

COLOMBIANS ARE WILD WITH RAGE.

When People of Cartagena Learned
Of Isthmian Events They Cried
"Down With the Americans."

PREFECT ADDRESSES CROWD.

Boastfully Tells Them Panama Will be
Won Back—Rushing Treaty With
New Republic.

Colon, Nov. 12.—The royal mail steamer Orinoco arrived this morning, bringing news of Gen. Torres and the Colombian troops he took from here after the proclamation of the republic of Panama. The soldiers behaved well on the voyage.

On the arrival of Gen. Torres and his troops at Cartagena the news of the events on the isthmus quickly spread and caused excitement. Gen. Torres and his officers were threatened with arrest as traitors, but the threat was not put into effect. The populace, greatly excited, soon crowded the streets, crying, "Down with the Americans!" United States Consul Ingersoll, fearing violence, remained shut up in the consulate.

The Barranquilla authorities had intended sending 300 Colombian troops by the Orinoco to Cartagena, but learned that the vessel had departed. Gen. Torres and his men decided to keep the troops at Barranquilla. The excitement at Barranquilla increased with the spreading of the news of the secession of the isthmus, which was supplemented by exaggerated accounts of the alleged part played by the United States therein.

Panama's declaration of independence was read from a newspaper by the prefect to a crowd assembled in the plaza, and was greeted by furious outcries and shouts of "Death to the Panamanians!" and "Death to the Americans!" The prefect followed the reading by a speech, in which he declared that the Colombian government would never permit the secession of the isthmus and would win back the lost territory at any cost. The crowd in the plaza indulged in many extravagant threats, impossible of execution.

United States Vice Consul Lovelace was sitting on a balcony of his house at Barranquilla tonight, when some stones were thrown at him. He retired indoors and was not further molested by the Colombians.

The people of Barranquilla have been swept off their balance by the suddenness and seriousness of the news. Revolutionary talks began immediately and threats were made against the congressmen responsible for the non-ratification of the Hay-Herran canal treaty.

Fears are entertained for the safety of Americans in Colombia and of the possibility of the anger of the populace being vented against foreigners generally. The authorities at Savannah have mounted two obsolete guns covering the wharf.

There is no confirmation of the rumors which have reached Colon that President Castro of Venezuela, profiting by the plight of the Bogota government, will take revenge against Colombia in revenge for the aid the Colombian government gave to Gen. Matos and the Venezuelan revolutionists.

HURRYING TREATY NEGOTIATIONS.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The only cablegram that has been received at the state department during the past twenty-four hours from the isthmus of Panama came to hand today, and is

PALE FACES

BY SOME THOUGHT TO DENOTE
REFINEMENT.

"What a mistake!" said Mr. Druehl of Druehl & Frank, our well known druggists. "In place of refinement pale faces denote disease."

"A bloodless face indicates impoverished blood, pure and simple."

"What is the result? A weakened condition of the entire system, the development of humors, disfiguring eruptions and finally a general collapse."

"I wish your paper would tell every pale man, woman and child, yes, and every feeble old person, that we are so sure that our famous cod liver oil preparation, Vinol, delicious to taste, and without oil, will make rich red blood, create strength and restore them to a normal condition, that we will pay for all the Vinol they take if it does not succeed."

"Why are we so sure? Simply because we have seen it succeed so many times that we now don't believe it can fail. You see it contains in a highly concentrated form all of the vital principles of cod liver oil, without any grease to upset the stomach. We know that it is fresh and actually does contain the fifty odd medicinal curatives from fresh cod's livers, and it is the real thing, as the boys say. We do not ask you to take our word for it, but simply try it on our guarantee. Druehl & Frank and The Smith Drug Co."

In the shape of a notice from Acting Consul-General Ehrman at Panama, Philippe Bunau-Villars, the Panamanian minister to Washington, is the person charged by his government with power to negotiate a canal treaty with the government of the United States, and that Messrs. Boyd and Amador, the commissioners who sailed two days ago for Washington were charged with other missions and would only act in an advisory capacity as to the treaty.

Mr. Bunau-Villars is disposed to put forth every effort to hasten the treaty negotiations. He called to see Secy. Hay today to make preparations for his reception by the president tomorrow in his capacity as minister for Panama.

Just as soon as that has been done he will ask to have the negotiations formally opened, and there is some probability that the new treaty will be ready for transmission to the senate before Christmas.

DEMOCRATIC POLICY.

It Will be Determined at a Caucus
To be Held Saturday Night.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The Democratic attitude on the Cuban bill, as well as the general policy on public questions, is to be the subject of a caucus of the minority members of the house Saturday night. A meeting of the minority members of the ways and means committee was held tonight for the purpose of outlining several amendments to the Cuban bill. These amendments will include one removing the differential on refined sugar and the elimination from the treaty of that portion of article 8 which binds the United States government not to reduce the duties on sugar for a period of five years.

In explaining the reason for the amendments proposed, Mr. Williams, the Democratic floor leader, said that the Democratic party, in his opinion, could not afford to allow without protest the enactment of legislation which was an attempt, although an ineffective one, to bind future congresses and future administrations by a pledge against further reduction of duties upon any article, with any country. The right to abrogate the treaty, he said, ought to be reserved in this instance, as it is reserved in all treaties, upon

due notice being given. It is customary in every treaty, he said, to fix a period for the continuance of the treaty, but both sides understood that it is subject to the right of abrogation on notice.

"This treaty," continued Mr. Williams, "seemingly goes a bit further and undertakes to bind the United States legally in the respects mentioned. Of course legally the proposition is absurd on its face. But it is a matter of grave importance, notwithstanding that fact, for this reason, that it might be argued when the question came up for reconsideration that we were morally bound, although not legally bound. As a matter of fact, we would not be morally bound if the Democrats came into power, unless the Democrats acquiesced or by active consent had made itself bound."

Mr. Williams said assurances had been received from the majority of the house of representatives that the amendment doing away with the refinements differential. It was hoped, he continued, that an appeal to the common sense of the house would succeed in passing the two amendments to article 8 of the treaty which amendments, he said, would be so framed as to deny them the legal or moral obligation to bind future congresses or administrations.

Mr. Williams expressed the hope that the Democratic caucus Saturday night would adopt a resolution making the action of the caucus binding on all those who participated in the deliberations.

Hawaii Election Frauds Inquiry

Honolulu, Nov. 12.—Judge George D. Quar of the circuit court at the request of the Home Rule party has instructed the territorial grand jury to hold an investigation into the reports of election frauds which it alleged took place at the recent election. The grand jury is to report on the matter to the territorial court.

Cramp's Last Picture Sold.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—The last picture of the world-famous art collection of Charles H. Cramp, the shipbuilder, will be sold today at auction. The sales have been in progress several days and more of the works went at a great sacrifice. This sale precedes the closing of the Cramp mansion, which adjoins the late residence of Mrs. Edward Willing, mother of Mrs. John Jacob Astor. It stands in Rittenhouse Square, the most aristocratic quarter of the city.

Russian Steamer Line to America

New York, Nov. 12.—The opening of the new Russian steamship line to America has been fixed for Nov. 25, says a Times dispatch from Moscow. Cargo has been booked from South Russian ports and a satisfactory arrangement of emigration has been secured at Naples. It is stated that the terms made with the Italian emigration authorities are satisfactory. The service will be inaugurated by volunteer fleet vessels.

Germans After Hottentots.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—A dispatch from Swakomund, in German Southwest Africa, says that 300 men with five guns under the command of Col. Fielder on the march from Keetmanshoop, Gibeon, Rehoboth and Windhoek to Warmbad, have been joined by 115 of the Witbooi patrol and another division of volunteers in the approaches to Warmbad from Okamas. The position of the enemy is unknown.

Bureau of National Homes.

Washington, Nov. 12.—For the purpose of "providing homes and employment for the homeless poor and making themselves sustaining home-owners, independent of being hired," Senator Hoar today, by request, introduced a bill to create a bureau of National Homes to be placed under the direction of the secretary of agriculture.

A Kansan's Conscience Smote Him

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 12.—State Auditor Wells today received \$90 through a check from an unknown person who says he defrauded the state out of the Kansas legislature. The name of Sidney Blakeman was signed to the voucher for the money. Blakeman was not at any time an employee of the legislature. The writer admits that he secured

SUITS THAT SUIT the season, the wearer, and the wearer's purse bear this famous mark

Alfred Benjamin & Co.
MAKERS NEW YORK

They must fit you, because measured on a model of your figure. Styles must please you, because designed by style-authorities. Fabrics must suit you, because made mellow and durable in the BENJAMIN shrinking-plant. Tailoring must appeal to you, because executed in cleanly workrooms by salaried experts—not in filthy sweat-shops by hasty, slovenly piece-workers.

The price is right. Your money back if anything goes wrong. BENJAMIN Suits here only.

GRAY BROS. & CO.,
Main St.

the warrants for the amount by forging the name of Blakeman.

According to the opinion of some of the state officers, there is reason to believe there was a wholesale forgery going on in the legislature last winter. It is thought that the payrolls in each house were padded. The original journal of the house of representatives shows that Blakeman's name was forged to the oath of office, which he is purported to have taken, and also that of Speaker Pringle.

Socialists Vote for Electors.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—The election of electors who are to choose deputies to the lower house of the Prussian diet, Nov. 20, took place today. A new feature was the participation of the Socialists, who had hitherto refused to vote for electors, as a silent protest against what they regard as being a "plutocratic election system."

The diet consists of 43 members, and 129 electors are to be chosen out of a total of 273 elected 87 Conservatives, 27 Free-Conservatives, 77 of the Center party, 31 National Liberals, 20 Liberals, 4 Barth Liberals, 2 Danes and 3 Independents.

Explosion Wrecks Factory.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 12.—An explosion of 10 gallons of gasoline occurred at the Paisley dye works this evening. The factory was completely wrecked. Mrs. Allison, who was cleaning clothes with gasoline, was imprisoned by falling timbers, and her husband, who fell through the debris from an upper floor, was rescued with difficulty. Both were badly burned, the man probably fatally. Mrs. Keast was caught in the wreckage and also extricated with difficulty. The fire which followed the explosion was soon extinguished.

IMPERSONATED ROBT. GOELET

Latter Makes Formal Charges of Forgery Against Abel.

New York, Nov. 12.—Formal complaint charging forgery was made today against James Abel by Robert Goelet, the Duchess of Roxburgh's brother, whom Abel is said to have impersonated in proposing marriage to Miss Eleanor Anderson, telegraph operator at the Grand hotel, in this city. Since the publicity given to the proposed wedding of the pretended Goelet and the denial of Mr. Goelet that he knew Miss Anderson, Abel has disappeared.

Mr. Goelet went to the district attorney's office today and entered the complaint against Abel, charging him with forging the name of J. B. Van Every, vice president of the Western Union, to a letter of introduction by means of which Abel became acquainted with Miss Anderson.

SOCIOLOGICAL CONVENTION.

Passes Resolution Declaring all Citizens Should be Protected.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The National Sociological convention to consider the race problem closed today. One of the most important acts of the meeting was the creation of a special mixed committee of six members, three from each race, to carry its plans and conclusions into effect. The white members are the Very Rev. Richmond Dean Rabbett, rector of the Church of the Epiphany of Brooklyn; Rev. Dr. Mayo of Boston; and George C. Jortans of Washington. The colored members are Jesse Lawton, president of the Sociological society; Prof. Kelly-Miller and Daniel Murray of Washington. The resolutions adopted declare it is the duty of the government to afford adequate and equal protection to each and every citizen in the full enjoyment of every right guaranteed by the Constitution and by the laws of the land.

Didn't Violate Anti Trust Law.

St. Paul, Nov. 12.—The United States court of appeals today decided that the Continental Tobacco company did not violate the anti-trust law when it refused to sell to Joseph P. Whitwell, a St. Paul tobacco dealer, its manufactured product. The court says: "The tobacco company and its competitors were not engaged in a common enterprise, as corn or wheat, were they rendering public or quasi-public service, like a railroad company. Each of them, therefore, has the right to refuse to sell its commodities at any price."

TWENTY-TWO PEOPLE KILLED

In the Village of Tirnova During Fight of Nov. 7.

Salonica, Wednesday, Nov. 11.—During fighting in the village of Tirnova, Nov. 7, 22 persons were killed, 11 Macedonian revolutionaries, arrived here today for the purpose of planning fresh outrages. The police are searching for him.

Russia Paid Too Much.

London, Nov. 12.—A correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg says it is limited in the amount of money it is willing to pay for the occupation of Port Arthur and Manchuria was not worth the expenditure of money and blood it had entailed, and that the attempt to secure an ice free port in the Pacific has so far proved a failure.

Kaiser Thanks President.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Immediately upon hearing that Emperor William had been obliged to submit to a surgical operation, President Roosevelt dispatched a personal cable message expressive of his sympathy and of his earnest hope for his speedy convalescence. The emperor has returned a personal message thanking the president for the interest he manifested.

Rio Tinto Strike Spreading.

Huelva, Spain, Nov. 12.—The efforts of the prefect have failed to settle the strike at the Rio Tinto mines, which has been in progress for some days, the manager refusing to comply with the demands of the strikers. About 1,500 miners at Penabazur, near Rio Tinto, have struck in sympathy with the Rio Tinto strikers.

Portland Saloon Held Up.

Portland, Or., Nov. 12.—Two masked and heavily armed men held up and robbed a saloon at South Portland at midnight. The thieves opened the cash register and abstracted its contents, amounting to \$55. None of the 14 men in the saloon was molested and a safe containing \$200 was not touched. Holding their revolvers on the crowd the robbers backed out of the saloon and disappeared.

Bank in Receiver's Hands.

Winchester, Mass., Nov. 12.—The financial interests of Samuel P. Winslow of this city, doing business under the firm name of Winslow & Co., bankers and brokers, and the Samuel Winslow Skate Manufacturing company, were today

She would not be
an old maid if she
had used Ayer's
Hair Vigor.

placed in receivers' hands upon the petition of the Citizens National bank of Worcester. The total indebtedness of the Winslow interests is upwards of \$200,000, much of which is in negotiable collateral of doubtful value. The nearest secured creditor is the firm of Lee, Higginson & Co. of Boston, bankers and brokers.

Report on Porto Rico.

Washington, Nov. 12.—In his annual report on the condition of affairs in the island of Porto Rico, made public today, Gov. Hunt says that the situation is one of peace and order, but that there is a strong current in favor of Americanism. Many people believe that the present form of government can be preserved for some time, the natives feeling that it is liberal in its extension of political autonomy and general in its financial benefits.

Dr. Godfrey Hunter Elected.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 12.—Returns from all the counties in the Eleventh congressional district, with only a few missing precincts, give Dr. Godfrey Hunter, 5,022; D. C. Edwards, 3,849; John D. White, Prohibitionist, 2,064. These figures are disputed by Edwards, who claims that the official count will give him a majority of over 300.

New York P. O. to be Cleaned Out.

Washington, Nov. 12.—It was reported today that a large number of dismissals and reductions are about to be made in the New York postoffice as a result of the special investigation in progress in that office, but Postmaster General Payne and other officials deny knowledge of any immediate changes. Mr. Payne said the inspectors are still at work on the New York office and have made no report. It is expected, however, that some matters of this nature will accrue from the investigation at New York.

GEN. CROZIER'S REPORT.

Urges Importance of Proper Defense of Insular Possessions.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Brig. Gen. Crozier, chief of the bureau of the army, in a report to the chief of staff of the army.

The general design and ballistic qualities of the new magazine rifle, the report states, are markedly superior to those of the present service arm. Experiments conducted in the report of the fortifications board, were attended with entire success, the report says.

The heavy armament of the seacoast defenses, Gen. Crozier reports to be in a very satisfactory state of advancement, but says that the practice, which produces skill in the use of the armament, has now an importance greater than that of new installation.

Gen. Crozier dwells on the importance of proper defense of our insular possessions, saying: "It may be, and probably is, true that permanent possession of the islands could not be maintained continuously against an enemy commanding the sea approaches thereto, but in the vicissitudes of war the contingency must be contemplated of a temporary loss of sea power in particular waters, and the necessity recognized for providing against the occurrence of complete disaster during such interval, so that it would seem the part of common prudence to provide work which

Blow for Blow.
"Blow, blow, thou winter wind."
"As You Like It," Act II.
Don't feel blow because the wind blow your windows out. Phone to No. 112 and we will send a sentimentally glazier to mend your pains.
That's the Answer.
G. F. Culmer & Bro
20 E. FIRST SOUTH.
Paints, Oils, Brushes, Varnishes.

HOT SODA
Tastes good these
casual days and
nights. We serve
ALL HOT DRINKS
in an up-to-date
manner. . . .
WILLES-HORNE DRUG CO.
Prescription Druggists,
Deseret News Building.

should enable a smaller force to hold out against a larger one for a time."
He says that a territory as large as that comprised in the Philippine archipelago, the assistance of proper defense for its important harbors, might be able to maintain itself even, although cut off by sea, during the continuance of a short war. Without fixed defenses, he adds, it would be possible for a fleet to occupy a harbor and hold at its mercy a city, as did the American fleet at Manila in 1898.

CHICAGO STRIKE TROUBLE.

Derogatory Remarks About Union Causes a Riot.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—Derogatory remarks regarding the union by an armed non-union employee of the company caused a riot at Thirty-sixth and State streets tonight. The man was chased into an engine house nearby, and before the police could reach the spot a mob of 2,000 persons surrounded the place, howling for the life of the refugee. A squad of policemen, after a great deal of difficulty, finally quelled the disturbance and removed the man to a place of safety.

Although the full list of the injured in the street car rioting today is undoubtedly large, the police secured the name of only those whose wounds were of a serious nature. The most serious cases probably are those of H. S. O'Neil, a conductor, who was beaten while trying to run a Cottage Grove avenue cable train, and his grimmer, William Watson. Beside being hit with missiles, these men were dragged from their car by the rioters and beaten. O'Neil may not live.

Albert Harrison, a non-union motorman on the Wentworth avenue line, was taken to his home unconscious from being hit in the head with a brick, but he will recover. Two men at the Seventy-seventh street car were badly bruised by missiles thrown by rioters. Seventeen men in all were arrested for participation in the disorder that took place at several places on the south side.

Confide in a Woman

How Women Act While Consulting a Male Physician.

A woman is sick; some disease peculiar to her sex is fast developing in her system. She goes to her family physician and tells him a story, but not the whole story. She holds something back, loses her head, becomes agitated, forgets what she wants to say, and finally conceals what she ought to have told, and thus completely mystifies the doctor. Is it any wonder, therefore, that the doctor fails to cure the disease? Still, we cannot blame the woman, for it is very embarrassing to detail some of the symptoms of her suffering, even to her family physician. It was for this reason that years ago Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham determined to step in and help her sex. Having had considerable experience in treating female ills with her Vegetable Compound, she encouraged the women of America to write to her for advice in regard to their complaints, and, being a woman, it was easy for her ailing sisters to pour into her ears every detail of their suffering. In this way

Mrs. Pinkham, in Lynn, Mass.,

was able to do for them what the physicians were unable to do, simply because she had the proper information to work upon, and from the little group of women who sought her advice years ago, a great army of her fellow beings are to-day constantly applying for advice and relief, and during the last year many, many thousands every month have written and received valuable advice and help.

Nowhere except at Lydia E. Pinkham's laboratory in Lynn is there such an amount of information at hand to assist in the treatment of all kinds of female ills, from the simplest local irritation, to the most complicated diseases of the womb. The records of all the many hundreds of thousands of cases as to which advice has been asked are there kept on file by Mrs. Pinkham, and from this vast experience she is able to do more than the family physician for ailing women. Any woman, therefore, is responsible for her own suffering who will not take the trouble to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women establish beyond a doubt the power of LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND to conquer female diseases.

