against Simpson's motion to admit the evidence of drink in the House restaurant overruled.

During Dates' testimony it developed that

REPRESENTATIVE CASE OF ALABAMA

was the person charged with intoxication by Watson. Cobb appealed to the committee to let the matter proceed openly and asked that a subpoena be issued for a Cobb to be investigated, saying he was not afraid of the result. Oates said that while Cobb was speaking he appeared greatly excited and someone sent him something to drink. This statement had some effect on Cobb, enlivening his manner. Oates declared, however, that Cobb was not drunk. He had known Cobb for twenty-seven years and never knew him to be drunk, though he sometimes took a drink.

THE SENATE BILL

amending the act of March 3d, 1891, to repeal the timber culture laws was passed. It allowed settlers fourteen months for paying the minimum price of the land and extended that provision to the Sioux reservation in South Dakota and Nebraska.

Cullom gave notice that he intended to press the House bill as to automatic couplers on railroad cars and guilding the Pinkertons on locomotives to a conclusion at the next session.

A resolution for a select committee as to the employment of Pinkertons at Homestead was referred to the committee on education and labor.

Perkins called attention to the letter published in the Congressional Record as to Pinkerton's agents in the prevention of cattle in the Cherokee strip and the payment to one Guthrie on the pay roll. The letter was from Kansas and to Jerry Simpson. The latter introduced the statement of the writer as being bad malicious, and paid a high compliment to the character of Secretary Noble.

Veal agreed with Perkins as to the high character of Secretary Noble, but asserted, on the authority of a responsible citizen of Kansas City, that $15,000 or $18,000 had been raised and expended to get the permit extended for keeping cattle in the cattle.

On motion of Vest the committee on Indian affairs was instructed to inquire into the matter.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—The future of this session of Congress depends altogether on the treatment of the World's Fair appropriations measure in the sundry civil bill. Everything else which threatened trouble, including the anti-option bill, was disposed of in the same way.

The session during is a close will not be remarkable for other accomplishments as for as regards large legislation. The sen ate passed the first class, aside from the appropriation bills, is the Chinese exclusion act. This bill, the Indian reader bill, the Blackburn anti option bill, the bill to enable the President to enforce reciprocal canal arrangement with Canada, the army nurse bill, intermediate pension bill and the bill for the relief of the pay of lifesavers are about the only measures of much general interest enacted into law. Five silver, tariff, anti-option, tenement and appropriations and the $5,000,000 loan to the World's Fair, have been live topics of the session. The first three subjects were killed, at least until after the elections. The last are still before Congress and the question of appropriations has entered largely into the making of appropriation bills and prevented, of those bills, the building out from passing the House, the session being unique in this particular. Many other bills providing new expenditures failed because of the retrenchment policy.

The House has passed 470 bills, of which 284 were passed by the Senate and sent to the President. Of those 229 were public bills, 131 private pension bills, 46 bills to remove charges of desertion, and 47 private bills of a miscellaneous character. The Senate passed 101 bills, only 11 of which succeeded in running the gauntlet in the House and reaching the President. Two of the latter number the President vetoed, the McCarthy claims and the bill amending the court of appeals act. Three bills the President permitted to become law without his signature. The noteworthy feature of the private bills was the large percentage of pensions granted to the Mexican war, Indian wars and the war of 1812, the beneficiaries being chiefly Southern men.

The Work of Robbers.

LANE, Kan., July 30.—Robbers blew open the safe of Cramer & Company's bank last night and made a small amount of money and a large amount of securities.

Cannon Injured in an Explosion.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 30.—The accidental discharge of a dynamite cartridge at the West End news, where seventeen cannons were at work, fatally injured one and severely wounded three yesterday.

Commencing to Celebrate.

CADIZ, July 31.—The Christopher Columbus celebration was formally begun today by the departure hence for Huelva of the Ceremonial cereal "Santa Maria," followed by the "Pinta" and escorted by Holland, America and France was vessels and a flotilla of small steamers.

A brilliant company gathered at the fete given by the Minister of Marine in honor of the event. A bull fight was also held.

Sailors Rescued.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The steamer "Segurana," which arrived today, brought Captain Foley and nine men who had been on the bark "Sidonnian Gibson," wrecked on Concepcion reef. Captain Foley reports that the bark, after sinking, was boarded by about one hundred Brazilian Indians, who began stealing everything aboard, and it was with great difficulty that the crew succeeded in saving even a part of their effects.

An Italian Arrested in France.

PARIS, July 31.—A prominent Italian naval engineer has been arrested at Toulon and will be at once expelled from France.

How Fractional Currency Came Into Use.

In 1862 small silver change was very scarce, and people could not find a medium of exchange for small transactions. Change had to be taken in grocery stores, and Mr. Spinner, General Spinner, treasurer of the United States, was appealed to for change. There was no law under which he could produce small currency, so he ordered a large quantity of postage stamps, pasting them in different sized pieces of paper to represent different amounts. This was denoted "fractional currency." From the General Spinner got the idea of fractional currency, and appeal to congress for the right to issue it. The demand of postage stamps was put on a footing of currency, and for a long time it was known as "postal currency."

How to Save Cold Fish.

Remove all bones and cut the fish into small pieces. Season this with salt and pepper and some chopped onions and parsley. Beat two eggs with a tablespoonful of vinegar. Mix this with the fish and put the whole in a dish with several small slices of bacon laid over it. Bake and serve with drawn butter or oyster sauce. By this means any kind of cold fish is made very appetizing.

How to Clean a Soiled Carpet.

After a soiled carpet has been thoroughly beaten it may be washed with the following mixture: Take a gallon of water into which a half pound of soft soap has been dissolved, added to four ounces of liquid ammonia. Apply by sponging a little with a flannel, then rub the carpet dry with a coarse cloth.

How to Get Relief from Hereditary Headaches.

By confining the diet to fruit as much as possible. Bathing, and apples are especially good. If inclined to be bilious, water and lemonade should be the only beverages and otherwise milk may be drank freely.

How Liberty Bell Became Cracked.

It was not shattered, as has been often asserted in print, by the enthusiastic ringing of bells, but the enthusiastic ringing was with no hard strokes as imagined by many people who have read the story of the ringing of the bell on the day of Independence. It was the Bell was tolling in 1828, when it was suddenly Independence bell, to be sent only on special occasions. To be cracked by the tolling of a bell, it was rung in honor of Henry Clay, who was visiting Philadelphia, at which time it was cracked. The attempt to mend the crack was not successful in restoring the clear sound.

How the "Dutchman" Buttered Their Bread.

The name of the street store in the Good Deserves Dutch Hotel, Mogers, Holland, is "Dutchman." Dutchman, The first two are called Dutchman, because they always sell the pipe clay.

How to Keep Lemons.

Some good housekeepers are in the habit of keeping lemons in a bowl of water, and keep out therefore are not fresh as from the tree. They say they preserve well when kept fresh a long time.

How to Secure Sickness Family.

Mix a small quantity of baking soda with the brick dust.

THE SOLEMN MASS

Of the Holy Trinity to be Celebrated by the Catholic World in Memory of Columbus.

A PAPAL LETTER GIVES INSTRUCTIONS ABOUT IT.

The Motive which Influenced the Discoverer Set forth and Commended.

By Telegraph to the News.

A PAPAL LETTER.

The Celebration of the Discovery of Columbus.

ROME, July 31.—The Pope has addressed a lengthy letter to the archbishops and bishops of Spain, Italy and the two Americas on the subject of Christopher Columbus and his discoveries. He directs that on October 12th of this year, or following Sunday, if it be opportune, the solemn mass of the Holy Trinity be celebrated in the cathedrals and collegiate churches in order to celebrate worthily the solemn anniversary. In its letter the Pope says:

"When one considers with what motive above all Columbus undertook the plan of exploring the dark sea, and with what object he endeavored to realize the plan, one cannot doubt that the Catholic faith superlatively inspired the enterprise and its execution, so humanity is not a little indebted to the church. The superlatively distinct point in Columbus is that in crossing the immense expanse of ocean he followed an object more grand and elevated than the others. This does not say he was not influenced by other desires, but in reality his plan, his resolution, profoundly carved in his heart, was to open access to the gospel in the new land and new seas."

The Pope recites the fact that in Columbus' pleadings with Ferdinand and Isabella he explained that their glory would be increased in a point of becoming immortal if they decided to carry the name and doctrine of Jesus Christ into such distant regions, and when, not long after his prayers were granted, he called to witness, that he was prompted to obeys from God that these sovereigns, escalaed by His help and His mercy, should persevere in causing the gospel to penetrate upon new shores to new lands.

The Pope also quotes from Columbus' letter to Rafael Sanches, after his return, that Jesus Christ would rejoice in the triumph upon earth and in heaven for the coming of salvation to innumerable people who had previously been going to ruin.

The Pope says enterprise so carried out similarly illustrated by the events of time. In effect Columbus discovered America about the period when a great tempest was raging to intimidate itself against the church. Inasmuch as it is permitted by the course of events to appreciate the ways of Divine Providence, it seems that this man was destined by a special plan of God to compensate Catholicism for the injury it was going to suffer in Europe. To call the Indian race to Christianity—this was, without doubt, the mission and work of the church, the continuous to fulfill this work with an uninterrupted course of charity and still continue it, having advanced herself recently so far as the extremities of the earth.

In conclusion, the Pope says the magnitude of the event and the efficiency and variety of the benefits which have resulted from it, he tend securedly to celebrate him who was the author of it by grateful remembrance and by all sorts of testimonials of honor, but in the first place in not recognize and venerate particularly the divine project to which the discoverer of the New World was subservient and to which he knowingly obeyed.

THE HOMESTEAD TROUBLE.

Evicted Men Denounce the Firm.—Excitement in Camp.

HOMESTEAD, July 30.—The evicting men today and the attendant suffering due to the storms had a depressing effect upon the men in camp. Tonight a number of evicted men were loud in their denunciation of the firm. A large number of evicted families are tonight quartered in other towns by reason of their own bedding being ruined. The relief committee has taken the matter in hand. Company officials assert that over 1,000 hundred men are now in the mill. A riot was narrowly avoided last night at Lawrenceville near Union mills. A crowd of rabble is there 1 in 10 men from the mills. The police saved the life with difficulty.

EXCITEMENT IN CAMP.

Considerable excitement was created in camp last night by a report that an attack would be make from the rear on the camp of Battery B. There is a regular settlement of foreigners in a narrow valley back of Battery B., the headquarters of fully fifty of sixty families. Nearly all of them are unarmable and pronounce themselves in sympathy with the Amalgamated. The military are exercising great vigilance. It seems to be a general feeling among the townspeople outside of the mill that the strike will soon be declared off. The Carnegie company are continually putting in non-union men. Preparations are being made at Duquesne to receive with a non-union men on Monday. The strikers, however, are confident that the firm will be unable to get men to start the plant.

The Ways Iron Company signed the amalgamated scale today.

Knobb and Bauer, the Allegheny associates, but a hearing at Pittsburg today, at the conclusion of which they were held for trial in $3,000 bonds each. Testimony was given by the police and other witnesses as to the threatening language directed by the men, their communication with Abel, Jerymah, etc. A detective said of Bolling Ulbe, to whom was a large supply of ammunition in Bauer's residence. A translation of one of the circulars was read. It told how to make bombs. Also arrests are likely.

Gladstone Better.

LONDON, July 31.—Gladstone is reported to be more today, but his physicians says he will be able to transact his usual business tomorrow.