MINING, BUSINESS AND STOCKS.

BUTTE FACING GREAT CRISIS

If Differences Between Western Federation and Hoisting Engineers Not Settled.

15,000 MEN ARE INVOLVED

So Few at Work Now That Mines Cannot be Kept Open Without Serious Damage.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 25.—After an evening of gunplays and violence, Butte awoke today to face the crisis of the shutdown of the local mines. Noon today was set for a conference between a committee for the miners' union and the mine officials, upon the outcome of which, it was understood, largely depended whether the shutdown shall endure a long time.

The Amalgamated and other companies affected have taken no part in the strike, which arises purely through the jurisdictional dispute between the Western Federation of Miners and certain seceding engineers. But so few men are at work that the mines cannot be kept open without serious damage and in consequence, unless the trouble is adjusted within a few hours, they will have to close entirely, shutting down the smelters in Anaconda and Great Falls, and affecting throughout the state about 15,000 employes.

SMALLER STOCKS ACTIVE.

Grutli and Tintic Central Heavy Traders—Market Generally Weaker.

The feature of the mining exchange this morning was the heavy trading in several of the smaller stocks, among them being Grutli and Tintic Central. The former released 10,000 shares around 5 cents while the latter participated to the extent of 19,000 shares at 7 cents. The market was weaker if anything this morning. Colorado sold back to $1.40 and Sioux Con. fell back to 65. Grand Central came out with a small lot at $2.45, Iron Blossom hung around $1.10 and Mason Valley was firm at $2.10. The total sales this morning amounted to $14,323.25 representing the sale of 45,245 shares.

The sales for the week footed up to 507,577 shares, which represented a selling value of $191,880.82.

Closing quotations this morning were as follows:

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

Listed Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.
Ajax	.32	.38
Alice	1.90	2.35
Beck Tunnel	.25	.28
Big Hill	.01½	
Bingham Amalgamated	.11	.12
Black Jack	.12	.13
Boston Co.	14.50	
Bullock	.01¼	.01¾
Carisa	.76	.84
Cedar	.04	
Century	.04	.10
Colorado	1.37½	1.40
Columbus	.95	.96
Crown Point	.08	.08½
Daly Judge	4.87½	5.00
Dragon Iron		.24
East Crown Point	.01½	.02½
East Tintic Con.	.01½	.02¼
East Tintic Dev.	.12	.13
Galena	.04	
Gold Daisy		.17
Grand Central	2.45	2.47½
Grutli	.05	.05½
Ibex	.05	.06
Indian Queen	.03¾	.04
Iron Blossom	1.10	1.12½
Iron King Con.	.16½	.17½
Keystone	.20	.24
Lehi Tintic	.01½	.02¼
Little Bell	1.47½	1.52½
Little Chief	.50	.55
Lower Mammoth	.35	.40
Majestic	.85	
Mason Valley	2.07	2.12½
May Day	.22	.23½
Mill Hill		.04
Min. Flat	.05¼	.05½
Mt. Lake	.10	.11½
McKinley		.02½
Nev. Hills	.76	
Newhouse	2.62½	
New York	.07	.07½
Ohio Cop.	4.40	4.60
Plutus	.06¼	.07
Prince Con.	1.15	1.20
Provo	.08½	.09
Sacramento	.01½	
Scot. Chief		.01
Schwab		.01¼
Seven Troughs	.09	.09½
Silver King	3.95	4.00
S. Shield	.02½	.04
Sioux Con.	.66	.67
S. Col. Con.	.14	.15
S. Iron Bl.	.00¾	.01
Swansea Con.	.64	.96
Tin. Cent.	.07	.07¼
Tin. Comb.		.01
Tin. Humboldt		.02
Uncle Sam	.59	.60
Utah Con.	.08¾	.09
Victor Con.	.05½	.06
Victoria	1.35	1.40
Yankee Con.	.12½	.16½
Yer. Copper	.02½	.03½
Unlisted Stocks.	**Bid.**	**Asked.**
Ely Witch	.13	.15
Treasure Hill	.09	.10

FORENOON SALES.

Colorado, 100 at 1.42½; 3,000 at 1.40.
Columbus, 600 at 96; 200 at 95.
Grutli, 5,000 at 5.

This Morning's Metals.

SILVER, - - - - 51¼
COPPER (cathodes) - 12⅝
LEAD, - - - - 4.40

NEW YORK QUOTATIONS.

Copper and Lead Unchanged.
SILVER, - - - - 51¼

Iron Blossom, 500 at 1.10; 400 at 1.10, seller 60.
Iron King, 600 at 17; 500 at 16½.
Mountain Lake, 100 at 11.
Sioux Con., 900 at 67; 200 at 66; 600 at 66, seller 60; 1,000 at 65, seller 60.
Tintic Central, 12,000 at 7.
Uncle Sam, 600 at 60.
Utah Con., 2,500 at 8¾.

OPEN BOARD.

Colorado, 400 at 1.40.
Grand Central, 100 at 2.45.
Grutli, 1,000 at 5¼, buyer 60; 4,000 at 5.
Sioux, 100 at 67.
Tintic Central, 7,000 at 7.
Utah Con., 1,000 at 8¾.
Iron Blossom, 1,700 at 1.10.
Mason Valley, 200 at 2.10.

RECAPITULATION.

	Shares.	Value.
Regular call	28,800	$ 10,011.75
Open board	16,445	4,311.50
Today's totals	45,245	$ 14,323.25
Week's totals	507,577	$191,880.82

MT. PLEASANT OIL WELL.

At Depth of 1,465 Feet Big Flow of Water Encountered.

(Special to the News.)

Mt. Pleasant, Sept. 25.—Some excellent work has been done lately at the oil well near here, and an additional 265 feet depth has been attained, making the total depth now 1465 feet. On Wednesday a flow of water was struck and the work since then has been devoted to getting it under control. Drilling was resumed today. Just before striking water Wednesday a very hard substance was encountered by the drills which is considered a favorable indication.

HOIST FOR EAST PRINCE CON.

Manager Peter Targhetta of the East Prince Consolidated Mining company, Pioche district, reports the new shaft down 150 feet, and preparations being made for the installation of a hoist to go down 500 feet. He is confident that the Prince Consolidated vein will be found on the company's property which is located about 3,000 feet east of the Prince Consolidated. The company hopes to be able to push development work though much will depend on the success of the company in enlisting capital.

Mr. Targhetta reports the condition of the camp to be improving, through the efforts of a number of companies which are daily increasing the amount of ore in sight. In his opinion Pioche will produce heavily in the near future.

EXPECTS BIG STRIKES.

(Special to the News.)

Provo, Sept. 25.—A. N. Holdaway, manager of the Tintic Central, said yesterday in talking over conditions in Tintic, that they were exceptionally promising and that the near future would show some wonderful developments, and that three or four big strikes could be looked for at any time.

SILVER KING CON. ASSAYS.

Tests Made Yesterday from Strike Show High Silver and Lead Values.

Superintendent H. R. McDonald of the Silver King Con. is down from Park City with a big chunk of fine looking ore from the latest find in the fissure on the Andes claim, which the management struck several weeks ago. The ore carries high values in silver and lead, with some gold and copper. The silver occurs in the form of bromides as well as in the galena. The rock in typical Silver King ore in appearance and assays made yesterday reveal as high as 170 ounces silver, 67 per cent lead, 2 per cent copper and $2.40 in gold.

Mr. McDonald says he has followed this vein on its strike a distance of 130 feet, and ore has been continuous all the way. At times it pinches up, but at no time has the ore streak been lost. In places the width of this high grade streak is 18 inches or more.

The management has just ordered a cage from Silver Brothers, which is to be installed at the winze to replace the bucket which is now being used. The power for the operation of the cage will be compressed air, an engine being already in place. The cage will be installed in about three weeks. Thirty-five men are employed at the property, and three machine drills are being used in development work.

CONCENTRATES.

Shipments of lead-silver ore from the Harrington-Hickory property, belonging to the Majestic Mines company, in Beaver county, are now being made, and the power line to the mine is completed and the transformers are in place. With the arrival of the new compressor, everything will be ready for accelerated development work.

Manager E. J. Raddatz of the Tintic Standard says the shaft is down to the 500 level, and is in a mineralized dolomite lime. The East Tintic Development company is shipping high grade lead ore from its recent strike on the 230 level.

It is reported that the Tintic smelter will not be closed down permanently, but will run during the winter.

Manager George Lambourne of the Daly Judge reports the winze down about 100 feet below the 1,400 level. As soon as it reaches the depth of 150 feet the management intends to explore the ore body struck by the winze at the depth of about 70 feet, and which is expected to open out into a good body of ore.

A wire was received from Boston this morning announcing the declaration of a 25 per cent regular and 10 per cent extra by the Tonopah Mining company. The books will close Sept. 30 and open Oct. 8.

SALT LAKE BANK CLEARINGS.

For the week ending Sept. 25, 1909:

	1909.	1908.
Sept. 20	$1,222,178.81	$ 954,925.86
Sept. 21	1,112,122.66	817,651.22
Sept. 22	894,573.05	776,992.14
Sept. 23	886,315.57	813,834.41
Sept. 24	912,860.76	673,901.42
Sept. 25	899,630.84	656,997.25
Totals	$5,927,681.49	$4,725,247.73
Increase	$1,202,433.76	

CONSOLIDATION IS NOW ACCOMPLISHED

Agreement for Merging of Ohio-Kentucky and Nevada-Utah Mines Signed.

The consolidation of the Ohio-Kentucky and the Nevada-Utah mines at Pioche is now an accomplished fact, and all that remains to be done is to arrange a few minor details. The agreement to the terms of the consolidation was signed by the parties yesterday, and everything now bespeaks harmony between the two companies and a united pull for the development of Pioche district. This was the information released this morning at the office of the Ohio-Kentucky Mining company.

The plan of consolidation is to form a subsidiary or holding company with a capitalization of 500,000 shares, to be known as the Consolidated Pioche Mines company. Half of the stock in this company will be given to the Ohio-Kentucky and half to the Nevada-Utah company to be prorated among the shareholders of each company.

The new company will start out well supplied with funds, as arrangements have practically been made for financing the company. With the money secured the management will erect the first unit of a 100-ton mill, and also develop and open up the mines through the Nevada-Utah triple-compartment central shaft, which is now down 860 feet. This shaft will be continued to the 1,200 level, from which point the company will drive to the famous Black ledge, at the contact with the Susan Duster mine and the Greenwood ore bodies from the upper levels of this shaft. When this is done the company will have practically three mines from which to draw.

"We estimate that all of the work contemplated can be done for $250,000," said one of the officers, this morning. "The final adjustment and arrangement of all the details will take a little time. It will take about 60 days to finish experiments with the milling of ores and determine the best way of treating them, but now that the deal has been closed it will not be long before there is something doing."

The general offices of the new company will be in New York, with a branch office in Salt Lake City. In the arrangement of officers the presidency of the company will probably go to the Nevada-Utah officers and the managing directorship to the Ohio-Kentucky people.

TINTIC ORE SHIPMENTS.

(Special to the News.)

Eureka, Sept. 25.—The shipments from the mines of Tintic during the past week aggregated 197 cars of ore, of which 103 went to the Tintic smelter, 82 of them being 50-ton cars. The number of cars shipped by the different mines was as follows: Centennial Eureka, 42 cars; Eagle & Blue Bell, 2; Uncle Sam, 8; May Day, 4; East Tintic Development, 1; Scranton, 4; Iron Blossom, 8; Gemini, 2; Sioux Consolidated, 16; Grand Central, 2; Victoria, 6; Bullion Beck, 2; Victor, 1; Mammoth, 6; Colorado, 3; Beatrice, 1; May Day concentrates, 1; *Colorado, 24; *Dragon Iron, 37; *Beck Tunnel, 2; *Iron Blossom, 19. Total, 197 cars. *Cars of 50-ton capacity; others 30-ton.

TRADE OUTLOOK GENERALY GOOD

New York, Sept. 24.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

While there are a few bad or uncertain spots in the business situation, they are not sufficient to change the generally cheerful and, in some respects, brilliant outlook. The movement in iron and steel is tremendous, resulting in instances of premiums paid for prompt delivery.

The foreign trade is unsatisfactory in view of the decreased exports and increased imports, but it should not be overlooked that the former is the result in part of the more rapid advance in prices here than abroad, while the big imports testify to the increased spending capacity of our people.

Many manufacturers of cotton goods are considering curtailment of production to aid in restoring the balance between cotton and cloth prices, and to provide against the dangers of piling up stocks in the primary markets. An advance of one-eighth cent a yard in regular print cloths, accompanied by substantial purchases, a fair sale of drills to India, further voluntary curtailment in yarns and coarse cotton cloth mills, were the features in cotton goods.

More New England shoe manufacturers have been operating in leather and hides this week, and the volume of business is quite large, though made up of small quantities. Rubber goods show further firmness, and advances have already been scored in certain varieties.

LIVESTOCK.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, estimated at 300; market steady. Beeves, [illegible]; Texas steers, [illegible]; western steers, [illegible]; stockers and feeders, [illegible]; cows and heifers, [illegible]; calves, [illegible].

Hogs—Receipts, estimated at 6,000; market steady to strong. Lights, [illegible]; mixed, [illegible]; heavy, [illegible]; rough, [illegible]; pigs, [illegible]; bulk of sales, [illegible].

Sheep—Receipts, estimated at 3,000; market steady. Native, [illegible]; western, [illegible]; yearlings, [illegible]; lambs, native, 4.25@7.25; western, 4.50@7.20.

KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Sept. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; market steady. Native steers, 4.50@8.25; native cows and heifers, 2.25@5.50; stockers and feeders, 3.00@5.50; bulls, 2.50@3.75; calves, 3.50@7.50; western steers, 3.90@7.00; western cows, 2.50@4.35.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,000; market strong. Bulk of sales, [illegible]; heavy, [illegible]; packers and butchers, [illegible]; lights, [illegible]; pigs, [illegible].

Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; market steady. Muttons, [illegible]; lambs, [illegible]; range wethers, [illegible]; range ewes, [illegible].

OMAHA.

Omaha, Sept. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; market unchanged. Native steers, [illegible]; cows and heifers, [illegible]; western steers, [illegible]; Texas steers, [illegible]; cows and heifers, [illegible]; canners, [illegible]; stockers and feeders, [illegible]; calves, [illegible]; bulls, stags, etc., [illegible].

Hogs—Receipts, 3,200; market steady to strong. Heavy, [illegible]; mixed, [illegible]; lights, [illegible]; pigs, [illegible]; bulk of sales, [illegible].

Sheep—Receipts, 400; market steady. Yearlings, [illegible]; wethers, [illegible]; ewes, [illegible]; lambs, [illegible].

WOOL.

St. Louis, Sept. 25.—Wool, quiet. Territory and western mediums, 23@28; fine mediums, 22@25; fine, 13@19.

PRODUCE.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Announcement made yesterday that the leading holder had entirely disposed of a big line of September wheat had a depressing effect today on the wheat market. Weak cables and liberal receipts in the northwest also prompted considerable selling.

The market opened weak with prices ⅛ to ¼ lower, the greatest loss being in September. December opened ⅛ to ¼ lower at 98¾@98⅞, and May was ⅛ to ¼ lower at [illegible]. Generally favorable weather conditions for the new crop caused great weakness in corn. December opened a shade to ⅛ lower at [illegible], and advanced to [illegible] on covering by shorts.

Trade in oats was quiet and prices moved over a narrow range. December opened unchanged at [illegible], sold at [illegible] and then advanced to [illegible].

Provisions were dull and steady, the price for pork being ½c higher.

Wheat—The market became firmer during the final hour, but no great activity was manifested. December sold up to 98⅞. The close was firm with December up ⅛ at 98⅞.

Corn—Shorts were fairly active bidders all day. December advanced to [illegible]. The close was firm with prices at the top. December up [illegible].

Close—Wheat—Sept., [illegible]; Dec., 98⅞; May, 1.02.

Corn—Sept., 68⅝; Dec., 60¾; May, [illegible].

Oats—Sept., 39⅝; Dec., 39⅛; May, 41⅝.

Pork—Sept., 24.00; Jan., 18.12½.

Lard—Sept., 12.37½; Oct., 12.10; Jan., [illegible].

Ribs—Sept., 11.92½; Oct., 11.77½; Jan., 9.77½; May, 9.72.

Rye—Cash, 71@72; Sept. and Dec., 72.

Barley—Cash, 50@69.

Timothy—Sept., 3.80; Oct., 3.80; [illegible]

Clover—Cash, 14.00; March, 14.50.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Butter—Steady. Creameries, 24½@29; dairies, 22@26.

Eggs—Steady, at mark, cases included, [illegible]; firsts, 22½; prime firsts, 24.

Cheese—Steady. Daisies, 15½@16; twins, 14½@15; young Americas, 15½@16¼; long horns, 15@16.

SUGAR AND COFFEE.

New York, Sept. 25.—Sugar, raw, firm. Fair refining, 3.73; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.23; molasses sugar, 3.48.

Refined—Steady. Crushed, 5.85; powdered, 5.25; granulated, 5.15.

Coffee—Steady. No. 7 Rio, 7¾; No. 4 Santos, 8½@9.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Sept. 25.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $9,877,425 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent reserve rule. This is an increase of $2,285,[illegible] in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week. The statement follows:

Loans	$1,312,942,100
Decrease	10,651,500
Deposits	1,361,351,900
Decrease	14,323,600
Circulation	51,559,600
Decrease	157,700
Legal tenders	71,461,500
Decrease	527,300
Specie	278,302,900
Decrease	135,200
Reserve	349,065,400
Decrease	662,500
Reserve required	340,837,975
Decrease	3,858,400
Surplus	9,877,425
Increase	2,285,900
Ex. U. S. deposits	10,219,125
Increase	2,299,175

The percentage of actual reserve of the clearing house banks today was 25.34.

The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater New York, not reporting to the clearing house, shows that these institutions have aggregate deposits of $1,[illegible], and loans amounting to $1,226,[illegible].

BANK CLEARINGS.

New York, Sept. 24.—Bradstreet's bank clearings report for the week ending Sept. 23 shows an aggregate of $3,353,[illegible] as against $3,432,[illegible] last week and $2,[illegible] in the corresponding week last year. The following is a list of the cities:

		Inc.	Dec.
New York	$2,168,005,000	25.2	
Chicago	276,804,000	[illegible]	
Boston	171,883,000	[illegible]	
Philadelphia	152,877,000	[illegible]	
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Pittsburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Kansas City	[illegible]	[illegible]	
San Francisco	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Baltimore	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Cincinnati	24,791,000	4.6	
Minneapolis	24,416,000		22.3
New Orleans	15,709,000	16.4	
Cleveland	18,412,000	35.7	
Detroit	15,609,000	33.8	
Omaha	14,192,000	13.9	
Louisville	10,816,000	12.4	
Milwaukee	11,356,000	5.9	
Forth Worth	6,712,000	30.0	
Los Angeles	12,229,000	35.6	
St. Paul	12,008,000	13.3	
Seattle	13,868,000	31.5	
Denver	9,118,000	12.8	
Buffalo	9,671,000	28.8	
Indianapolis	7,800,000	14.0	
Spokane, Wash.	4,730,000	37.1	
Providence	8,647,000	21.4	
Portland, Or.	8,580,000	20.8	
Richmond	8,645,000	21.0	
Albany	7,067,000	43.4	
Washington	6,669,000	26.9	
St. Joseph	6,376,000	19.0	
SALT LAKE	6,222,000	23.9	

BRANSFORD WILL STICK.

In contradiction to all rumors being circulated to the effect that Mayor Bransford is out of the race for the nomination as mayor on the so-called "American" ticket, W. Mont Ferry today said that Mayor Bransford is still in the race, and will remain in to win.

MAKING RECORD IN BUILDING PERMITS

Work at Inspector's Office Double What it Was Last Year.

SEEK BUSINESS PROPERTY.

Country Property is Receiving Considerable Attention from Local People.

The building boom that started early in the year has not flattened out in the least, according to the records of Building Inspecor A. B. Hirth, at the close of business last night, when it was shown that the total permits issued for the week amounted to $232,600. This sum raises the aggregate for the month to the splendid total of $770,300, as against $317,015 for the month of September, 1908. As there are still five days to run in this month it is not improbable that when the end of the month comes the total for the month will be two and one-half times greater than the total for last September. With a total of more than $1,300,000 last month, Salt Lake City led all the cities of the Union in the extent of its building operations, and it has all along this year stood high as compared with other cities.

The real estate market has not been very active during the past week, though the demand for business property in certain localities is said to be good. As high as $1,200 per foot is being asked for State street frontages between Third and Fourth South streets, and a prominent real estate dealer says that a bid of $1,000 a foot recently failed to secure the piece he wanted. On Fourth South between Main and State streets, two pieces are being offered on the north side of the street, and $500 per foot is being asked, which must be considered a remarkable advance in the last few months, provided buyers can be found at that price. A stiffening up of prices is also reported along west Third South street, and also west on South Temple, and on Second South between State and Second East.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

The demand for apartment houses, of which there are several on the market, and for larger residences, is said to be fair, but the general trend of inquiry is for modern cottages in good localities and close in. Among the large residential sales of the week was the Filer home, 963 east South Temple, to A. H. Godbe, for $12,000, made through Meeks & McCartney. The demand for such homes is limited, and some dealers report a number of cottages standing for several months unsold in different parts of the city. In a few cases it is reported that cottages have stood so long that the owners have decided to rent them and take chances on selling them later on.

Plans are being prepared for a three-story building on the ground immediately east of the Grand theater on Second South street, which has recently been cleared of the old building which stood there. A. Fred Wey, proprietor of the Wilson hotel, will erect the building, which will be modern in every respect. The ground is 66½x165 feet.

Among the building permits issued this week was that for the Mission theater, at a cost of $150,000. The structure is well along in its construction, but the permit was only taken out Wednesday as the result of work being stopped last Saturday by Inspector Hirth. It transpires that the owner J. P. Megeath and the builder had neglected to conform to the law notwithstanding several reminders from the inspector, and it was only after he stopped work that they decided to take out the permit. The building is six-stories and is being built of concrete over a steel frame.

COUNTY LOTS.

Notwithstanding the quietness of the market for inside property, the demand for lots in the additions still continues good. In fact, one well known dealer says that at the present time his principal business is in lots in the additions his company is handling. The demand is said to be equally good for these lots in the additions on south State and that vicinity and for those lying on the higher levels of the bench lands southeast of the city.

In spite of the many features which interfered with the real estate business during the past week A. N. Humphries, owner of Idlewild and Sunnyside additions, reported the usual activity. That the suburban districts are coming to the front is evident from the unusual inquiries for property there.

The sales recorded by Mr. Humphries follow: Elmer Bandy, Roodhouse, Ill, 2 lots Idlewild; Etta Duncan, 329 west Fourth North street, 3 lots in Idlewild; G. C. Richter, 236 south Second East, 6 lots in Sunnyside; Emma Jorgensen, 60 north Ninth West street, 2 lots in Idlewild; E. J. Chandler, Hailey, Idaho, 3 lots, in Idlewild.

* * *

William R. McCartney of the real estate firm of Meeks & McCartney, has purchased 12,000 apple trees for his orchard at Blackfoot, Idaho.

* * *

The Los Angeles Times of Sunday carried a cut of the Utah hotel which is to be erected on the old Deseret News site together with descriptive matter and a complimentary notice of the architects, Parkinson & Bergstrom, of Los Angeles.

* * *

Anthony H. Godbe has purchased the Filer residence at 963 east South Temple for $12,000. The sale was made through the office of Meeks and McCartney.

TODAY'S MONEY MARKET.

New York, Sept. 25.—Money on call dull. Time loans nominal; 60 days, 3½@3¾ per cent; 90 days, 3¾; six months, 4½.

Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange nominal with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84.25@4.84.35 for 60 day-bills, and at 4.86.10 for demand.

Commercial bills, 4.83¾@4.84.

Bar silver, 51¼.

Mexican dollars, 43.

FOUNTAIN GREEN WANTS CITY GOVERNMENT

(Special Correspondence.)

FOUNTAIN GREEN, Sanpete Co., Sept. 24.—Fountain Green is preparing to take upon itself a city form of government soon. A petition signed by 108 residents and taxpayers will be presented to the county commissioners at a special meeting on Monday next.

No action on the high license for saloons will be taken until this question is settled, but the general understanding is that the license will be raised to $2,500 per year in the near future or after the city form of government is adopted.

MILITARY BALLOON EXPLODES IN MID-AIR

Dirigible Republique Wrecked While Going at High Speed Near Moulins.

OCCUPANTS WERE KILLED

Nothing Presaged Awful Catastrophe—Came Without Warning—Was Up More Than 300 Feet.

Moulins, France, Sept. 25.—The French dirigible military balloon Republique exploded in the air five miles from here today and was wrecked. The four men on board were killed. They were:

Capt. Marchal.
Lieut. Chaure.
Sub-Lieuts. Vincenot and Reux.

The Republique left La Palisse where she had been engaged in the recent military maneuvers at 7 o'clock this morning, in charge of Capt. Marchal. She passed over Moulins at a quarter before 9 o'clock at an altitude of 400 feet, going at a high rate of speed and apparently under perfect control. The officers in the car waved their hands in response to enthusiastic cheers of the people below them.

Nothing presaged the terrible catastrophe which occurred a few minutes later. Without warning the airship exploded with a loud report. At the time she was at an altitude of more than 300 feet. The wrecked car fell to the ground and the four men on board were crushed to death.

BOOMING OF CANNON AWAKENS NEW YORK

New York, Sept. 25.—The boom of sunrise guns aboard the warships in the North river awoke New York this morning to the first day's celebration, long planned and long awaited, which honors the deeds of Henry Hudson and Robert Fulton. The river that Hudson found and where Fulton set his steamboat was the place toward which the eyes of 5,000,000 persons turned today for the most impressive pageant that ever floated in the New York harbor. The city today was a shell, with probably two-thirds of its population massed on its water front. From the Battery to Spuyten Duyvil, the sloping western edge of Manhattan Island afforded a vantage ground from which 2,000,000 spectators viewed the naval parade that moved up and down the river. Two million more lined the Jersey shore and on the western water front of Brooklyn facing the bay, at least half that number watched the gathering of this pageant in the waters between the mainland and Staten Island.

This is what they saw today under the September sun and what they will have a chance to look at tonight under the glare, scarcely less brilliant, of millions of electric lights:

A thousand vessels varying in type from the one man catboat to the mighty British cruiser battleship Inflexible.

FIFTY-SEVEN WARSHIPS.

Fifty-seven warships representing the navies of the United States, Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy, Holland, Mexico and Argentina—450,000 tons of steel, bearing 25,000 officers and men and armed with 1,897 guns.

Copies of the Half Moon and Clermont, so faithful to the original models in every detail that Hudson and Fulton themselves would have been puzzled to tell the difference.

One hundred and twenty steamboats and ferryboats.

Seventy-five steamboats.

Seventy-five motor boats.

Three hundred tugs and steam lighters.

Four hundred sailing craft and small launches.

All but the greatest and the least of these craft gathered in the upper bay for the parade that escorted the Half Moon and the Clermont up the Hudson.

The warships remained at their anchorage between Forty-fourth and Twenty-second streets, while the sail boats and the launches took positions along the route where they could afford those aboard the best view of the spectacle.

The day's first spectacle—not counting the grimness of warships in the North river—was the assembling of the naval pageant in the upper bay. Between 10 and 11 o'clock the squadron of four American cruisers and five submarines assigned to escort the Half Moon and the Clermont met in the Kill Von Kull, between Staten Island and the New Jersey shore. The Clermont was towed from its night anchorage at Stapleton, L. I., to join the Half Moon of St. George.

ADMIRAL SEYMOUR

Says Warships Are Greatest Safeguards for Peace.

New York, Sept. 25.—Admiral of the fleet, Sir E. H. Seymour, in command of the British squadron attending the Hudson-Fulton celebration, declared in an interview that warships are the greatest safeguards for peace.

"The present assemblage of the fleets of all nations is a great factor in the promotion of peace," he said. "It gives each nation an opportunity to see for itself how strong and what the other nations are, and prevents war.

"It is not difficult to understand that with the growth of the navies of the civilized nations the possibilities of war have been so greatly decreased that an armed conflict of any kind seems hardly within the bounds of possibility. The interests of the civilized world are becoming more and more united every day. The great nations are all in harmony. I see nothing but peace and advancement in the future.

"There exists now an almost unbreakable bond between the civilized nations of the earth."

CAMBRIAN SYSTEM.

Base of it Found in a Fossil Sea Beach on Pacific Coast.

Washington, Sept. 25.—The base of the great cambrian system in a fossil sea beach was recently found by Secy. Charles Walcott of the Smithsonian institution, during a trip in the higher Canadian Rockies near the main line of the Canadian Pacific railroad.

This fossil beach now forms a bed of white quartz pebble conglomerate 300 feet in thickness. Below this, 4,000 feet of limestone of an older period was measured and about 4,000 of cambrian limestone, sandstone and shale in which were found many fossils.

A large collection of the rocks and fossils has been sent to the United States national museum.