

Local and Other Matters.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, MAY 22.

From "Auld Reekie."—To-day we had the pleasure of a call from Mr. John Cowan, son of Mr. Chas. Cowan, of the great paper-making firm of Cowan & Co., of Edinburgh, Scotland. He visits the city on his way to Australia, via San Francisco, is accompanied by his wife and son, and bears a letter of introduction to us from Mr. William Nelson, the celebrated Edinburgh publisher, who paid a personal visit to this city some time since.

When in Scotland a few years ago we visited the works of Cowan & Co., at Pennicuik, about twelve miles south-east of Edinburgh. They are probably as extensive and complete as any in the world, and the village of Pennicuik itself is mostly peopled by their operatives.

The Cowans are one of the most respected and substantial families in Edinburgh, Charles, father to our visitor, having succeeded Macaulay as member of Parliament from Edinburgh, serving in that capacity eleven years. James Cowan, brother to Charles, is a member of Parliament now, and also served some time in the position of Lord Provost of Edinburgh.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 18.—The reported results of the conference provide for an eight weeks' armistice, and for assistance in the restoration of the homes of the refugees and insurgents. The consuls resident in the various districts, assisted by the special delegates, are to overlook the execution of the agreement, in all other respects the original text of Andrassy's note has been adhered to.

A letter from Constantinople, under date of the 12th, says, "The excitement during the last three days amounted to a panic. The demand for weapons both by Softas and Christians was so great that most of the shops in Stamboul have sold out their stock. Softas, that is all persons attached to the mosques in any capacity whatever, are practically masters of the situation. They number about 10,000 and their influence over the proletariat is supreme. They utter threats against the Sultan and his ministers, and sometimes against Christians, although quiet now. They profess to be friends to the latter. Yesterday a great number of them went to the palace and demanded the dismissal of the Grand Vizier Mahomed Nedim Pasha, the Cheikh Ul Islam, and the minister of war. The Sultan resisted for an hour, but the clamor of the mob finally induced him to demand the resignation of Mahomed Nedim Pasha, the Grand Vizier. The scene was most riotous and disorderly. Constantinople contains only 1,600 regular soldiers, the remainder being recruits. Turkish officers openly admit their inability to control the latter, in case of an outbreak, and it is generally believed they would obey the Softas. The mob and the Softas have been parading the streets during the last three days, demanding the dismissal of Mahomed Nedim Pasha, whom they accuse of being under Russian influence. Threats have been made against the Christians generally, and two or three murders have occurred, which the police are doing their utmost to hush up. Constantinople is in fact in a state of revolution. The Softas are not satisfied with the appointment of Mehmed Rushdie, as Grand Vizier, and clamor for Midhat Pasha. They want Mehmed Rushdie as president of the national parliament. Yesterday a large number of Softas at Bajazet Mosque, would not allow prayer for the Sultan to be used. On the 10th inst., Prof. Bonamy Price and wife narrowly escaped the violence of the mob, while visiting the mosque. If the struggle should take place, as everybody is dreading, between native Christians and Mussulmans, the Christians would prove victorious, provided the troops did not aid the mob; but in a general rising of Mahomedans the large colonies of European subjects in Constantinople and along the Bosphorus would be in greater danger than the native Christians, because their wealth would constitute an additional stimulus to the religious zeal of the Turkish rabble. This danger the respective ambassadors have provided against, so

far as the means at their disposal allowed. Last night all the dispatch boats were kept under steam. During the day a plan of joint action was agreed upon, the foreign consuls having met to devise means for the mutual defence of their subjects. All the foreign steamers in port had steam up, and the streets of Pera were patrolled by a band of Austrian Croats. A deputation of Englishmen called Minister Elliot's attention to the exceptional danger of the English colony, and asked his assistance. The latter admitted the danger to all Christians, and that the English was the least protected colony. He invited the whole community, in case of any outbreak to seek shelter at the Embassy. He also promised to telegraph to the British Foreign Office, what had occurred, and to represent the urgency of the position.

A Madrid dispatch says Congress has passed the article of the constitution on elementary education. The article is of a distinctly retrogressive character. Under it education will not be compulsory.

A Vienna dispatch says the Herzegovinians have declared, through their representatives at Cetinje, that they will not accept the rumored armistice, because it would give the Turks time to bring up reinforcements.

A correspondent at Berlin says he is in a position to state, upon unquestionable authority, that the German and Russian ambassadors in London have telegraphed their respective governments that England does not agree to the propositions which resulted from the Berlin conference.

In the Commons Viscount Sandon, vice president of the committee of council on education, introduced an elementary education bill. The measure provides that no child shall be employed in agricultural or other labor before the age of 10, or between 10 and 14, unless it has its certificate that it has attended school 250 days of the year for five years, or has passed an examination showing a certain degree of education. The local authorities are empowered to enforce the penalties on parents for neglecting to send their children to school. The application of the bill is to be gradual, the number of times which children must have attended school before their employment is permitted being gradually increased until 1881, when the bill attains full force: the bill was read the first time. Forster expressed regret that direct compulsion was not prescribed.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salt Lake City, May 18, 1876, which, if not called for within one month, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES' LIST.

A	G	Nowell M
Axen A	Grimes E	O'Keefe M
Anderson A	Garrett L	Olesen E 2
Alcott F	Gerber M	Oleson C
B	Hansen M	Petterson B
Barnes C J	Hanman L	Priest A
Brower E	Hardy H	Price C
Brooks E M	Hines K	Petterson C
Brouhaine G	Harmon C	Pendleton L 2
Burnes J E	Halander C	Pollock W
Baddley D	Henrichsen C	Player M
Bringhurst M	Hart A W	Robinson C
Barton A	Hamilton A	Reed H
Brown S	Jones M E	Richards A
Clayfield R	Jones M	Riley C
Corneff O M	Jesser A	Richards R
Cline M A	Jolley S	Smith N
Crouch N	Kopplekom	Smith R
Cook M	Mrs Keyser L	Simmons R
Coombs M E	Lillywhite M	Strong L D
Cummings M E	Lindsay L	Salsbury L
Claridge L	Leach J	Salsbury H
Chandler J	M	Terman B V
Cook I	Martin A	Thompson E
Chemhaht F	Morris E G	Tall E
G L	Miller E T	Tempest E
Curlis C	Manning J E	Thorpe M A
Davis M	Mousley S D	Thompson M A
Edmonds A	McLean M A	Trego M
Erickson C	McLelland S	Thomas M J
Edler J	N	W
Earl M C	Nielsen F	Wells M
Evans M M	Nowell J	Wallace L
Fulmer D	Nielsen M	Y
Finch M	Neal M	Yet M A
		Young J

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A	G	N
Ashworth B	Globe Bakery	Newton Jon
Allen H W	Gregory B W	Noble J B
" W H	" "	Norman P B
Angell E	Homer A S	O
Averson R	Horie Jon 2	Odell C
B	Harman Wm	Oberg C J
Beard A	Hunter W	P
Brittkauvsky	Hord W F	Peterson C D S
A	Hallerton T	Paarker J A 3
Black D	Holmes S	J
Bestosch D	Huffaker S	Pollard J
Binnel C	Harrison P	Pack J
Baldwin C	Hudson T N	Pigroft G W
Bywater J G	Hill N	Penwell O E
Burton H M	Howell K E	Pitt R C
Braithwaith J	Hinman J	Pierce R
Burningham	Hassel J T	R
Brns	Hogus J	Rose C G
Balmforth C	Harman I	Reynolds J

Bennett J H	Harvey Jas	Redy H
Bill J O	Halbrook J A	Russell H W
Burk J	2	Richards J W
Bottomly J	Hoys J	Randbill L
Burrows M	Hinman J	Russell R W
Bassett H	Harmon E	Ross W J
Bunker R N	Hunter O M	S
Burns A	Hoagland A	Sanborn A G
Bensbrigg F H	Harrison A C	Samuel Z
Baldwin W	Hyde E	Smith W S 2
C	J	" D
Christensen	C Jackson H F	" W D
Clark G S	Jackson J C	Stickney E O
" E A	James W	Shepard D S
Corson H G	K	Sanders J F
Chesney J	Keaton S W	Stuart J
Coulam J	Kendall Jos	Sheldan J
Crosley J H	L	Sances J
Conway M P	Lomon W C	Snider J
Ooon J	Larsen S	Stoo'fish P
Camp W W	Laselle E	Stone D 2
Chapman W	Lundquist C J	Strangham D
D	Lundquist N	Spence N
Driggs R W	Lewis G D	Stephenson S 3
Dutser H D	Lang N C	Shiner G W
Druce J S	Leljelad C O	W
Downtain O	A	W dland A
E	Lucas C	Wilson & D
Ewing S C	Lincoln & Ste	Watts D
Erlaurger F	vens	Wann W
F	Lenham T	Witsburger
Faust E	M	Walstrom H
Fisher Son	Murray Dr Y	Wallace J K
Ferguson M	Morrill Wm	" H W
G	Morris T	West L H
Gudger W	Merrill P	Walker R
Green T H	Montise J	Wessels S M
Goodman T	Mitchell J	Waite S
Ganchat P	Morris J E	Williams D
Greenland N J	Moren J	" C
Garrett M E	Meturk Jas	" R
Grant J	Manchester H	" J
Gibbon J	B	Webb C G
Gallacker J	Meyer F	Wallace S D
Gwilliam G W	Munger F	Y
Gunsen E A	Milliken D B	Young W J
Gardner C	Martin A	" E
	Miles A	Yondat N O

Persons inquiring for the above letter are requested to state when advertised.

J. M. MOORE, Postmaster.

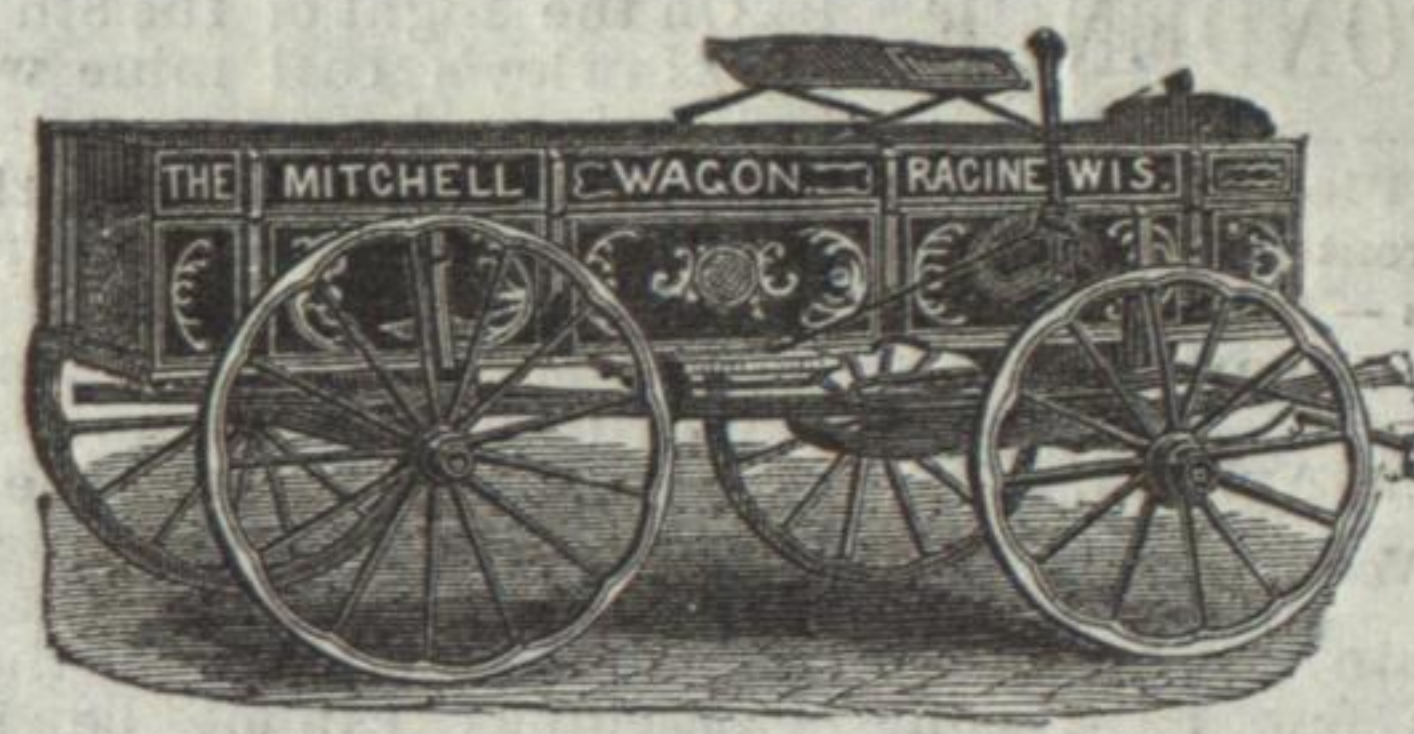
THE business card of Russell & Erwin appears in our columns of this issue. Their extensive works are situated at New Britain, Conn., and are among the largest in the United States. They manufacture an almost endless variety of goods in the hardware line—builders' hardware in all varieties, padlocks, shovels and tongs, meat cutters, iron and brass wood-screws, etc. The goods of their manufacture have been fully tested by the people of this Territory for many years, and they have, by the superior quality of their goods, low prices, and gentlemanly business conduct, increased the demand for their goods until they can be found at most of the leading mercantile houses in this Territory. A great variety of their goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. To our merchants and friends who have need of goods in their line we can confidently recommend this firm as being in every way reliable. One of their principal offices is at 45 and 47 Chambers street, New York. Read their card in another column.

UNDER the heading of New Advertisements will be found the business card of Brinkerhoff, Turner & Co., of New York, who are manufacturers of every variety of Cotton Sail Duck, Duck for overalls in blue, brown or grey. They also manufacture Cotton Canvass of all numbers, from 14 to 50 inches wide, suitable for deck, car, trunk and wagon covers. They make a specialty of hose duck suitable for all kinds of mining purposes. These goods have given universal satisfaction wherever they have been introduced in the mining localities of this Territory and on the Pacific slope. A full line of seamless bags are manufactured by them and always kept on hand. At their mills they employ over 1,000 persons all the time, and wherever the goods are introduced they seem to have been exceedingly popular. Goods of their own manufacture, suitable for this market, have been introduced by Z. C. M. I., and have been sold by that institution for some time. They can always be obtained at that establishment. This firm are also agents of the U. S. Bunting Co., and sell their goods by the case or less quantity.

The Gates of Pearl.

Through which the human voice issues, should never become rusty. To keep the teeth for ever free from blemish, to render their decay impossible, it is only necessary to use fragrant SOZODONT. It is antiseptic and supremely wholesome.

THE MITCHELL



THE MITCHELL

MATTISON & JOHNSON

Return thanks to the farmers of Utah for their liberal patronage for the past two years, and state that they enter the field for 1876 with an entire NEW STOCK of Reapers and Mowers.

The Cayuga Chief

Has been improved especially for this trade, and is now called the "WHEELER." The No. 5 is a light Mower, possessing great powers and endurance, and the easiest handled machine in the market. With the exception of the improved Ledger Plate in the Guard, it is the same as the Cayuga Chief No. 3, which has become such a favorite. The No. 6 is a combined machine, with controllable Self Rake, the gearing is all encased in an iron box, which excludes all dirt and grit.

This machine was awarded the California State Diploma last September, and has already taken the laurels from several competitors in Texas this year. We also have the

KIRBY MOWERS AND REAPERS.

All these machines are made by D. M. Osborne & Co., Auburn, New York, the largest Reaper and Mower Factory in America. A Full Line of the

MITCHELL FARM AND SPRING WAGONS

Always on hand, and claim some important improvements for this wagon, and warrant it second to none. A Large Stock of

SULKY RAKES AND WIND MILLS

NOW ON HAND.

Look to your interest, and come and see us before Purchasing.

Offices on FIRST EAST STREET,

Sign of the Mitchell Wagon and Big Wind Mill.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BENPHILL, HAMLIN & CO.,

CARPETING,

Floor Oil Cloths, Druggists, Mats, Etc.

342 & 344 Broadway, New York.

A full line of our goods is kept by Z. C. M. I. w 15

THE LIFE AND TRAVELS

PARLEY P. PRATT.

Cloth, \$2.50. Calf gilt, \$4.00 Morocco gilt, \$5.00. A few copies for sale at the office of the Deseret Evening News, Salt Lake City.

Mailed on receipt of price. w 11

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession:

One red or roan line back STEER, three or four years old, white under belly, white tail, left horn drooped, right horn stand up, white in face, crop off left, swallow fork in right ear, no brand visible.
One red yearling STEER, crop off right, under half crop, hole and slit in left ear, branded on left shoulder S.
One brindle yearling HEIFER, white spot in forehead, spotted belly, right flank white, also white spot on right shoulder, also white spot on right hip, lower half of tail white, crop off left, under bit in right ear, branded on left hip LL, illegible brand on 1-ft ribs, near fore leg.
One red BULL, two years old, white spot in forehead, white under belly, bush of tail white, under half crop off left ear, no brand visible.
Which if not claimed will be sold at the district pound at Moroni, Sanpete Co., on the 25th day of May, 1876, Thursday, at two o'clock p.m.

J. L. JOLLEY,
District Poundkeeper.

Moroni, Sanpete Co., May 15th, 1876.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following described animal:
One sorrel STUDD, four or five years old, branded W B on right hip, a small white spot in forehead, left hind foot white.
One bald face sorrel roan MARE, four or five years old, branded an anchor with a letter E on top of it on left thigh, has a two year old roan stud and a bay yearling colt.
One bay MARE, three years old, branded K on left shoulder, white strip in face, three white feet, has a bay yearling mare colt, white face.
If said animals are not claimed before May the 29th, 1876, they will be sold at public auction to the highest responsible bidder. Sale at 10 o'clock a.m.
SAMUEL BATEMAN,
District Poundkeeper.
West Jordan, Gardner's Mill.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession;

One red three or four year old STEER, branded C and a diamond on left hip, swallow fork in left ear.
One brindle three or four year old BULL, star in forehead, no brand visible, square crop off left ear.
One two year old red HEIFER, no mark or brand visible.
If these animals are not claimed and taken away before the 26th inst., they will be sold at public auction, at 10 a.m., at the district pound.

JENS HANSEN,

District Poundkeeper,
Manti, May 15th, 1876. ds&w

ESTRAYED.

FROM my barn, about five weeks ago, a light red COW, no brands or marks had a trap around her neck with about a foot of rope attached. The finder will be paid \$5.00 reward by returning her to D. H. WELLS, Salt Lake City.

NOTICE to STOCK OWNERS.

I HAVE in my possession the following estrays:

One dark brown MARE, six years old with colt, banded on left thigh J 2.
One light brindle, white faced COW, about seven years old, and calf, crumple horns no marks or brands visible.
One light red and white COW, line back, eight years old, branded Spanish brand on the right side, illegible brand on right shoulder, swallow fork in right ear and under bit in left, has a calf one year old, no marks or brands.
One spotted roan OX, five years old, branded P on right horn, swallow fork in left ear and chisel mark in left, branded with K on right side and T on neck.
One yellow OX seven years old, branded H P on right horn, swallow fork in left ear and square crop in right, and branded K on right side.
One brockle face, red and white spotted, line back OX, five years old, illegible brand on left hip, half under crop in left ear and a hole, and slit and under bit in the right.
One bald faced three year old STEER, white spots on his back and white under the belly, branded K on right side.
One red OX, about four years old, half under crop on right ear, and two under bit in left.
One red and white spotted STEER, three years old, swallow fork in right ear and a hole in left.
One three year old light roan COW and calf, branded C on left side of neck.
One red and white yearling HEIFER, last three-fourths white square crop and swallow fork in right ear, and
One two year old HEIFER, pale red square crop in both ears and slit in left.
Which if not claimed, property proved, charges paid and taken away, will be sold at auction on Wednesday, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1876, at two o'clock p.m., at the law directs.

WM. MORRISON,

District Poundkeeper,
Richfield, Sevier Co., U. T., May 15, 1876.