

TO BEGIN WAR ON FOREIGNERS

Edict Sent to Viceroy and Governors of South China.

ADVISE BOXERS TO GO SOUTH

Civilization Against Barbarism—Emperor William Wants French General to Command Allied Forces.

New York, July 17.—A dispatch to the Herald from Shanghai says:

The most serious developments of the situation is that Chinese official sources indicate that the Boxers have been advised to come south and that they intend to make Ching Han Po, at the head of the Grand canal, their objective point. Five regiments have started for that place with the idea of gathering recruits on the way.

This is likely to be the beginning of a big movement directed against the foreigners in the center and south of China. An imperial edict, dated July 5, has just been received by the viceroys and governors, ordering them to begin war against foreigners without delay, and declaring that officers of all ranks who refuse to obey the edict will be summarily executed.

Another dispatch, dated July 7, gives information of the departure of five regiments of northern soldiers for the south and intimates that more will follow.

The fact that troops can now be liberated is, of course, explained by the fact that the Boxers in Peking, for the time being, no longer exist to keep large bodies of men in the capital.

Many of the generals in command in the Yangtze district are Tatars and are in full sympathy with the northern rioters.

HOSPITAL SERVICE IN CHINA

Field Hospital of Three Hundred Beds Sent from Manila.

San Francisco, Cal., July 16.—Surgeon-General George M. Sternberg of the United States army arrived today to inspect the military hospital at the Presidio. When told of the fatalities among American troops in the attack upon Tien Tsin, Gen. Sternberg was visibly affected and remarked:

"If we had 5,000 of our soldiers there now they would settle that trouble at Tien Tsin promptly."

Speaking of the hospital service, Gen. Sternberg said: "The Chinese troubles have called for prompt attention. I have a dispatch that has not yet been made public in which the chief surgeon at Manila has been ordered to send a 300-bed field hospital to China and medical supplies for 5,000 men for three months. In addition to this the hospital ship Relief, the best of its kind afloat, is being dispatched to Taku. She has a full corps of doctors and nurses, and is in command of Surgeon-Major Perley. Our hospital service is thoroughly modern in every respect and will be of great service to the Chinese."

LEUNG CHITSO IN HONOLULU.

Noted Chinese Reformer Organizing the Bow Wagon Movement.

Honolulu, July 10, via San Francisco, July 17.—Leung Chitso, the noted Chinese reformer on whose head is a reward of \$50,000 offered by the empress dowager, is reported to have arrived in Honolulu from the island of Maui.

The reformer has been in the islands about three months organizing the Bow Wagon movement which has as its object the overthrow of the empress dowager's regime and the reinstatement of the young emperor. Societies have been organized here and a large amount of money raised. In speaking of how China may be governed in future, he said:

"The opening up of China so that the Chinese may be able to assimilate foreign ideas of progress and also that foreigners may share with the Chinese in the development of the wealth of this vast empire, the power in China must be centralized to prevent jealousy among factions and for the best interest of China and the world the emperor should be reinstated."

"Last year the United States proposed to the other powers to open up China and to protect her territory from partition. Such a course will be found most beneficial and a policy most appropriate to modern civilization."

No Canadian Troops for China.

Chicago, July 17.—A special to the Times-Herald from Ottawa, Ont., says: At today's session Mr. Bourassa, secretary of the Canadian parliament, declared that it was the intention of the government to send Canadian troops to take part in the present war against China and if so, would action be taken without the government first consulting parliament?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier thought that the allied powers of Europe would be able to handle the business in China without any assistance from Canada. He, of course, could not say that there might not again arise such a state of affairs in Canada and such a popular demand made throughout the country, similar to that in regard to South Africa, as would call for immediate action.

In any event the government did not intend to propose any new legislation this season.

"I do not intend," the premier added, "to have any war or to send any contingent to take part in any way in the Chinese war, but should the occasion arise, and I hope it may not, and a feeling should take shape in the country of sufficient strength and importance to call for action, the government will then consider itself in duty bound to demand a special session of parliament for the purpose of considering the advisability of contributing Canadian aid to the allied forces in China."

Austrian Minister Escaped.

Chicago, July 17.—According to H. R. Hagedorn, acting consul general resident in Chicago, Baron Moritz Czikann von Wamborn, Austro-Hungarian minister in Chicago, escaped the fate accorded to the representatives of foreign powers in Peking. Herr Schwab says the baron left Peking long before the trouble began on a leave of absence, and that he is at present in Austria. Only two members of the legation were killed at the time of the massacre.

Arthur von Rothemann, Ph. D., charge d'affaires, secretary of legation, and Rudolph Noll, vice consul.

DESPERATE FIGHT.

The Japs and Chinese Come to Blows at Fraser River.

Chicago, July 17.—A special to the Record from Vancouver, B. C., says: A desperate fight took place last night at the fishing town of Stevenson on the Fraser river, between 800 Japanese and Chinese. There is a big Japanese strike on at Stevenson, involving 7,000



ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY
COLD CHILLS
OVERCOMES HEADACHES
& FEVERS
HABITUALLY CONSTIPATED
PERMANENTLY
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE—MADE BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Japanese and white men and 3,000 Chinese, and the Japanese aid Chinese were idle.

A street row between a Japanese and a Chinese occurred over a dispute as to whether or not a Japanese army of 10,000 men could whip a Chinese army of 100,000 in the present war in China. The Japanese cut off the Chinaman's queue to emphasize his argument, and in five minutes 300 Japanese engaged in a hand to hand fight with 500 Chinese.

The small noise of police was powerless to interfere and thousands of white fishermen watched the fun. In twenty minutes the Japanese had broken so many Chinese noses and cut off so many queues that the Chinamen fled.

COSSACKS CONCENTRATING

Four Thousand at Kharbin are Now Awaiting Reinforcements.

Alexey Orders Cruisers to Protect Gulf of Pechili—Russian Losses in the Field.

Chicago, July 17.—A special cable to the Chicago Record from Moscow says: According to a dispatch from Port Arthur the Manchurian railway guard of 4,000 Cossacks together with 500 infantry is concentrating at Kharbin, where it will await reinforcements that will swell the force to 20,000 before attacking the Boxers collected in that region. M. Youkevitch, chief engineer of the Manchurian railway, is supervising the fortification of Kharbin with trenches and barricades.

Admiral Alexey has ordered several cruisers to guard the gulf of Pechili in the hope that some of the Chinese warships may appear and give battle.

The Russian losses in the field during the last two weeks are reported as: Killed and wounded—Officers, 7; infantry men, 230; troopers, 30.

The European warships at Niu Chwang have been pillaged and burned. The loss is \$8,000 tons, \$100,000. The tea merchants of Kalgan are taking refuge in Port Arthur.

ORDERED TO PROTECT CHINESE

Chicago Police Instructed as to Their Duty in the Premises.

Chicago, July 17.—No sooner had the news spread that Chief Kiple had issued an order to his officers instructing them to protect the Chinese residents of Chicago, than hundreds of them swarmed into the center of the city in search of encouragement and aid.

In regard to the order issued by chief of police, Mayor Harrison said:

"We have taken this step, not because there is any public row, but to prevent any trouble arising in the future. I believe that the Chinese have a right to demand protection, and that all we are trying to give them. The police are being ordered to see that the Chinese are not molested, and I believe we can rely on them for the proper attention being given."

Against the Boxers.

San Francisco, July 17.—Ho Yow, the imperial consul general of the Chinese empire, is officially preparing to receive passports for himself and his attaches. He said:

"The Chinese in this State are to a man heart and soul against the Boxers and they are officially preparing to receive passports for themselves and their attaches."

"I understand the Minister Wu is ready to leave at any time. I have not as yet received definite orders from him."

GEN'L FRED GRANT REPORTS.

Excepts Capt. Hollis from His Commendation of Officers.

Washington, July 17.—Brig. Gen. Fred D. Grant, U. S. V., in submitting to the war department an interesting account of the fighting around Imus, in Cavite province, from September 26th to October 8th, last, closes by saying:

"All the officers and men under my command behaved well in all engagements, unless I except the movement of Capt. Hollis' battalion of the Fourth Infantry from Imus on October 3rd, which was not well conducted. Some deserve special mention for their bravery and energy. Among these I would mention Capt. Reilly of the Fifth artillery, who conducted the move against Binacayan, October 6th; Lieut. Knatsenhu, my aide de camp, who commanded the scouts during the whole time; Lieut. Fenton, Fifth cavalry, A. D. C., who conducted a company through from Bacoor to Imus October 2nd, and was much exposed in the fighting which occurred October 2nd, 3rd and 6th, and Capt. Cowles, who commanded the reconnaissance against Binacayan, which resulted in a fight at St. Nicholas. Maj. Lee and Capt. King and Fuller of Gen. Lawton's staff, who were with me on October 3rd and 6th, deserve special mention for their gallantry and my personal thanks for the assistance they rendered me."

POOR A PETITE

means disordered digestion, and if not promptly remedied will develop into chronic dyspepsia. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will improve the appetite by strengthening the stomach, and prevent, as well as cure, indigestion, constipation, general debility, nervousness, sleeplessness, and all disorders arising from an impaired digestion. If you have any of these troubles, don't fail to try it at once. Our private revenue stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

THE BEST

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

TONICS.

THE Japs and Chinese Come to Blows at Fraser River.

Chicago, July 17.—A special to the Record from Vancouver, B. C., says: A desperate fight took place last night at the fishing town of Stevenson on the Fraser river, between 800 Japanese and Chinese. There is a big Japanese strike on at Stevenson, involving 7,000

TERRY MCGOVERN STILL CHAMPION

In Three Rounds He Puts Away Frank Erne.

WAS A HURRICANE FIGHT.

There was No Knockout Because It Was Prevented by Erne's Seconds Throwing up the Sponge.

Philadelphia, July 17.—Lieut. Smedley Darlington Butler, who was wounded in the engagement between the allied forces and the Chinese, is a son of Congressman Butler, of Westchester, Pa. He has just passed his twenty-first year, and was appointed a second lieutenant in the First regiment of marines two years ago.

ADDRESS TO DEMOCRATS.

W. R. Hearst, President of National Clubs, Has Issued One.

Ratification of Bryan and Stevenson's Nominations Called for—Republican Policy Denounced.

Washington, July 16.—W. R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic clubs, has issued the following address:

"To the Democratic clubs and associations of the United States.—The time has come when all the Democratic societies in this country and all the patriotic bodies associated with them should publicly ratify the nomination of W. J. Bryan for President and Adlai E. Stevenson for Vice President, and to defend the Republic against the corrupting spirit of imperialism."

This is no ordinary year in American politics. Colonies have been established under the American flag, without the consent of the American people and in defiance of the Constitution. The unlawful and brutal policy of President McKinley and his advisers, involving the abandonment of the principle of public equality on American soil, have been confirmed by the Republican party in its national convention.

The Republican party under its present leadership is attempting to commit a hitherto peaceful and just nation to a career of imperial adventure and conquest. Its conservatism has disappeared, and its main policy is dominated by a vulgar spirit of greed unknown on this continent until now. The Republican party has become a party of revolution. It is attacking the irreproachable and time-approved political, industrial and social systems under which the Republic has steadily grown in strength and glory, and has dishonored our flag and our national obligations before the civilized world. It has made subjects of the inhabitants of the American territories and has denied to them the wise guarantees of constitutional government. It trampled on the Declaration of Independence. The Republican party is a promoter and agent of the new and terrible trust system, which seeks to destroy industrial and commercial competition in America—another revolutionary movement hostile to free institutions.

The humane and moral struggle for the emancipation of the neighboring Republic of Cuba was victoriously ended two years ago, and yet our army occupies Cuban soil, and the political favorites of the Republican party plunder the helpless people of the island. A great army raised for the liberation of Cuba, is still maintained for the purpose of extending trade by blockade.

The spirit of militarism marks every act of the national government. These radical experimental conditions in the order of our national progress threaten the existence of the republican government on the American continent. Subjects and citizens cannot long endure under the same flag. Monopoly takes away opportunity and hope from the masses of people; it robs the young men of the nation of all chance to achieve their independence and fastens upon them a perpetual wage servitude; it converts small proprietors into hirelings, and it puts into the hands of a few men the absolute control of production and prices.

Against the new and dangerous policies—condemned alike by experience and by justice—the Democratic party is standing for the preservation of the conservative spirit of the American people and their faith in American institutions. They represent opportunity at home as against adventure in Asia, and rather than the impossible quest of money; citizenship, not subjecthood; a homogeneous republic, not a heterogeneous empire; a nation of prosperous, equal, liberty-loving citizens, not a nation of wage slaves or a great standing army, leading ultimately to military conscription.

The re-election of President McKinley will be taken by the Republican leaders as a proof that the American people approve of an imperialist and trust-breeding policy. Can any thoughtful citizen doubt what the consequences of Republican victory this year will be? The swift and unsuspected development of the past few years point significantly to the purposes of President and his advisers in the near future.

In the presence of these impending national evils, the National Association of Democratic clubs calls upon all societies in the United States to organize their forces for the defense of republican institutions. Patriotic citizens, regardless of past political ties or prejudices, are earnestly asked to assist in this work of preservation.

This year the nation must choose between the European and the American theory of government."

Chaffee to be Made Major General.

New York, July 17.—A special to the Herald from Washington, says: President McKinley, upon his return to Washington, will promote Brig. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee to be major general of volunteers. In consequence of the decision arrived at by the cabinet meeting to retain Gen. Chaffee in supreme command.

It was made possible by the decision obtained that the promotion of Lieutenant-General Miles and the resultant promotions caused a vacancy in the grade of major general of volunteers.

Lieut. Gen. Miles had recommended that Major General John W. Bates be sent to Taku, but members of the cabinet are well satisfied with Gen. Chaffee. It is expected, in view of the large increase in the American force that at least three brigadier generals will be sent to command brigades under Gen. Chaffee, and among those mentioned are Brig. Gen. Frederick D. Grant, Brig. Gen. R. H. Hall and Brig. Gen. J. M. Bell.

Scandinavian Picnic

Wednesday at the Salt Palace.

TERRY MCGOVERN STILL CHAMPION

In Three Rounds He Puts Away Frank Erne.

WAS A HURRICANE FIGHT.

There was No Knockout Because It Was Prevented by Erne's Seconds Throwing up the Sponge.

Philadelphia, July 17.—Tonight, in the presence of 14,000 persons in Madison Square Garden, Terry McGovern of Brooklyn defeated Frank Erne of Buffalo, the lightweight champion of the world. It was a hurricane fight from bell to bell, without a second's let up, except when one of the contestants was lying on the floor of the ring. McGovern used the tactics he said he would. He rushed in on Erne at the very beginning and sent left and right in such quick succession that Erne, fast as he is, was nonplussed.

ERNE VERY CLEVER.

Erne undoubtedly is the cleverer of the two, but his cleverness availed him nothing against the bulldog rushes and fiery attack of the little featherweight champion. Erne, of course, trained far below his usual weight, as he had agreed to meet McGovern at 128 pounds, which is five pounds below the lightweight limit. In doing this many believed that the strain would be too much for the Buffalo man, and that McGovern, who is rugged and tenacious, would beat him down. Many of the wise ones compared Erne's reduction of weight to that of Joe Walcott, when the latter trained down some years ago to 131 pounds in order to meet Dick Lavigne in the featherweight class. Walcott made a miscalculation on that occasion, for Lavigne cut him to pieces.

Tonight Erne said that he weighed only 136½ pounds, but declared that he was in excellent condition. The betting at the ringside was 100 to 60 on McGovern.

TERRY SHAKES FRANK.

Round 1.—Terry rushed in and planted a left hook on Erne's face. He tried again, but was short. Both fiddled and Terry jumped in and sent left and right to head. Erne stabbed his left and crossed his body with terrific force, shaking up Erne from his heels to his head. The bell found them in a hot rally.

McGOVERN STRONG AND RUGGED.

Round 2.—Terry rushed in, sending both hands to the head. Erne sent his left to the face. Both landed right on head and went to a clinch. Coming out on the breakaway, Terry hoisted his right to the head. Erne countered with left. Terry rushed in again and was caught. Erne landed a hard right on Terry's head. Terry sent his right to the head he sent his left over the right, which missed the mark.

They were fighting at terrific pace, and blows came as fast as hailstones in a July storm. Terry was jabbing and looking left and right to Erne's body, while Erne was punching him in the face. Terry took his medicine with a grin and still kept hammering on the body. At the bell Erne showed signs of weakness, while Terry was strong and rugged.

BROOKLYNITE REMORSELESS.

Round 3.—Terry rushed, missed a left hook, but he sent left and right to the chest. Erne countering on the neck with his left. Terry put a straight left on the face and a hard right on the body. Then he sent another left to the face and broke from a clinch, sent his left to the face. Terry forced the fighting, battering Erne all over the ring, and with a terrific punch over the heart and a left swing on the head he sent Erne over the floor, where the lightweight champion lay for nine seconds.

When he got up Erne's face was covered with blood, but Terry was remorseless. The Brooklyn "Terror" pounced on his opponent and rained lefts and rights on head, face and neck, while Erne was unable to send back a free counter. Terry kept forcing him out on the head he sent Erne over the heart, and with right and left to head downed the Buffalo man once more. Again Erne took nine seconds of the time, but he came up groggy and practically bewildered. Terry before he could put a finishing blow, Erne's seconds threw up the sponge and saved Erne man from being knocked out. Time of round, 3 minutes, 13 seconds.

LIVE OAKS VS. BANKERS.

Play at Walker's This Afternoon for the Gate Receipts.

For honor and cash the Bankers and Live Oaks of Bingham will line up at Walker's field this afternoon and play ball. The game is scheduled for 4 p. m. The Binghamites will be attired in the gayest of their Oriental lodge suits. A close contest is looked for, as the teams are pretty evenly matched. This is the line up:

Bankers. Live Oaks.

Margets Brown

Romney Bowen

Castell Howard

Griffiths S. Kenner

Groesbeck Ames

McEwen McFadden

Wyl Straup

sub. Wyl

sub. Cutter

sub. Crump

The Wrestling Match.

The wrestling match between the Terrible Turk, Hall Adali, and Charlie Lange, and Farmer Burns and Jim Morris, scheduled to take place in the arena of the bicycle track Thursday evening, promises to be a big affair. A great deal of interest is being felt concerning it and already a number of bets have been made. Adali and his Turk cannot throw Lange four times in one hour, Morris and Burns are evenly matched. Their contest promises to be an exciting one.

OUTSIDE EVENTS.

"LAST SHALL BE FIRST."

That Is if the New Yorkers Continue to Win.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

National League.

P. W. L. P. C.

Brooklyn 68 49 25 632

Philadelphia 70 37 23 628

Chicago 70 37 23 628

DR. PRICE'S
Baking Powder
cream
BAKING POWDER

FOR a third of a century the invaluable qualities of Dr. Price's Baking Powder have been familiar to American housewives, who have found its use invariably a guarantee of light, sweet, pure and wholesome food.

The renown of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, in these closing years of the nineteenth century, is not only continental but world-wide. Its unequalled qualities are known and appreciated everywhere.

Always makes the perfect biscuit, cake and bread.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Baking powders made from alum and other harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but inferior in work and injurious to the stomach.

Pittsburg 72 37 25 613

Cincinnati 71 34 37 478

St. Louis 67 39 37 447

Boston 66 24 42 363

NEW YORK GAMES.

Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 3.

Chicago, 3; Pittsburg, 7.

New York, 7; Brooklyn, 5.

American League.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 4; Minneapolis, 3.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis-Chicago game postponed; rain.

At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Milwaukee, 4.

At Cleveland—Cleveland-Kansas City, no game; wet grounds.

TAILENDERS WIN ONE.

New York Defeats Brooklyn Which Is Ahead.

New York, July 16.—New York defeated the Brooklyn team in the eighth inning by timely batting. Kelley was put out of the game and Dahlen became so abusive in his talk that Stuartwood would have given him a thrashing but for the interference of the players. Attendance, 1,000.

SCORE.

R. H. E.

Brooklyn 5 11 2

New York 7 9 2

Batteries—Kittson and Farrell; Carrick and Warner.

Umpire—Stuartwood.

COULDN'T PUZZLE BOSTON.

Phillies Were Defeated Very Easily by Beaneaters.

Philadelphia, July 16.—Donohue was unable to puzzle Boston today and the visitors won from the home team without difficulty. The game was interesting, as both teams played well in the field. Attendance, 3,400.

SCORE.

R. H. E.

Boston 8 17 0

Philadelphia 1 6 2

Batteries—Nichols and Sullivan; Donohue and Douglas.

Umpire—Emslie.

PITTSBURG BEATS CHICAGO.

Defeats the Windy City Team With Ease—Also Good Playing.

Chicago, July 16.—Pittsburg won easily today. Cunningham pitched in poor form and receiving miserable support all of Chicago's errors being very costly. Attendance, 1,800.

SCORE.

R. H. E.

Chicago 3 9 3

Pittsburg 7 13 1

Batteries—Cunningham and Donahoe; Chesbro, Tannehill and Zimmer.

Umpire—O'Day.

AMERICA WINS SIXTEEN.

Also Takes Thirteen Seconds and Twelve Thirds at Paris.

Paris, July 16.—Twenty-one championship contests in connection with