

BELLICOSE.—Some belligerent influence was undoubtedly operating last week, as there was a number of pugilistic encounters reported, all of which his Honor, Justice Clinton, duly inquired into, and the parties were favored with his judgment on the merits of their efforts to disturb the public peace. This is not so dangerous a development of "civilization" as we have sometimes witnessed, so the individuals may consider themselves dismissed with the judicial fine, and their sore bones.

DEEP SNOW.—The snow east and west is so deep that the mails have been stopped, no through mail having arrived from the west since the 25th ult., and none from the east for some days. There is no mail expected from either quarter for some time. The northern mail comes in with commendable regularity, considering the heavy storms that have prevailed in that direction. We are indebted for this information to Mr. Swan of the Post Office in this city.

MAILS.—Through the courtesy of Mr. Aaron Stein, Deputy Postmaster, we have been furnished the times of the arrivals and departures of the mails in this city, which we cheerfully publish, suggesting that those interested cut out the notice or file a copy of the NEWS handy for reference.

POCKET BOOK LOST.

[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Washington, 4.

The Committee of Conference, on the Act for the organization of land districts in the Territories, recommended the House to recede from its disagreement to the Senate amendment which excluded Utah from the provisions of the bill, this recommend was agreed to, and the bill passed.

The President approved of the bankrupt bill, also the bill to make valid the proclamations of the President, thus exempting military officers and soldiers from the operations of the courts. All the important appropriation bills and all other bills presented to the President, including the wool tariff bill, have been approved and signed by him, also the tax bill.

All business on the tables of the Speaker and President of the Senate has been transacted. The President and Cabinet have been at the Capitol this morning, attending to public business.

At half past 10 o'clock Mr. Foster delivered his valedictory remarks and vacated the chair. On motion of Anthony, Mr. Wade was elected President *pro tem*, of the Senate. At 11-55 a.m., the 39th Congress was declared adjourned *sine die*.

At noon the Speaker delivered his valedictory address, and declared the House adjourned *sine die*.

Florence, 4.

Garibaldi has sent his sons to Crete, and promises now to go himself and take up arms.

Washington, 4.

The Senate was called to order. After prayer, the new senators were sworn in the following order: Cameron, Corbett, Conkling, Harlan, Davis, Drake, Howe, Morton, Morrill, Nye, Patterson, Holley, Sherman and Trumbull. The Clerk called Thomas Swann, but no others. A Committee was appointed to wait on the President and inform him that the Senate was ready for business, and the Senate adjourned.

In the House the Clerk of the 39th Congress called the roll. Wilson, of Iowa, moved to proceed to the election of Speaker. Brooks arose and denounced the organization of the House, in the absence of 17 States, as revolutionary, and presented a written protest of the minority against it.

Schuyler Colfax was elected Speaker and sworn; the oath was then administered to the members. McPherson was elected Clerk, and the House adjourned.

London, 4.

The following changes have been made in the English Cabinet: The Duke of Richmond is Colonial Secretary; Sir John Pakington, Secretary of War; Sir Stafford Northcote, First Lord of the Admiralty; the Right Hon. S. J. Carry, Under Secretary for the Colonies; and Mr. Stephens Cane, President of the Board of Trade.

Washington, 5.

Mr. Brooks, in his speech in the House yesterday, characterized the proceedings as revolutionary, and read a protest, signed by all the Democratic members, in substance as follows: Whereas the record shows that 17 states—New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Virginia, North Carolina,

South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Tennessee, Kentucky, California, Arkansas and Nebraska—representing eighty congressional districts, are not represented on the floor of this House; and whereas, of these unrepresented States, seven are of the original thirteen which, in 1787, created the Constitution of the United States, therefore we, members elect of the fortieth Congress, do now enter our most solemn protest against any and every action tending to a reorganization of this House, until the absent States be fully represented.

New York, 5.

The Times' special says, private information from the South gives assurances that the people will at once accept the situation and select delegates to conventions, in pursuance of the provisions of the reconstruction bill.

A Delegation from Virginia has been assured by President that the reconstruction law will be executed to the letter.

The President yesterday informed the Committees of both Houses, appointed to wait upon him, that he had no communication to make, all matters of great importance having been disposed of by the last Congress.

The Herald's Berlin correspondent chronicles the splendid triumphs of the liberal democracy in Germany, at the general election held under the universal suffrage franchise. The city returns from Berlin show that Count Bismark with every general in the late war, or every Prussian war hero, have been signally defeated by the constituencies to which they were nominated.

Cotton goods are less animated; prints are in fair request, but not lively. Prices are generally steady. Agents are not disposed to make concessions on standard goods; buyers from the interior purchase very sparingly, and jobbers buy accordingly.

St. Louis, 5.

The Sioux City Register, of recent date, publishes a letter from Ft. Union stating that the Fort had been attacked by large bands of Indians a few days before, but they were repulsed with loss, after a protracted battle. The Indians are generally quite hostile, but the occupants of the Fort felt confident of their ability to resist the attack.

London, 5.

The Duke of Richmond declined the Colonial Secretaryship, and Buckingham accepted the position.

The Government promises that the proviso of the reform bill, which is preparing for submission to Parliament, will be liberal.

New York, 7.

The money market is tighter than ever known before.

Cincinnati, 7.

It is reported that about 5,000 people in Cherokee County, Alabama, are wholly destitute.

Washington, 7.

Stevens motion, that when the House adjourned it should be till the 8th of May, was adopted without opposition. Pomeroy then moved that Congress will take recess, on Monday next, until the 8th day of May, which was decided in the affirmative by a majority of three.

Judge Underwood has sent a memorial to Congress, stating that the Reconstruction Act is openly defied by the authorities in Alexandria, Va. and asking relief in the premises.

Gen. Grant to-day sent the President the names of Schofield, Sickles, Sheridan, Thomas and McDowell, as the five commanders in the military district in the rebel states.

The election in Alexandria, Va., will be set aside and a new election held; the military commander has power to do so under the Reconstruction Act.

In the Senate, Cragin introduced a bill to regulate the selection of grand and petit jurors in Utah, which was referred.

A concurrent resolution was offered, that when the two Houses adjourn on Monday they adjourn to meet on the 8th of May, which was adopted without division.

Washington, 8.

A statement of Gen. Howard, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, has been transmitted to the Senate by the Secretary of War. Howard states that 32,622 whites and 24,238 colored people in the south will need food from the society before the next crop can relieve them. The number of rations required for one month is 1,070,000, and for five months, the probable time required, 5,350,000; at 25 cents per ration, the estimated cost is \$2,133,750; of this

\$625,000 have already been appropriated leaving \$1,508,750 to be provided.

Marion, Virginia, 8.

The whole Virginia and Tennessee valley has been visited by the heaviest freshet within the memory of the oldest inhabitant; the whole valley from Lynchburg to Chattanooga has been swept by the swollen streams; the railroads are badly damaged and the trains all stopped.

Washington, 9.

The Secretary of War transmitted to the Senate to-day Sherman's report of the subject of the protection of trains on the overland route, with copies of the general orders issued by Gen. Pope last year for the regulation of travel across the plains. He says these orders, with some modification, will be enforced the present year; that under them a vast amount of merchandise and a great number of people last year passed safely to their destination. For the year 1867 he proposes to apply the general rules laid down by Pope to the four principle routes; the first, from Minnesota to Montana via Forts Abererombie, Woodworth, Rice, Berthold, Buford and Sun River, with two new stations between Woodworth and Rice; to the second, the great Platte route, by which fully 90 per cent. of the travel to Montana, Utah, California and Colorado has hitherto gone, increased protection will be given, and shorter time to Virginia City from Laramie via Reno, Kearny, &c.; the third, the Smoky Hill route to Colorado via Forts Riley, Hooker, Hayes and Wallace, thence to Denver City; the fourth, the Arkansas route from Kansas and Arkansas via Forts Serre, Larned, Dodge, Lyon, &c., to Fort Union and New Mexico. He also proposes to leave post commanders a little more latitude of judgment as to strength of trains passing out.

In the Senate, Trumbull reported a resolution appropriating a million dollars to the relief of destitute persons south and west, of all classes, to be expanded under the superintendence of the Freedmen's Bureau. Trumbull said that Gen. Howard had called on the Judiciary Committee this morning and testified that, unless something of the kind was done, there would be actual starvation among the disloyal portion of the south. Former appropriations were sufficient to provide for the actual wants of the freedmen and loyal refugees, but another appropriation is necessary for the relief of the destitute disloyal. The resolution was passed.

London, 9.

Dispatches from Ireland to-day state that tranquility has been restored throughout the province of Leinster. There has been no recent disturbance in the County of Kerry, the scene of the abortive outbreak of last month.

Dublin, 9.

A dispatch from Waterford states that the Galty mountains, on the border of Tipperary and Cork Counties, are swarming with Fenians. It is feared that an attack will be made on the town of Tipperary, the inhabitants of which are disaffected, and strongly disposed to help them.

London, 9.

The re-organization of the Derby government is completed. The Duke of Marlborough becomes Lord President of the Privy Council in place of the Duke of Buckingham, who is appointed Colonial Secretary, and the Duke of Richmond will take the Board of Trade.

Dispatches from Dublin state that small bands of Fenians are patrolling the Counties of Cork, Waterford, Tipperary and Limerick, pressing the people into their ranks and committing robberies everywhere.

The funeral of Artemus Ward took place here to-day; his remains were buried in Kensal Green and were followed to the grave by a great number of friends.

Dublin, 9.

A dispatch from Waterford reports that the Fenians had appeared in force at Devil's Bit Mountain, Tipperary County. Troops, with artillery, have been sent to dislodge them, but the result is unknown. The insurgents muster in strong force, particularly in Tipperary County. No bands have yet appeared in County Wicklow. Reports from Drogheda say that no further disturbance has occurred there up to this hour. Twelve of the foremost rebel leaders have been captured.

Washington, 9.

Disbursements for the week: War Department, \$4,445,228; Navy, \$569,267; Interior, \$1,056,128. The week's receipts were, from internal revenue,

\$41,916,283; since July 1st, \$205,871,502 and 25 cents.

New York, 10.

The Fenian excitement is unabated. Numerous donations were accepted, but owing to the lowness of funds hundreds, who offered to volunteer, were refused.

Accounts from Alabama and Georgia represent the destitution greater than heretofore. It is stated that deaths from starvation are reported in Alabama, while the leading paper in Georgia estimates the total number of starving there at 50,000.

A Corfu telegram, Feb. 25, states, on Greek authority, that 8,000 Turks were defeated, on the 13th and 14th, in the western portion of Crete, losing two guns and many prisoners. The Turks were also beaten, on the 11th and 12th, in another part of the Island.

A New Orleans telegram to the Herald says the Louisiana House of Representatives has concurred in the Senate resolution appointing a committee to protest against the reconstruction bill. Charges have been preferred in the House against Gov. Wells for usurpation in issuing his proclamations.

Paris, 10.

The Moniteur states that by this time all the French troops must have left Mexico, and the departure of Maximilian from Vera Cruz was to have taken place on the 8th of March.

Madrid, 10.

A Royal proclamation announces the termination of martial law in Spain.

Athens, 10.

A terrible earthquake has taken place in the Island of Mytelene; all the habitations are in ruins and hundreds of people killed.

London, 10.

A telegram from Constantinople states that the Sultan has made concessions which are satisfactory to the people of Servia, and has promised to carry into effect the firman of 1856.

New York, 11.

One of the provisions of an Act, passed during the last hours of the 39th Congress, provides for the appointment of the United States Marshal for the District of Columbia by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, instead of by the President as at present.

ABSTRACT

Of Meteorological Observations at G. S. L. City for Feb. 1867.

THERMOMETER—OPEN AIR.

Highest 53° | Lowest 15° | Mean 47½°

THERMOMETER—SHADE.

Highest 56° | Lowest 30° | Mean 43°

The snow that fell during the month measured 19 inches, and the water produced from it and the rain measured nearly one and three-fourths of an inch.

MONTHLY JOURNAL.

- 1 Cloudy and snowy
- 2 Cloudy
- 3 do
- 4 do
- 5 Clear
- 6 Snowy
- 7 Clear
- 8 Partially clear and cold
- 9 Clear and cold
- 10 Mostly clear
- 11 do do
- 12 Cloudy and stormy
- 13 Hazy and cloudy
- 14 Clear and cold
- 15 A.M. clear; P.M. hazy
- 16 Cloudy
- 17 Mostly cloudy
- 18 Partially clear
- 19 A.M. clear; P.M. snow storm
- 20 A.M. clear; P.M. cloudy and windy
- 21 Cloudy and windy
- 22 A.M. windy; P.M. windy snow storm
- 23 A.M. cloudy; P.M. hazy and clear
- 24 Partially clear
- 25 Mostly cloudy
- 26 do do
- 27 Most of the day hazy
- 28 Cloudy; rained at night

W. W. PHELPS,
Meteorological Observer.

THE town of Pelham has been indicted in the Supreme Court of Northampton, Mass., for not maintaining its common schools for six months in the year.

A WRITER in the New York World proposes that business men require their employees to deposit policies of insurance guaranteeing their fidelity and trustworthiness.

A FRENCH newspaper states, with regard to the parasites found in the potato, that "the microscope reveals to us the existence of a small black spot, of the diameter of a pin's head, in the potato. In this small space can be detected some 200 ferocious animals of a coleopterian form, which bite and tear each other with continued fury. It is easy to comprehend the potato disease when such an intestine warfare is raging."